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VOLUME VI, NO. 46 [WHOLE NO. 1931 General Silk Strike Sweeps the Industry!

## Workers Hold Battle Line Firm as the Great Struggle Enters Sixth Week

## Union Organizations in the Silk Workers' Strike

ers have been divided into many unable to exert any influence on the benefits of an all-embracing united the benefits of an all-embracing united the the timid leadership of the bullited Taytile Warkers and they have not enjoyed without regarded to the strike to be a little of the bosses of far more service to the bosses of the bosses to reopen has add under the cover of his "friend-largest shop, the Duplant. It was against the strike than all the cops of "law and order." But McMahon's service to the bosses to reopen has Allentown workers have affiliated to the hosses to reopen has against the strike than all the forces of "law and order." But McMahon's service to the bosses to reopen has different to the hosses to reopen has against the strike than all the cops of "law and order." But McMahon's service to the bosses to reopen has against the strike than all the cops of "law and order." But McMahon's service to the bosses to reopen has against the strike than all the cops of "law and order." But McMahon's service to the bosses to reopen has against the strike than all the cops of "law and order." But McMahon's service to the bosses to reopen has affiliated to the bosses to reopen has against the strike than all the cops of "law and order." But McMahon's service to the bosses to reopen has against the strike than all the cops of "law and order." But McMahon's service to the bosses to reopen has against the strike than all the cops of "law and order." But McMahon's service to the bosses to reopen has against the strike than all the cops of "law and order." But McMahon's service to the bosses to reopen has against the strike than all the cops of "law and order." But McMahon's service to the bosses to reopen has against the strike than all the cops of "law and order." But McMahon's service to the bosses to reopen has a largest shop, the Duplant. It was against the strike than all the cops of "law and order." But McM ion that organized without regard Associated. It was shortly before to craft and which included a large this strike that the Associated afexisted in the great 1913 strike and tional emerged from the strike only present battle in the form of the outset. American Federation of Silk Workers, and its Paterson section, the Associated Silk Workers.

The Associated Silk Workers was tionary leadership of the U. T. W. think they deserved the notorious the Associated Silk Workers.

honor to incur the wrath of the calling it an outlaw organization.

#### Record of the Associated

permeated with a radical outlook. they play a prominent part. On its Executive Board the Left of the Communist party was one here and there, has done itself of the organizers. The officials of the union looked to the militants the union looked to the militants of the union looked to the union lo field for the Left wing and its class of the silk workers. It has earned education, a higher type of class struggle union could be found nowhere in the country. In spite of the entire labor movement. all of these meritorious qualities the stupid Stalinists, in pursuance split the Associated Silk Workers in 1928 and formed the National Textile Workers Union.

It is ridiculous to oppose a split under all conditions. When a union becomes the creature of reactionary officials who make the sell-out to the bosses their only policy and prevent the rank and file of the union from using its democratic leadership of the union then a split of battle. Fighting shoulder to lawed" the greatest strike in the is often unavoidable. But the Stalthe Associated. They split the un- relatively well paid warpers, twist- the walk-out of 50,000 men as ion because they could not fetter ers and loomfixers. The situation

weavers followed the National un- and the silk workers union in the ion on its ruinous course. Both the future. Associated and the National entered the 1931 strike about equal in craft unions of warpers, loomfixers strength. The strike of that time and twisters have existed in Paterwas only a shadow of what it is son which failed even to organize Rhode Island shops, in Stroudstoday but here again the National an appreciable section of the trade union revealed a glaring incompeting these unions. As in other cates McMahon gave orders that the ence and an unwillingness to face gories of the silk industry the workfacts. Instead of a genuine offer ers, tired of the exclusive, over-of common action with the Associated they sabotaged all real moves

The silk workers have not lacked toward unity. Instead of cement unions that purported to repre- ing the solidarity of the workers, number of workers. Such a union filiated with the U. T. W. The Nahas come to the fore again in the a shell of what it had been at the tion that sets out to improve the

#### Decline of the N. T. W.

The story of what happened in the N. T. W. from 1931 to date has already been told in the Militant. born in struggle against the reac- The lack of freedom of expression for the workers within the union, in 1919. For winning conditions in the selection of officials from above, the strike of 1919 which the manuthe formation of craft organizafacturers and the U. T. W. didn't tions, the carping criticism of the Associated for not calling the preofficials of the A. F. of L. expelled sent strike sooner than they did 300 hat band weavers who formed and then the right-about-face prohe Associated Silk Workers.

This organization was a fighting had been called by the Associated, possilitant union from its very incenmilitant union from its very inception. In 1924 it again had the strike committee, the undenied reports of the offer by the National U. T. W. which advised all A. F. union of individual strike settleof L. unions not to support the ments and a lower wage scale—all strike conducted by the Associated, of this has made the workers bitter against the N. T. W. Its leading militants in Paterson have left The Associated Silk Workers was it and joined the Associated where

wing had a majority. A member Silk Workers, barring minor errors at Washington. for leadership and policy. A better it has enlisted the great majority

## of their blind and disruptive policy, independent Craft began in real earnest, spreading Unions in Strike

The strike in Paterson and throughout the Eastern states includes within its ranks every nain the industry. A strong spirit of rights to change the course and solidarity pervades the whole scene creature of the manufacturers "outshoulder are the unskilled, low paid long history of the silk workers inists had no such grievance against dye workers and the highly skilled, struggle by refusing to recognize it with their mechanical control. among the skilled crafts is ex-Approximately 500 broad silk tremely important for the strike

> For some time three A. F. of L. (Continued on Page 4)

In Hazleton, Thomson, a member

## The Record of McMahon as a Misleader of Labor; Bosses' Agent in the Ranks of the Working Class

Consider the deeds of this man, the highest officer in an organizalot of the worker:

McMahon commenced his doubledealing, treacherous tricks even before the strike got under way. Prior to the outbreak of the silk strike McMahon urged the strike committee of the American Federation of Silk Workers not to strike ing that if the latter were unsatisfactory he would tie up the whole

south. What happened? Tired of waiting for the endless bickerings in Washington to bring esults, and fully aware that the hearings in Washington were deliberately intended to paralyze the fighting will of the workers, the strike committee of the Associated called the workers out.

Unofficially McMahon endorsed the strike by sending a telegram to the Port Jervis local of the U. T. W. to walk out together with the A. F. S. W., and by representing that union and its strike demands in On the other hand, the Associated conferences with the manufacturers

> breaking proposal of the manufacturers for a truce, a five week "cooling down" period during which the strikers were to return to work, and tried to ram it down the worker's throats. The workers would have none of it-the strike, over the nation.

Frustrated in this cover maneuver to drive the workers back into the mills McMahon stripped the tactics of all camouflage. He called a meeting of the national executive board of the U. T. W. where they voted not to entionality of workers and every craft dorse the strike of the silk workers. In other words, this miserable "legitimate".

> But if McMahon and his no less treacherous lieutenants would not "recognize" the strike officially they proceeded at once to recognize it in reality by trying to herd the workers under the jurisdiction of the U. T. W. back to work. In the McMahon gave orders that the strike be called off and the workers return to work.

> > Sabotage at Hazelton

by the A. F. S W ..

the silk workers if not of McMahon —he is doing everything in his power to knife the strike at the very time when the silk workers need the most assistance. And on top of it all McMahon is attempting to struke the texture the very texture the very time when the silk workers in an attempt to smash the Lawrence strike led by the I. W. son strike committee.

## **IMPORTANT** NOTICE

With this issue the Militant begins to reflect the new course of the Communist League toward the building of a new party of Communism in America. Our aim is to transform the Militant from a propaganda organ intended mainly for Communists into a popular agitation paper appealing directly to the mass of American workers. To facilitate this transformation, and double our circulation as the first step, we are cutting the subscription rates to \$1.00 per year and 50 cents for six months. The prices of single copies are cut to two cents, bundle rates to one cent a

We intended to tell you all about it, and our new action program connected with it, in this issue. But the silk strike material, which represents—as a beginning-what we mean by an agitation paper, crowded out the explanation, so we will have to let it go over till next week.

Meantime, one urgent word: We are undertaking this project solely on our nerve. The new price of the Militant is below the cost of production. It requires a subsidy. We have none not even the cost of next week's issue. We need your help and count on it. If you see the need of a Communist paper that appeals directly to the mass of American workers, records their struggles, and talks their language, there is a practical way for you to help. Send a donation to

THE MILITANT 126 East 16th Street New York City

vices did not begin with yesterday. Far from making good on his promise to strike the south if the code was unsatisfactory—and that was the opinion of the majority of

As far back as 1912 the United

until the code was settled, promising to strike relief by the Patering that if the latter were unsatising that if the latter were unsatisunder Big Bill Haywood, John without the workers' knowledge and drivers not to handle scab silk. support, deiberately trying in that way to sell-out the workers.

hour week. In a short time they strike. And for this 300 were expelled from the U. T. W.

During the 1924 strike of the Associated in Paterson, Sara Conboy of the U. T. W. sent a letter to the A. F. L. unions telling them that the Associated was an outlaw degration and advising them not Historic Strike of on the workers. In spite of the that the Associated was an outlaw to support the strike.

The U. T. W. under McMahon ublicly denounced the great Passaic strike of 1926 Its local leaders tried to call off the strike and force the workers back into mills and urged all A. F. of L. unions to refuse to give relief to this strike.

McMahon's real philosophy is exthe "campaign" of the A. F. of L. to organize the south in 1929:

"We aren't talking higher wages. We aren't talking shorter hours. You can't express our objectives in those terms. We want to sit down take up their problems as our problems, we want the mill owners, means to heal them".

There stands McMahon, revealed

## Solidarity Welds Ranks; N. R. A. Truce Rejected

Fifty thousand silk workers are | Workers has become a great mag-

States. Strikers travel hundreds under one common direction. of miles to pull down shops that National Strike Committee of the In 1913, one of the greatest still at work—to bring the New its readiness to sign separate shop

Golden and Sara Conboy, the then that is catching on everywhere unleaders of the U. T. W. made a sep- der the impetus of the silk strike arate agreement with the bosses is the decision of the silk truck

The monster demonstration of In 1919 a strike was called by the Paterson ribbon weavers for the 44 hour week. This was sabotaged by the U T. W. The U. T. W. was for the U. T. W. The U. T. W. was for their enthusiastic singing and cheer compromising on the 48 hour week ing the embattled silk and dyc even while the War Labor Board workers gave an unassailable evid-hour week. In a short time they sold out completely, agreeing with the manufacturers to postpone (indefinitely) the shortering time they clenched their fists and gritted their teeth in firm determination to remain out patil their decrease. definitely) the shortening of hours. won. By this great demonstration But the ribbon weavers remained the silk workers of Paterson and stubbornly on strike and won the vicinity have given heart and hope to the workers everywhere. The silk workers are showing the way.

The American Federation of Silk

## 20 Years Ago

Never-to-be-forgotten by those who took part in it, or those who have heard its story told, the tradi tion of the great silk strike of 1913 every attempt to lure them back in Paterson is the inspiration bepressed in a statement made during hind the powerful struggle that has brought the fabric of the industry to a standstill today.

Those were stirring days. For 22 long weeks the silk workers of Paterson maintained the battle after the NRA machinery had allines unbroken. Workers were with the mill owners, we want to clubbed and shot by policemen and detectives. Upwards of 800 strikers were thrown into jails unfit for ourselves, and the general public dogs. The organizers were preseto sit down and diagnose the in- cuted. The strike was vilified by a dustry's ills and seek mutually a lying press which screamed with demanded that the leaders be tar- the silk workers. by his own statement as well as by of town. The pulpit thundered dered and feathered and driven out his actions as an agent of the boss-es, serving as president of a labor who wanted a better life in this organization only to be in a better position to betray and sell-out the (Continued on Page 4)

entering their sixth week of strike net of attraction for the independsent and defend their interests. Due to the highly competitive condition of the industry, the relatively high degree of skill required, and the degree of skill required, and the date more dangerous to the highly competitive condition of the Executive Board of the U. The employers could hope for no degree of skill required, and the date more dangerous to the highly competitive condition of the Executive Board of the U. The employers could hope for no degree of skill required, and the date more dangerous development of the bosses out in of the Executive Board of the U. The employers could hope for no degree of skill required, and the date more dangerous development of the bosses out in of the Executive Board of the U. The employers could hope for no degree of skill required, and the local police and the state troop of the first make the state troop of the Executive Board of the U. The miles of the bosses out in of the Executive Board of the U. The miles of the bosses out in the open giving blow for blow. Far the local police and the state troop of the Executive Board of the U. The miles of the bosses out in the open giving blow for blow. Far the bosses out in the open giving blow for blow. Far the hope of the Executive Board of the U. The miles of the bosses out in the open giving blow for blow. Far the bosses out in the open giving blow for blow. Far the bosses out in the open giving blow for blow. Far the bosses out in the open giving blow for blow. Far the bosses out in the open giving blow for blow. Far the bosses out in the open giving blow for blow. Far the bosses out in the bosses out in the bosses out in the open giving blow for blow. Far the bosses out in the open giving blow for blow. Far the bosses out in the bosses out

The strike is spreading with ity have followed their lead. The seven league boots to every silk a unitying force consolidating the mill, large or small in the United energies of all the silk workers

Again the A. F. S. W. has afhave not yet joined the ranks. The irmed its unshakable will not to return to work under anything but American Federation of Silk Work- a national agreement. The disrupers voted at its last meeting to live role of the N. T. W., which had close every U. T. W. shop that is issued a public statement declaring to starve the workers back to the shops by refusing to sanction apstrikes in the history of Paterson's England sector of the silk industry agreements on a lower scale than the one demanded by the A. F. S. W., has so discredited this organi-As testimony to the fighting spirit zation that it was compelled to issue a "denial" in an evasive statement issued by John J. Ballam.

> The demands of the strikers, refusing to compromise, have remained the same as at the outset of the strike-\$36 for weavers, the thirty hour week and the two loom system. A test of the strikers' militancy in obtaining these demands took place at the Crew Dye plant where the strikers clashed with the strikebreakers. Several workers were arrested.

## N. R. A. "Truce"

Senator Wagner, of the NRA, has come to bring "industrial peace" to the strike-bound silk areas. Not so long ago the silk workers learned what the industrial peace of the NRA meant for them in reality, -calling off the strike in a five weeks "truce" during which time the government and the bosses would impose the slave silk code treacherous agreement of McMahon to this "truce" the strikers voted down as a man. They must just as wary of the new maneuvers of the NRA and any of his agents

The answer of the strikers to into the mills under promises of "adjustments" under NRA protection has been to strengthen the picket lines and to spread strike to other silk centers. The silk workers' strike started

ready shown how it functioned in other strikes, in collusion with the reactionary labor leaders, to muffle the revolt of the workers and break their fighting ranks with deceitful promises and threats. The tragic experience of the Pennsylrage at the revolting slaves, and vania miners has not been lost on

With such vigilance as the strikers have exhibited to date, with straight for victroy!

## Hundred Years of Trade Struggles in the Silk Industry

Paterson was the cradle of the strike was lost and the leaders dis-jed back into submission. Significclass struggle in the United States charged. However the bosses later ant about this strike was the ap- craft unions—the Horizontal Warpthe storm center in the battles of the silk workers for more than 100 dustry today.

in 1826 among the men, women and children cotton operatives. (Silk ance till twelve years later). These slaves had been toiling from sunfrom twelve o'clock to one and for the ten hour day. Marking the first were blacklisted as were the chilact of solidarity, the building trades and machinists struck in sympathy. Marking the first act of government terror against striking workers, the

PATERSON—1835

that ended in victory, and some in cotton mill workers struck for the huge strikes of many months took the Silk Workers Union. utter rout, some that were bloody, eleven hour day, the abolition of place in Fall River in 1879 and and others that were peaceful, some the store-order system and excess again in 1884. Strikebreakers by crafts and others by the entire sive fines. The workers were led smashed the strikes in both these industry, have been fought by the by an organization called the Pat- cases. Paterson workers. These battles erson Association for the Protection were the road-pavers for the great of the Laboring Class, Etc." They conflict that shakes the textile in- were aided by the Newark workingmen who sent in \$20. for relief and THE PATERSON STRIKE OF 1828 the New York workers who appoint-The first strike of factory workers ed committees for the same purin this country occurred in Paterson pose. The workers of Paterson held out for six long weeks and then their ranks were broken through a as a fabric did not make its appear- in which two-thirds of the workers returned under a working day of twelve hours for five days in the pany-owned tenements. They were week and nine hours on Sunday. The merciful bosses had yielded one bosses to change the lunch hour and one-half hours. The workers remaining out for the 11 hour day

"ORGANIZE THE UNSKILLED" workers back to the shops. The in wages. The workers were stary others did not.

SLAVE WAGES-1894 The silk operatives of Paterson, were "insufficient to buy the commill to mill Paterson strikers trudged all the way to New York to visit their fellow strikers. The workers returned the visit. But if the strikers were united, so were the bosses of Paterson and New York who had a binding compact to break the by the Ribbon Weavers Union the textile industry" swept the field, strike. Many a striker received a against which an injunction was winning big battles in Lawrence, free permanent wave from a police- invoked, standing the union \$5,000 Paterson, Allentown, Pawtucket In 1879 the International Labor man's nightstick. The strike was for fines in picketing cases, the Valley, West Hoboken. It had Union waged an eight months bat neither won nor lost—some of the broad silk weavers and the dyers 50,000 members. This was the Ammilitia was called out to drive the the in Paterson against a reduction mills granted the raise in pay and won an increase of one and one algamated Textile Workers. Bad Bedford sold out many silk work become memories of a past age of

### INCH BY INCH

For a while things simmered in Paterson, only for hell to break of living rose by 60%. loose again around the period of 1899, 1900 and 1902. Picketing, weavers joined the strike and the yard increase on the piece rate. The United Textile Workers be gan its career in 1901. Soon after

half cents on a yard.

the Paterson craft unions affiliated

The wretched conditions of the its disbanding in 1923. just as Lyons a great silk center, conceded on the noon-hour dispute. pearance of an outstanding leader, ers Association, the Ribbon Weavwas in France. Paterson has been PATERSON—1835

PATERSON—1835 advocate of industrial unionism and Twisters Union and also two un- ing of the twentieth century pre- son broad silk workers local of cognition. But the strike was not The next strike in Paterson did whose slogan was "organize the ions that cut across craft lines— pared the way for the great battles the United Textile Workers a mor- solid. Many crafts remained at years. Innumerable strikes, some not come until 1835 when 2,000 unskilled". Under his guidance the Broad Silk Weavers Union and of 1912, 1913. According to the tal blow and it passed out of exist- work, the union was split in the Silk Association the average wage ence. of the worker was less than \$10 weekly and in that period the cost 8 HOUR DAY SLOGAN IN 1924

### I. W. W. — 1912

police clubbing, arrests, denuncia- W. headed by Rudolf Katz conductdriven to desperation by the wretchtion from the press and the pulpit ed an unsuccessful struggle against day, to offset the 3-4 loom system, edly low wages, which, according ran through the last years of the the four loom system. This strike a 15% wage increase and union re- workers' struggles stretching to the Daily Guardian of the time, last century and the opening of this proved to the sceptics that the Engone. In 1899 after an eight months lish speaking and the foreign born monest kind of food and purchase siege during which time strikers workers could stand together and ing the union and granting wage coal and wood", walked from were jailed for calling strikebreak. fight side by side. The story of the pulling down ers "scabs", the United Ribbon 1913 strike is told in another colthe shops. The New York ribbon Weavers Union won a one-cent-a- umn of the Militant, as is the Asso-

#### AMALGAMATED TEXTILE **WORKERS UNION**

From May 1919 to November 1922 militant, class struggle union, leadership, adverse conditions,

few lost strikes were the cause of weeks, in 1928. In the same year

In 1924 the Associated Silk Workers led 13,000 broad silk workers of The Detroit faction of the I. W. Paterson in a strike for the 8 hour cognition. They won a partial vic-lover one hundred years many untory, many of the shops recognizions have come and gone. The silk increases.

THE PASSAIC STRIKE — 1926 Clubbed and tear-gassed by cops, ciated Silk Workers strike of 1919. slugged by gunmen the silk dye workers of Passaic, Garfield and quished. But the amazing vitality Lodi, New Jersey held out valiantly of the struggle of the working class against a 10% wage cut and for union recognition under the Left the greatest in the history of the wing United Front Committee of silk workers. This struggle will be conclusion of Textile Workers. They lost the

#### struggle. SOLD OUT

the Associated conducted a strike for a wage increase and union remidst of the strike and it was lost. The 1931 strike is also reported in another column. IN CONCLUSION

A great tradition belongs to the silk workers, and great lessons are to be learned from it. In the silk workers have had to cope with betrayers on the one hand and craft division on the other. Sometimes they have won and many times they had to return to the mills—vanis attested by the present strike the greatest in the history of the not cease with the conclusion of strike after a long and memorable the present strike. It will become fiercer and more relentless until that day comes when the working class by its united strength will build The U. T. W. betrayers of New a new system where strikes will a ers after a stubborn battle of 221 slavery and oppression.

LEAGUE ACTIVITIES

At the meeting of the Left Op- DOUBLE THE CIRCULATION.

MAX SHACHTMAN

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1933

**ADMISSION: 15 CENTS** 

## PAGE 2

## And a NEW COMMUNIST PARTY for AMERICAL

"absence" of comrade Moss

given as a proof of the "disruptive

tactics" of the Communist League The rude, mechanical expulsion

gangs, and their inability to organ-

the Communist League of America

ganizations to fight against Fasc-

Mirror Workers Strike

and tragically at an end. The strike

U. U. L. At one point, when the general strike was still solid, the

Bosses' Association offered to grant

most of the demands if the union

affiliated to the A. F. of L. The

Stalinists, concerned far more about

the fortunes of the T. U. U. L. than

about the interests of the workers

stood put for a "revolutionary" un-

ion. Caught in between the two

The Left Oppositionists, sensing

best Stalinist manner, even going

so far as to call him a spy for the

literally a stampede to rescue what-

The stupid Stalinist can explain

NEW YORK.—

It must be clearly stated that

L. LOGAN.

ism.

ForaNEW INTERNATIONAL!

THE MILITANT

Notes of the Week

MR. REVERE REVEALS

If you're in the working class or of it you're bound to get a shop conditions prevailing in St. needed union organization in direct judging by the first response, obliges portunity to hear comrade Swabeck more popular price of the Militant headache wading through the boss Louis and their low wage standards association with the other workers press. Especially now—under NRA. or \$5 and \$0 a week. The strikers of the trade, not isolation from them The high pressure salesmanship rallied under the banner of the In- in a club. methods of the recovery administration—always profuse with their ers' Union because of the impression uvers in dragging out the meeting great, passionate love for the la- of strength and support it could points of order, etc., more than boring masses—are simply over-give them in their struggles against two thirds had left the hall when only one genuine attempt to put life the establishment of a new Party a feelow worker. If every subscriboverwhelming.

When you're lucky enough to survive the intoxicating ballyhoo hypocrisy of the editorials, you will, however, find a good sobering bromide in the financial columns. They usually tell the unadorned truth. They're got to. Because they constitute the only part of the paper that's actually written for the fore the workers will be in a posi- The following meeting, however, boss-minus the ballyhoo and minus the embellishments.

And here is what we found on the financial sheet of the N. Y. Herald-Tribune recently:

"With the strong arm of government around the wage earner", says a certain C. T. Revere (of the firm of Munds, Winslow, and Potter), "the labor unions are displaced as guardians of the toiler....The basic reason for the labor union as we have known it in the past

no longer prevails." This is Mr. Revere's government He speaks of it knowingly. And he is addressing his kind, on the

The Herald-Tribune, appropriatethe headline, "Blow to Unions Seen and file. by Revere in NRA Plans". That The only reason the silk dress tells the whole story in a nutshell.

drive, the gentleman from Wall St. "Economic forces (?) work out their solution in inexorable fashion even against the intimidation of the working masses."

If we know anything at all of testimonials of strike militancy discover that there is nothing quite so inexorable as the workers' march to power, as the economic

solution of the working masses. We might add....even against all the pious "class peace" wishes of the labor fakers and all their persistent servility.

Mr. Revere knows what his class wants and needs, and so does the

awakening worker.
The proof? The first plank of nearly every strike action in the growing working class upsurge and the major objective of nine tenths of them has been-union recogni-

of the "strong arm of government!"

LET HIM WHISTLE

"In Pittsburgh, 3,000 to 5,000 miners, singing as they go, request Carnegie steel workers to join a 'holiday movement' with 85,000 other steel and mine workers in three states.
"Carlyle said: 'Give me the

man who sings at his work!' "A strike seems hardly a thing to sing about!" -ARTHUR BRISBANE.

For all of our sympathy with Mr. Brisbane's outraged....esthetics, and in spite of his rather impreswe cannot nevertheless understand working class. As a result of al ers a "holiday"—the bankers only had one of their own not so long

It is only just, and even Carlyle had a warm spot for justice. Still, if the eminent sage Hearstdon finds strike holidays committee which decided to call

"hardly a thing to sing about" in meeting the following Sunday his capacity as major share-holder the same place. More than 350 of a profit-mad enterprise, he ought were present at this meeting. Sev to compose himself as a member of the Fourth Estate.

We can well understand that he cannot sing over a strike. Just let him whistle....

THERE'S GOLD IN THEM THAR HILLS

"Green Backs Plan for U. S. to Assist Jobless Mine Gold"-

Newspaper Headline. Having clad the employed working class in codes of ermine and led them into the promised land of gelias, when finally given the floor the New Deal, the great American from giving orders as though he Labor Leader prepares to bring were in a unit meeting of the Comdown a shower of gold manna (or munist party .He stated that unare we getting it mixed up with less they remove from their tem-NRA?) upon their less fortunate brethren, left behind in the wilderness of unemployment.

PITTSBURGH MASS MEETINGS ARNE SWABECK

--G....n.

will speak at WEINSTEIN'S RESTAURANT 1830 Center Ave., 2nd Floor

on Friday, October 13 at 8 P. M. THE FUTURE OF INTERNA-

TIONAL COMMUNISM Saturday, October 14 at 8 P. M. THE ROOSEVELT PROGRAM AND THE WORKERS

## FROM THE MILITANTS

### St. Louis Needle Trades Strike

strike in protest against the sweat- the stand that the Greek painters stage, promised a better result the workers of Newark had an op- orientation of the League and the ternacional Ladies Garment Work-

the bosses. tion of the capitalist society" be- program. tion to "secure their rights as pro- the Stalinists mobilized twice as ducers".

were under the impression that the and, instead of bringing a program according to the previous decision well as locally, would give them of the members, they presented all the moral and financial support their old program. The workers possible, in order to enable them present protested and, although less to win their strike. These hopes were soon shattered. The local leadership attempted to settle the and only about 30 Stalinists and strike three times without any concessions from the capitalists. Dub-remaining voted anew whether to hope for the establishment of some receive it could be satisfied. insky, president of the International Ladies Garment Workers' Union, ent. 25 voted for the Stalinists and said that the national union was 15 against. "Off the Gold Standard" and would be able to give "normal support" forum of his class. He has no need for camouflage and subter- ancially". The small amounts of not allow them to carry out their selves. strike relief finally paid out were not allow them to carry out their gained as the result of continual are more than 200 Greek painters The Heraid-Tribune, appropriate gained as the result of continual are more than 200 Greek painters that was originally begun by a number of a few members and numbers and numbers of the continual are more than 200 Greek painters that was originally begun by a number of a few members and numbers of the continual are more than 200 Greek painters that was originally begun by a number of a few members and numbers of the continual are more than 200 Greek painters that was originally begun by a number of a few members and numbers of the continual are more than 200 Greek painters that was originally begun by a number of a few members and numbers of the continual are more than 200 Greek painters that was originally begun by a number of a few members and numbers of the continual are more than 200 Greek painters that was originally begun by a number of a few members and numbers of the continual are more than 200 Greek painters that was originally begun by a number of a few members and number of a few members and number of continual are more than 200 Greek painters that was originally begun by a number of a few members and number of a few membe

workers didn't get as good a conjized painters. With their help we And as if he were anticipating tract in st. Louis as elsewhere was will carry out this plan. the argument of the recent strikes because the local union didn't get and the big, successful unionization funds enough to hold out for our demands. It was due to the militancy of the rank and file and the support given by Bialis, national vice-president, AND NOT THE LO- The "United Front" CAL OFFICALS, that we finally gained the following demands: shop committees in each factory; 10 per- in California economic forces (sic) and if the cent increase in wages; no discrimpresent widespread and far-flung mination in re-employment of strikers; equal distribution of work; armean anything, Mr. Revere may yet pitration of all discharges. Although in their behalf.

-ROSE CASANO.

## Organizing the Greek Painters

That's what the workers think This section is largely composed of screen of paper organizations. foreign workers, and especially of those that come from countries industrially backward. The Greek painters undoubtedly belong to this tative of their "leadership" is the and later they confided in the Opsection. Although their trade is skill- fact that this meeting of the "uni-positionist that they believe all of ed they remained outside of their ted front" Conference considered it Nessin's slander holds for Nessin trade organizations, with the exception of a few who are in the A. F. of L., because of the fact that they organization from the Conference, reach, and yet not being able to have no tradition of any sort of trade unionism. Another reason could be that workers when coming to this country intended to leave as soon as they made a few dollars. The long years of the crisis however has taught them to realize the idea of returning home rich was an illusion, and they had to remain sive appeal to Carlyle's authority, here as a part of the American why he should begrudge the work- this they began to see the necessity of organization.

About four weeks ago a few o the more progressive ones assembled in the cellar of the Santa-Barbara Greek Church to discuss their problems. They elected eral Greek Stalinists were mobilized from the Greek Spartacos for this meeting. When their spokesman Hargelias (Harrison) was presented to addrses the meeting as a representative of the TUUL the 'We don't want him!" "No Communists here, he's a Communist.' (How clearly it could be seen how

credited the name of Communism) This however did not prevent Harporary committee the "disrupters" (Katsikis, Poulos) the movement cannot go forward. He said the County of New York Greek painters must organize themselves independently as a Greek the State and county aforesaid, Post Office Address: 126 East 16th Street, New York, N. Y.

cide where to affiliate. point out facts to convince the work- lowing is to the best of his knowl- and addresses of stockholders ow- None.

proposed by the writers, was that of an organization from the mock as soon as they are organized the united front, by people loyal to the Swabeck Opens Tour Greek painters immediately ask for corrupt Stalinist machinery, who a charter from the A. F. of L. paint-shamefully play with the issue iners' union, as one of its locals, with volving the victims of Fascist St. Louis.—On August 10th 3,000 provisions suitable for the organizations, and their inability to organizations. needle trudes workers went on tion of the Greek workers. We took ize a movement which, at the first

But due to the Stalinists' manea vote was taken as to whether in this still born "united front" was and a new International. The 1LGWU, although in the A. they should remain independent as made and it was made by the F. of L. for 25 years, boasts of one a club or go to the A. F. of L. In Communist League, in the way of lapse of the Communist Internative circulation. of the front page and the stultifying of the most progressive preambles spite of that 77 voted for our pro- Jimmy Higgins work and in an at- tional and its national sections of any A. F. of L. union. The pre- posals and 54 for that of the Stal- tempt to present a program of ac- facilitated the danger of a counteramble to the constitution recognizes inists. They then authorized the tion. The Communist League of revolutionary overthrow of the Sothe fact that the workers must or- committee to investigate the ways America became active here lately. viet Union. Our hope as a faction ganize industrially as well as poli- and means of getting into the A. A branch was organized and good to reform the party and the Intertically in order to effect "the aboli- It. of L. and present a concrete forces are rallying around it.

> many of their supporters as were Accordingly the garment workers present at the previous meeting were present than at the previous meeting, they walked out in protest go to the AFL or remain independ-

Once more the Stalinist policy are willing to support our program in organizing the Greek unorgan-

-KATSIKIS.

On September 25, 1933 a meeting forces, the bosses and the TUUL of the United Front Conference to the consequent result was, as was the contract doesn't cail for a clos- aid the victims of German Fascism forewarned by the original organized union shop, this demand could was held in Oakland, Calif. 12 peo- ers' the workers got no union at have also been gained, if the St. ple were present. Outside of one all, notwithstanding the victory Louis local had the right kind of delegate representing an unem\_scored by the settlement of two union leadership fighting militantly ployed organization, one observer shops upon more or less favorable from the Sheet Metal Workers' Un. terms. ion and two delegates from the Communist League, the other eight the mood of the workers, seeing people represented the Communist that they were beginning to lose Party and such independent organi. hope and their former determinazations as the "Friends of the So- tion, tried to bring the strike to viet Union". The majority of them a speedy settlement, by demanding represented nothing even of this affiliation to the A. F. L. But Sam sort. This was the result of sev-New York.—The most exploited eral months of muddling on the Instead he violently attacked the section of the American working- issue, of muddling on the united worker who made the proposal, callclass is that of the unorganized. front tactics, of putting up a paper ing him all sorts of names in the

That this result was considered bosses. It is interesting to note by party people as fully represent that not one worker believed that, perfectly in order to expel the Com- himself. The workers seeing that munist League of America as an victory was almost within their The motion for expulsion was not obtain it, became demoralized and motivated in a new way. It called began to go back to work, at first for expulsion of these "disrupters, singly then doubly, until there was counter-revolutionary Trotskyites". Otherwise, the "conference" looked ever was possible. more like a unit meeting of the

One thing in this Stalinist united might have been well yet. The bufront was genuine. This was the requerat does not realize that it fanatical, blind hatred for the Com- was precisely because of his blind munist League of these militants leadewship that several "skunks" have been reduced as follows: 1 adhering to the official C. P. and went back to work. Needless to cratic, bankrupt leadership. The gusted with Nessin, the TUUC, the foreign, 75c). method used by these people can Party and everything else that is be illustrated by the following. At "red". The Stalinist contribution the previous meeting comrade Moss in the mirror workers' strike, as of the Communist League, who suc- elsewhere, was demoralization and ceeded in putting through several defeat. motions, was elected on the arrangements committee which had to meet in the Carpenters Hall. When comrade Moss came there at the appointed time he did not find anybody there. The reason is that in Thursday, October 12 at 8 P. M. order to escape him the C. P. peocrowd arose en masse and shouted, ple met in a pool room where only stalinists who had been "tipped" "No Com off" could find them. Still that

the Stalinist bureaucrats have dis-STATEMENT OF THE OWNER-|printed on the reverse of this form, each individual member, must be holder appears upon the books of SHIP, MANAGEMENT, CIRCULA-TION, ETC., REQUIRED BY THE **ACT OF MARCH 3, 1933.** 

ober 1, 1933. State of New York

Before me, a resident in and for Club, and that later they could de- personally appeared Thomas Stamm, Street, New York, N. Y. who, having been duly sworn ac- 2. That the owner is: (If owned

to wit:

editor, and business managers are: Of THE MILITANT published Publisher: The Communist League 126 East 16th Street New York, N. given; also that the said two paraweekly at New York N. Y. for Oct- of America (Opposition) New York, Y.; James P. Cannon 126 East 16th graphs contain statements embrac-N. Y.

PUBLIC LECTURE

YORKVILLE LABOR TEMPLE

(84th St., bet. 2nd and 3rd Aves.)

ROOM 16

Subject:

Editor: Arne Swabeck Managing Editor: Arne Swabeck

given.)

1. That the names and addresses The Communist League of America other fiduciary relation, the names of the publisher, editor, managing (Opposition); 126 East 16th Street, of the person or corporation for New York, N .Y.; Martin Abern, whom such trustee is acting is Street, New York, N. Y.; Max ing affiant's full knowledge and be-Shachtman, 126 East 16th Street, lief as to the circumstances and New York, N. Y.; Maurice Spector, conditions under which stockhold-126 East 16th Street, New York, ers and security holders who do not Business Manager: Thomas Stamm N. Y.; Arne Swabeck, 126 East 16th appear upon the books of the com-

3. That the known bondholders mortgages, and other security hold-that of a bona fide owner: and this Undoubtedly he meant to take cording to law, deposes and says by a corporation, its names and ad- ers owing or holding 1 percent or affiant has no reason to believe that them into the TUUL. But why that he is the Business Manager of dress must be stated and also im- more of total amount of bonds, any other person, association, or didn't he clearly state this and THE MILITANT and that the fol- mediately thereunder the names mortgages, or other securities are: corporation has any interest direct

ers of the advisability of such a edge and belief, a true statement ing or holding one per cent or 4. That the two paragraphs next or other securities than as so stated step instead of maneuvering with of the ownership, management (and more of total amount of stock. If above, giving the names of the own- by him. the proposal to form a club? Sim- if a daily paper, the circulation, not owned by a corporation, the ers, stockholders, and security holdply because the TUUL is no less etc.), of the aforesaid publication names and addresses of the in- ers if any, contain not only the list discredited in the eyes of the work- for the date shown in the above dividual owners must be given. If of stockholders and security holders than the official Communist caption, required by the Act of owned by a firm, company, or other ers as they appear upon the books March 3, 1933, embodied in section unincorporated concern, its name of the company but also, in cases (My Commission expires March 30, The policy of the Left Opposition 537 Postal Laws and Regulations, and address, as well as those of where the stockholder or security 1935).

give the first lecture on his na- makes it possible to extend the to organize a genuine, representa- tional tour. He spoke of the caus- circulation that we have set as our tive movement of working class or- es the drawn consequences of which goal a 100% increase in the numforced the Left Opposition to subscriber, you can do your minchange its policy and concentrate per of subscriptions. If you are a its forces and activities towards imum share by getting a sub from

the History of the Russian Revolu-

tion by comrade Trotsky; second

place-two volumes of the History;

third place, one volume of the His

The degeneration and final col- it will be no job at all to double Then, there are some irrepressible comrades who go out and gather in anywhere from 6 to 30 subs. So all in all the work we have set

on "The Second and Third Interna-

tionals after Hitler's Victory" be-

Our speaker analyzed the traitor-

Left Opposition is its guide.

militant whom the Young Commun-

C. P. also expelled for the same

crime of holding views favorable to

the Left Opposition and who open-

ly demanded that the Party recog-

nize its errors on Germany and the

A lively discussion followed;

about ten peope taking the floor.

is not beyond our abilities. national is completely exhausted leaving the only other road: the Shachtman Speaks at formation of a new party and a new International. Philadelphia

The meeting impressed the workers gravely. Queries penetrating the smallest particle of the vital question were launched at the speaker, the answers to which made it increasingly clear, that the Left The general strike of the novelty Oppositions path is the only positive mirror workers, is now definitely one.

at Newark

position on the 29th of September.

So great was the demand for our that was declared on September literature that our supply was exand only about 30 Stannists and 12th with so much enthusiasm and hausted before all those eager to of them Communist workers. decent working conditions, and in- This will be remedied at our next volved some three hundred and meeting in the near future, to which more workers, with the most mili- we shall go well equipped. Worktant determination to struggle and ers crowded around comrade Swa-"stick it out to the end' has been beck after the meeting and were allowed to peter out without the eager to have him explain the least fault of the workers themleast fault of the workers themthings to which they received no of defeat Forces of reconception. selves.

The organization of the union hald by the official party. We gainthat was originally begun by a numpath, from the moment it came in or us, which we shall not shirk but contact with the stupid Stalinist continue on unflinchingly in the inbureaucrats in the shape of the T. terest of the world proletariat.

**—LOUIS NAGY.** Other meetings on comrade Swa beck's tour are as follows:

Sun., Oct. 8th....Rochester, N. Y. Mon., Oct. 9th....Buffalo, N. Y. Tues., Oct. 10th....Toronto, Can. democracy." Sol Thomas, whom the Wed., Oct. 11th....Toronto, Can. Fri., Oct. 13th....Pittsburgh Pa. Weinstein's Retaurant

1830 Center Ave., 2nd Fl. Sat., Oct. 14th....Pittsburgh, Pa. trade union policy, spoke on his ex-Sun., Oct. 15th...Pittsburgh, Pa. pulsion and in defense of our trade Mon., Oct. 16th.... New Castle, Pa union policy. Tues., Oct. 17th....Youngstown Wed., Oct. 18th....Youngstown Thurs., Oct. 19th....Cleveland, O. Most of the discussion was from Fri., Oct. 20th....Cleveland, O. Stalinists present, who tried in their Sat., Oct. 21st....Chicago, Ill. Sun., Oct. 22nd....Chicago, Ill. Mon., Oct. 23rd....Chicago, Ill. Tues., Oct. 24th....Chicago, Ill. Wed., Oct. 25th....Springfield, Ill Fri., Nov. 3rd....Minneapolis Sat., Nov. 4th....Minneapolis Sup., Nov. 5th....Minneapolis Thurs., Nov. 9th.. Davenport, Ia Fri., Nov. 10th....Davenport, Ia. Tues., Nov. 7th....Chicago, Ill.

## With the 'Militant'

**NEW PRICE** Beginning with this issue the new price of the Militant will be 2c Communist party turned inside out the loss of the strike very easily. a copy. The idea behind this rethan a meeting of a genuine united If it had not been for a couple of duction in price is to give the pa-"skunks" going back to work all per a wider circulation. NEW SUBSCRIPTION RATE.

At the same time and for the same reason the subscription rates year, \$1. (Canada and foreign, who are misled by their bureau- say many workers are totally dis-\$1.50); 6 months, 50c (Canada and

TO NOVEMBER 15th.

The sub drive which opens with this announcement will run until -MIRROR WORKER. us about 5 weeks in which to materially increase the number of subscribers on our list.

HISTORY OF THE RUSSIAN REVOLUTION.

getting the most subs from now till C. P., Y. C. L. and Y. P.S. L. mem-upon them to continue the strike November 15th we offer the follow-bers, and workers attracted by our until the H. C. Frick Company re-

argumentatively weak but neverthe-"leadership" and the "line". Against obediently signed on the dotted line, us they prepared to quote the N. Y. Times; to tell us they were not the strike. Thurs. Oct. 26th.... Staunton, Ill. responsible for not calling the 7th Fri. Oct. 27th....St. Louis, Mo. World Congress of the Comintern Sat., Oct. 28th....St. Louis, Mo because they weren't in USSR; and ers back to work: Sat., Oct. 28th....St. Louis, Mo. because they werent in Oblas, and "The President then said to me, Sun., Oct. 29th. Kansas City, Mo. insinuations and outright slander to 'Philip, I want you to get these Mon., Oct. 30....Kansas City, Mo. the point of trying to incite mem- 'Philip, I want you to get these Thurs., Nov. 2nd. Minneapolis bers of a union against a comrade those is anything in Code model. on a trade basis. A member of the there is anything in God's world C. P. district Buro who was present that I can do for you, I will be took the floor but evaded an offer of glad to try."—N. Y. Times.

> revolutionary position put forward the workers on the picket lines of by our speaker's brilliant speech made a deep impression on the ingression by the Broadent's commend by creating the Broadent's commend by the Broadent's commend b crowd. They remained till after ing the President's comand he statmidnight, contributed generously to a collection (after paying admission), asked many questions, and will not live long." Thus Murray among the youth asked for information about the "Spartacus Youth Club" which was organized the following Wednesday.

This meeting is the latest series of meetings the Philadelphia L. O. branch has been holding, revolving Germany. In early August comto a good audience.

the Secretary at the address given. ship is rotten with corruption. The branch is experiencing a steady To the three Militant builders work. New contacts, particularly still fighting. Martin Ryan calls CAN THE N. R. A. SUCCEED? lng (or equivalents in other books); street meetings, are being made cognizes the union and signs the Lecture by CARL COWL

First place—the three volumes of continually.

L. G. code. And now if this revolt is

pany as trustees, hold stock and

securities in a capacity other than

or indirect in the said stock, bonds

THOMAS STAMM, Business Mgr.

Sworn to and subscribed before

RITA M. WOLF, Notary Public

me this 2nd day of October 1933.

## Labor Fakers at Work

Roosevelt, General Johnson, the U. S. Steel and Lewis, Murray, and Co. of the United Mine Workers are We are so confident that the new united in a typical N. R. A. victory. The victims, as usual, are the workes, in this case the striker's at the Frick mines of the Steel Trust. The mutual triumph of all parties concerned (except, of course, the workers) had been recorded by the signing of an agreement, promising "union conditions" in the captive mines, by Thomas Moses, for the er sets that as his minimum goal Frick Coke Co. and by Philip Murray, vice-president of the UMWA. The business smells to heaven with the hypocrisy of the labor fakers and with the ballyhoo of the NRA in operation.

What have the workers gotten in this settlement of the strike? A minimum wage for inside miners in l'ennsylvania of \$4.60 for an eight hour day. If the miracle happens of the miners getting five days a week of work and having no deductions from their wages made for Philadelphia Pa.—The discussion powder, etc., they will get \$23. on our new course was met in in the face of a dollar that is Philadelphia by the largest turnout down 1-3 this comes to less than for an Opposition meeting here. \$16. When the mine company is Comrade Max Shachtman spoke through making its deductions, the rest will be swallowed up by the rent for company houses and the robbery prices at the company stores, leaving the miners in their usual state of peonage, and debt to ous role and second breakdown of the company. And in the captive the Social Democracy. He follow. mines, where the workers have althe C. I. leadership, capped by the strikes, the union will not be recog-

#### No Union Recognition

Although the New York Times calls it "recognition in everything ber of young but energetic workers, ous sympathizers thus making us will have a really revoltionary tive mines have already indicated was steered away from its correct stronger for the gigantic task ahead defense of the workers' state. This during the strike, that is now ragmovement bases itsef on the Lenin ing, that they had no intention of Congresses of the C. 1. and Marx- dealing with any union representaism. The cadres, the policy of the tives. And they mean what they say. Thus the workers are left Comrade Tom Holmes, a young with conditions almost as before, with every assurance in the world ist League expelled a week ago for that the bosses will brutally crush "Trotskyism" was chairman. He their union as soon as the strike is spoke on the YCL practice of "party ended.

Some very significant statements have been made by General Johnson and Murray about the settlement. On Oct. 2nd Johnson came out with a statement that he had practically ordered the UMWA to accept the settlement. Already the cold steel, hidden behind the NRA ballyhoo, begins to show itself. We can be certain that General Johnson's order was a very real order. And did the bureaucrats of the Union protest? Far from it. Gracefully takless loud manner to defend the capitalist flunkeys they are, they ing their cue, like the well trained

Says Murray in calling the min-

equal time with our speaker—a this loving conversation with the The clarity and boldness of our President, Mr. Murray, what about Pennsylvania and Kentucky? But assumes his masters that the UMW A gangsters will be ready to help the bosses in killing off rebellious workers.

#### The Miners Are Fighting For A Union

And yet with all of this treachery around the world shaking events in among the leadership, the workers are fighting for their union, and rade Arne Swabeck soon after his their union is still the United Mine return from abroad, came here and Workers. Although Martin Ryan, spoke on "Germany Under Hitler" the Pennsylvania strike leader, asks when were Lewis and Murray on The Philadelphia branch has rent. the picket lines, at the same time ed 524 W. Thompson Street which he calls upon the workers to get will become a center for our activ- every mine under their union, the the 15th of November. That gives ities. Those interested in our activ- UMWA. The workers who are ities, study classes and the Spar- fighting in the mine fields are betacus Youth Club communicate with ginning to realize that the leader-

The workers know that the "setgrowth and strengthening of its tlement" is a sell-out. They are not to be crushed as so many revolts have been in the past, there is the greatest need for a real, orthe company as trustee or in any ganized Left wing in the UMWA. **—PETER MORTON.** 

> NEW SUPPLY OF "MY LIFE" Pioneer Publishers has obtained an additional supply of "My Life" by Leon Trotsky, which it is offering at \$2.50 (publisher's price-\$5.00). It is also offering the German edition of "Fontamara", by I. Silone, a novel of Italian peasant rebellion against Fascism, highly praised by comrade Trotsky in a recent book review in the Militant-Price \$1.50.

YOUNGSTOWN MASS MEETING ARNE SWABECK

"THE N. R. A. and the WORKERS" CENTRAL AUDITORIUM 225 West Boardman St. TUESDAY, OCT. 17, 8 P. M. ADMISSION TEN CENTS Unemployed Free

The German working class will

proletarian revolutions, an international only in the sense

Upon the recognition of this de-of the international betrayal

pends the tactics of the revolution-labor; the Third International is

Are the Stalinists capable of the workers as the Second Intermeeting the test? Germany, China national is unwilling—what can be

and to an extent England show that expected of them? It is necessary they have not been equal to it in to face the facts. In Germany and

the past. History shows that the China new parties are needed. The

Comintern has been transformed deceitful and lying accounts about

from the organizing center of the Soviets in China and "revolutionary

world revolution into the organizer upsurge" in Germany proved to us

of gigantic defeats. But what are that these people are not revolution-

regeneration of the International and play badly at the "game", rev-

by the oppression of the bureau-lagain. Upon the wreckage of its

August. If its betrayal was un- birth. But these will not be blot-

conscious it was nevertheless fatal ted out by the hideous nightmare

## 

## On the National Recovery Act

one must understand bourgeois democracy in its full form and base his fellows, going through year after of Lenin and Trotsky? Drugged olution. analysis on the uneven development of capitalism.

Bourgeois democracy, symbolically speaking, is an elastic substance in countries where it exists, the ruling class attempts to stretch the democratic concept to an extent necessary to meet the conditions and reactions of the masses, to cover up the shortcomings of capitalism.

President Roosevelt, in speaking about the dictatorial power invested in him by Congress, said come, reflecting American condithat it was done within the bounds of democracy. He was correct. The boundaries of democracy reach whenever necessary.

conditions and a revolutionary proletariat who threaten the existence power themselves) the democratic form of that capitalist government

toward state capitalism would be crican institution for the collaboration for the collab state capitalism is that when busi-instill into the minds of the workers working class with the class working class working class with the class working class working class with the class working class with the class working class working class with the class with the class working class with the class working class with the class ness in a country disintegrates to that such a thing is possible. the extent that it no longer pays takes over these industries to save on the part of the ruling class withwhatever it can for the capitalists in the workings of bourgeois demof their system of exploitation. It is not inevitable, however, that, capitalism of a country when finding itself in such a position must necessarily develop into state capi-

We know that when aggravated conditions arose in other countries the ruling class there used violence and open suppression of the work ers in order to maintain themselves in power.

Furthermore, we do not know just what form state capitalism would assume if it was to come about. This would depend upon the general economic conditions and the sharpness of the class struggle in the country at that period.

Measures of the NRA alone without the required conditions could not lead the country into state capitalism. Its attempt to bring about class collaboration does not necessarily carry such germs. As to the monopoly in industries that the NRA leads to this with a greater speed than before. We must know that monopoly is part of imperialism.

In predicting the transition to

are taken over by the government, world working class. In Hitler is industry. It is the embryo. The two world not mean that we entered to be perceived the super-Wrangel the problem at the wrong end will truly homogeneous revolutionary of the world impossibility homogeneous revolutionary of the world impossibility homogeneous revolutionary truly homogeneous revolutionary of the political responsibility. the period of state capitalism. This has been done by governments under different conditions before.

possible phase of capitalist development, it would be incorrect to the Soviet Union through the des- sired results, through the organizaassume that the former can begin truction of its most powerful ally, tion of a form of cartels and the before the crisis threatens to wipe out the top layer of the ruling Nor is this all. From a potential steps toward nationalization of the class. It would also be incorrect to assume that the capitalists will of a general strike the German prowithout a struggle, give up the phase of competition in their system in a way that it will curtail their profits. Similarly it would be incorrect to say that the capitalists can use the machine of bourgeois democracy to move gradually into state capitalism. The greed that exists in capitalism and the dissatisfaction of the masses that grows proportionally with such con-

ditions, point to conflict instead. The mistaking of the NRA with state capitalism creates the danger of confusing the workers as to what the stage of the struggle they are in and bringing them to the false conclusion that capitalism solves its own problems by the process of evolution and will eventually change into some form more beneficial to mankind.

At the present stage of development a section of the American masses retain their false concept that the capitalist state operates for the benefit of the people. To expose the NRA as a step toward state capitalism is neither correct nor would it react favorably for the revolutionary movement. Many terrible tragedies of the Chinese workers who are not class conscious would welcome the idea of state control as a way out.

### III.

The United States, being a country of vast natural resources and having entered the capitalist phase at a later period, developed industrially on such a tremendously large scale that together with its imperialism it was able to keep its socalled equilibrium until the beginning of 1929. Because of that, the crisis came to this country upon different conditions from those in Europe without finding a strongly organized working class

opean workers who passed through the epoch of revolutions which fol. others against the Fascist Goering worthwhile. Perhaps the readers what they did".

tion as a class, the American work-To interpret correctly the NRA er, with his individualistic psycho- the perspectives for the rebirth, the ists but miserable clowns who play logy remained separated from his year of the crisis under severe hard- by the poisonous theory of socialships with hopes for better times ism in one country, weighed down live to travel the road of revolution

The ruling class in the United states has hardly a solidified proletew. The Stalinist International blasted hopes, out of the dead tariat to contend with, but, the is incapable of making a revolution ashes of its burned out illusions condition of the country and the 17 anywhere. It has met its 4th of will spring its regeneration, its remillions unemployed in themselves constitute a threatening force against the system. As the reaction of things always are in accord and its good intentions can be point-situation lies in the fact that out that the NRA would form the founwith the conditions that bring them about, the NRA is the logical outtions and therefore the American way of doing things.

On the one hand this is an exout far. The ruling class outlines treme move to stop unemployment these boundaries and moves them and on the other, the execution of a murderous offensive and the ed revolutionists, those who have ly upon this advance. But today the plan is left mostly to the em- workers in retreat or at best in a led revolutions before, the heroes Only in the event of the ruling ployers. As such the NRA can have class contending with enervating very little success in a system based when we look at the situation at shevik October. upon rugged individualism.

The NRA is meant to have one of their state, will they change other function for the ruling class their form of rule. When bour- and that is, an institution through and that is, an institution through geois democracy in its most extended which they will try to shape the form fails to cover up the dis-ideology of the American working crepancies of capitalism (if the class in such a way as to check workers are not ready to take over their dissatisfaction from flowing into revolutionary channels.

Through clever maneuvering the

The NRA is a desperate attempt ocracy to prolong their system of exploitation.

—HARRY BRAND.

## Conclusions from German Defeat

Modern history will record no of Fascism under conditions which were favorable for a far different result. The German proletariat, the flower of the international working class, was defeated without a struggle.

The dialectic of the whole histor ical process was toward the Bonapartist regime of Von Schleicher-Fascism or Communism-was not understood and the Stalinists continued to play with the treacherous theory of "social Fascism" and the

of the world imperialist bourgeoisie. Not only has the world revition. Some are urging nationaliza-Outlining state capitalism as a but at the same time a way has to be relieved of a bad investment. been opened up for an attack on If the NRA does not bring the dethe organized German proletariat. elimination of the small producers. letariat might have become a non. etc.,-which it could have dustries again pay dividends. brought forward in the struggle for the defense of its sister republic.

> Lenin and Trotsky saw in the world revolution. Since 1917, the basic contradiction of capitalism. next to the antagonism between the productive forces and the national slogan of nationalization? As an boundaries which points to the inconsistency of the national state, has been the existence of the work ers, republic on the one hand and the capitalist encirclement on the other. The eclecticism of Stalin-Bucharin, which combines the reactionary non-Marxist theory of socialism in one country with a hypocritical lip-service to the slogan of world revolution, is a denial and a renunciation of this fundamentally correct viewpoint of Leninism. From such a hopelessly utopian, theoretical departure there follows basically the blunders of tactics and strategy from which—and from which alone—can be explained the

and the German revolutions. The Marxist theory of the Permanent Revolution is, in its essence, the only theory that follows logically from the Leninist formula of imperialism as the last, the decay stage of capitalism—an epoch attempts to establish the truth in our complete adherence to social sitting in jail but Goering and Hitwhich will be marked by wars and the matter of the burning of the revolutions. The rotting structure Reichstag is an act of political of imperialism—captialism weighed struggle against Fascism. The have died in time, or could have sky would have had time to join down with the contradictions which judges, witnesses, experts make gone over to Fascism so as to them, for his forced participation are inherent in its now outgrown their appearance at this trial not its death crash to snuff out the achieve a definite political aim: the Grzezinsky lived through, emigrated, responsibility before the proletarian which the Conference granted until whole of mankind's technical and struggle with the bands of Hitler. cultural accomplishments. The Grzezinsky detests Communism; he The past opportunities of the next stage in the evolution of so proved it in deeds, having shot forced L'Humanite to print his L'Humanite have to appear some on the contrary, to reject the re country actually monopolized by the ciety is Communism. The next and down Communist workers. Howfew, but interpreted generally in only historically progressive class ever, the same Grzezinsky voluntarapplication, created in the United to become conscious and to carry ily appears at the London counter-States a bourgeois ideology within out the tasks imposed upon it by trial to testify in favor of the Com- ter how modest its political signific- hope for acquittal only on the basis its working class. Unlike the Eur. history is the proletariat. Hence munists: Torgler, Dimitrov and ance, is nevertheless very much of the formula: "they knew not

ed to only with a feeling of re- of the recognition of its weaknesses dation upon which American immorse and shame. The road to in the past will rise the cause of perialism hoped to make new adhell is paved with good intentions. its greatest strength in the future-Never before has history imposed the cautious selection of its leader- world market. Today the adminissuch a gigantic task as that which ship. When it travels the road of trators are impatient to get this

faces a small group of revolution- revolution again it will do so under whole machinery in complete workists today. The capitalists are in the leadership of tried and season- ing shape in order to start seriousweak defensive—such is the picture and battlers of the victorious Bol-

large. The Second International is

ism are

ary party.

--G. ROBERTS.

## Nationalization and the N.R.A.

the Blue Eagle has given rise to tive conditions. working class problems have been presented in a new light by the N.R. A. One of these problems is the question of nationalization of the industries. Therefore, it is essential

explain the relation of nationaliza-

tion to reaction, reform and rev-

dustries in different forms is an tion is often a life and death quescan use the slogan of nationaliza- be placed on propaganda and action of the industries. The application dealing with the question of reaction, reform or revolution, de-workers' control of industries. pending on conditions and class re-

To begin with, one can say that under capitalism the use of the slogan of nationalization, by itself, industries are divided on the quesolution been set back by decades tion, with compensation, in order ally possessing merely the weapon sick industries will be taken by a section of the capitalists and reformers. They will enact "temporary STATE ally possessing the revolu- emergency measures" which will tionary state-rifles, artillery, can- become "permanent" until the in-

To issue the slogan of nationali zation of the industries, such as the "Plumb Plan", etc., in relation to Russian revolution a stage in the the NRA, would be to render service to reformism as well as to reaction. Does this mean that close the door to the use of the isolated, separate, propaganda slogan, yes. But not if it is proisolated.

THE DEVIL'S GRANDMOTHER AGAIN

The initial stage of the "new re- perly coordinated with other slogans lations" of capital and labor under and actions suitable for the objec-

The Working Class Approach

workers can both use the slogan of nationalization one must answer the to distinguish the class content of the one from the other. The coorto understand this question and to dinating slogans must deal with the question of workers' control. This is the working class approach to try cannot exist under capitalism, working class control. Slogans but nationalization of different in- serving this aim must be applied. It is time to follow up the agitaessential part of capitalist develop-tion and action in the trade union ment. In the period of decay capi-field with propaganda for workers' talism, the question of nationaliza- control of production, open bookkeeping in the capitalist industries greater crime than the defeat of the tion of capitalism. This is also and nationalization without com-German working class and the rise true in times of war. Either class pensation. The main emphasis must

> The most important action today, materialize in life. Fascist reaction, trade union question. This has of most heterogeneous character the class struggle, require a pro- ions, armed with a correct policy, exactly the fruit of the collapse not

The working class content of the state capitalism there lies the danger of mistaking centralization of mistaking centralization of wealth, accelerated by the crisis, for the final breakdown of the country and the transition to state capitalism.

Even in the event that the railroads and a few other industries and a few other industries are taken over by the government. play into the hands of the reform-organizations.

olutionary Communist is entrenched

4. The Plenum clearly realizes

N. Y. CHICKEN DINNER A Chicken Dinner Will Be Given for the Benefit of the GREEK WORKERS CLUB " PROTOMAGIA Saturday, October 14, 8 P. M. At 126 East 16th Street

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such an advance is also a problem such a foundation the super struc- Future Trends Within the Country much more complicated than before Results of Early Expansion

American capitalism in its early

period of development had at hand

history would record it as the most

American standard of living."

capital within its own borders. When centered within the indusrialized northeastern states,

of the international betrayal of labor; the Third International is as incapable of rousing and leading the workers as the Second Inter-Act he expressed the belief that Way of the Future Development

important and far reaching legisla tion ever enacted by the American Congress: "It represents", he said "a supreme effort to stabilize for all time the many factors which as comrade Trotsky reminds supplemented their backwardness all time the many factors which the law the United States reach." than a law, the United States reachmake for the prosperity of the nation and the preservation of the To stabilize for all time—this i not possible in a world of flux, of alongside of a backward political nations. Its outstanding feature is constant motion, in which economic ideology which is most directly reequilibriums are established to be flected within the working class. the interdependence of the various shattered again. Least of all is it The internal colonization, or rather national economies. Each of the possible in a capitalist world—and the seemingly limitless expansion contending powers are dependent still less so during its period of of the home market is, of course, upon the world equilibrium and decine and decay. Nevertheless the main factor and forms the basis subject to all of its shocks and and disastrous. Its well-meaning of the past. The dialectic of the Roosevelt knew his ritual. He knew for this retarded consciousness. turns. Most of all is that the case vances and new conquests in the of a higher standard of living for ate the indisputable fact that when boration unfolded to almost perfectinto the world market the mighty tion and thereby reinforced the barriers of conflicting imperialist means of keeping the working class interests arise in all their imposing as a whole in subjection. Upon magnitude.

American Capitalism Depending

Upon World Equilibrium all the prerequisites for monopoly American imperialism arrived betound, by pushing westward, a was therefore deprived of the luxmighty field of expansion for export
of capital and export of means of unward current of capital and export of means of unward current of capital and export of means of unward current of capital and export of means of unward current of capital and export of means of unward current of capital and export of means of unward current of capital and export of means of unward current of capital and export of means of unward current of capital and export of means of unward current of capital and export of means of unward current of capital and export of means of unward current of capital and export of means of unward current of capital and export of means of unward current of capital and export of means of unward current of capital and export of means of unward current of capital and export of means of unward current of capital and export of means of unward current of capital and export of means of unward current of capital and export of means of unward current of capital and ca of capital and export of means of upward current of growing capiling pose. The slightly favorable turn production. But the resulting powtalism as was enjoyed by British in the economic conjuncture which dies in the struggle between the two classes and is replaced by capitalism with open tyranny against the masses-Fascism.

Through clever maneuvering the NRA characterizes itself as a labor of all shades of reformists. This gives it the form of an Amtoward state capitalism would be crican institution for the collaboration.

Through clever maneuvering the NRA brings this question to from the tage has given rise to five conditions.

Through clever maneuvering the NRA brings this question to five conditions.

The NRA brings this question to from the capital and export of the egrow of all shades of reformists. This five conditions.

The NRA brings this question to take the part of the vorkers and actions first and the slogan of nationalization as secondate and actions first and the vastly expanded productive forces and surplus of capital available productive forces and surplus of capital available and actions first and the vastly expanded productive forces and surplus of capital available and actions first and the vastly expanded productive forces and surplus of capital available and actions first and the vastly expanded productive forces and surplus of capital available and actions first and the vastly expanded productive forces and surplus of capital available and actions first and the vastly expanded productive forces and surplus of capital available and actions first and the vastly expanded productive forces and surplus of capital available and actions first and the vastly expanded productive forces and surplus of capital available and actions first and the vastly expand growing interdependence upon world a world base. But its emergence by the capitalist mode of productional its structure throughout the tended its structure throughout the capitalist system on a world scale tion. With the NRA institutions wordl and acquired a world basis. had passed its peak and was heading attempting to check these conflicts Since the capitalists and the Up to this point the law of uneven in a downward direction. That its they will assume more of a polidevelopment of capitalism by which own inner contradictions have be tical character. At present the the various countries pass through come vastly intensified by this pro- heavy crop of strikes which are question of how it will be possible their development in different forms cess has already been proved by the spreading like wildfire everywhere and different tempi, has acted as a crisis reaching its greatest proporlever favoring the United States. tions precisely in the highly ad-Through this uneven development, vanced United States.

## the question. The working class Conference of industrial the question of industrial the question of industrial the question of the past. The margin of capitalist complete nationalization of industrial the question. The working class Resolution on the Paris Conference of a higher level for Adopted by the Int'l Left Opposition seriously narrowed. American capitalism, in order to effectively pur-

(Resolution of the Plenum of the the banner of the new International International Left Opposition a number of other revolutionary (Bolshevik-Leninists) on the con ference of left socialist and Communist opposition organizations held at Paris, August 27-28, 1933.)

Von Papen. Not only was this unforseen but the Bonapartist regime
gram of nationalization. The sloitself which posed the whole quesitself whole quesitself which posed the whole quesitself which posed the whole quesitself which posed the whole questional.

> slogan of nationalization is distin- 2. There can be, it is clear, no guished from the enemy class con-thought of the building of a new claration of the Bolshevik-Leninists

against loose talk on the question conference, but an exceptionally of nationalization.

| Solution | Conference | Confere The best way to insure the proper signed by four organizations (L.O., application of the slogan of na-S. A. P., two Holland parties: R. tionalization and workers' control S.P. and O. S. P.) which represented ing to circumstances, to take part added the possibility of failure to s to speed up the work and activ- the first deliberate step in the dirity of the present stage which deals ection of the building of the new with our trade union policy and International on the principle trade union work. Once the rev- foundations of Marx and Engels.

in the trade unions this slogan will become a living issue in this stage of different political origin cannot of American capitalism.

4. The Plenum clearly realizes getner with parties and original ary character.

that the four named organizations tions nearest to it. Only under this condition can a broad and courageous policy of the united of American capitalism. With the mental principles, tactical and ordays. At any rate, the attained the new Communist International. became more definite and more diresult creates sufficient basis to be lieve that the future work of the organizations on the programmatic Manifesto and tactical documents will make it possible not only to assure the necessary unity of con ceptions, but also to attract under

organizations and fractions. ssary immediately to begin the

essary immediately to begin the elaboration of the programmatic fore visualize the immediate future documents and to create a techni- in the United States as one of 1. The very fact of a conference of cal secretariat which could, while sharply intensified struggles with lations and on how the slogan will toward this end, deals with the 14 parties, organizations and groups yet in the process of editing the reformist social democracy, labor, been pointed out in the Militant ism or revolutionary communism— week in and week out. Without a very deep crisis of the socialist cach of these, at certain stages of strong Left wing in the trade unand communist movements, or more and communist movements, or more suggestions and criticisms may find organizations so that their opinion, a reflection in the text of the pro-

6. The Plenum instructs its representative in the programmatic States. But the conflicts and discommission to be guided by the basic ideas expressed in the De the efforts for its accomplishment

sible to take political responsibilisponsibility for checking further ists. The revolutionists must guard 3. The only real result of the ity for these decisions.\* Insofar as class disturbances and, if possible, example boycott of Hitler Germany) ing out of the more intense world the Left Opposition is ready accord-exploitation. If to this is to be in actions which correspond to its arrive at a favorable change of general principles.

On the basis of practical activities the Left Opposition will allives for the United States assume ways aim at a closer drawing to- a much more directly revolutiongether with parties and organiza- ary character. front for immediate political aims shifting of the world economic cenganizational methods within a few help the work of the building of ter to the United States this change

> licity in Communist, Socialist, the victorious European proletariat trade-union, and especially, youth to fight to hold its own against reranks. Through newspapers, leaf-actionary America. It is now pos-lets, posters, in speeches and dis-sible to say, still speaking in a cussion it is necessary to popular- general sense, that this outlook has ize and to interpret the meaning been reversed by the dialectics of of the Declaration. Without spar- the relation of forces. Revolutionary ing any effort it is necessary to struggles here move up to the very rouse the proletarian vanguard to top of the agenda of historically

> The declaration of the Bolshevik-Leninists made public at the con- capitalist paper ventured the preference ends with the words: "Our revolutionary responsibility is immeasurably great. Let our creative you will be known to posterity as work rise to the height of this responsibility." Let us fully realize that these words refer first of all

—PLENUM OF THE INTER NATIONAL SECRETARIAT. Sept. 13 1933.

\* In taking this position the

A. F. OF L. CONVENTION Next week's Militant will carry a report and review of the A. F. of L. Convention now in session at Washington,

When President Roosevelt signed the National Industrial Recovery Strike Wave Points the During the period of growing capitalism the unevenness of development of the various countries was far greater than now. Today the world has become more uniform. The backward countries have ed its stage of combined develop- Capitalist economy is world econment. This took on the form of omy extending beyond the legal a highly advanced industrial system boundaries and intertwined among Enormous capitalist profits and su- of the United States because of its per profits allowed for a wide mar fur flung interests. It should, gin available for the maintenance therefore, not be necessary to reiterthe labor aristocracy. Class colla- the United States penetrates further

> ture of bourgeois democracy could But this is only one side of attain its greatest triumphs and the problem. Within the United ecure for itself a long lease of life. States itself, its new world advance will impose a terrific strain upon the class relationship existing at But speaking in historical terms present. This relationship can by no means be held within its present latedly upon the world arena. It bounds even with the assistance of indicates the future trend of developments.

In this country we are moving no longer within the orbit of conditions of the past. The margin of capitalist the labor aristocracy has become sue its furious onslaught upon the world market, and to be prepared for the competition it meets, needs above all a low wage level throughout its industrial enterprises. To maintain the tranquility of class 5. The Plenum considers it necretationships of the past on this basis is not possible. We must therethe added phenomenon of disturbances reaching revolutionary proportions not at all out of the ques-

> No one can as yet predict whether real and sulstantially favorable change in the economic conjuncture can be accomplished in the United turbances which will grow out of can be foreseen. The formerly favworld system. It is compelled to assume the major reeconomic conjuncture, then it is necessary to say that the perspec-

rect. But with this shift, there is The Plenum calls upon all sec- also a corresponding shift—at first tions of the International Left Op-only slowly but sure to gain in position to realize fully the his-momentum-of the revolutionary toric importance of the step made, center from Europe to America. In task of immediate urgency now a general sense we formerly countconsists in giving the "Declaration ed upon the revolution to be accomof Four" the widest possible pub plished in Europe first and upon immediate possibilities. It is said in informed quarters

that a reporter of an important diction to Roosevelt: "If you do States ever had." Roosevelt answered laconically: "If I do not succeed with the New Deal I will be known to posterity as the last President of the United States."

-ARNE SWABECK.

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THE MILITANT 126 East 16th St. N. Y. C.

## About the United Front with Grzezinsky. .

L'Humanite of September 19th of the London counter-trial and in hopeless—wil surmise that a uni ter-trial in the case of the burning this not clear? not think about the significance of Hitler we are ready to make a uni- Hitler. their printing this photograph. ted front not only with the devil ed with shame, admitting that they Grzezinsky himself. The unfortun- Communist A B C, and not repeathave no right to be in charge of a ate editors of L'Humanite and the ed obediently the idiotic formula workers newspaper.

front. scores of years toward crystalliza- low in the path of decaying capital- and Co. By pulbishing the report of L'Humanite-the editors are September 20, 1933

reproduces the photograph of Grze-zinsky, the former social-democratic chief of police of Berlin, in the role reproduces in a united front with reproduces the photograph of of witness before the London coun-Grzezinsky against Goering. Is when Communists and social-democrats are routed and Torgler imof the Reichstag. It is clear that More than two years ago we prisoned, but when there was still the poor editors of L'Humanite did wrote that in the struggle against a full possibility for victory over

Had the leaders of the Comintern Otherwise, they would have resign and its grandmother but even with known the first lessons of the "Cahiers de Bolshevism" spilled not that social-democracy and Fascism to the Bolshevik-Leninists them-The London counter-trial which a little ink then, trying to prove are "twins", not Torgler would be Fascism. Truly fate is unmerciful ler himself. More than that, it is to these people. Grezinsky could very probable that by now Grzezinlighten somewhat the lot of the in the struggle against Fascism ill-fated editors of L'Humanite. But could not free him finally from the Plenum only makes use of the right appeared at the trial in favor of court for the murder of the Berlin October 15th to all the participatthe tried Communists and thereby workers. Will not the editors of ing parties, namely: to ratify, or photograph as an ally in the united day before the proletarian court for the systematic confusion of the The London counter-trial, no mat- minds of the workers? They can -L. T.

## **EDITORIAL**

## The Silk Workers' Battle

which has greeted the inauguration of the NRA the general strike of the silk workers holds today a place of outstanding prominence and significance. The spirit of 1913 is abroad again. The strike, now in its fifth week, presents a solid battle line of 50,000 workers which extends throughout the main centers of the industry. In its numbers and scope the present strike is the greatest in the long and stormy history of the silk workers' struggles. It deserves the closest attention of the workers everywhere. The silk strike has a meaning for the entire labor move-

So far the strikers have stood solid. More, they have steadily spread out the strike over a wider area while frustrating all maneuvers to induce them to return to work without a satisfactory settlement. This has been made possible by the fusion of the rank and file mass with a broad group of experienced and tested trade union militants who have been through the mill and know what they want. Paterson is the heart of the industry, and the Paterson militants, heirs of a great tradition, are naturally the main driving force of the present strike. What was done and what was attempted in the epic struggle of 20 years ago in Haywood's time is not without influence even today. The Paterson strike of 1913 awakened and inspired the progressive elements of the working class. It lives in their memory. The strike of 1933 may very well exert a similar influence. If they keep to the line they have pursued up till now, if they do not falter and, above all, if they keep a sharp eye on McMahon and the NRA sharks, the militants waging the present battle will write a page worthy of the old tradition.

#### THE UNIONS IN THE STRIKE

The trade union situation in the silk strike is an especially interesting example of how a mass revolt can surmount old divisions, and make its way through the most complicated forms. The A. F. of L. union in the textile industry—the United Textile Workers-is one of the most reactionary and incompetent organizations in the country. It has a long and malodorous record of betrayal which has driven the textile workers to independent unionism, in one form or another, for decades. The best militants in the industry have grown up in incessant struggle against the U. T. W. treacheries and have been steeled in hatred against it. Many of the leading militants in this strike are veterans of various independent movements. There are former I. W. W. men among them. Not a few were once active in the National Textile Workers Union (the Stalinist or-

The main directing force in the strike comes from the Associated Silk Workers. This organization came into existence and remained for years as an independent union. Now it belongs to the American Federation of Silk Workers which, in turn, is affiliated, as an autonomous section, with the U.T.W. and through that, with the A. F. of L. Thus, the forces of the strikers have been unified under official A. F. of L. auspices by a strike committee whose most aggressive and militant members are hostile to the reactionary philosophy and practices of the U.T.W. on the one side and to the stupid, bureaucratic and disruptive methods of the Stalinist N. T. W., on the other. Under these peculiar and complicated conditions the silk workers have been welded together for the greatest strike in the history of the trade. In the greatest strike in the history of the trade. In the poison gas generated by the this achievement there is to be seen the most convincing proof that the form of trade union organization.

The bosses have not ceased to be the ruthless are of the earlier at the platform at a big strike meeting on the strike stood in a 25 percent increase the platform at a big strike meeting on the strike stood in a 25 percent increase the platform at a big strike meeting on the strike stood in a discontinuous of the course of the earlier at the platform at a big strike meeting on the platform at a big s tion is subordinate to the substance of the movement. Trade union militants everywhere can learn an im- and all other agencies of government remain the portant lesson in tactics from the silk workers in (ool, of the bosses for the suppression of the workthis respect.

### MAIN FEATURES OF THE STRIKE

The strike has been distinguished by several other important features. It is national in scopepractically all the silk-producing centers are tied up -and from this the strike derives much of its exceptional power. The Paterson militants displayed magnificent energy in despatching committees by the truck-load to spread the strike to other points. They didn't fall into the NRA trap and go back to work under a deceptive "truce" on the promise of "adjustments" later. They reject all negotiations for separate shop or craft settlements. They stood out, and are still standing out, for a satisfactory national settlement. To secure this they rely on the picket line more than on the NRA conferences at Wash-

A black spot in the strike situation is the activity of the National Textile Workers Union. This organization, due to bad leadership, lost its opportunity in the industry. It forefeited the confidence of the best militants who once belonged to it, drove out others who raised the voice of criticism, dwindled down to a paper shell and came to the crucial test of the strike without membership, leadership or policy. The main tide of the silk workers movement was already flowing strongly in the channel of the American Federation of Silk Workers. This should have been the cue for the N. T. W. to eliminate itself and merge with the mass movement. Instead of that the attempt has been made to split the ranks front of embattled labor, have a great responsibility. and set up a rival strike committee.

This dangerous game, which incensed the conscientious militants who concerned themselves with the interests of the workers and who desired a united struggle in their behalf, only added further discredit to the people whose light-hearted adventures in the trade union movement had brought them a bad enough name already. And worse may follow, if latest reports are true. Frustrated in their efforts to make a deep split in the strikers ranks, and isolated to a section of the dye workers who are new to organization, the N. T. W. is reported in the Paterson papers to be offering separate shop settlements below the demands of the official general strike committee. They had better beware of this kind of "competition". The disavowal of such intentions in the Paterson papers of October 3 didn't come too

The composition of the silk strike leadership, and the course it has followed up till now, give promise of a successful outcome of the struggle which will lay the ground for a big revival and development of progressive unionism in the textile industry. The silk workers themselves are conducting their own strike. Warding off the treacherous interference of McMahon & Co. on the one hand, and dispensing with individual "stars" on the other, the actual dir-

In the general resurgence of labor militancy ection of the strike has been taken over by a broad collective group of militants, actual silk workers, who are rooted in the industry and experienced in

#### STRIKE POLICY

Systematic exposure of the strike-breaking machinations of the NRA administration. No illusions Fascism and the danger of imperabout it. No confidence in it. The workers can rely ialist war, as a pernicious pacifist similars. Nevertheless, this does the People's Council had the actress As against the false doctrine of naonly on their own strength. Their strength is manifested in their solidarity, in their strike. Therefore, impotence of the international Stalno "disarming", no "truce", no return to the shops without a definite and satisfactory settlement. This

Struggle to the end for a national settlement. No and the Paris gathering that foltrifling with the solidarity of the strikers by in-lowed it. It represented nothing dividual shop settlements or dickering in regard to but the Stalinist organizations plus

strike committee. Tighten the bonds between the Anglo-Russian Committee, the Kuo country in 1917—the "People's has him now. Both movements had strike committee. Tighten the bonds between the Angio-Russian Committee, the Edward Council of America for Democracy has him now. Both movements had its signatories were not only the Council of America for Democracy more than their quota of ministers, revolutionist Ruthenberg, but also Workers. Persuade all the local organizations of part of the Great Illusion of Stalin-names and terms are changed as strikers now independent, and the independent craft ism. organizations, to affiliate with the Federation as well as with the strike committee.

In addition to the above line of policy, which the conception that the struggle tinction, it lies only in the fact flows logically out of the whole situation, a couple against imperialist war and for that the Barbusse movement and of additional suggestions may be offered. The first the defense of the Soviet Union, its proponents have been deteriorrelates to the necessary preparations for the possi- requires, or permits, policies and ating and collapsing at a speedier ble prospect of a drawn-out battle. The second, to practices from those pursued in the rate. the liquidation of the struggle of rival unions.

the strikers dwindle and the bosses will count on the struggle of the British work- movement is for the Stalinists. It the war". Its belly caved in combreaking their ranks with the club of hunger. To ing class against the bourgeoisie too had as its aim the struggle pletely and there was no backbone meet this danger the efficient organization of relief and its labor lieutenants. But in against war and the preservation to hold it up. The pacifists, as bemachinery is a pressing necessity. The silk workers, the struggle against the war dander of peace. It too proclaimed itself fore 1917 and ever since, proved who are setting an example to the workers every- ger, the British Communists must a "friend of the Russian revolu- to be against war until....it broke where, have every right to appeal to the entire labor subordinate themselves to the Purtion" and demanded that the peace movement for financial aid. They should do so within the colonial and semi-colonial be universally accepted. It too held out delay. What they do, or fail to do, in this respect now may easily prove decisive at a later stage ent struggle against its ruling sented itself as the 1917 equival- that inspired and maneuvered the

The Federation strike committee has been per fectly right in its head-on struggle against the disorganizing activities of the N. T. W. and in rejecting du mystics, Balkan "peasant" leadits maneuvers for a joint strike committee. The N. ers or demagogic office seekers from T. W. has long since lost its real basis as a union and the time for such proposals is past. What is needed in the strike now is a single union, not a joint strike committee of rival unions. The Federation of Silk Workers has already established its overwhelming supremacy. The task now is to make its organization complete as the sole union representing all the workers. To that end, the Federation would have nothing to lose, and much to gain, by offering to take the N. T. W. strikers into the union as a body. This would deprive the N. T. W. leaders of the strikers gave a lesson in proleany justification before the strikers for maintaining tarian unity to the whole country. a separate organization. Regardless of their attitude the proposal itself, if sincerely put forward, and erty mill the strike spread like made known to the strikers would exert a powerful wildfire embracing all the silk influence for the consolidation of the strikers movel slaves of Paterson who left their Star Spangled Banner and substiment in a single union. The strike would thereby gain in strength.

### THE REAL TEST AHEAD

The real test of the silk strike is still ahead. It has been a comparatively peaceful affair so far during the year. The strikers now happened! while the attempt was being made to suffocate the enemies and exploiters of the workers. The police ers. Even while the oily game of negotiation and terror, teaching the rudiments of maneuver goes on the weapons of force are being the class struggle to countless made ready. They may be turned on the workers thousands and writing a page of in full force at any moment. Then will come the labor history in letters of red. The real test of the strike and of the quality of its lead- names of Bill Haywood, Elizabeth ership. The less illusions are entertained, the less the blunt truth of the class struggle and all its im- flagging devotion as leaders of the plications are concealed, the better the preparation for the coming developments.

The strike wave now sweeping over the coun-women, thronged the picket line in cries from the husky throats as all try, of which the silk workers movement is a part, the grey hours of the morning realized this humble dyer indeed and sending these workers into the League inviting the warpers to try, of which the silk workers movement is a part, the grey hours of the morning realized this numble dyer indeed represents the beginning of a great class awakening where the police beat them mercially where the police beat them mer of the American workers. The path they are entering on now, will lead them far from the place where they have stood before and from the ideas and illusions-inculcated by the propaganda of the bosseswhich they have held. In the strikes they will a group of nine strikers were held workers, and their own stomachs learn by experience what the government is. They for more than 22 hours without empty. Take as an instance the will see it in action against them every time. They food, water or bedding in a jail great pageant in Madison Square will have to fight bitterly for every inch of ground meant for one. And that during Garden the like of which has never they gain, only to lose it again the moment they relax their vigilance and slacken their struggle. The workers will be forced to learn that the "new deal" they need is a new social system without exploiters and without slaves. Nothing less. The strike leadership that understands this, explains it to the workers and leads them toward it is the leadership that typifies the magnificent spirit that strike and rallied the support of get the latter organization to send really represents the interests of the workers.

## LOOK TO PATERSON

The silk workers, who stand today in the fore-The workers throughout the country, noting their stubborn struggle and remembering, many of them, the glory of the past, will turn again to Paterson for inspiration and perhaps for leadership in the lish she began to speak. difficult and complicated task of building unions and making them really serve the interests of the work-onna is dead, but still I cannot cry.

The militants conducting the silk strike have the strike, then maybe I cry. I do factory owners were going to forshown how to make an A. F. of L. union function as not ask help from you, though my give their erring workmen. Mayor an instrument of struggle. It is up to them also to man is dead. I ask only that you McBride and the police saw the end demonstrate that affiliation to the United Textile win the strike.' Workers does not mean reconciliation with the reactionary philosophy and treacherous practices of ory of this strike has survived for ers to return understood their exthe leadership of this organization. In the present strike such tendencies are to be observed on the part of certain individuals. Let them watch such people and warn them of the old proverb: he who gives the

devil a finger will soon have to give his whole hand. If the silk strike has already attracted national attention, its continuance to a victory will invest ate agreement with them behind bosses that forced the men back to its organizers with a national authority. The progressive forces in the labor movement, now scattered and demoralized, need a reorganization. This is the most imperative task of the hour. If the militant elements of the silk strikers persevere with their sell the betrayal to the workers. militancy, the Paterson strike of Foreign \$1.50 efforts and live up to their opportunity they can play, But the strikers would have none of 1913 has gone down into the annals a responsible part in its fulfillment.

## Two American Congresses «Against War»

The "historic Anti-War Congress" has adjourned, and as was to be and was foreseen, it has left absolutely no positive residue, save a bitter taste in the mouth of every revolutionist, and illusions in the Stalinists.

is point one in a realistic and militant strike policy. Amsterdam asembly last August tionals. a few handfuls of pacifists and confusionists serving as a "respectable most striking comparison between

The Stalinist Theory About War time that has elapsed, it will be difnational socialism leads directly to the other. Or, if there is a disprospect of a drawn-out battle. The second, to liquidation of the struggle of rival unions.

With every passing day the meager resources of must be followed "in general" in Socialist party as the Barbusse are not obstructing the conduct of strikers dwindle and the bases will seem to be followed "in general" in Socialist party as the Barbusse are not obstructing the conduct of the struggle of rival unions. cells and Cooks. The proletariat terms of the "Russian democracy" countries must conduct an independ- its "historic conventions", repre- the social patriotic Socialist party of the defense of the Soviet Union, at its constituent assembly in is the revolutionary Communist it must be tied to the chariot of Chicago in September 1917 declared party that is behind the Barbusse Catalonia to Cathay. In essence, this course resulted men could be found almost exactly

## The New York Barbusse Movement and The «People's Council» of 1917

minds of those workers duped by in the blowing up of the Second the same organizations, the same the macabre masquerade of the International when the crucial test individuals—at all events, the same But confronted it. The International types—as those that composed the

A Striking Comparison The New York congress affords they have to be for the period of The official Stalinist theory of ficult to distinguish the one from

class. But in the alleged interests ent of the "real united front", and People's Council; whereas now it Arabian princes, reactionary Hin-litself to be "representing in all movement-The objection is based over two million members" (Am- upon a superficial distinction in erican Labor Yearbook, 1920). Among its founders and spokes- real than apparent.

pastors, priests and other gentleparty representatives in 1917 were today they are Browder, Minor, Hathaway and Bedacht.

The "Peoples Council" was, as is cariage. It organized no real movement against the war, nor could it. imperialism so well, in its own way, It even proclaimed that "We are

A Superficial Distinction Ah, but you forget that it was this case, for the difference is less The Communist party does, it is

how to fight the war danger; it speaks and writes incessantly of the transformation of imperialist war into civil war, of the struggle against pacifism, and more of the

But-and this is the nub of the

question-the Socialist party of More than once in these columns is an instrument of peace, and not New York congress a few days ago. 1917, in its own conventions and we have submitted the whole Stalin- of war, was the Kautskyan explan- If the Barbusse movement has Mrs. press, also paid formal homage to Barbusse (in the United States: ation in 1914. If there is any dif- Annie E. Gray of the Women's the revolutionary phrase. At its The strike policy that will yield the best results Browder-Sinclair-Dreiser) movement ference between that and the con- Peace Society, the 1917 movement St. Louis emergency convention in to a thorough criticism which laid duct of the Stalinists, it is that had the equally well-intentioned 1917, it declared (majority resoluit bare as a burlesque of a genuine the latter half conceal themselves Harriet Park Thomas, of the Wo tion on war): "We particularly united front movement against behind the thin mask of Messrs. men's Peace Party. For the Bar- warn the workers against the snare Muenzenberg, Barbusse and their busse actress, Mile. Alla Nazimova, and delusion of defensive warfare. delusion calculated to cover up the not eliminate the fact that at bot- Miss Lola LaFollette. Mr. Leopold tional patriotism we uphold the in apparatus. The just concluded semi-pacifist, semi-social patriotic 1917 by the sculptor Frank Step solidarity....The acute situation New York congress merely remained conception, which has led to the hens. Rabbi Israel Goldstein had created by war calls for an even true to smudgy tradition of the August Fourth of both interna- his counterpart sixteen years ago more vigorous prosecution of the in Rabbi Judah L. Magnes, just class struggle, and we recommend as the present secretary of the Fel- to the workers and pledge ourselves lowship of Reconciliation, Mr. J. B. to the following course of action: Matthews was at that time repre- 1. Continuous, active and public sented by its then secretary, Mr. opposition to the war, through deus the opportunity of making a Edmund C. Evans. The People's monstrations, mass petitions and Work for a single union as well as for a single front". Like its predecessors—the it and a similar movement in this then, and the Barbusse Committee Radical enough, wasn't it? Among the Centrist Hillquit and the social men of the gospel. The official imperialist Berger. So much for their words. In action however, Hillquit, Lee, Panken and Berger; the St. Louis resoution did not prevent Hillquit and Berger from dissolving the Socialist party and its anti-war work in the wishy-washy quite well known today, a mas pacifist morass of the People's cariage. It organized no real move-Council, which served American

> -MAX SHACHTMAN. (To be continued)

## OPEN FORUM

while the war was actualy on.

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refused to be aligned with

## Historic Strike of ever. 20 Years Ago

(Continued from Page 1)

Beginning with the Henry Dohlooms in open revolt against the system and for the eight hour day. The workers had toiled and starved aged six to seven dollars a week voiced their hitherto inarticulate

the heroic I. W. W., fanning the dle of the audinence crying: discontent, inspiring the faltering, guiding the militants, braving the flag. Gurley Flynn and Carlo Tresca will long be remembered for their unstrike of 1913.

Black Marias to filthy jails. But Good reason that the strikers goal. John Reed, who reported the most five months, their children strike, recounted an incident where sent to New York to sympathetic this whole time they never ceased been seen before or since, in which cheering or singing.

the strike. Phillips Russell wrote unforgettable spectacle before in the August 1913 International packed house was just one of the Socialist Review of an incident that animated the workers in the strike. A striker named Madonna was killed by an armed thug doing scab work in the mill. A crowd of workers gathered at the burial of Mad-

"By her husband's open Madonna's wife turned and faced the throng. In broken halting Eng-

"'I do not cry,' she said. 'Mad-They have killed my man, but I

Is it any wonder that the memmore than 20 years?

The local press raised the red scare. The bosses were quite ready the strike, marred by only one to deal with a asible" union thing—none of the strikers went They brought the J. T. W. and its misleaders Sara conboy and John Golden, to Paterson, made a privthe backs of the workers and then sheer hunger—that began to tell hired the armory, guarded it with after 22 weeks policemen, firemen with hoses strike was lost. ready to cool off the workers and Because of its cost, because of an army of thugs, and proposed to the travail, the sacrifices, the heroic

This did not convince the bosses vet. So they tried shop conferences with the workers and secret ballots but the strikers would not be in timidated back to work. The authorities arrested Haywood and the other strike leaders several times on all sorts of trumped-up ers and the other trades, independ charges, but to no avail. The kept ent of any of the existing unions in press of Paterson, the Call and the the city. Star, set up a holler that Haywood introduction of the 3 and 4 loom however did not fall victim to this propaganda. That they understood

ing stronger for the I. W. W. than

"And aloft he held his right hand -stained a permanent bloody crimson, gnarled from years of toil, and corroded by the scarlet dye which it was his business to put into the fabrics worn by the dainty lady as well as the fawning pro-

"For an instant there was sil-Thousands of strikers, men and ence and then the hall was rent by

1,029 strikers gave a graphic por-Several workers were shot and trayal of their great battle before For mor than five weeks now the came to the warpers and asked that killed by hired assassins during a crowded house. This thrilling, ways the I. W. W. dramatized the labor to it.

> All of the grandiose efforts of the bosses and their local agents were frustrated by the strikers and recent date, where the full membertheir leadership. Here is a clipping of the rabid Paterson Star of the time which relates the failure of one of these incidents:

"With flags flying and the city decked out in gala garb, the great silk mills of Paterson reopened their doors to welcome back 35,000 men and women operatives. "The ending of the gigantic labor

shed not one tear. After you win war was beautifully planned. The of their troubles approaching. The ministers who had urged the workhortations were to be obeyed.

"It was a very successful end o back." No. it was not any stunt of the

work. It was economic pressureof strike. The

it. They stormed out of the meet-/ of labor never to be eradicated.

## Unions in Strike

(Continued from Page 1) unions, formed clubs of the warr

What is most interesting, howand the others were defaming the ever, is the fact that the National to the Associated towards obtaining Textile Workers Union, which is representatives on the strike comtuting the Red Flag. The workers committed to a policy of industrial mittee of the latter organization. unionism, was instrumental in the This move was consummated within organization of the United Warp- the last few days, and the United what was really involved was re- ers' League and the clubs of loom- Warpers have elected two militant long enough for a wage that aver- vealed by Bill Haywood who told fixers and twisters. Members and workers to the Associated strike of a meeting where the following sympathizers of the N. T. W. were committee where they were wellthe most active figures, the creat-received. "Elizabeth Gurley Flynn was on ors of these organizations. There At the helm of the strike stood ing dyer sprang up from the mid- weren't these crafts amalgamated take place, was for into the National Textile Workers "'I know! Here is the red Union? Why were they organized

So discredited had the National eyes of the workers that recruit- Warpers League would it was wellnigh impossible. In as individuals. This was refused they were not swerved from their held out, grimly determined, for alunion, followed the traditional A. ciated strike committee. F. of L. policy of separating the skilled workers from the broad mass.

But if the N. T. W. could not or-such bureaucratic fashion that the ganize the workers directly into warpers rejected it. Then a deletheir own union neither could they gation of the Associated strike comhold them under their influence, mittee, incensed at Keller's action, National Union, which has sym- the old letter be returnd and read pathizers on the Executive Board a new invitation which was unaniof the United Warpers League, have been exerting every effort to representatives to the national strike committee run by the N. T. W. Except for one incident of ship was not present, the warpers laying the ground for the end of have every time overwhelmingly

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Independent Craft refused to be aligned with this splitting national strike commitee. And when the membership had discovered that the National Union people had jammed through motion to send five delegates to Allentown they immediately rescinded the motion and voted to withdraw the delegates. workers saw very clearly what the N. T. W. was unable to understand.

From the beginning of the strike the warpers have made overtures

Warpers League to come to some without any official connection with Horizontal Warpers League. In characteristic A. F. of L. style the latter refused to come to any kind Union (Stalinist) become in the of an agreement until the United ment of experienced workers into and its members join their union other words, the National Union by the membership. And for sevceased to possess any vitality which eral weeks the neogliations dragged would make growth possible. In- along until the rank and file of the stead of recognizing this fact as Associated Strike Committee voted honest and progressive unionists, to send a letter to the Warpers should better times come—to corral that the elected delegates be sub-

> Eli Keller, under instructions to send the said letter, composed it in mously accepted by the membership.

Before the warpers lies the big job of completely organizing the craft, of amalgamating with the loomfixers and the twisters, who are already represented on the Associated strike committee, and of separate craft unionism in Paterson by ultimately affiliating with the Lecture By DIEGO RIVERA American Federation of Silk Work-

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