Call for Revolutionary Mass Action in France Strike Sweeps Pa. Projects

Fourth Internationalists Alone Follow Liebknecht Slogan in Rhineland Crisis

With the courage that immortalized the name of Liebknecht, the Fourth Internationalists of France—the Bolshevik-Leninist Group and Revolutionary Socialist Youth-hoisted the banner of revolutionary action while Stalinist and social democratic leaders climbed on the patriotic band-wagon when Hitler occupied the Rhineland. Their appeal to the workers, peasants and soldiers of France is reproduced in full below:

the brink of war once more.

Hitler and the Nazis have smashed the German working class par- support. ties with terror and corruption.

Schneiders, the de Wendels, the out the world. Herriots, the la Rocques, the Lavals Today as yesterday we must unand the Sarrauts are redoubling mask this shameless lie, a hundred their efforts to blindfold the French times more cynical in 1936 than in proletariat for the new holocaust. 1914.

Bribing and promising, the French bourgeosie once more preaches pare and launch the war; but so Sacred Union of the exploiters and does the French Republic, the Engthe exploited, of the oppressors and lish Monarchy, the American Dethe oppressed. The leaders of the mocracy, so do the Balkan tyrant French working class parties of the lackeys of French and English cap-Second and Third Internationals, ital. prostituted to the pseudo-democracy lied to Laval on Dec. 6th, 1935.

between the men who pretend to storm." Capitalism rules not only speak in the name of the workers in Hitler's Germany but also in and the governing capitalist and Sarraut's France militarist oppressors of the workers is consummated once more.

We, Bolshevik-Leninists and Re-

pretends that "democracy" is legt Belgium, Holland, Switzerland, ev imately defending itself against

Hitler Germany's repudiation of "barbarism". With this criminal the Locarno and Versailles treaties lie the opportunist parties would which "demilitarized" the left bank make the French soldiers once more of the Rhine brings the world to the docile slaves of the General Staff, of Creusot and the Bank of Once more capitalism under the France. History repeats itself not guise of fascism or the cloak of as a farce, but as a gruesome tra-'democracy" blindfolds the masses gedy. The Jouhauxs, the Blums and of the different countries for a new Cachins of yesterday repeat their roles. Thorez, Duclos, Doriot and others lend them new and energetic

Against the Kaiser, in 1914, these Now the Brownshirt leader of the same men preached defense of "reinternational counter revolution im- publican traditions," of "liberty," poses new and more crushing bur- of "democracy." And for the dedens upon the German working fense of liberty they led us under class and blindfolds it for coming an all-powerful militarist dictatordestruction and death on the plains ship to frightful suffering and the of Eastern Europe or on the Rhine. slaughter of a million and a half of The French bourgeoisie, the our men and of ten million through-

Italian and German fascism pre

It is not the form of government of the Bourse and the capitalist that is responsible for war. It is al victory found the masses raising press, rally to Sarraut as they ral- imperialist capitalism, the inhuman unemployment relief as one of their exploitation of man by man, that Thus the monstrous pact of 1914 breeds war as "clouds breed the

The Lie of the Defense of

In every country of the world volutionary Socialist Youth, soldiers armament grows incessantly. In the of the growing Fourth Internation- United States billions have just al, we on the contrary speak from been appropriated for an immense the heart of the exploited masses. armament increase. In Great Bri-In their name we reply to the cap- tain too a gigantic plan has just italist govenments, to Sarraut and been fomulated for the investment his agents: Off with the masks! of billions in airplanes, cannon and The proletariat will take no part battleships. In Japan the army in preparing your war, unleashed and navy can no longer restrain in the name of rapacious capitalism their impatient lust to conquer Asia. Italy continues to put the Ethiopian lions throughout the entire world. people to fire and sword. In Po-Today as in 1914, the hired press land. Czechoslovakia, the Balkans, (Continued on Page 2)

Picket N.Y. Unions Aid W.P.A. Sac'to Victim

For the past few weeks the W. P.A. administration in New York, ion movement are lining up behind by in silence the question of unemwith Victor Ridder at its head had the National Sacramento Appeal ployment relief. initiated a campaign to fire forty Committee in its effort to win a thousand W.P.A. workers in the lo- minimum term for the eight Saccal vicinity. Already the axe has ramento fallen on some thousands and will prisoners. continue to fall each week until June 15, when the estimated "econ- will meet soon to fix definite terms

Faced with the prospect of "seasonal pickup" in the Spring and fourteen years. The minimum term Summer, the Administration has of one year will end April 1. sent out releases to the effect that the workers they are "releasing" will have no difficulty in finding through the action of general offiwork at their normal trades. The cers in signing a petition, are supabsurdity of this statement is ob- porting the drive initiated by the

tion will be completed.

Daily picket lines are being maintained before the Port Authority Building. Workers picketing have dies' Garment Workers' Union, the been slugged by armed guards. Daily arrests have been made. The police in several instances have taken up their patrol wagons on the huge freight elevators and arrested the representatives of the City Projects Council and the Workers Alliance. An order for the use of tear gas against pickets and demonstrators was reported though Mr. Ridder testily denied that he

had issued any such order. that are well organized, the order York City; Lewis Mumford, memto pare off ten or twenty percent will not go through. On Project tion: Alfred Bingham and Seldon 1621 over thirty enumerators were Rodman, editors of Common Sense; fired. At this writing it is report- Adolph Held, President of the Amed that they are to be reinstated in a week without the loss of pay.

is planned at the office of the W.P. Kennedy, president of the Litho- the Austrian workers, who instilled was not directed at the state but in negotiating the agreement which strikers. Besides this guarantee sued a circular under the letter-W.P.A. workers, white collar and tary of the Jewelry Workers and capitalists on February 1934. Comlaborers should attend.

Do not let the "economy pro- tile Workers. gram" go through, it is economy at there on April 4th.

Broad sections of the trade un-

"criminal syndicalism"

The State Board of Prison Terms omy program" of the Administra- for Norman Mini and his seven fellow prisoners, who are under indeterminate sentence of one to

Six international unions, either by adopting formal resolutions, or Sacramento Appeal Committee They are the Amalgamated Clothing Workers, the International La-Amalgamated Lithographers, the United Textile Workers, the International Jewelry Workers, the

United Wall Paper Crafts. Among individual signers of the netition are Sidney Hillman, Jolanca, officers of the Clothing Luigi Antonini and Julius Hochman, officers of the Ladies Garment Workers' Union.

It is obvious that on the projects Commissioner of Accounts of New ber of the Board of Higher Educaalgamated Bank; Louis Waldman, Attorney: Rose Schneiderman, Wo-

the expense of the workers! Be bodies have also lined up with the went down without struggle. defense

Spanish Masses From Fish Eastern Part of Demand Results

Unemployed and Land Workers Begin to Take Matters into Own Hands; Azana Dismayed

By ALFREDO ROJAS

The Spanish proletariat has shoved its fist through the electoral agreement under which the republican bourgeoisie was elected and is

Four weeks of demonstrations for unemployment relief, culminating in a huge march on Seville, forced the Azana government to throw into the discard its pompous declaration against unemployment relief. This declaration was point V of

the electoral agreement with the wing National Committee's deciworkers' parties, in the following sion to hold the convention in Asturias, and are demanding its transfer to a more central location. "The Republicans do not ac-Their leader, Largo Caballero, has kept the subsidy to unemploydeclared his organization will boymen solicited by the workers' cott the convention unless it is delegation. They believe that the moved to Madrid. measures of agrarian policy and those to be carried out in indus-

try, public works and, in sum,

the whole plan of national re-

construction, will fufill not only

its own ends but also the essen-

tial task of absorbing unemploy-

Unemployed Forcing Action

this position was carried on by the

Socialist and Communist press ei-

ther before or after the elections.

But spontaneously the demonstra-

tions which celebrated the elector-

chief demands. With a million un-

employed in a comparatively small

population, relief to the unem-

agreement and of the passivity of

Finally, on March 23, the whole

countryside converged on Seville

and marched on the office of the

civil governor, who was forced to

promise that the government would

alleviate the situation. The gov-

ernor also ordered the owners of

a closed pottery factory to re-open

Shortly afterward, the cabinet

announced it would ask the Cortes

to create a special fund out of

which to pay emergency unemploy

Struggle Sharpens in S.P.

The movement of the masses is

struggle inside the Socialist party.

The Gallarta organization passed

a resolution denouncing the left-

Socialist groups of Madrid on the

pretext of violations of party dis-

cipline. They also voted to recom-

mend that the national convention

approve organic unity between the

Socialist Party and the Stalinists.

and to authorize the Socialists to-

gether with the Stalinists to enter

The left-Socialists of Madrid

have refused to accept the right-

a bourgeois coalition cabinet.

the proletarian leaders.

and pay wages.

No systematic agitation against

Two Fascists convicted of firing shots at the home of Caballero received light prison sentences of two months each.

Bourgeois Parties Consolidating

Signs are multiplying of a rapproachement between the various bourgeois parties. The Catholic and right-wing press carries numerous declarations of the reactionary leaders, announcing they will unconditionally support the Azana government in all steps it will undertake to maintain public order. As a necessary step in coming to an agreement with Azana, the Ceda Cathelic party has announced that it will eliminate from its ranks all monarchists and upon the opening ployed became a burning issue, of the Cortes will formally pledge which broke the bonds of the itself to the republican form of (Continued on Page 2)

Hearst in Guild Strike

Firm Against Arrests and Sluggings

The speed with which the mass MILWAUKEE, Wis., Mar. 23.es drove the government to take action on this basic question is Guildsmen and their sympathizers evidenced by the fact that it caught in the strike against the Hearstowne Wisconsin News were dethe right-wing Socialists completely unawares. Only two days be- fendants in three courts as the fore, the Socialist organization of strike entered its sixth week Mon-Gallarta in Viscaya Province, day with the picket lines unbroken and augmented in front of the stronghold of the "moderate," Indalecio Prieto, passed a resolution News building. for "old-age assistance" but passed

Three guildsmen and four cympathizers, who were arrested Saturday during the mass demonstration in which 1,500 persons took reflected in the sharpening of the part, were in the district court on various misdemeanor charges. Foremost among the defendants was Heywood Broun, president of the American Newspaper guild charged with resisting an officer.

Others were Hymie Polinsky, striking photographer and picket captain: Alfred Lauterbach, striking editorial room employee: Raymond Disch. Abe Holzman, Martha Hart and Mike Porter, strike sympathizer.

Broun was arrested after he (Continued on Page 2)

Easy Terms for Socialists Victory for Austrian Labor

social democrats in Vienna last week failed to recognize its own strength. seph Schlossberg and August Bel-came to a surprising conclusion. The New York Times correspondent ten agreement by the threat of a Eighteen of the defendants were reported on March 17th that the de-Workers, and David Dubinsky, acquitted and twelve received six fendants said in substance, "Restore to twenty month sentences.

were liable to death.

under the present Austrian law.

The policy of the defense in the

The trial of the thirty Austrian | courtroom, however, completely | excuse for an attack on the union | in front of the vigilante headquartdemocracy and our stolen property March 23 when the men all en-This must be considered a victory and we'll fight even under your tered the factory, sat down at their or the Austrian working class—for standards against the increasing machines, but refused to work. Out Other signers are Paul Blanshard the judge was reported to be un Nazi danger. . . . Other prisoners of three hundred workers, three usually harsh on political prisoners pointed out that the present weak hundred refused to work. and at least two of the defendants regime in Austria could not rely The prisoners have not yet been defense. . . . They said such defense freed, and they can be sent back to could come only from the mass of help wanted" was hung out for the mination. Usually this is considerconcentration camps by the police Austrian workers." On March 18th atttention of any would-be-scabs. it was reported, "Roman Felleis, The whole proceeding was a one of the leading defendants... On April 4 a huge demonstration men's Trade Union League; A. J. tribute to the fighting strength of said the underground movement officer of Local 574 was also active distinct gain scored by the Akron pitch when Mr. Jones recently is All unemployed workers, all graphers; Samuel Beardsley, secre- a healthy respect in the Austrian was an opposition party of men contained all the union's demands cancels the series of lay-off notices head of the WPA, attacking Mr. holding the same principles as those James Starr, secretary of the Tex- pare the conditions of this trial who in democracies could enter par- fired worker and a provision that it marks a considerable change of counsel for the Senate Committee with the conditions in Nazi Ger- liament and even form governments. Other local and state A. F. of L many, where the working class The socialists in Austria demand ferred to a union committee which ments made by the company spokes- facturers and their financial backthe same right to agitate as... the (Continued on Page 2)

to Browder

Marcantonio Takes Another Leap on His Flying Trapeze

The local Stalinists in their frantic efforts to find an American editon of a French Daladier, a Czech Benes or a Spanish Azana upon whom to hang the mantle of People's Front leadership, finally found it in the person of one Vito Marcantonio.

Who is Vito? Vito is everything. A Republican congressman, a soothsayer for Italian fascism, a Stalin ist stooge, a one hundred and some odd percent American, a silvertongued demagogue and a shrewd vote-catcher, in other words, the best possible representative (of Stalinism) to lead a local all-inclusive, all-class, petty bourgeois and not-so-petty bourgeois; intellectual and illiterate; "incipient fascist" and anti-fascist farmer and labor party.

Wherever local Stalinism rears its head in the mass organipations there Marcantonio rides the crest of the waves. There Marcantonic is chief spokesman. There Marcantonio leads . . . whether it be in the singing of the Star Spangled Banner or in calling for the above mentioned farmer and labor party

Marcantonio hails formation of farmer-labor party, screeches the Daily Worker and immediately the ex-"gin-soaked social fascist" and now comrade and class-brother Heywood Broun rises to nominate Vito as candidate for mayor on the farmer-labor ticket.

Marcantonio hails . . of Italy. Marcantonio aids . . . the Italian (fascist) red-cross. Marcantonio toasts . . . the regime in Italy, reports an Italian fascist paper. Marcantonio defends the rights of the "peepul" in congress, hic-

coughs the New Masses. Marcantonio urges support of people's candidates in fight for farmer labor party, gurgles the Daily Worker.

Marcantonio urges support of arch red-baiter. Hamilton Fish Jr. as a delegate to the Republican na-Milwaukee Workers Hold tional convention, reports the New Workers Feel Strength-

Marcantonio gives Ham Fish clean bill of health for his past anti-labor activities by declaring: "He (Fish) has served in congress for sixteen years and has stood for social and industrial justice and a square deal for labor and small business interests." Nothing less! Marcantonio is the white-haired boy of People's Front and Farmerlabor Stalinism.

Marcantonio is for Stalin in Russia—for Mussolini in Italy and for William Edgar Borah in the Unit-

Sit Down Wins In Minneapolis

MINNEAPOLIS, March 25 .- The first sit down strike here ended in a complete victory for the three hundred workers of the J. R. Clark woodware factory on March 25. after three days' occupation of the plant during which the members of Furniture Workers Local 1859 played checkers, ping pong, and cards while waiting for the management to come across.

The strike was called after a union member was fired for "using foul and obsene language" to a supervisor. The supervisor had been trying to provoke an outburst so that the company could have an which had previously gained a writstrike.

The sit-down was called for

All doors to the plant were ers and a large sign saying "No

including the reinstatement of the which precipitated the strike and Stephen Rauschenbusch, formerly future firing would have to be re-attitude from the recent announce-investigating the munitions manuwould have final say until the ar- men that under no condition would ers. Mr. Rauschenbusch is at the bitration.

State Tied Up

7,000 WPA Workers Respond to Call of Joint Action Committee of Unemployed and Unions

ALLENTOWN, March 24.-More than two thousand WPA workers on sixty-two Lehigh County projects went out yesterday in a wellplanned strike against the Federal time order and for better conditions.

Today they were joined by five thousand more WPA men from Carbon county as the strike is spreading throughout Eastern Pennsyl-

The strike came after a mass meeting in Allentown on March 22 had been called by a joint Action Council of Pennsylvania unemployed organizations. The men reported for work on the morning of March 23 when their elected shop stewards on each project informed the authorities that they were going out. "Mr. Mack's Funeral Procession," the striker's name for a flying squadron, closed down all the outlying projects in the county.

The authorities are reported to be frantic. The Federal Administrator for the district, Henry J. Mack, hastened to issue a statement saying he was not "excited" about the strike, and threatening to cut all strikers off WPA and relief.

A significant event during the strike was the march on the City Hall of eight hundred WPA workers, who camped there until five over-worked clerks had changed their registration from Democratic and Republican to Socialist.

The authorities' threats to cut the men off relief were answered by preparations for a tremendous three county mass action for relief. "You can't starve 10,000 workers and get away with it," was the statement of one of the unemployed leaders.

The strike is unusually well organized, with job stewards on each project, a joint action committee to coordinate the activities of all unemployed organizations in the field, and highly efficient flying squadrans which have been formed entirely by the WPA workers. Although police were put on extra duty and served out nightsticks at the first news of the strike, the authorities retracted this order when they found that the strikers' ranks were solidly organized and so wellcoordinated that there was little chance of provoking a riot.

ened Though Settlement the project workers and the Works is Compromise

AKRON-After five weeks of agreement, which by no means represented all that the strikers desired, but nevertheless became acceptable to them. This agreement was ratified by an overwhelming fied union recognition that it contains, marks a distinct forward can Federation of Labor. step for the rubber workers union.

this fact is given by the enormous Goodyear local experienced a veritwriting 5,000 more members than for action. when the strike began. Many new members also joined the Firestone Demands Formulated by Committee and Goodrich locals. And finally, collowing the meeting which ratified the agreement, strikers and sympathizers numbering over 10,000 staged a mammoth demonstration famming the entire downtown district and displaying their defiance ers. Showing their continued solidarity the demonstrators shouted We will make this the greatest victory possible."

No Discrimination

The agreement arrived at contains several points that are vague and capable of interpretation by the company to suit its purposes. But on its small professional army for guarded from the inside by strik the very first point provides for the return of all strikers without discried by the workers as one of the Food was carried in to the strik- cardinal features of a strike set- the entire period of his incumbency. ers by members of Local 574. An thement and this guarantee means a This dispute was brought to a high (Continued on Page 2)

ALLENTOWN, Pa., March 20 .-Thousands of WPA workers throughout Eastern Pennsylvania are preparing for strike action under the leadership of a regional Joint Action, Committee set up by the affiliates in this district of the Pennsylvania Unemployed League; Akron Fact the Pennsylvania Security League and Central Trades and Labor Councils of the American Federation of Labor.

The hone of contention between Progress Administration is the new order issued as WPA Bulletin No. 812, which requires that time lost by workers through "circumstances valient battle the striking rubber beyond their control" shall be made workers finally compelled the Good- up, the hours not to "exceed the year company to offer terms of an maximum of eight per day and 40 hours per week. Organizations of the project workers as well as organized labor as a whole, feel that this step is but a preliminary to the imposition of the forty-hour majority vote in a meeting of 5,000 week in place of the thirty-hour week now in force on WPA. Ormise, and while it does not rectify ganized labor feels that should this many of the serious evils out of move succeed, a serious blow would be dealt to the thirty-hour week which the strike arose, the quali-movement endorsed by the Ameri-

County organizations of project workers that have already been af-Perhaps the best testimony to filiated to the Joint Action Committee and joined in the strike movestrides this union made during the ment include those of Lehigh, strike and immediately upon the Northampton, Carbon, Monro, Berks conclusion of the areement. The and Bucks counties. Organizations in outlying regions have requested able mushroom growth and it counts representation on the Regional within its ranks at the time of this Committee and are also preparing

1. The enforcement of the

principle of the "Security Wage," no time lost by "circumstances beyond their (the workers') control" to be made up.

2. Strict enforcement of the original WPA provisions for the thirty-hour week and 120-hour month. ,

3. The minimum \$94-a-month wage for all project workers. 4. The ouster of state WPA administrator Edward N. Jones

for his "record of vicious antilabor activities. Ouster of Jones One of Main Demands

The demands for the ousting of administrator Jones is the culmination of a long dispute between labor organizations and Mr. Jones over

(Continued on Page 4)

Call for Revolutionary Mass Action in France In Akron Pact

(Continued from Page 1) en in the traditional havens of neu- cliques. trality, works of defense, armaments, and military construction

And in France? The same scene! Aviation, steel, shipyards, chemi- the only defense of the Russian cals, all the war industries are and French workers is the interbooming. This year 20 billion national socialist revolution! Still was demanded by the strikers, still francs are devoted to socalled "na- other preachers shout "disarmational defense". A plan for "organ- ment" under the benevolent protec- qualified recognition that the rubizing an armed nation in case of war" is about to come before par- deceit! liament: it will reduce the country to Hitler German slavery.

The French General Staff is perfeeting military plans for the coordination of the Belgian and Swiss armament of the various countries. armies. It is tightening its alli-Super armaments and towering war ances with Czechoslovakia, Ruma- budgets have become an inescaparia and Yugoslavia. Finally it ble necessity for decaying imperihas concluded a military alliance alism. with Russia.

Where is democracy in all this? What Sarraut and Maurin want to defend is the power of French imperialism, the domination of the French bourgeoisie over 60 million people in Indo-China, Madagascar, Morrocco and Northern Africa, the exploitation of 30 million French Bourse and the Bank of France. mocracy," of "national defense," in 1936 just as in 1914.

The Versailles Treaty

One of the direct causes of Hitler's gesture was the Versailles Treaty. This monstrous robber pact allowed the French capitalists to arm their frontiers to the teeth. It forbade the German capitalists to keep troops on their own territory to the West of the Rhine. The Locarno Treaty consecrated this law in 1925 at the moment when the Steel Trust with the aid of American capital gave German heavy industry a new start.

Today Hitler has rejected this subjection to the Versailles Treaty. And Sarraut, the champion of democracy, begins to mobilize because the German troops have entered . . Germany! Once more this democracy is unmasked as a "pacifist" cover for the Versailles

Treaty, the direct cause of all the conflicts in Europe since the war. All this, Sauraut's government knows very well. It was for this very reason that Sarraut, as he revealed in his radio speech on March 8, entered into secret negotiations with Hitler after the latter declared his intentions. For Hitler relentlessly drives forward his plan for uniting the world counter-rev-

olution to smash Soviet Russia. This example shows that secret diplomacy continues to plot for the real aims of capitalism while jour-gies of blood. nalistic hireings continue to shout

How Can U.S.S.R. Be Defended?

l'Humanite at its head, plans to put | tional. over the lie of national defense by means of the slogan of defense of | England, Italy, Holland, Switzer the U.S.S.R.

The Stalinist bureaucracy which has crushed the conquests of the the Marxist-Leninists of France af-October Revolution one after another, which even now has re-established Marshalls and Cossacks, finds allies in French, English and Belgian capitalism and the White Guard dictatorship of the Little Entente. By fanning the flames of chauvinism among the masses of the people under the national flags of these "allies", the bureaucracy of the Soviet Union pretends to "defend socialism."

Under the pretext of "defense of the U.S.S.R.." the Stalinist bureau cracy delivers the French working class bound hand and foot to both the "right and the left wing" of the General Staff and the munitions makers. In reality it is interested only in defending its own privileges. Thus is prepared the enslavement of both the French and

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Russian working classes to military

The only defense of the Soviet Union, the only way to prevent the return of capitalism to the U.S.S. R. and the victory of Hitlerism, tion of the League of Nations. What

For 15 years now every conference has ended in a tremendous failure. Every conference has been followed by an intensive re-

No, it is impossible for capitalism to disarm itself. The international working class must turn the armaments against their owners.

Revolution or War

At the same time we must de nounce the role that Hitler plays as the leader of world-wide counter-revolution. By extortion and workers, the dividends of the bribery he tries to bring to power the profits of the mine, steel and in France and elsewhere. Lao the East.

Status aug or revision of the nevitably unleash war.

Today only the working class evolution, the expropriation of capitalism, the smashing of imperialism, can save the world from a new slaughter.

oppose Hitler's activities not together with their own bourgeoisie but must close their ranks for the overthrow of the bourgeoisie.

War or Revolution: that is the nescapable dilemma. Unhesitating- ment a special memorandum was ly we choose revolution. Only the accepted verbally by the company rising revolutionary flood can make representatives as binding upon peace, can make the bourgeoisie hesitate and retreat.

Only the broadest and most stubborn class struggle, the victorious

Workers!

of human civilization.

The masses of France, already decimated in 1914-1918, will be stricken. Millions of deaths and the ruin of all working class pro gress will be the result.

Only the overthrow of capitalism can spare the world these new or-

ing class internationalism, the

With our comrades of Belgium of the international working class firm their faith in the ideas of

Lenin and Liebknecht. If capitalism unleashes war once more, than in spite of all sacrifices and innumerable victims, the hour will have sounded for patient and relentless struggle to transform this imperialist war into a stubborn and merciless civil war against our own

bourgeoisie. The enemy is at home! Workers!

To the incitements of the chauvinists and partisans of the sacred union, fight with us for the methods and the aims of the international working class, the aims of Marx, Lenin, Luxembourg Lieb-knecht and Trotsky.

Down with secret treaties! Publish the war aims of imperialist France! The workers refuse to fight for

the profits of de Wendel or Mer-Down with the policy of mili-

alliances practiced by France, England, Germany and the League of Nations!

For an offensive against the Sauraut government and its policy of the sacred union! Mass action for workers' power and the expropriation of big capital! When the young workers in uni-

form at home or the barracks show their alarm, demand political rights for the soldiers and labor papers in the barracks. Elect soldiers' delegates to deal with the soldiers' problems. If the bourgeoisie mobilizes the

roops: coordinate the struggle to direct the discontent of the masses threatened with a new slaughter toward an immediate peace and the overthrow of capitalism.

If war is declared': struggle for fraternization between the French and German workers on the battlefield! Down with imperialist war!

Long live the international workng class revolution! Long live the Fourth Interna-

> (signed) Leninist Group, C.C., Revolutionary Socialist Youth.

Blacklist Out stant at sacrifice or hardships. N.Y. Painters

(Continued from Page 1) they consider re-employment of the strikers.

The company further agrees to meet and negotiate with the workers individually or through their duly chosen representatives, but the Goodyear Industrial Assembly. a company union whose removal remain in the picture. It is this ber workers' union, by the continued solidarity and determination of its membership, now has the possibility of making real. Granting that the determination dis played in such splendid fashion during the trying and difficult days of the strike remains after the return to work, the foothold already gained by qualified recognition should serve as a means of strengthening the union in continued struggle to eliminate the company union outfit.

Points in Agreement

hours, changes of wage rates or in duplicate are to be made avail- real significance. Versailles Treaty, either tactic will able to the representatives of the

Notice is also to be given to representatives of the workers affected of any changes in wage rates before they are posted. In regard to this question, however, no pro-That is why the workers must visions were gained to wipe out the numerous wage cuts that have already taken place and which criticized.

workers.

In addition to the actual agree them which provide for the setting up of machinery in the plant to handle grievances of the workers. By the terms of this memorrevolution of the working class can andum each division within the end the threat of a new world plant is to have a shop committee for the union and is entitled to take up matters of adjustments A new European and world war during working hours and to be threatens the ruin and destruction accompanied by union representatives when conferring with the management

Union Officials Wavering

While on a whole this strike settlement marks a distinct forward step for the rubber workers' union there need be little doubt land, America, with the vanguard picture. Insofar as the strike is has made its valuable contribution. or night without balking for an in- are solidly organized.

three hundred established posts, or "shanties," the pickets took care that all gates were guarded and closed so tight that nothing could move in or out. These pickets were in dead earnest in their fight to establish a union of their own choice and th**ey knew** what the struggle meant. Hence their Brotherhood from revoking the determination and their rejection of several previous settlement offers inferior to the present agreement. The strikers had a continuous battle, not only to keep the scabs out and to compel the company to come to more reasonable terms, but also to stiffen the backbone of the union officials. This responsibility the strikers discharged in magnificent fashion.

Obstacles in the Road

Viewing the agreement that has been made, and noting its specific compromising features, the situation described above has to be taken into account. And besides this there were factors of even greater consequences, all playing a serious role in the strike settlement. First the organization of any of the gi-Terrific obstacles stood in the way tube division is put on a thirty-six the open shop employers concenother departments hours per week the Goodyear company and if posplated lay-offs in the future lists present forward step made, assumes

Then in addition to these facstrikers faced a large scale organization of vigilante forces. Comtogether with thugs, gunmen and these elections would be unconstiprofessional strike-breakers, these would be vigilantes had at their disposal a war chest of many thou- was hardly anything else left but even the federal fact finding board sand dollars made available by the to go through with the planned various rubber companies. Depu- special elections. They did, and ties badges were freely issued to the result was a defeat for most these high-tackers and plug-uglies of the remnants of the Zausner by Sheriff Jim Flower, who often gang. Twelve business agents were managed to appear in appropriate elected, a part of whom were sup-

> period of the strike. attacks mainly against the Work- Its representatives visited what they feared was the cour- gang held the reins. ageous militancy displayed by the

within their ranks. L. Lewis shared in this weakness. stage, a gain of momentous impor- support. Only this failure accounts for the tance will be recorded for the company union still being in the American labor movement. Akron concerned, it must be said that The struggle is not completed. It seldom before has such a complete must go on, and no doubt it will local unions are still in a chaotic solidarity and such a magnificent go on until not only the rubber indetermination been displayed on dustry is solidly organized, but the any picket line. Strikers went to example set is taken up elsewhere their posts at any time of the day and the mass production industries not knowing where to place their

Austria Trial Is Victory

(Continued from Page 1) onarchists.'

There is a great temptation to onciliate the capitalist government over the trial." during a trial... But the effect of return for a few democratic favors, just as Bauer promised Dollfuss ures. support in 1933 in return for con inlued legality.

This policy may have been sucessful with the presiding Judge who was "usually stern with nonnazi prisoners" and who "conducted his case with extraordinary liberality, which won tributes from the e**fe**nse."

A Serious Error

But the policy of the defense thile it may have conciliated the court must have tended to demoralthe letter of the Austrian Socialists put it mildly, must be deplored. to the Second International after the February defeat revealed, the Austrian workers definitely do not want democratic favors; they want more than the same right as the monarchists; they have broken with the coalition policy practised in democracies, and their movement s decidedly directed against the protested the arrests of Lauterbach

The spectacle of defendants fresh from Austrian capitalist prisons ex- of mass picketing. Police several pressing their fears for the national times tried to break up the picket defense of capitalist Austria must lines, guildsmen charged. also have been repugnant to the Strikers Storm "Safety" Building Austrian workers. In effect the de-

Nazi efforts to make capital out of ment.

such conciliation is disastrous. The ed to drive the Austrian workers Zausner clique and which now defense followed exactly the same into the arms of the Nazis, for they necessarily must be continued policy which led to the defeat of are alretady disillusioned with de-against the arbitrary actions of the 1934. In effect the defense promis- mocracy and opposed to imperialist G. E. B., this group concerns itself ed support of the Government in war and the Nazis promise them with meaningless endorsements. In social reforms and pacifist meas-

effects—for while the thirty de-

The next defendants who come for freedom.

The defense of working class be given every possible support.

Police Aid Hearst News

(Continued from Page 1) and Polinsky in front of the News

was reported that mass arrrests the crowd into a vacant lot across court on disorderly conduct.

Defend Rights

The New York Painters District Council has obtained a temporary injunction in court restraining the General Executive Board of the Council's charter and from asking employers not to comply with agreements made with the Council. The judge ruled that the council is entitled to function with the newly elected officers and to receive per-capita tax from the local unions.

The attempts of the G.E.B. to revoke the Council's charter grows out of the special elections held by the Council on February 29, which the former has declared to be unconstitutional. It is, however, necessary to understand the reasons of the Azana government. for these special elections.

Committee Finds Irregularities ruptions, the New York Painters publican struck the Socialist depu-District was ruled by the corrupt ty Escribano. of all it must be remembered that Zausner gang. Honest elections had passed out of practice alto-Other points in the agreement gantic mass production industries gether; working conditions deteri- in protest against the murder of a 1931) but this time it has a specific stablish certain rules for working is in itself a most difficult task. orated. The crookedness of this construction worker by a Catholic. mandate to give the land to those officialdom in the last regular elec- In Santander and in a town near contemplated lay-offs. The tire and in the Akron rubber industry. All tions, held last June, provoked a revolt. Several local unions re- ons where some political prisoners hour weekly schedule and in all trated their forces to bolster up quested the Civil Liberties Union are still being detained. Fights in be passed." This is double fakery: and the Socialist party to constitute the last ten days between workers first, the electoral agreement inthe fascist and reactionary cliques are not to exceed 40 nor to be less sible to defeat this strike and a committee to investigate the electhan 30 unless arranged by a vote thereby stave off the hour of a tions and if the charge of irregulover a score of deaths. textile barons! That is what stands Rocque and Taittinger become his of employees affected. Temporaribehind the lie of "defense of de- lieutenants. Thus Hitler hopes to ly. a week of 24 hours is to be mass production industries. It is committee would supervise new rally the most rabid representatives worked in all departments to avoid in view of this fact that the par- elections to insure their fair conof decaying capitalism for the drive lay-offs. And in case of contemtial victory won in Akron, that the duct. The committee found flagrant irregularities and Zausner resigned the secretaryship, usurped through the crooked election deal. tors already mentioned the Akron But the G.E.B., fearing the consefuences with its special hencemen discredited, refused to accept the posed of a combination of what is committee proposed to supervise usually called the better people, special elections and ruled that

> For the New York locals there ceremonies with the vigilante lead- porters of Louis Weinstock, who ers. A "red" hysteria continued won the election for secretary of without abatement throughout the the District Council with a vote of almost three to one. This became Even some of the union officials the signal for action by the G.E.B. stooped to the level of imitating It revoked the council charter arthis "red" hysteria, directing their bitrarily and without a hearing. ers Party and against Comrade A. painter bosses in an effort to in-J. Muste personally, who was in veigle them into a refusal to honor Akron during the strike. These par- the agreement formerly concluded ticular gentlemen made clear that with the council when the Zausner

tutional.

Naturally the New York paint aided by the progressive forces attitude of the G.E.B. Its under-Officials Watching the Wind

At the present moment the whole issue seems to hang in the halance. condition. Some of the elected officials, notably some of the business agents, are biding their time. allegiance, since as ordinary bureaucrats they want to feel assured were made in the working class first of which side will win out. suburbs of Vienna, where the work- Louis Weinstock is suported by the ers demonstrated their suport of Daily Worker, and his group for the defendants. But on March 19th the time being is in the leadership. it was reported that "Disquiet was But it is pursuing a tactic often caused to both the government and witnessed before and usually with the socialists alike by redoubled results detremental to the move

the workers growing indignation Instead of really consolidating the membership in the fight that The defense policy evidently tend- has been carried on against the

the street. In that melee the other Thus the apparently successful four persons were arrested. Fists policy of the defense has disastrous flew and several women were mauled, including Jean Dessel fendants receive light sentences, the striking librarian and Mrs. William working class is demoralized and Oviatt, wife of a striker and head of the commissary.

The roughouse tactics of the pefore the Austrian courts will police drew not only the criticism have less support and less chance of the strikers but also that of the sideline spectators.

Broun was scheduled to sneak at prisoners comes first. They should Miller's Hall, near the safety building, but he refused to leave on bail ize the Austrian working class. As But their demoralizing policy, to until the other six under arrest had bail arranged for them also. The banks were closed and problem was to raise \$40 in cash. An appeal was made to the crowd in the hall It responded with \$66.

Carl Minkley, organizer for the brewery workers' union, told the crowd that Hearst was "competing with WPA by paying reporters \$15 and \$20 a week."

Broun, who got to the meeting building and an hour and a half after two hours in jail, brought the crowd to its feet several times in rousing strike speech.

Trial began Monday before a circuit court jury of the News' After a parade along Wisconsin charges that the guild has violatfense practically promised that the Avenue, the marchers stormed the ed terms of the secondary picketing socialist workers were ready to join safety building to demand the re-injunction of the court. Herbert the Versailles imperialist coalition lease of Broun and the others. Langendorff and George Bergstrom, Central Committee, Bolshevik- armies in a war against Germany. About 125 policemen charged out arrested 10 days ago, will go to Throughout the whole trial it of the safety building and drove trial Tuesday in the municipal

Spanish Masses Taking Matters in Own Hands

(Continued from Page 1) government. The Republican and Catholic press both sound the same note of hope that the opening of the Cortes will stop the disorders by acting as an escape valve. An agreement has been concluded between the Republican Left of Azana, the Republican Union of Martinez Barrios, and the Catalan Esquerra, bourgeois nationalist party, the peasantry and the land-workestablihing one joint executive committee, thereby making this the Stalinists are aiding Azana in group, with 150 seats in the Cor- this issue by making no criticism tes, the most important single vot- of his land program. ing force. The center republicans, under the last premier, Velardes, have also announced their support

A general fist fight broke out at preliminary session of the Cortes For years, with but brief inter- on March 19, when a center re-

Azana has taken two significant ther action by the Cortes. steps in an effort to consolidate his regime against the proletariat. All police forces in the country, Daily Worker), the Communist hitherto decentralized in control, Party came out for a coalition have been taken over by the Mad- with the bourgeoisie in the municrid government "to eliminate local ipal elections to be held April 12, influences on them."

Azana has also announced that, under the pretext of giving the ter the municipal elections. cabinet members more time to do government work, he plans to limit month, according to an Associated elements insisting that whatever sessions of the Cortes to a few each Press dipsatch of March 20. This is obviouly an effort to reduce to a minimum the use of the Cortes as a tribunal of the proletariat. Azana is particularly anxious to

question. But it is precisely this question which is the most basic issue in Spain today. In the electoral agreement, the republican bourgeoisie declared:

"The Republicans do not ac-

several instances of local meetings given classic expression by Harold since the attempted revocation of the council charter, agents of the er," Union Under Double Fire

With the attempts of the G. E. B. breathing space."

duct of the fight.

cept the principle of the nationalization of the land and its free distribution to the peasants, solicited by the delegates of the Socialist party."

Instead, the bourgeoisie proposed in the electoral agreement signed by it and the workers' parties, a series of measures which do not begin to ameliorate the plight of ers. The right-wing Socialists and

Double Fakery

Like the Spanish Stalinists, the American "Daily Worker" is covering up the fact that the republican regime forced upon the workers' parties in the electoral agreement a flat declaration against the nationalization of land. Harry Gannes, on March 23, wrote: "To-A general strike has been going day a new democratic government on for several days at La Coruna, holds power by the same votes (as who work it—and just to make Seville, workers attacked two pris- sure, the workers have taken the land in trust until the law shall and reactionaries have resulted in cluded no mandate to give the land but on the contrary a repudiation The estate of the monarchist, of this principle by the republi-Count de Romanones, in Toledo cans; secondly, except for a few province, has been expropriated by instances, the workers are not taktwo thousand land-workers. It is ing the land but, deceived by their one of the largest estates in Spain. own leaders are waiting for fur-

> At a meeting in Madrid on March 22 (not reported by the and called for a permanent coalition "Popular Front" to go on af-

The Socialists are rent by a sharp struggle on this question, left was to be gained from a coalition with the bourgeoisie in the national elections has been achieved, and that the Socialist party should put up its own candidates in all postpone discussion of the land cities and towns where it has strength. It will be recalled that in the elections of 1931 and 1933 the Socialists showed their greatest strength in these local elec-

Mr. Laski Advises

The right-wing Socialist line was

J. Laski in last week's "New Leadold-guard Socialist organ. strikers which was consciously ers union membership resented this G.E.B. have been permitted to hold Laski declares, "Ten years of proup regular action, after which a found progressive legislation are standing is that an election was section of the most ardent Wein-essential if Liberal Spain is to be Despite these weaknesses, the held and enducted without any vio-stock supporters would get together, given its letters of credit"-prethat the vaccilating attitude of the results of the magnificent battle lations of trade union democracy. have rump meetings and declare sumably while the workers st major officials and their fear of fought with unprecedented fury by there can be no doubt that the the council elections endorsed. The around and wait! Instead of rec-In the face of the announced and following up in the same spirit the Akron strikers is that now the rank and file membership supports main trouble with such action is ognizing that the struggle is fast about "defense of liberty" and heralded treason of the parties of set by the strikers on the picket union has a solid basis. It is firm- the newly elected officers and there that it does not rally the broad developing into a struggle for prothe Second and Third Internation- line accounts for the gains not be- ly established, and with the spirit need be no doubt that in a choice layers of the rank and file in this letarian power, Laski declares, al, we raise the red flag of work- ing more definitive. Representathat has been displayed by the between these and the attitude necessary fight and besides only "the breakdown of the present untives of the Committee for Indus- rank and file membership up to taken by the G.E.B., the member- the indorsements of the member- ion (bourgeois coalition) means But a section of the press, with standard of the Fourth Internation, headed by John now, carried forward to the new ship is entirely justified in this she as a whole have real meaning. something like Fascism" and "the next four years are, above all, a to induce the bosses to break the Laski does, that "if the left (inagreement with the council there cluding the bourgeoisie) are wise can be no doubt that the New York enough to maintain their present membership will face a double fire. unity—there will be four years in Not only can the G. E. B. be ex- which to consolidate the ideals for pected, unless some compromise which the Revolution of 1931 was agrement with it is reached, to made"-means, reduced to blunt attempt to set up a rival organ-terms, to give the bourgeoisie four ization, but the bosses will try to years in which to consolidate bourtake advantage of the conflict to geois state-power. After the Gerbreak down even the existing poor man and Austrian events, Laski working conditions and cut the wrote a theoretical work on the prevailing wage scale right and left. nature of the state which ap-Moreover the action of the newly proached a Marxian position; but elected council officers in going to at the first sign of the resurgence the capitalist court for assistane of the proletariat, when theory against the G. E. B. is not at all a must be transformed into practice, good indication for the future con- Laski reverts to traditional social-



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AFTER FIVE MONTHS OF SANCTIONS

Its Effect upon the Italo-Ethiopian War, to re-unite France to a degree because the policy of sanctions was not sufficiently vigorously and extended to a pear ago. At that time, inable a year ago. At that time, tensively enforced. This is in fact The Great Powers and the Workers

By JOHN WEST

ysis. Sanctions are being tested ical states. also by experience; during nearly five months they have been in operation against an "aggressor." In the light of the experience of these five months, therefore, I wish to test the analysis we have made of the problem of sanctions, and the position which we hold with respect to them.

that the sanctions which I am dis-social-patriots, on the other hand, sticking to the letter of the law on tions which have really been in the social-patriots rest on bouroperation during these months—are geois national states, and rely on in actuality certain economic, fin-collaboration with them. The soancial and commercial measures cial-patriots of the standard social rally agreed upon-to, for examcarried out by certain national variety, here as in every other ple, oil. states: Great Britain, France, the Soviet Union, and various of their of the bourgeois bureaucracy with gone a little further, and has exsatellites. This point may seem in the working class. The neweither so trivial or so obvious as style Stalinist social-patriots func- instituting what she has salled so much the bette, and less trou- effective" sanctions policy wouldto be hardly worth making. In tion within the working class as fact, however, it is crucial. The agents of the class enemy through imports, prohibition of the sale of reason why it must be understood an indirect route. These latter, certain products from sanctionist is that these measures are usually committed to the building of so- nations, freezing of credits and made meaningless any opposition to be a war policy. The belief that referred to not as they really are cialism in one country, are consebut as "League of Nations sanctions.' From this it is concluded of the status quo internationally that they differ fundamentally from measures carried out by national states, that they are collective acts of collective body which aims to the bourgeois states to whose imuphold world stability and world mediate interest such maintenance

The truth is that the idea of not a sovereign political unit nor an economic unit. It has no citizens nor army nor navy nor industries nor trade nor finance (other than the unimportant Bank for International Settlements, which to some extent it controls). Conse- the League have put into effect quently there are no sanctions certain measures relating to their which the League could put into trade with Italy. These measures mic and financial burdens internaleffect, no matter how desirous it have included prohibitions on the

business. Economy and the avoid-

ance of taxation on business are

like this will raise false hopes in

the minds of many unemployed that

short time for renewed work on

federal payrolls. But the big ma-

jerity will be doomed to bitter dis -

illusion. Roosevelt is making it

little relief is still necessary for

voters!-the Federal Government

will wash its hands of the largest

burdens of relief. On one condition!

That the unemployed remain pas-

sive and put up only a scattered

fight against the outright starva-

In the division of labor for carry-

ing out the demands of the capital-

ist class. Roosevelt occupies the

position of the liberal damagogue

"voicing" the interests of the mass-

problem of unemployment—if that

preme Court, had not declared it

unconstitutional. He is left to ap-

employers to "extend their opera-

first place that had produced un-

work week resulted in the loss of coming battles.

es. Thus he points to the NRA as

tion being planned for them.

DIVISION OF LABOR

It is this basic fact which de-

termines the attitude of the various tendencies within the working class toward sanctions. Revolutionary Marxists are opposed to sanctions, because they are on all occasions opposed to bourgeois national states; the strategy of Marxists aims always toward the The first point to make clear is overthrow of bourgeois states. The crucial issue, function as the agents quently led to aid in maintenance vent payment to these nations, etc. --to enable socialism to be built "without interruption"-and thus must collaborate with and rely on is or seems to Stalin to be. In zero. There is no indication that the re-militarization of the Rhineboth cases, social-patriotism in gen-"League sanctions" is a mere legal eral, and support of sanctions in in the slightest. From a military fail to notice that Flandin reprefiction. The League of Nations is particular, means nothing other than alliance with the class enemy.

Let us examine briefly what has happened in the case of sanctions, since their invocation in Novem-

Most of the nations belonging to ing.

It will be the function of Congress

It is no accident, under these

MARCH OF EVENTS

=By JACK WEBER -

RELIEF-FOR BIG BUSINESS. | a million jobs to the unemployed.

relief for the unemployed by alpha- velt and the more reactionary

betical strategy is carried a long members of the capitalist govern-

step forward in Roosevelt's latest ing staff is that Roosevelt wishes

message to Congress on the budget. to act more cautiously and not as

This is election year and Roosevelt bluntly and speedily in letting down

intends to leave nothing undone in the unemployed from their present

order to carral the support of miserable status to one that is still

the forms of relief proposed by the to start investigations of the un-

"humanitarian" President—for big doubted political corruption that

the PWA! No doubt some shifts camps by July 1st.

it is only a matter of waiting a UNITY OF THE UNEMPLOYED

The process of whittling away The only difference between Roose-

might be of doing so. Sanctions, export to Italy of a number of in France has not of course been carried out certain sanctions: the prohibition of the export of certain implements of war, as provided in the Neutrality Act; and restrictions on loans and credit, through the Johnson Act.

> Union, have been very zealous in sanctions to anything not specifi-

Italy, on her side, however, has panded the reign of sanctions by 'counter-sanctions": restriction of blesome. other financial restrictions to premeasures?

First, it will require no arguneither better nor worse than if since their policy and Flandin's are sanctions had never been thought | fundamentally identical. of. As means of stopping the war or of saving ravaged Ethiopia, sanctions have accomplished noth-

Sanctions seem to have had some effect in adding to Italy's econoly, in cutting down supplies of certain goods and in raising prices. How great a percentage of such dislocation can be traced to sanctions, however, and how much to what would have occurred in any case under the given circumstances, without sanctions, it is difficult to estimate. Certain economic and financial difficulties have also followed with the sanctions-invoking countries. Indeed, it is probable that sanctions have been as burdensome to Great Britain and France as to Italy.

This, then, is the sum of the effects of sanctions as pretended instruments for stopping war and maintaining peace. This does not, however, complete the story of the

effect of sanctions. business! The real purpose of the exists in the WPA (as in capitalist | National Unity

WPA is being rapidly unfolded. institutions in general) to force a purpose was to provide a quicker end to the system of work! The outstanding clever intermediary to get workers relief. Already this pressure is on policy of sanctions has been: to off the relief rolls and then, after due to the exposure of conditions aid in bringing to a new high point a short space of time, to lay them in West Virginia. The attitude of national unity within both the off and prevent them from getting Congress is shown by its refusal to sanctions-invoking nations and back on the relief rolls. Each month continue the Florida and "Quoddy" a new batch of unemployed will ship canals by the grant of special tions by the dominant sections of be "laid off" to fend for themselves fund. No doubt there will be some the bourgeoisie together with the in this best of all possible worlds. opposition to the measly sum of leadership of the dominant work-Hopkins has given public assurance one and one half billion dollars ing class parties and organizations to the capitalist class by laying asked for by Roosevelt, although has meant in practice a coalition out a definite schedule of cuts in it is unlikely that this will be re- between the bourgeoisie and the the WPA rolls. Of course Hopkins fused. The CCC camps are also working class. The crucial result "hopes" that the needy will get due for a liberal application of the of sanctions, thus, from the point back on relief. Or perhaps they axe. One hundred thousand youths of view of the working class, has will be shuttled from the WPA to are to be discharged from these been the weakening of the position of the working class, a shift in the relationship of forces in favor of the bourgeoisie, a set-back to the revolutionary struggle.

In Italy, the policy of sanctions circumstances, that the movement has played neatly into the hands of the unemployed is taking on a of Mussolini. He has been able to any governmental sanctions would new impetus. Objective conditions direct the resentment of the massplain that after the elections—a are forcing the unemployed workers es away from the enemy at home, to organize and to seek unity of away from himself, the Fascist effort to combat the plans of the state and Italian finance-capital, to tent policy against the government, part of the imperialist policies of capitialist class directed against the "enemy abroad"-to the sanctheir very existence. These workers tionist nations and particularly to note that in the past 6 months the Great Britain. Thus the process profits of big corporations have of conscious class differentiation in gone up more than 140%. They Italy, which might well have gone peace and stop Italy's campaign, socialism in one country, preservanote that in the "bull" stock market on at a rapid rate during this per- on the other hand would have act- tion of the international status quo, there has been a gain of 55% in iod, has had substituted for it a ed in a manner just the opposite and preparation for defense of the stock quotations. They see that merging into patriotic support of of the pro-sanctions policy in its Soviet Union by alliance with capwith some considerable recovery of the nation—that is, support of the influence on the relationship of italist states.

business the reemployment of un- class enemy. employed workers has made only Of even more importance, in the it might have been "practically." manner—that is, as they are, not a small dent in their ranks, con-long run, is the degree to which tinually augmented by the new sanctions have aided in accomplish-differentiation, strengthened the dream of them-makes explicable generation of young workers ready ing national unity within France the would-have-been solution of the and eager to earn a living. There and Great Britain (the same pro- ing class against the bourgeoisie, the conflicts that have arisen. are still some ten and one half cess has of course occurred within other arm of capitalism, the Su-million out of work, by conservative the lesser nations). In Great Bri-national unity. It would have pro- of France and Great Britain did estimate. The capitalists make it tain, support of sanctions by the difficult to obtain complete and Labour Party and the Communist dispel and not to consolidate illutions. Indeed, Great Britain pre- flict with the Soviet proletariat. peal to the voluntary action of the reliable statistics on this question. Party identified these parties with sions. In short, it would have been ferred that the Chaco War should That is the real meaning of the lat-which the next world slaughter is These workers thrown out of in- the Conservative Party on the war the foundation for revolutionary, continue, since Royal-Dutch-Shell est news from the Soviet Union. a roaching. tions so as to absorb an increasing dustry in the crisis, must struggle question, which has been, of course, and not for social-patriotic strate- had an important stake in the vicnumber of the unemployed." And for their very lives against the the decisive question. It was this gy. since this will not do if left to Roosevelt plan to slowly put an which made possible the sweeping individual bosses, he calls for or- end to all relief to the "employ- victory of Baldwin in the Novemganized effort on a national scale, ables." Roosevelt and his masters ber General Elections—since, with As though it was not the "volun- are reckoning without the mass the same policy on the crucial questary" action of the bosses in the pressure that will be exerted by tion, the Labour Party could not employed and unemployed alike to furnish effective opposition. It is believer in sanctions asks himself. employment as the inevitable con-stave off starvation for millions of this, moreover, which is enabling after reviewing the results of the comitant of the business crisis! workers. For this gigantic strug- Baldwin to carry through his arm- pro-sanctions policy. "Why didn't Roosevelt suggests a campaign on gle a firmly knit mass organization ament program with hardly a voice they work better?" the part of big busines for shorter is essential. This organization is raised loudly, and none convinc-

hours to provide more jobs. This in the making in the promising ef- irgly, against it. demagogy at a time when the aver- forts for unity of the unemployed | The same developments have ocage work week has grown three movements, particulary the NUL curred in France. Laval, Sarraut, peace," then there is only one way hours longer (from July to Decem- and the WAA. Out of this unity the Peoples Front, all united for to answer these questions. We that time was to do nothing openber 1935)! The A. F. of L. cal- will spring a stronger and more the league and for sanctions—1931, must conclude that sanctions went ly, to carry on diplomatic negotiaculates that this increase in the powerful organizing force for the of course, with suitable "moditinal wrong, that they didn't work, be tions and financial transactions betions." And the effect he have more they moren't stron house

France was making rapidly ready, the conclusion which the pro-sancthrough a division into the two tionists reach in trying to explain great class armies, for the strug- why sanctions have not worked in gle for power. The internal crisis the Italian affair. One of the crucial issues of the as defined in the League Covenant, materials and products related to solved in favor of the bourgeoisie that this is correct, and let us impresent war crisis has been the can be put into effect only by sov- the carrying on of war (imple- by the unification achieved with agine that sanctions had been enproblem of so-called "sanctions." ereign political states. The only ments of war, horses, trucks, etc.); the help of the pro-sanctions policy forced to the limit by the League Sanctions, moreover, are not mere- reality they can even conceivably and also certain restrictions on of the People's Front. But the pro- nations. What would have followed all boasts that: "The words 'Stak- of the Third International). ly a question for theoretical anal- have is as acts of sovereign polit- granting loans and credits to Italy. cess of class differentiation has from this? To be thoroughly "ef- hanovism' and 'Stakhanov methods' The United States, also, though during these five months been set fective," sanctions would have had not a member of the League, has back heavily. The temporary weak- to include embargoes on virtually ening of the Croix de Feu and the every import to and export from Fascists generally, pointed to with Italy. But such embargees would in the world." (p. 351) such smug complacency by the have had to apply to goods to and Stalinists as proof of the great from non-sanctions applying na-"victories" of the People's Front, tions in order to accomplish their in actuality demonstrates just the purpose. Thus, they could have It is to be remarked that all opposite. The Fascists have re- been enforced only by a military the New York Times, that: "Stakthese nations, including the Soviet tired a little precisely because the and naval blockade (what diplopolicy of the People's Front has so mats have been calling "military weakened the position of the work- sanctions"). But a military and cussing—namely, the real sanc- favor sanctions, because at bottom sanctions. They have been careful ing class that it does not so im- naval blockade is an act of war, not to step over the bounds of minently threaten the foundations and must necessarily have led to "collective action" by extending of bourgeois rule. Consequently, in armed retaliation by Italy, since France, the attempt at a Fascist the life of Italy as a nation would coup can be further postponed. have been at stake, as well as re-Finance-capital does not call in the tailiation by the non-sanctionist

> Likewise, as in England, the prosanctions policy in France has the increased armament measures What has been the effect of these it has played a great part in making the masses ready to defend, with full patriotic fervour, French

ment to prove that their effect on finance-capital against Hitler. "Hucampaign in Ethiopia has been Flandin in their denunciation of they have affected the campaign land. And, quite naturally, they point of view, Ethiopia has fared sents the class enemy at home-

Independent Action

Secondly, the pro-sanctions pol-

cy has sabotaged any effective in-

dependent working class actions

they are for both governmental working class "sanctions"; and that the latter are more "basic." The C. I. "criticized" at length the British Labour Party per the social-patriotic wind. Gov- but for the future, ernmental sanctions and independent working class "sanctions" do Stalinists pretend, but contradict it impossible for us to understand each other. The reason is easy to sanctions in their true role, to inunderstand. Supporting governmen- terpret what actually has happened tal sanctions is supporting the gov-during the past five months, to exernment; independent working plain the realities of world politics. class actions are necessarily direct- It leaves it inexplicable why sanced against the government (the tions of a sort were applied in the pretend to do so, in words, as the isted for applying them. It leaves Stalinists do; but the logic of facts, unintelligible the anti-sanctionist not phrases, governs your actions. position of Great Britain now in And, as the last five months proves, the Rhineland dispute. With re-Italy. The united support of sancthe logic of facts prevented those spect to "peace," Great Britain has who stood for governmental sanc- had the same outlook during all tions from organizing any signifi- four of these occurrences—and vet cant working class actions. The only in one did she advocate sanccontradiction is somewhat obscured tions. in the Italy-Ethiopian conflict. where the working class is on the side of one of the contestants and against the other. It would be glaringly obvious in the more important case of a conflict between two or more imperialist nations understand this, we know that they (Communist Int. Feb. 1936, p. 35). (e.g., France and Germany), where correct working class actions would but simply instruments of the pol- the lie to the Stalinist boasts. have to be directed equally against all the contesting states, including which invoked them, or consider the home government, but where

be directed against only one side. tions would have meant a consis- and France, for example, they are against the national state. Such two imperialist governments-that a policy, though under the given is, part of two war policies. For conditions it too would doubtless the Soviet Union, they are part of have been unable to bring about the world policy of Stalinism-of class forces: however unsuccessful it would have promoted the class as pacifists and social-patriots independent struggle of the work what has actually happened, and and hindered the building up of

Weapon of Peace?

"What went wrong with sanc-

If we begin reasoning from the

Let us suppose, for a moment, Fascists until it has to; if it can nations, whose sovereignty would maintain itself securely with the be threatened by the blockade.

aid of the working class parties, in this case as in any other-mean nothing else than war. The "peace policy" of sanctions turns out to sanctions are a means for enforcand speeded militarization. And ing peace thus puts us into a flat hanovism? Is there really a "breakcontradiction: peace can be genvinely enforced only by war. The reason for this is, of course, that the conduct of the Italian military manite" and "Populaire" outdo lief which leads to a contradiction facts are already available to en--is false. Sanctions are not a able us to outline it. means for enforcing peace.

> The only case in which this contradiction could be avoided would be if the interests of all nations in tem' indubitably produced results the world except the so-called "aggressor" (here Italy) were in harmony. Then it might be possible to organize an unbroken front of for a general orientation, we find embargoes against the "aggressor"; that the output of steel increased embarrasing to the Socialist Miniand the "aggressor," alone against from an average production of 35.5 sters in the coalition Government. the entire world, might well have thousand tons in September to 38 to accede to world pressure withagainst the war. With their cus- out a fight. But this is not and tomary hypocrisy and cynicism, the cannot be true of the capitalist Stalinist spokesmen inform us that world, in which the interests of tion of coal (the Donetz Basin) next parliamentary elections; and various nations and groups of na- which rose from the average daily they had been assured by the war tions are continuously in conflict. output of 178.2 thousand tons in ministry that the condition of na-This might be the case in a World Federation of Socialist Republics; and "sanctions" might indeed be because it advocated only govern- a means for enforcing peace if by mental sanctions and neglected chance threatened by a member of working class actions. But this is such a Federation. That, however, only rhetoric, only phrases to tem- is a question not for the present

To believe that sanctions are a

The Real Meaning

intelligibly, we must first underare not means for enforcing peace. icies of the national governments invoking them. We judge and explain them, therefore, in the light of the whole policies of the given To carry out working class ac- governments. For Great Britain

> To understand sanctions in this In the Chaco War, the policies

vided the basis for agitation to not require any flirtation with sanctory of Paraguay. Sanctions were therefore never mentioned. Likewise in the case of the Japanese invasion of Manchuria. Here was perfect legal instance for the aptions?" the confused but sincere plication of sanctions. But France, and particularly Great Britain, saw nothing to be gained from the use of such a risky weapon. Their imperialist interests were not immediately and directly affected to belief that sanctions are a "weapon a sufficient degree. They conseof peace," a "means for enforcing quently decided that the best "means for enforcing peace" at

(Continued on Page 4)

WORLD OF LABOR

Stakhanov Campaign Gripped by Serious Crisis in the Soviet Union

By JOHN G. WRIGHT=

For months now the Stalinist | SPLIT IN THE SWEDISH C. P. press has been filled with ballyhoo for Stakhanovism. The February issue of the Communist Interantionhave become famous far beyond the confines of the first socialist state follow blindly the turn toward na-

At the very height of this campaign, news comes from Moscow, as reported by Harold Denny in hanovism has fallen back so completely in its birthplace that only tionary tradition of Leninism. one of the many Donetz Basin coal production quota." (N. Y. Times, March 18.) The breakdown is not limited to

the coal industry. The situation is so serious that, according to We see, therefore, that a "fully Denny's dispatch, it "caused Communist party and government leaders to demand. ..that it (i. e. Stak-

Is Denny perhaps vilifying Stakdown", and how serious is it?

It is impossible as yet to gauge the original belief-that any be the situation fully, but sufficient

The introduction of what Denny calls the "Stakhanov speeding sysat the outset. If we take the key steel and coal figures as the basis thousand tons in December; a like

These were, so to speak, the

In January, we find the steel production still increasing. It rises to an average daily production of for the coal industry already show means for enforcing peace leads, la small but indubitable decrease. not supplement each other, as the then, to a contradiction. It makes In January, the average daily output in the Donbas region fell to 223 thousand tons of coal. The February figures indicate a levelling off in the production of steel, the representative of the opposing case of Italy, but not in the case indicated in the Donbas coal production that this Congress adopted a restant that the congress adopted a restant the congress adopted a restant that the congress adopted a restant the congress adopted a restant that the congress adopted a restant the congress class) and its policies. You can- of Bolivia-Paraguay or of Japan not simultaneously fight with and in Manchuria, in both of which at The figures of the Second Five Year.

industry apparently maintaining its January output of 42 thousand tons in the Special Congress. against the government. You can least as good "legal" grounds ex-The figures of the Second Five Year 46 thousand tons of steel, and 230.1 circumstances." tons of coal from the Donetz basin. aged from the daily data published sphere "coincides with the struggle in Pravda.)

In short, instead of steadily increasing, the output is either re- of the League Covenant for mutual maining stationary or declining. aid. The question naturally arises how are we to reconcile these facts with from active service on account of the claims made by the Stalinists his age, can still summon sufficient To explain the role of sanctions that the "Stakhanov movement en-strength to remain true to the besures a gigantic growth of the pro- trayal of 1914, in company with stand what they are. And if we ductivity of labor..." etc., etc., Messrs. Spaak, De Man and Co. The answer is that the facts give

> The inability to maintain levels already attained can signify only gift, no doubt in token of the fact one thing: that the gains have been that the preparation for the Second made not so much on the basis of Imperialist War is proceeding full a scientific ratioanlization of ind- blast under the banner of the Secustry as at the expense of an in- ond and Third Internationals. creased physoical exertion on the part of the workers. The workers STEEL FOR THE SLAUGHTER are unable to maintain the intense labor for more than a few weeks. Their physical exhaustion is reflectover, there are many signs that the workers are resisting the attempts of the bureaucracy to load an intolerable burden on their shoulders. Born a few short months ago, Stakhanovism already faces a crisis.

> opment of the U.S.S.R. is no longer its production 36.5%, taking the compatible with the existence of a lead in Europe. Czechoslovakia usurping, self-willed bureaucracy. showed an increase of 22.6%; Italy, This bureaucracy is now a brake 19.6%; England, 11.9%; Poland, upon further development ,and it 8.9%. must come into an ever greater con-

The European press reports that a split has taken place in the Communist Party of Sweden (section

A considerable section of the Swedish C.P. refused, it seems, to tional defense that was ratified by the Seventh Congres. The section that split has issued its own organ, "Proletarian Unity", in which it charges the Third International with having betrayed the revolu-

The split in Sweden is the first mining units was not falling in its open sign of the opposition that has been rumored to be stirring in the ranks of the Comintern, since the "new turn" was officially sanctioned six months ago. There are also continued rumors of a revolt in the Polish C.P.

The indications are that Stalin and his henchmen will not have inhanovism) be revived and strength- ternally the same easy sailing with their latest turn as they had with all the preceding zigzags.

. . .

BELGIUM

A Special Congress of the Belgian Labor Party (P.O.B.) was held on February 22, for the purpose of ratifying the action of Socialist Ministers who had previously approved the military project of Duveze, as demanded by the French General Staff.

These proposals of the Belgian War Department proved somewhat They had entered into this coalition ministry with the understading that no matters relating to the army increase was gained in the produc- would be broached until after the September to 229 thousand tons in tional defense was perfectly splen-

Unforseen contingencies, however, suddenly compelled the Minister of oneymoon months of Stakhanovism. War to demand that the compulsory term of military service be extended 6 months, that more millions lective security." The embarrassed Socialst Ministers did not hesitate for a moment to vote in approval of these measures. But, of course, there still remained the task of swinging the trade unions solidly in line. A series of maneuvers and "discussions" followed, culminating

> The resolution goes on to emphasize that such a defensive war in the international against Fascism." The P. O. B. went, of course, on record in favor of a collective security on the basis

Vandervelde, who had "retired"

Last January 25, Vandervelde celebrated his 70th birthday. On this happy occasion ,the Soviet ambassodor to Belgium sent him a

While the agents of the imperial-

ists are mobilizing the cannon fodder, the steel plants are working the ted in the declining output. More- world over to provide the ammuni-

In 1935, the world production of steel and east iron was double that of the year 1932.

The steel production of the United States has increased 31% over that The economic and cultural devel- of 1934. Germany has increased

The rising tempo of the steel pro-

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WPA Strike GT. BRITAIN REARMS Sweeps Pa.

(Continued from Page 1) present time the active head of the Pennsylvania Security League and has been organizing workers on WPA projects.

At a meeting of 2,500 project workers in Allentown on Wednesday night, Sam Gordon, State Organizer of the Pennsylvania Unem-League, denounced Mr. attack against Rauschenbusch in scathing terms.

Pennsylvania League will stand or abstentions.

Mr. Jones' circular and Sam Gordon's resolution follow below:

Reply of Mr. Edward N. Jones "So Mr. Rauschenbusch is back

"Isn't he the gentleman who undertook to smear the memory of Woodrow Wilson in the recent munitions investigation, and who let J. Pierpont Morgan emerge from the inquiry with one nice coat of ies were bombed by German Zepwhitewash? And the same person pelins and areoplanes and towards payroll?

stand, senior member of the firm of These events marked the beginning Rauschenbusch and Ruttenberg, of a revolution in the technique of whose chief and only occupation is attempting to form a third polit- supreme. Since then great proical party in Pennsylvania.

are quite put out because I will not sults entirely unfavorable to the instruct all WPA directors to com- British militarists. The insular pel all relief workers to join their position of Britain and the scatoutfit, which when completely or- tered Empire which used to be a ganized is to be transformed over- great advantage in time of war night into a third political party.

and my administration of WPA will dustrial centers would be an easy be regularly blasted and denounced target for an attack by air. This by such representatives of the Re- is now clearly recognized—no less publican Old Guard and friends of an authority than Sir Samuel had increased the strength of the committees sprang to life upon the terests. Meanwhile British troops the down trodden as M. Harvey Hoand, when Secretary of State Taylor, G. Mason Owlett and Giff- of Air, stated that "London was, bates have revealed an entirely dif- Wales and they wrought great hav- situations in India and Egypt (Lit-Rauschenbusch and Ruttenberg, promoters of a third political party in the state of Pennsylvania.

to do with the creation of WPA, been given employment in Pennsyl-

these workers.

neither Mr. Rauschenbusch nor sibility of coping with." any other political gigolo is going Yet another form of attack is to capitalize or cash in on this the dropping of gas bombs as degreat enterprise, the sole credit for scribed by Lord Halsbury, a chemwhich belongs to President Frankist of government explosives, in

"If Mr. Rauschenbusch is so concerned over the lot of the relief worker, as he professes to be, I 30 feet by the discharge of 40 tons hind the scenes, and to strengthen was when his friend and political god-father, Gifford Pinchot, was paying relief workers-not a security wage-but an hourly wage that amounted to, even when the sun shone regularly, \$10 a month less than the lowest WPA security wage.

'You may as well take off your whiskers, Mr. Rauschenbusch. You're not fooling anyone. You're not interested in the lot of the relief workers.

"You're just a would be political boss.'

Resolution Presented by Gordon Whereas Mr. Edward N. Jones, state WPA administrator, has used the WPA repeatedly as a political football against adver-

Whereas: This is especially evident from a circular Mr. Jones recently had distributed on the projects; said circular attacking one of the unemployed organizations in the state, under the guise of a dispute with Mr. Stephen Rauschenbusch, and

Whereas: Mr. Jones has repeatedly displayed a vicious antilabor attitude ever since his appointment as WPA director;

Therefore, be it: Resolved that this mass meeting of 2,500 Allentown project workers goes on record, demanding the immediate removal of Mr. Edward N. Jones from his post as WPA director.

NEW MILITANT

with which is merged THE MILITANT

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SATURDAY, MARCH 28, 1936

On Land, Sea, Air British Imperialism Girds Itself for New War -- While Workers Starve

By T. C.

ish Government has rushed through tween the old naval school and the ette" let the cat out of the bag in Parliament a new plan for national defense. Claiming that certain foreign powers are rapidly increas-"I do not share Mr. Rauschen- ing their armed forces. The British busch's political views," Mr. Gor- ruling class has no intention of don said, "but Jones' propaganda being left behind. The air force against him is an attack against is to be increased by an additional an organization of the unemployed. 1,750 first line areoplanes. The Unemployed navy is to be strengthened by the shoulder to building of two capital ships at a shoulder with the Pennsylvania cost of 8 million pounds each and Security League in the fight and the cruiser strength is to be back it up to the limit against this brought up to 70 modernized ships low. underhanded and slanderous at with air carriers. Four new army tack." He indicated that the or- battalions are to be raised and ganizations represented in the certain units are to be mechanized ent signing himself "Navalis" re-Joint Action Committee would push while a special drive is to be made plies with the following weighty irreconcilably for the ousting of for recruits for the Territorial arguments: Mr. Jones and presented a resolu- Army (Citizens). Industry is to about 7,000 freight-carrying areotion to this effect, which was en- be organized with the collabora- planes to transport the same dorsed by the 2,500 present in a tion of the Trade Unions so that amount of wheat as one tramp tends to get down to business, and rising vote without any opposition it can be converted from a commercial to a war basis at any given moment. A Minister of Defense has been appointed who is to supervise the working of the new plan and although the cost of the scheme is not known, it is hinted that a 300 million pound loan for National Defense will be floated soon.

1. War in the Air

During the last great world war, London and other British citwhom the Pinchots put on the state the end of the war, a specially organized British air force bombard-"Mr. Rauschenbusch is, I under- ed German towns on the Rhine. modern warfare with the aeroplane gress has been made in the devel-'Rauschenbusch and Ruttenberg opment of aerial bombing with rehas now become a heavy handicap. From now on until after the No- In a war with any Continental vember election, I expect that WPA Power, London and the great inord Pinchot, and by the firm of of all the great capitals in the attack, owing to its geographical situation." "Mr. Rauschenbusch had nothing attack, M. Pierre Cot, the former French Air Marshall, has explained whereover 300,000 jobless and in the columns of the "Spectator," destitute men and women have 19'4: "There are in existence incendiary bombs weighing a couple of pounds and sufficient to create "He had nothing to do with es- a fire center. A single aeroplane tablishing a security wage for can carry enough of these bombs to start in London more fire cen-"And so far as I am concerned ters than there would be the pos-

the Daily Telegraph, 1934: "London could be kept in a lethal atmosphere of gas up to a height of of gas." craft guns and gas dug-outs, as to be prepared for gas drill. The results do not seem to have been favorable, however, an it now seems that there is no real defense

from attacks from the air. defense is in offensive, which means al reinforcement from civil avia- the Ethiopians. tion. In this way British imperial-

2. A Naval Dilemma

from submarines and hostile air- whole Ethiopian question up in a forgotten by all but God. craft needs no exaggeration.

Franco-British-Trailing communication in this manner has the communication of the communication o Vol. 2, No. 12 (Whole No. 64) craft needs no exaggeration.

LONDON, March 16.—The Brit- a series of debates in the press benew. The modernists swear by his notes for February 1936: the seaplane and the old sea-dogs stick to the dreadnought. Thus the editor of the "Army, Navy and Air Force Gazette, in the issue for December, 1935, declares that the British government has wasted millions of pounds in building super-dreadnoughts which will be blown to smithereens by a few well-directed blows from the air or a few torpedoes from down be-

> To these charges, a correspond-"It would require there their ground staffs, armaparts and machines, remain in England. All these things, amounting to many thousands of tons of materials can only be transported

Other writers support their case by pointing to the results of naval maneuvers where moving targets were either easily hit from the air or completely missed, according to who is telling the tale. The Government has chosen a middle course, and two dreadnoughts and seven cruisers with air-carriers has pleased neither the old school nor the new but probably the real problem will only be solved in the course of actual warfare which may not be so far distant as some people would have us believe.

3. Army Recruiting Revelations

It was generally thought that the prevalence of unemployment and file. the intensive recruiting campaigns army but the parliamentary deferent state of affairs. In the Mr. Duff Cooper, Secretary for

"Army, Navy and Air Force Gaz- against attempts of landworkers

"Out of 79,903 men who presented themselves for enlistment a total of 44,466 or 52 per cent had to be rejected on grounds of health. Most of these rejections would seem to point to a too low standard of living, not in the sense of an absence of luxury but of necessities and this is confirmed by the large number of under-fed. There is a deficiency of 46,773 in the Territorial Army. Like everybody else the potential recruit is convinced that war is a bad thing and the pacifists keep rubbing it in. The Government has taken measures to

counter this propaganda." The said government now in steamer.. It follows, therefore, that special bounties and family allowthe problem of feeding the country ances are being dangled in front of continues, and must continue, to the workers. Press, cinema and ralie in safeguarding the sea-trans- dio are to be brought into action port of supplies—a naval problem. and money prizes are offered for Furthermore, it is of little use for good recruiting suggestions by the 100 squadrons to fly to the Middle "Daily Mail". Employers are asked "Daily Mail". Employers are asked East in two days if when they get to bring pressure upon their work ers and if all these measures fail ments, repair installations, spare then according to Lord Rothermere, "there is really nothing for it but military conscription." This is no doubt the real aim of the government which is moving cautiously.

4. Industry and War

In order to keep a modern war force supplied with food and arms, industry must be carried on upon a mass basis with centralized control. To accomplish this, the Defense Plan aims at negotiating a cooperate with a Minister for Munthe trade union officials who are

oc with all such state schemes. The however, and they hope to draft the end of the year the Army would these storm centers and also to the Territorial Army 40,000 men the demoralized sections of the unism will be in serious danger.

Five Months of Sanctions many, and secured the ratification of the Franco-Soviet Pact. If, in

"non-recognition policy."

mained stationary

Commons on November 10, 1933, ish Empire lines of communicahim from being bombed. Whatever verse to the British rulers among people may tell him, the bomber the native populations of the Britwill always get through. The only ish colonies. Consequently, what Great Britain wanted in the Ethi- Frantically striving to maintain the that you have got to kill women opian matter was "neither peace and children more quickly than the nor war." The needed a deal-a to prepare for war with Hitler, it Acting upon this dictum, what Italy could not do without, propaganda body, carries on its fighting, and would leave Ethiopia ers to smash the foreign hornets in more "international" control-that

Great Britain, for the past year, to hold the Empire in time of war, Hoare-Laval proposal revived the Fatherland. Subscription rates: In the United the navy must be in a position to summer plan; its announcement States \$1.00 per year: 65c per six freely police the seas and as the was premature, but it paved the London correspondent, remarked a months; Canada and foreign \$1.50 food supply of Britain as well as way. Now, reports indicate that few days ago, Ethiopia, in the fact per year; \$1.00 six months. Bundle raw materials come from the far the Rhineland crisis will be utilized of the new complications, like corners of the earth. The danger to clean up sanctions, and fix the Moses in the bullrushes, has been

France's dilemma was equally puzzling. She was quite willing for To meet this rather the fortifications at Hongkong and Mussolini to go ahead, since her gloomy outlook, the Government Singapore. They left it to the own interests were not affected, has carried out extensive air man- United States Secretary of State, and had told him so in the early euvers with searchlights, anti-air- Stimson, to express "world indig- part of 1935. But France also nation against the aggressor" by wished to keep the friendship of well as warning local authorities his blundering and meaningless Great Britain and the League procedure, as useful instruments But the Italian preparations for against the eventualities of Hitler's the conquest of Ethiopia placed policy. France was forced, thereboth France and Great Britain in fore, to go along part way with dilemmas. If Italy, acting alone, Great Britain in the Ethiopian Mr. Stanley Baldwin, the Prime won undisputed sway over Ethio- question. But her influence was Minister, speaking in the House of pia, she would threaten the Brit exerted chiefly to aid the projected deal, and to keep the application declared that attack was the only tion, the headwaters of the Nile, of sunctions from getting too exmeans of defense in air warfare. and Egypt. On the other hand, if tensive or serious. Flandin now is 'It is well for the man in the Ethiopia defeated the Italian le- jumping the gun, and in his March street to realize that there is no gions or even resisted too strongly, 20 speech to the Chamber has power on earth that can protect there would be repercussions ad- hailed the early cancelling of sanctions.

The Soviet Union pursued the only "consistent" sanctions policy. status quo as long as possible, and enemy if you want to save your deal which would have given Italy put its money on the League, and on friendship with France and the Air Defense League, a jingo but would not involve too much Great Britain. Thus, for public to turn the workers over to the war purposes, it spoke most loudly of work under the slogan: "Create a not unrestrictedly under Italian all, for the League, and in favor new winged army of British bomb- rule, but in part at least under a of peace and international security; and meanwhile played in actuality hind. The re-militarization of the their nests." The new Defense is, a control which would not put the sanctions game as the compro-Plan is an attempt to put these the British lines of communication mise between France and Great theories into practice by increasing and the Nile too easily at Italy's Britain decided. During the past the air force to a strength of 2,500 mercy. Naturally, Great Britain two months, the Stalinist press stand more rudely revealed by the additional airplanes with addition- was not concerned over the fate of has conveniently allowed the question of sanctions to slip out of sight, in deference to France's ism hopes to get in the first blow. has consistently aimed toward such wishes, and in order to get through she forced France into them an end. Through the League, an the ratification of the Franco-Sooffer along these lines was made to viet Pact. Litvinov is now in a Britain has always pinned her Italy last summer—but this offer position to allow the whole matfaith in a large navy and, at the could not satisfy Mussolini's inter- ter, with a suitable rhetorical flourpresent time, the British fleet is nal requirements. He needed a ish, to be dropped. After all, what Britain desperately maneuvers to tant Publishing Co., 55 East 11th probably first in the world so far war. A half-way and muddled are 11,000,000 savages compared to as numbers are concerned, but the sanctions policy was adopted after a military alliance with French change in the methods of naval the fighting started, in order to imperialism? We cannot allow utowarfare has created a division in keep the dispute within an inter-plan ideals to stand in the way of Y. under the act of March 3, 1879. the ranks of the experts. In order national framework. Then the realistic defense of the Workers'

Meanwhile, as Selden, The Times

In this manner has the

AN ALLY!

C.P. Supports Cardenas of Mexico; He Calls Troops Against Peasants

March 25. - President Lazaro Cardenas of Mexico today ordered all provincial governors and mili-The problem has given rise to 1 Our old friend, the editor of the tary commanders to take steps to occupy large estates. The president's order followed recent seizures of land, the most notable recent case being the occupation of an estate belonging to former president Calles, the workers seizing it announcing that they would make it into a Workers' Home. They were driven off by government soldiers.

In an interview in the Daily Worker of March 24 Hernan La borde, secretary of the Communist party of Mexico, said:

"The position of the Communist Party of Mexico is to support the government of President Cardenas because it is a progressive, nationalistic government, because it is anti-reactionary and opposed to the penetration of imperialism, and because it is trying to support itself upon the mass of the people for the defense of the interests of the nation. This government, while fighting reaction and resisting the pressure of foreign capital, gives to the people and particularly to the proletariat and its party, the Communist Party, liberty of action necessary for the forwardnig of the Mexican national revolution to its ultimate triumph, to the liberation of the country today dominated by foreign capital, to the liquidation of the hereditary, semi-feudal land-holdings—creating these conditions necessary for the transition from a nationalistic. democratic. anti-imperialist revolution to the proletarian revolution."

sacrifices, but has not gone unluted with drafts of unemployed have preferred no trouble at all. Social Patriotism with a Vengeance Party turns its eyes to the masses apprentices with the permission of However, since trouble could not be altogether avoided, Great Britsaid to be quite ready to strike a ain has been able to keep strings bargain with the Government and on Italy, and has laid the basis for risk the protests of the rank and a settlement within an international framework which will not During the last war, workshop be too threatening to imperial in-Clyde, the Midland and in South have cleared up awkward resulting vinov somehow forgot to suggest world, most vulnerable to an air House of Commons, March 12, 1936, ruling class have not forgotten this, sanctions against Great Britain for its treatment of the Egyptian stu-As to the method of War, was forced to admit that at their munition works away from dents and the border tribes in India). France, by throwing first oil fense brought forward in the Debe 10,000 men under strength and pick their men from the ranks of and then political monkey wrench fense Committee the program of es into the sanctions machinery, material demands of the army ad under strength and he argued that employed. There is no real enthulas managed to keep friendly with ministration. These demands are this was the result of an increase siasm for war amongst the British Italy while at the same time not numerous, but they are necessary in employment and a higher living masses, and with catastrophe loom- breaking with Great Britain. If Now if there were no profits which standard. This, of course, is a ing near, a tremendous ferment is she has been having certain diffi- the big armament manufacturers Tory joke as unemployment figures taking place within all groups and culties in Syria, we must observe pocket, then the army would have graces of his imperialist colleagues, chine-gun, two. . . . built up sentiment against Gerthe affair. Soviet diplomacy has acted almost exclusively as the nawn first of British and then of French imperialism, we must remember that it is only Trotskyites and such-like counter-revolutionists who believe that the dictatorship should put its reliance on the international proletariat and the extension of the October revolution.

> to the latter. or to their social-patriotic agents, the question of the army." who must more rapidly make ready

But the stage in which sanctions have been useful is dropping be-Rhineland calls for new answers to new problems. The naked bones of the entire League structure gesture of the Nazi troops. France complains over England's treachery in refusing sanctions now when against Italy. Lityinov indignantly protests the violation of the sanctity of treaties (alas, the morals of imperialism!). And Great maintain the precarious balance a little longer, before the clouds burst wide open.

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Why the Czechs Had to Eat Crow

Pravo, Feb. 13.)

manner that has distinguished it tortions" but distortions that can for the past eight months, because be put across in an acceptable form. these methods do not sufficiently hoodwink the Czech masses, and enable the party to carry out its berayal under a safely red-dipped cloak. This is what Gottwald's reprimand tells the Czechoslovakian section.

He warns that "to approve the arried on by the present government and even to call for increased armaments is perfectly incorrect oint of the workers. Nevertheless this is what happened." To put it the standpoint of the party leadership (else there would have been war work, while it is hinted that peace and the defense of the op- has proved to be too gross a bescious workers who must be subtly

The mentor quotes:

"No honest working man and woman in the Republic is today the building of the army under a against the army and against armaments. The army deserves the you, is made after the forced adbest and we must arm! Let us all mission that "the bourgeois army advance with weapons in hands remains a bourgeois army and an against the fascists who threaten instrument of suppression wielded us. And we desire that there shall by the bourgeoisie even when the be as many of these weapons as government is a non-fascist bourpossible, and that they should be geois government, which may even

"The Minister of National De-

"Everyone: the workers, the small traders, peasants, civil servants, officials must make sacrifices for the army. They will also sacrifice their lives in war. But they want to have the guarantee that nobody pockets hundreds of millions

out of their hard sacrifices." Gottwald comments on the above quotation:

cern to the imperialists themselves bolshevist attitude in the Party to fuse the masses?

What Is Monstrous?

In preparation for the Seventh a side imperialist which included Party Congress of the Communist the country of socialism, the coun-Party of Czechoslovakia, official try of the working class." We in-Stalinism in the person of Klemens sisted on the contrary that the Gottwald demonstratively expels formulation of Thorez itself was the anti-Leninist deviation of the "monstrous". (New Militant, Au-Czech party out the front door, gust 10, 1935) Now Gottwald states. only to immediately smuggle it in that a formulation of position akin again through the rear entrance. to that of Thorez (assuming the This public absolution is neces- non-imperialist character of a nasitated by "the fact that it (the tion in war purely on the basis of C.P.) neglected the concrete fight its alliance with the Soviet Union, for the concrete rights and de- without regard to the nature of the mands of the people against the government in control) is-monpresent regime brought them, in strous- But as we shall see a little the eyes of the masses, dangerous- further on, Gottwald is worried not ly near to this regime." (Rude about the monstrous content, but about the monstrous form in which The foreign policy of the Stalin the betrayal is put before those bureaucracy cannot be carried out who must be hoodwinked. What in the grossly social-chauvinist is needed are not "frightful dis-

Gottwald's Quick-Change Act

Having accomplished the public renunciation, the mentor now pulls a quick-change act, and ushers in the culprit disguised in carefully retouched falseface.

"No, the toiling people can only rmament policy which is being trust the army to a government which is a real people's government. Is, however, the present coalition government in Czechoslovakia such and impermissible from the stand- a government? By no means, everybody knows this.

"Everybody knows"; "in the eyes bluntly, what is not "perfectly in of the masses"; "from the standcorrect and impermissible" from point of the workers"; "nobody would believe"; "obviously an alien element"; "great confusion in the deal with certain firms not now on of sanctions served the cause of no months of trial to test its effect) minds of many workers": these phrases are the touchstones of the armament trusts will be asked to pressed. Imperialism has made its trayal in the eyes of the class-con-present revision of the party's attitude, and show clearly to those itions. Skilled labor is to be di-rewarded. Great Britain would brought into line and kept there! who are alert how the Stalinist -to mislead them better!

> And the proposal for supporting Mreal people's government", mind include Socialists, and that therefore the working class cannot grant the means for armaments to such a government if it is not willing to betray its own class interests.' (Rude Pravo, Feb. 13; Daily Worker, March 6).

Why the New Shift?

Two factors probably explain the new shift in the party line. The have only decreased slightly and parties. The Government will no that she has the mission of pre-two guns instead of one which the first is, of course, the discontent even then mostly by government doubt steam-roller through its plan serving peace within her own do-patriotic Czechoslovakian armam- of an unstated number of rank-and manipulation while the standard of but if war comes British capital- minions as well as in Ethiopia. ent factories deliver; instead of one file Czech workers, as indicated in Litvinov has kept in the good aeroplane, two; instead of one ma. Gottwald's text. The second is a sinister undercurrent that Moscow must have sensed even prior to Hitler's occupation of the Rhine region, the pressure being put upon France to loosen its ties and the ties of its tool, Czechoslovakia, with the Soviet Union, and move closer to the united front with Germany and her friends, against the Soviet Union. The Stalin regime, clutching after the will-o-the-wisp of status quo, fears the possibility "Nobody would believe, unless he of fascism in the nations at present saw it wth his own eyes, that such allied with it, and evidently has The realists of the Kremlin know a statement could appear in a Com- found a too subservient policy tothat the choice now is not between munist paper. Nevertheless that is ward them by the sections of the socialism and capitalism but be- what appeared in the 'Rude Pravo', Comintern a guarantee that is. tween democratic imperialism and central organ of the Party, on alarmingly insufficient. As Gottfascist imperialism—and that we November 27, 1935. The writer of wald points out, the Czechoslovakhad better take the former and the above-quoted article is obvious- ian government "did nothing whatlike it, even if it leads next month by an alien element, hostile to the ever against the fascists and to proletariat and the Party. It is extend democratic rights, on the Imperialism has found the pol- true that in other statements of the contrary, it bargained and is baricy of sanctions useful enough for Party it did not come to such fright- gaining with the fascist reaction; one stage of its deepening game. ful distortions of the class princilit went and is going still further And in that stage, the policy of ples of the Party. But the fact to the right. And we have expresssanctions has served imperialism that the originator of such a mon-ed confidence in this government sufficiently well. It is, after all, strous statement was not ruthless- by voting for these two budget only the position of the internation- by driven out of the Party as an items (Foreign Ministry and Soal working class that the policy of agent of the class enemy, immedi- cial Welfare). What else is that sanctions has injured. And this ately after its appearance, shows but to tie one's hands to abandon would hardly be of central con-that there was no clear, consistent an independent policy and to con-

> The policy of the "lesser evil", which is still continued under a Now let us recapitulate. Last different form in the new "change" summer we quoted Thorez, leader of line, may well prove disastrous of the French C. P., as saying that for the future of socialism, even it would be monstrous to consider or "socialism in one country."

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