We propose that the regular 1940 session of the Congress of the United States shall enact emergency legislation to put into immediate effect the following:

1. Appropriation of \$10,000,000,000 to provide, at once, jobs on housing and other public works projects for unemployed workers.

2. Amendment of the Wages and Hours Act to provide throughout private industry and public works a maximum work week of 30 hours and a minimum weekly pay of 30 dollars.

3. 30 dollar weekly old age and disability pensions.

4. Appropriation of \$3,000,000,000 to guarantee either maintenance at school or jobs for all youth.

Chrysler Workers!

Just Figure Out What

Remember how Chrysler's mouthpieces cried, during the 54-

ration just couldn't afford to pay

what the union was demanding?

just issued, as required by law,

the figures for its earnings for

In spite of the 54-day strike,

last quarter of the year, Chrysler

made a net profit for the year of

Just figure out how many un-

FRAMEUP

MINNEAPOLIS

Judge Turns Books of

Local 544 Over to

Employers' Agents

MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 15 -

ing its attention to what may be

and records into the courtroom

where attorneys and accountants

the records of the organization

The court's decision came aft-

er three weeks of testimony by

union men, who testified that the

plaintiffs were members or or-

ganizers of an "independent un-

ion" set up to fight the drivers'

long enough to establish their

Militant Unionism a "Crime"

charged the union leadership with

was expending funds on mainte-

nance of the Federal Workers

Section, the Minneapolis unem-

whose leaders bore the brunt of

the federal prosecution of the

WPA strikers; "extorting" more

funds for relief purposes from

the city than were necessary; "il-

legal picketing" and maintenance

Their fink mentality was reveal-

ed in the very text of the com-

plaint. And to these charges they

tacked on a petition to the court

for an examination of the union's

While the suit was pending,

the plaintiffs turned up as organ-

izers and members of an "inde-

(Continued on Page 2)

books and records.

closed-shop contracts, etc.

suit, on Feb. 16, 1938.

this fight?

The suit has dragged through

\$36,879,829

Well! Chrysler corporation has

These Figures Mean

Socialist Appeal

Official Weekly Organ of the Socialist Workers Party, Section of the Fourth International

Vol. IV, No. 8

NEW YORK, N. Y., FEBRUARY 24, 1940

167

FIVE (5) CENTS

Who Has All the Milk and Honey? The 1938 income tax figures, just released by the govUNDER FAKE FOREIGN REGISTRIES UNDER FAKE FOREIGN REGISTRIES

ernment, constitute a grim commentary on the nature of American "democracy"

Fifty-five individuals had an income for the year of over a million dollars each. The year's income admitted to by those 55 people amounted to \$107,724,000!

Another 115 individuals reported incomes of a bit less than a million dollars each-Still another 207 individuals reported incomes of between

\$300,000 and \$500,000. So that 377 individuals had a year's income amounting day strike, about how the corpoto something like THREE HUNDRED MILLION DOL-

LARS! At the other end of the scale in this country are 76,000,-000 people who, by officially-admitted government figures, 1939. are living below or barely on the level of subsistence. These consist of eight million families "without any means of ex- which took place in the crucial

istence", and eleven million families "fighting poverty", living on less than \$1,000 annual family income. What's democratic about such a set-up? The haughtiest many millions as the company princes, dukes and lords of the European kingdoms were made in 1938.

zens" are above the vast majority of the American people. have been given full-time jobs for been practised cannot last any More than half the nation is condemned to a starvation those 37 millions of dollars, es-longer." existence while a handful of bloated parasites wallow in 40 hours' pay! riches undreamed of by the feudal aristocracy.

Do YOU—you who belong to the 76 millions who have no means of existence or are fighting poverty—want to give UNIONS WARNED for all the small states of Euryour lives, or the lives of your husbands, sons or brothers, to defend this kind of democracy?

The main enemy is at home! The enemy is the boss class who condemn us, so long as we let them, to this kind of existence.

N. Y. Judge Issues Jim Crow Ruling

A restaurant owner doesn't have to serve Negroes if they are federal government's WPA trials ordered its warship to violate offensive on one sector or another 5. Far East: The U.S. keeps its chick will be the Socialist Worksitting with white friends-that's the Hitlerite ruling handed down is over, Minneapolis labor is turnlast week by Judge Marks of Municipal Court, Manhattan.

Two Negroes, Conrad Lynn and Elsie Jackson, went to the come an even more serious as-Marianna Restaurant on West 113th Street, Manhattan, last Novem- sault against this embattled ber, to eat with two white friends. The proprietor wouldn't serve trade union movement.

In court, the proprietor testified that he would have served the cal 544 has had to bring its hooks.

In court, the proprietor testified that he would have served the cal 544 has had to bring its hooks.

In court, the proprietor testified that he would have served the cal 544 has had to bring its hooks.

In court, the proprietor testified that he would have served the capitalist parties. Negroes if they had sat apart by

themselves, but would not serve them with their friends in a "mixed party."

Under the State Civil Rights Law, penalties are provided against restaurant owners who Rights Law ostensibly protecting trade union. against restaurant owners who Rights Law ostensibly protecting trade union. refuse to serve Negroes.

Judge Marks ruled, however, that a restaurant owner may rightfully refuse to serve Negroes whenever they are in the com-

American Labor Aid Acts If Judge Marks' ruling is per- for five finks are leisurely exammitted to stand, it virtually an- ining them in hopes of cooking Negroes from discrimination. For Under an ancient statute perit authorizes restaurant propri- mitting members of an unincoretors to establish a Jim Crow porated association to examine

section in their establishments. At the request of the complain- prior to trial, a group of agents

pany of white friends! As long as ants, therefore, the American La- of the employers have been givthe owner is willing to serve the bor Aid is undertaking to appeal en access to the union's records Negroes at their own segregated Judge Marks' decision to the corner of his place, Judge Marks higher courts.

Behind the Lines

By GEORGE STERN

it in China. the double-talk of modern wartime politics, this admission ing upon a capitulation to the

comes in the form of a summons to Chiang Kai-shek to surrender. On Feb. 15, the Japanese High Command in China announced

that it had won "sufficient areas in China for establishment of the new order in East Asia." Further resistance, the proclamation went on, was "futile," especially because of the latest Japanese "victories" in Kwangsi. The Japanese army, therefore, "will not expand our operations but will await your offensive."

They did not have long to wait. The "victory" in Kwangsi turned into one of those "strategic withdrawals." Chinese pressure forced a wholesale retreat from the area north of Nanning, the Kwangsi capital, and at this writing, despite Japanese denials, the Chinese forces appear to be on Nanning's outskirts.

Diet politicians have grown increasingly bold in challenging the army on its course on the continent. The recent "power holidays"-wholesale shutting off of power for all but the most essential war-industry plants dramatized the sharpness of the pinch, which is putting the barest necessities of life beyond the reach of most of the Japanese population.

The Japanese have finally ad- | Calculating on the transformamitted that they are up against tion of American pressure into an actual embargo, the Japanese To be sure, in accordance with have to cast around for possible new combinations before decid-U. S. or an open challenge for supremacy in the Pacific.

One such outlet would be a

new Japanese deal with Great Britain. Just as in South America the British are actually engaged in tooth-and-nail rivalry with the U.S. for the markets left open by the involuntary default of the Germans, so in the Far East they are no more willing to permit Yankee imperialism to take advantage of the European war. It goes without saying that the Japanese will do their utmost to exploit this Anglo-American rivalry. The ease with which the Asama Maru incident was settled, the ready compliance of the Japanese with British demands, suggests that the atmosphere is already being prepared for another typical im-

perialist double-cross. But for that it has to clear its heels from the Chinese bog -and that it is not finding it so easy to do. Wang Chingwei's puppet government is now scheduled for inauguration in March. But even in Tokyo there is little optimism over the ability of this new and illfashioned peg to sustain the weight of Japanese control and make it palatable.

Powers Gird For Spring Crisis

Altmark Affair Ushers In New Phase

By GEORGE STERN

The Altmark incident was the first real harbinger of Spring, the first critical Spring of the Second World War.

It came as a sharp warning to all the neutrals. "It means," - nearly twice as said the Paris newspaper l'Intransigeant on Feb. 19, "that never so far above their serfs as America's moneyed "citi-temployed auto workers could neutrality as it has hitherto tablishing the 30-hour week at.

Norway, caught fast beween the two conflicting powers, stands as a fateful symbol ope that are still trying to keep their balance on the narrowing zone still left for neutrals to

to rescue the prisoners.

Out of the diplomatic and press cal 544 has had to bring its books No coast with or without Norwegian consent, for the doub- the Soviet-Finnish war, compell-

MISSISSIPPI

the courts for two years, the haters of Mississippi are not go-

without funds-being represented of the laurels for inventing de-

by high-priced anti-labor attor- vices for racial segregation if

The five plaintiffs joined the nation are protesting the jim-

Independent Truck Owners Sec- crow textbook law just passed

Among the "crimes" they ernment and civic responsibility.

ployed and WPA organization by a vote of 37 to 9, Senator H. L.

neys. Who put up the money for they have any say about it.

tion of Local 544 and stayed just by the legislature.

"Edited" Books Set

JACKSON, Miss. - The race-

Negroes all over the state and

The civics textbooks for the

formation on voting, instructions

on how to vote, matters of gov-

In passing the law, the legisla-

ture said that Negro children

should not know those things. In

the Senate, where the bill passed

"Under the constitution the

Negro is a citizen and of course

we know and accept that. But

he can never expect to be given

the same educational and so-

cial privileges with the white

man and he doesn't expect

them. The best education we

can give him is to use his hands

because that's how he must

earn his living. It always has

pupils be stored in separate ware-

and it always will be."

children.

Davis, of Oxford, stated:

Aside for Negro

School Children

Paris Trotskyists Reported Seized By French Police

Sixteen Trotskyists have been arrested in the Paris district for "anti-militarist and revolutionary propaganda," according to a wireless dispatch in the New York Times, Feb.

Some of them, the dispatch states, were employed in the postal service, and all had "formerly belonged to the official Communist party." They were arrested at "their clandestine headquarters."

This dispatch in the capitalist press is the only information we have on the arrests. Communication with our French comrades is slow and difficult, in view of the systematic persecution they are subjected to by the "democratic" government of France.

Altmark, when it passed Ber- tention of the British war lords it Hungary.

of the opposing forces.

CROW BOOKS IN Relief Sitdowners

Extension Of War Fronts Nears

ng Norway and Sweden to become belligerents. Germany sends forces to fight the Allies, probably on Swedish soil, in an effort to protect its crucial Swedish sources of iron ore and other metals. Acting in concert with Germany, the Soviet Union completes its conquest of Finland and

ends the Red Army into Sweden. 2. In Western Europe: Germany begins offensive on the Western front, across Holland and Belgium and/or Switzerland. The war in the air begins.

3. In Southeastern Europe: German-Soviet pressure increases on Rumania to assure the flow of Rumanian oil and grain into Gerpitulate to avoid becoming a batlefield. If it does not, part of the fleet will steam through the Darle purpose of increasing the ef- danelles to attack the Soviet many, the Norwegians blinked facilitating direct intervention in the war on the side of the Allies but heading an "independent" their eyes to the fact that the Whether this is actually the in- bloc including Yugoslavia and

gen. was actually an auxil remains for the coming weeks to 4. In the Near and Middle tell, for it is now universally East: Allied attack on the Soviet iary warship and had some agreed that the Spring will wit- Union begins through the Cau-300 British prisoners aboard, ness some new major turn in the casus and possibly from Iran and Now that its fight against the British then deliberately fronts and the launching of an casian oilfields.

Along with the swallows, what force Japanese entry into (or co-

By order of District Judge Carthe British were testing their form, come somewhat as follows: expense if Japan will engage the dorsed for mayor a leader of one the law Congress would never and Britain intervene in force in front (Continued on Page 4) Jamaica Jobless Aid

American Labor Aid Providing Defense For 13 Arrested Workers: Trial Postponed; Allowances Are Assured

The thirteen workingmen and& women who were arrested in the arouse sympathy for their case Jamaica Relief Bureau on Van Wyck Avenue a week ago Thursday for a sit-down strike came to the Flushing Second Magisplaintiffs — though ostensibly ing to allow Hitler to receive all trates Court, on February 15, prepared to denounce the Relief Bureau authorities for their inhuman treatment of emergency relief cases.

Among the defendants, all of them members of the Unemployed and Relief Workers League, 151-06 Beaver Road, membership. Then they filed their Negro pupils will not contain in- were Natale Bruno and his wife, parents of a family of 6 children, DiBernardo, head of a destitute family of 14 children. Guiseppe Pace, 63-year-old unemployed shoemaker, and Richard Hicks, a 64-year-old unemployed worker. Charges against Mrs. Bruno's six children, also taken into custody at the Bureau, were not pressed.

American Labor Aid Helps Aid had come to the unemcase came to the attention of the workers of Jamaica. the American Labor Aid, it immediately sent a representative these cases that the Unemployed porting the rest of the Labor The bill provides that all books uation. Upon learning the facts forced to take up a collection with the exception of city comreturned by the Negro and white in the case, the American Labor among its own poverty-stricken Aid provided free legal assistance members on their behalf last for election, who when offered pendent union" local, affiliated to houses to prevent white children to the workers and a lawyer from Thursday. Some \$15 was raised the "Associated Independent Un- from using the same books used the American Labor Aid came to as a stop-gap until the Bureau made clear he was accepting no

on April 8, 1938, Roy Weir, or- Senator for Stafford Springs, workers. ganizer for the Central Labor stated that the books should be way of the National Manufactur- ren would not get germs from poned a week. The workers de- until justice is done and relief began a public campaign to neighborhood.

Several thousand leaflets were of our party, presented in a leafdistributed in South Jamaica and let to the January 20 convention, the Relief Bureau, calling all the Association has endorsed for workers and unemployed to a mayor a member and leader of mass meeting at the Jamaica Labor Center, 151-06 Beaver Road next Tuesday night to protest the arrests and the inhuman Relief Bureau attitude. At this meeting Arthur Burch, representative of the American Labor Aid, and Otto Popovich, militant leader of the Queens County unemployed in many demonstrations, will speak.

Action Gets Results

As soon as the Relief Bureau saw the determination of the workers, the Bureau's attitude changed noticeably. The day after the court postponement an investigator appeared at the Bruno home. He returned the next day with a money allowance of \$13.85 and promised regular relief checks. It took mass action ployed and relief workers from by the workers to cause the Buthe American Labor Aide with reau to pay any attention whatheadquarters at 125 W. 33rd St., soever to this emergency case. New York City. As soon as the The lesson has not been lost upon So desperate was the need of

to Jamaica to investigate the sit- and Relief Workers League was ions." At a citywide labor rally by Negroes. Dr. E. M. Garvin, court on Thursday to defend the took some action. With victory responsibility to the labor movein the Bruno case, the Unem-The Relief Bureau authorities ployed and Relief Workers Union, revealed that a Mr. Galla- stored seperately so white child- managed to have the case post- League intends to keep fighting

Business Still Going Down the Toboggan Where are those jobs that Roosevelt promised in his budget speech, as justification for slashing WPA? For the sixth consecutive

week, the New York Times business index went down last Sunday. The drop for the week was from 101.5 to 98.6.

New York banks, despairing of any more profitable investments, sunk another \$18,000,-000 into law-yield government

Bethlehem Steel, showing that Steel has no immediate use for money for expansion or operations, announced it would pay off an \$18,000,000 preferred stock issue

All signs point to still further declines in the coming weeks.

Allied Near Eastern forces will be sent to its aid and an Allied ON BALLOT FOR Fearful of offending Ger- le purpose of increasing the ef- danelles to attack the Soviet ST. PAUL MAYOR

Rutchick Files When No Labor Candidate Is Nominated

ST. PAUL, Minn.-Henry Rut-Norway's neutral waters and in a first real test of the strength embargo club poised over Japan's ers Party's candidate for mayor head, increasing its pressure to in the forthcoming city elections. der which the Roosevelt adminis-Out of the diplomatic and press Along with the swanows, what love Japanese entry into the committee itself to keep-barrage laid down around the include is this Spring likely to bring? operation with) the Allied bloc, his candidacy after the Labor ing American ships out of war cident emerged the belief that The possible answers, in tabular offering a compromise at China's Progressive Association had enzones—without this provision in

political campaign," the S.W.P. dummy corporation down there. pointed out. "The Socialist Workers Party hailed the renewed interest of the St. Paul trade unfield, as indicating that unionists are becoming conscious of the severe political blows being rechoice of candidates, the Labor

Progressives have not broken with the boss political machines in this critical period before the war. Disregarding the warning one of the old capitalist parties, John McDonough.

"This year, as two years ago, the Socialist Workers Party will oppose McDonough's candidacy for mayor with a candidate of its own. We call upon all workers to vote for Henry Rutchick, antiwar candidate for mayor."

out party designation on the ballot, but the S.W.P. is making clear the issues through a pamphlet and leaflets calling for

"Labor's independent voice in problems facing the working be imported from Europe. class of the United States-war, unemployment, and the protection of workers' rights."

While running its own mayormissioner Axel Peterson, running the Association endorsement ment for his conduct in office.

The text of the St. Paul elec-

FDR CONNIVES IN LOOPHOLING **NEUTRALITY ACT**

United States Lines Sells to Belgian "Dummy" Buyer

With the connivance of federal authorities, the United States Lines has finally put over a scheme to continue to run its ships into the war zones, in violation of the explicit provisions of the Neutrality Act.

It has "sold" eight vessels to a "recently formed" Belgian corporation, for which the United States Lines will act as American "agent." The ships will continue to use the Chelsea piers as in the past, sail the usual runs and, in short, continue business on the old basis, just as if the Neutrality Act nev-

Tried Twice Before

The shipowners didn't waste much ingenuity in working out. this means to circumvent the Neutrality Act. It's the same scheme that the United States Lines tried twice before but failed to put over.

The first time, just after passage of the Neutrality Act, un-Rutchick was designated to file tration committed itself to keephave adopted it, as everyone ad-Paul responded enthusiastically the consent of the Maritime Comto the call of the Labor-Progres- mission to transfer the ships to sive Association to back a labor Panamanian registry through a

The Maritime Commission could have closed its eyes to the ion movement on the political volved, only with direct and prior plain violation of the law inapproval of Roosevelt. But the ensuing outcry caused Roosevelt ceived daily by organized labor. until the outcry would have died

Norwegians Balked A few weeks ago the United

States Lines tried again. It got up a Norwegian dummy corporation, got the consent of the Maritime Commission, announced the sale, and prepared to sail the ships. But then the Norwegian government balked at the prospect of being in the middle when the ships, carrying contraband of war to British and French ports, would run into German submarines.

And now the United States Lines has found the Belgian government, which is speedily pre-St. Paul election laws dictate paring for participation in the 'non-partisan" candidates with- war on the side of the Allies, a willing front in this deliberate violation of the Neutrality Act.

While in this way the United States Lines will be enabled to votes for Rutchick as votes for make blood money out of the, the party's program in the electraffic with the warring countries, the provisions of the Neutrality Act relating to the seagopolitics is necessary not only for forced. Under the law American strictly local issues," the party seamen cannot ship into the war points out, "but for the major, zones. Crews for these ships will

American When Submarined

As long as the ships carry contraband safely between America and the Allied ports, the ships alty candidate, the S.W.P. is sup- will pass as "Belgian." We can be sure, however, that the min-Progressive Association's slate, ute one of them gets nicked by a German submarine a howl for vengeance will go up from the kept press because an American ship has been touched.

This cynical subterfuge of sailing these ships into the war zones despite the plain letter of the Neutrality Act is a good index tion program of the S.W.P., re- to Roosevelt's war plans. "Neuceived too late for reprinting, trality" is, for him, merely a hypers Association had just been in the books used by the Negro cided to accept and immediately is given to all the needy in this will be published in next week's occitical formula under which to prepare for war.

NEGRO YOUTH

BACK JAMAICA

PICKET LINE

set up a picket line.

General Motors Had A Bonanza Year, But Its Workers Got Nothing Out of It

By GEORGE CLARKE

1939 was a big bonanza year

for General Motors. According to the corporation's report on February 7, the coupon clippers cleaned up a cool \$183,-000,000. The DuPont crowd took \$35,000,000 of the swag.

Let's break down these big numbers and see just how the profit was made:

For every one of an estimated 225,000 employees the corporation took approximately \$814. The corporation received a profit of over 50 eents for every dollar paid out in wages. A profit of roughly \$119 a car was made and shareholders received \$4.04 per share of common stock outstanding. This compares with \$2.17 received by shareholders in 1938. Par value of GM stock is \$10 per

These big numbers smell like prosperity. Yes, indeed. Plenty of gravy for the fat parasites whose function in production is sunning their hides on swanky yachts in Florida or rebuilding the ruined fortunes of some broken-down European count to make him a good match with one of their dissipated daughters.

It smelled like prosperity to be sure-but all the wage slaves on the assembly lines, in the press rooms, the die shop and the foundries-the men whose sweat and skill and muscle made the \$119 profit on the Chevrolets, Buicks, Cadillacs, Lasalles, Pontiacs and Oldsmobiles - all they got was the smell.

Most of the 225,000 workers up in swallow-tailed coats, \$40,employed by General Motors in 000 for a coming-out party for Detroit, Pontiac, Flint, Saginaw, some bourgeois brat, thousands Lansing and in the plants of Gen- for sleek nags and sleeker staeral Motors from Tarrytown, N. Y. to Los Angeles, who aver- ure-mad plutocrats. age on the conveyor belt almost a car a minute, didn't make much

more in wages for an entire year

tion made in profit out of each

than the \$814 that the corpora- for the auto workers:

What the Workers Got

The corporation makes big propaganda out of the alleged "high" wages paid to its employees. But the workers of Michigan, Ohio, Indiana and else-

The "Lucky" Workers

where know differently.

Lucky is the worker who puts in nine or even eight months of the year working. Lucky is the worker who can get through the worker who can get through the year without having his car, his radio and of en his clothing repossessed by the finance corporation for failure to make payments. More often, the auto worker feels himself extremely fortunate if he can get through General Motors seemed as big a the year without spending sever- job in its time until . . . Until the al months on the relief rolls. It's workers of Fhint sat down in the a "rich" auto worker that can plants, barricaded them against can attend school the year out. diers and swore to remain in the Starve Peacefully"-"All War

"no" of the personnel manager knees. The plants were union- aid to the FWS. day in, day out, at the employ- ized.

concerned these men are through. to workers have bigger stakes to He is described as a tall gaunt There are no allowances for rent, well and good. Otherwise, its fight for in 1940. Timid officials figure, hollow-eyed, with promwell and good. Otherwise, its none of the corporation's busi- will wail; "it is impossible". No! lor. It is his voice and his per- aim to restore individual initi-

The Union's Responsibility

But it is the business of the auto workers. Underpaid auto and courage the gains of 1940 UNEMPLOYED LEARN workers mean suffering, semi- will make the triumph of 1937 THEY MUST FIGHT tion for the children, unsanitary pale into insignificance. housing conditions. Unemployed auto workers mean a constant threat to the wage scale of the employed—a steady reserve army of potential scabs and fascists. It is the business of the auto workers. It is not a hopeless problem -something can and must be done about it!

The United Automobile Worker, from which most of the figures for this article are culled suggests that \$200 more be paid the employed auto workers annually "and still leave profits above \$150,000,000. This is a profit figure that only one or two corporations in the world, aside from GM, have ever been able to touch."

A very modest suggestion. Just contrast the fabulous profit of GM for 1939 with the miserable wages of its workers, and you begin to get an idea of how modest this suggestion is. Then contrast the present annual wage of the auto worker with the minimum set for security by the U.S. Department of Labor and the modesty of the CIO suggestion be-

comes appalling. \$183,000,000 profit for General Motors coupon clippers for the year 1939! And how the parasites squander the millions made for them by the workers-gold-plat"THE SPIRIT OF '37"



It was battles like these that made General Motors recognize the Auto Workers' Union. This picture was taken before the huge Fisher Body No. 1 plant in Flint. When the General Motors Workers hit the ball again, they will be on the march for a living annual wage for the men who produce America's automobiles.

An Agitator Stalks In Omaha

Masses Heed His Hoarse, Compelling Voice

By CARL O'SHEA

ed bathtubs, twenty-five dollar a

plate dinners for monkeys rigged

bles-money to burn for pleas

What Could Be Done

hours a week;

work.

Just suppose this \$183,000,000

75,000 new workers (one-

225,000 present employees

would work thirty hours per

week for the same wages they

now receive for forty hours'

Is this "reform" necessary?

But is it possible? Here there

will be hesitation and doubt. It

seems a stupendous undertaking.

It Can Be Done!

Yes, but the unionization of

essary, it is imperative.

third more) could be added to

the payroll at \$1500 a year;

vere turned into wages and jobs Hours could be reduced to 30

This agitator has been at work in Omaha for several years now. that the agitator has done his He has been working quietly job well. among the unemployed. Thanks to his indefatigable work and his organizational talents, there is Every General Motors worker Section, which already has over

growing daily. Starting in December, the FWS has maintained a picket line day and night around the city courthouse. In the coldest weather, unemployed men and women march grim-faced before the courthouse, bearing signs: "Single Men Must Eat" -"Our Children Are Hungry" American Workers Will Not

plants until the last stretcher Funds to the Unemployed." carrying the body of the last man The FWS has obtained the use MURDER FOR MONEY Even so, these are the "favor- was carried out. Then even of the Drivers Hall at 1222 Har- IS HIS RELIEF POLICY ed" employees. They don't in- Frank Murphy became a ney, where they meet-where hot clude more than one-fourth of "friend". He didn't send the Na- lunches are served daily-from with murder-and this is no idle the industry's workers who have tional Guard in after the strik- where 350 gunnysacks of food, phrase-in Omaha for four years by labor-saving devices, new Knudsen and Co. feared lest chants, have been distributed to of Omaha, Magaret soon put in- awhile." machinery and speeded-up pro- their precious machinery be needy families in the last ten to effect a "pay-as-you-go" polduction. The only smell they get scratched by indignant workers. days. The Central Labor Union is icy. of the "prosperity" is the curt General Motors went down on its giving sympathetic support and

All efforts of public officials. That was three years ago! The local and national, to stop the whether he has work or not, that As far as General Motors is spirit of '37 must return! The augreat agitator have been in vain. Everything is possible! The rank suasiveness, however, that seem ative by forcing men to go out and file must organize for action to have impressed most of his and get work, instead of expect--with determination, audacity listeners.

As he talks in his deep-timbered, slow, impressive voice, the scales drop from his listeners' eyes, and they see the reality of life as it has never appeared to them before.

Sensational Offer!!

(for month of February)

THE CASE OF LEON TROTSKY, single copy . . \$.25 LIVING THOUGHTS OF MARX, single copy . . . FASCISM and BIG BUSINESS, single copy . . . WORLD REVOLUTION by CLR James, single copy 1.50 THE FOUR IN COMBINATION FOR \$2.50 SPEECH by LEON TROTSKY-In English . . . \$6.00 A recording on two double-faced discs.

IN COMBINATION

WITH THE FOUR BOOKS LISTED ABOVE . . . \$7.50

PIONEER PUBLISHERS

116 UNIVERSITY PLACE

Subscribe to the

SOCIALIST APPEAL

NEW YORK, N. Y.

If I had not been to Omaha | better be, or the better element OMAHA, Nebr.—The greatest and talked with the unemployed in Omaha will drive them out of agitator that the American work- myself, I would not have believed office. ing class has ever seen is at work it. But literally hundreds of unemployed men and women, in talks with me, have indicated

in Omaha, the Federal Workers duced everything and who have graphed sheet, avowed fascist, must take it. Alone we are noth- the Dies committee a few months ng. United we can achieve ev-

same time E. F. Magaret, busi- ness men all the time."

Magaret has a simple threepoint program. If there is an employable member of the family, family cannot get on relief rolls. gas, water, electricity or fuel. All ing the government to take care of their families," explains Mag-

Magaret boasts that relief costs in Omaha are 4 cents per capita per month.

You have heard of what's happening to the unemployed in Ohio and elsewhere, but you haven't heard anything like what goes on in Omaha. If it weren't for WPA, things would have been still worse. And WPA has been cut from 11,000 last year to 5,300 today. To boot, many workers have been laid off PWA. Actually, in the large city of Omaha only sixteen hundred small plane shot above the city families on direct relief are permitted. In December, the city spent \$9,198 for relief, not much more than it spent, in all likelihood, in 1928 and 1929.

Things got so bad recently that even the Junior League became interested, investigated, and found cases of children fainting of hunger in school, of sickness unattended, of mass malnutrition, of many cases of actual starvation.

Yet, with people dead from hunger, Magaret has available in the county treasury for relief purposes a total of \$391,092.93. Of this only \$15,000 has been earmarked-for a WPA west side sewer project. Magaret expects to end the year 1940 in the black. as he has every year.

"The county commissioners are behind me," he boasts. "They'd

RELIEF OFFICIAL BACKED

to cease supporting the strike.

BY FASCIST SHEET

The tax payers and property owners' associations indeed sup-"Life is struggle," they tell me port him. Magaret's best friend quietly but in dead earnest. "On and loudest supporter is Charles one side is ourselves, the work- B. Hudson, 48, editor of "Amerers, the poor, we who have pro- ica in Danger," a weekly mimeonothing. On the other side are anti-Semite, former company the rich, the owners, those who union organizer, defender of produce nothing and have every- Charles Coughlin and the Christhing. They own the courts, the tian Front, friend of Rev. Gerald cops, the relief department, the Winrod, aide of General Mosely government. They will never give with whom Hudson appeared us the life we need and want. We when the general testified before

"Hudson is doing a lot of It appears the agitator came good," says Magaret. "And he is a few stool-pigeons in a union; to Omaha in 1936, at about the getting more support from busi-

With broad layers of the com-Magaret has been getting away join the picket line.

"The police department has offered to interfere," states Mag- will been pushed out of employment ers only because Sloane, DuPont, collected from sympathetic mer- now. Backed by the employers aret, "but I've told them to wait what a deadly blow to unionism

The great agitator is having a field day, and is driving Magaret function, unions are engaged in crazy. His spies can't discover the

denied the fellow even existed.

THE AGITATOR SPELLS HIS NAME OUT

According to a Federal Workers strategical and tactical decisions Section member who was with him, he told Magaret he was going to make a tour of the entire country. He said he was going to organize the unemployed everywhere. He said he would be back in Omaha to find out if Magaret were still holding down his job and the unemployed. He told Magaret he was taking a plane out of town. Before he left, he said, he would fly over the courthouse and spell his name in the sky in letters fifteen hundred feet across.

It was a wonderful publicity stunt. The Omaha radio station immediately picked it up. Everybody was out watching as a and began zooming over the courthouse, leaving a wake of writing-smoke behind it. Magaret was terribly excited, they say, and called frantically to the army post to send in an anti-aircraft gun and some pursuit planes and get the sky-writer.

But the agitator zoomed towards the East. Behind him six fading letters drifted from the picketline at the courthouse over the workers' section of Omaha. The people gasped when they slowly spelled out the letters. They read HUNGER.

LF THE NUMBER ON YOUR WRAPPER IS NUMBER

YOUR SUBSCRIPTION EX-PIRES WITH THIS ISSUE. RENEW YOUR SUB NOW!

IN MINNEAPOLIS

(Continued from Page 1) Minneapolis to aid in the formaions." At that time the anti-la- ders from William Green. bor Associated Industries of finance an ambitious anti-union program.

In a statement published in the August 4, 1938 issue of the Northwest Organizer, the Team-When Mary Smith, a Negro sters Joint Council organ, degirl, and Sol Himmelfarb joined nouncing the order then issued he Pharmacists' Union, their by Judge Reed permitting the boss, owner of Leach's Pharmacy finks access to the union's recin Jamaica, Long Island, fired ords, the union said: them. The two workers promptly

Records Open to Labor

Last week the Youth Council of "We have no hesitation whatthe National Association for the soever in throwing open our rec-Advancement of Colored People ords to the tribunals of organized investigated the dispute, and sev- labor. So far as our financial receral of its members joined the ords are concerned, these have picket line. The ensuing boycott been regularly audited, both by forced the owner to close his accountants for the Internationstore until the local Pharmacists' al Brotherhood of Teamsters, and by a reputable firm of public acorder.

But the youth refused. Now the Negro shop. He vows that, if Union. In the ensuing fight we Negroes will scab, he'll never em- have the aid and counsel of our ploy whites again. So far his tac- superior body, the International tics have been entirely unsuccess- Brotherhood of Teamsters. We merely continue the glorious tradition of the trade union movement, that labor and labor alone shall have access to the records of the labor movement.

Gives Secrets to Enemy

"What Judge Reed has done is o order us to surrender our indent Unions', an open enemy of circulation. unionism, an employerfinanced organization whose open was clearly revealed on Friday nights, July 29, at the Silver Shirts' meeting in Ark Hall.

At this meeting, closed to the public, the 'independent union' rganization, by arrangement them so the branches will feel mimeographed leaflets all hollow. with the Silver Shirt leaders, ap- they must make good on their proached each participant and word: provided him with literature inviting him to join the indepen- nig Red Sunday sales and hope well worth considering for relief lent union', while the Silver to be able to increase our bundle Shirt speakers called upon their soon. . . listeners to organize armed bands to raid the headquarters of Lo. ing 'Red Sundays' here in Lynn

Union-Busting Device

"If Judge Reed's order is permitted to stand unchallenged, it are going to try the Red Sunday tionary bosses has only to plant ities are. . . . "-TC. when they are exposed, have how about a little action? nion for an accounting of funds. munity aroused against Magaret and then the court will give the "what the possibilities are" read and his fascist friend, feeling is stool-pigeons' attorneys access, today at white heat in Omaha. not only to the financial accounts, Each day more jobless come to but to every written record of

"Every union man everywhere immediately understand would be dealt by this process. . By the very nature of their whom they are seeking better whose show is now on the road: ysis is that when they're found wages and working conditions. In this struggle, both sides have to solve various problems of strate-But late in the afternoon the gy and tactics, and no union agitator phoned from the airport. could be long successful whose

were known to the opposing employers.

Invaluable to Bosses The minutes of the Executive Board of a strong union are worth tens of thousands of dollars to the hostile employers. Ev en such an apparently duplicable item as the membership mailing list, possession of which can have such manifold uses, would ordinarily be an enormous task even for the most powerful employers' agency; where as by the courts' order these stool pigeons can photograph this as well as every other kind of record kept by the union.

"In a word: a union has the same objection to permitting the enemy to scrutinize its documents, plans, books, etc., as does the United States Government have to a potential enemy scrutinizing its industrial and military resources and plans. . . ."

Labor on Guard

Judge Reed's order was not carried out then. It was fought out in the higher courts, then sent back for modification to the lower courts. Meanwhile the union got more information on the records.

a frameup.

UNIONS WARNED WORKERS' FORUM

TYPO UNION DROPPED BY ST. LOUIS CENTRAL BODY

declaration that the body disapproves suspension of the printers. Brandt himself declared:

"Four-fifths of the delegates here do not want to suspend Local 8. I know Bill Green has no use for me and I have less use for him. But here is his letter, telling us to dissociate ourselves from Local 8, and if we do not comply, our charter from the AFL will be lifted. It is a cold-blooded proposition which confronts us. I don't like it. But we must cast aside all sentiment and look to the future of this body. If our charter is lifted, another central body will be set up here."

W. J. Gibbons, president of Local 8 (he is a reactionary, he was They appealed to the local pres- countants. What we object to is opposed to the late International dently in the hope that the disdent of the N.A.A.C.P., Dr. H. permitting enemies of labor ac- President Howard), blamed the pute between the AFL and CIO John Singleton—who ordered the cess to our records. That is the plight of the printers union on is settled. Their refusal to pay youth members of the N.A.A.C.P. issue involved in Judge Reed's international officers who had the assessment to the war-chest Our stand is backed by the the CIO. "This action by Green," on the AFL for a decent peace. boss is dangling before the Negro Teamsters Joint Council and by he declared, will do no good; it community an offer of an all- the Minneapolis Central Labor suspends 80,000 members from St. Louis, Mo.

having kicked 80,000 members of the federation out, he will send The AFL Central Trades and out organizers to organize the Labor Union on Feb. 11 suspend- unorganized. Green can tell this ed Typographical Union Local body it must suspend the printtion of these "independent un- No. 8 from membership, on or- ers, but when he was here recently he could not find time to William Brandt, Central Trades adjust a dispute between the fire-Minneapolis launched a drive to secretary, was instructed by the men and oilers union and the enraise a war fund of \$315,000 to body to include in the motion a gineers union." Funny thing is that Gibbons was in accord with kicking out the CIO unions four

years ago. J. W. Williams, one-time national president of the AFL Building Trades Department, and now a delegate of the Musicians Union, said:

"I predict that we will soon see a different set-up in the AFL. The skids are greased for Bill Green, he is on his way out. But we will have to vote to comply with his order. He and the higher-ups in the federation have us by the throat, I think we should express our resentment'

National leaders of the Typographical Union have indicated they intend to go along indepensought to lead the printers into to fight the CIO is good pressure

The column of Red Sunday-ites | red a special election over the nermost secrets to men who do is growing-but very slowly. Too last weekend and our comrades not deny their membership in the slowly to record this week an ap- there put on a special drive of Associated Council of Indepen- preciable difference in Appeal street sales to bring the party

Boston and Detroit are still the only two branches definitely act- with considerable success in Newtie with fascist gangster bands ively carrying on Red Sundaysat least so far as we have infornation in this office.

We have promises, however, from branches that they intend distinct problems and distinct isto begin the work. We'll publish

."-Frank Dart. Lynn, Mass.: "We are institut-

Flint: "Now we're re-organiz-

which promise to be very fruit--F.D. Akron, O .: "Either the coming Sunday or the Sunday after we

means that any group of reac-system to see what the possibil-Thanks for the promises! Now

them institute suit against the If you want to know how the order to 66. Here's the letter fruitful Red Sundays are and this letter from Detroit: "The enclosed remittance of

ten bucks was raised in three mornings in house-to-house Appeal distribution. An average of three comrades participated each time for about an

hour and a half."-G. Lamonti. tell the inside truth of how Red them. The downtown 'Y' gets conflict, now quiescent, now Sundays took hold in Boston. It three copies. Ten copies are conagitator and yesterday Magaret sharp, with the employers from comes from an actor comrade veniently left in shops. My anal-

> Red Sunday article telling how Boston has followed Detroit's example. I am sure I had a great deal to do with this. I travelled from Detroit to Boston on Xmas-staved in Boston two weeks. Told them every day that Detroit was way ahead of them in EVERY WAY. Ridiculed their unwillingness to participate in doorto-door. And EIGHT days in succession went out with literature for an hour or more in the black and white ghettoes of the town. Four different comrades participated - two going out twice-twice I was alone. I guess I was not very popular there for several reasons. Perhaps I scolded them without understanding all their problems, etc. . ."

Don't worry, comrade. You did great job in Boston. I'm sure the Boston comrades are grateful for the little push you gave all over the country are deeply appreciative of your work.

SPECIAL EDITIONS OF THE SOCIALIST APPEAL

Last week we published two anti-union role of the plaintiffs, editions of the Socialist Appeal. and this was presented to Judge The second edition, which most which I believe to be just and Carroll. But in spite of this he comrades didn't see, consisted of practical, and I hope that I may gave the finks' attorneys and ac- 1,000 copies with a special New- prove a valuable member of the countants access to the union's ark headline as follows: "VOTE 'NO' ON THE NEWARK CITY Minneapolis labor is on guard, MANAGER PLAN". In all other ing yourself a hundredfold today. waiting for the next attempt at respects the edition was the same Your experience will be of value as the one you received. Newark everywhere.

program forward. From all reports the special Appeal met

We recommend this method to other cities - particularly those on the West Coast which have sues. This method beats special Newark got a special rate on its papers. Others can expect similar treatment. It's a proposal .. election campaigns, crises. strikes, union conventions, etc.,

TRY YOUR HAND!-

BIG POSSIBILITIES Two weeks ago we received one dollar from a sympathizer in St. Louis with an order for 33 copies of the Appeal. Last week we received two dollars doubling that came with the money

"In the first place I don't try to sell copies. If I can, well and good, however, my main objective is to see that they're read. watch my chance at the Public Library and place two copies on the newspaper rack. Of course they're soon discovered and ripped down, but not before eight And now we're in a position to or ten people have looked thru "The latest Appeal had a one of two things happens—it falls immediately on fertile ground and is read, or the person immediately thinks 'propaganda'. something I know to be propaganda'. So he reads it to make sure. Then he's lost; for if he can read he can partially understand. The next time he won't consider tearing it, he'll read it from page one to page four.

"Your experience may lead you to smile at my theorizing. Perhaps I am wrong, but when they start asking for copies, buying them, then we shall both laugh, not for different reasons either

"No matter. I did have a bit more than a modicum of success with my first bundle, placing about ten copies directly in the hands of workers. Workers that know will read them.

"Its really amazing the number of people who entertain communist ideas, talk of them, and them. It resulted in an enthusi- yet shout down the name of comastic drive-and an increase by munism as something disagree-100 copies in their regular bun- able and foreign to democracy. dle order. I can assure you that, It's the press I suppose, but nevthe comrades in the office and ertheless the possibility of guiding those ideas into decisive action is there.

"Please don't regard me as a youthful proselyte who's toying with radical ideas. I can't afford to toy with anything to the tune of \$2.00 a week. That's about one-sixth of my salary. I'm working at and studying a cause movement in time. . . . "-M.V.

Go to it, comrade! You're prov-

The "LABOR WITH A WHITE SKIN CANNOT EMANCIPATE ITSELF WHERE LABOR WITH A BLACK SKIN IS BRANDED" — KARL MARX. Negro Question

On the ground that their confessions were extorted by torture, the U.S. Supreme Court upheld the petition of four young Negroes against sentence of death by the Supreme Court of Florida.

≣By J. R. JOHNSON

In May 1933 an elderly white man was murdered in Pompano, Florida. Immediately the murder was discovered, between 25 and 40 Negroes were arrested, among them the petitioners. From May 14 to May 20, the 25 to 40 Negro suspects were subjected to questioning and cross-questioning, resulting in the "confessions of the four accused." The evidence compels Justice Black to state that "the prisoners at no time during the week were permitted to see or confer with counsel or a single friend or relative. When carried singly from his cell and subjected to questioning, each found himself, a single prisoner, surrounded in a fourth floor jail room by four to ten men. the County Sheriff, his deputies, a convict guard, and other white officers and citizens of the community. As an ex-Ku Klux Klanner and a Southerner, Black understood well the significance of the fourth floor. A Negro knows that at any time in these proceedings he is liable to be thrown out of the window, after which his questioners would unitedly swear that he had jumped.

The necessary confessions were obtained. Justice Black quotes, "They bring one of them at a time backwards and forwards until they confessed." They were tried and sentenced on no other evidence than these confessions.

Here is a tale, one of ten thousand, of the organized terror against Negroes, by citizens, Ku Klux Klanners, lynch mobs, judges, sheriffs, policemen, state governors, and Federal authorities, by which the millions of Negroes are kept in economic and political subjection for the greater glory of capitalist profits and the maintenance of American "democracy." Every year there are hundreds of similar cases, most of which do notreach the Supreme Court at all

Justice Black Prepares For War

Today, however, there is a war in Europe, in which the American capitalists are planning to intervene. British and German imperialism are at each other's throats for the redivision of the world, and American capitalism seeks to become the dominant world power. The American people must be mobilized for war, and such is the bankruptcy of the capitalist system, that in its mad pursuit of imperialist aims, it has to fall back on the tattered, torn, and blood-stained slogan of the "defense of democracy."

The Supreme Court therefore takes this case as a platform from which to pontificate on the evils of totalitarianism and the benefits of "democracy," as exemplified in the Supreme Court of the United States. Justice Black has the impudence to make more than one reference to the Fourteenth Amendment, which was thrown into the waste-paper basket by many Southern states the day after it was passed and has remained there since. He 'speaks of "liberty-loving people," pictures the Supreme Court as defender of the rights of "the poor, the ignorant, the numerically weak, the friendless and the powerless," and contrasts the American way with the "rack, the thumbscrew, the wheel, solitary confinement," and the exalted power of "some governments to punish manufactured crime dictatorially." He concludes on a high note: "Under our constitutional system, courts stand against any winds that blow as havens of refuge. . . ."

The Negro People Know Better!

Some of the Scottsboro boys are still in jail. Every year Negroes are lynched, not only those that are listed in the press but the quiet, well-organized doing-away with Negroes who in one way or another threaten "white supremacy." In state after state Negroes cannot vote. They are deprived of their social and political rights by brute force. The decisions of all courts in their favor are ignored or flouted. They are constantly insulted, beaten up, terrorized. Their groans and protests, sometimes subdued, now flaring up as the persecution becomes intolerable, are the permanent accompaniment of American life. And yet this ex-member of the Klan, with his eyes on his script and his mind on imperialist war, reads his piece about American courts being a haven of refuge against winds that blow.

The press has taken its cue and has repeated in swelling chorus the theme of the distinguished soloist. "We are not as they." And if "we," whose courts are a haven against all the winds that blow, are not as "they," the dictatorships, shouldn't we be ready to die for these privileges? The fifteen million cheated Negroes, the millions of unemployed and ther starving families, will know how to treat this impudent piece of war propaganda, this blatant self-justification, this stupid attempt to throw dust into the eyes of the Negro people.

Justice Black has lifted the case of these unfortunate Negroes (for if there was any evidence against them it would have been heard) from its place as one of a never-ending list of tyranny and injustice into a plea for the support of American and its imperialistic adventures aboard. But the tyranny and violence of three hundred years are not pushed aside so easily. They will be pushed aside not by rosy-hued lies from a war-monger's loud-speaker, but by the united voice of millions of workers, black and white, shouting the slogans of socialism. They will be destroyed only when the system which breeds them is destroyed. Our aim is the destruction not only of the naked dictatorships abroad but of the thinly veiled dictatorships at home.

Men Wanted—in the Army

The one employer that still has plenty of jobs is the U.S. Army. Uncensored for Jan. 27 gives this from a list of recruiting hints sent to Army

"4. Some of the sources for young men are: those unemployed; on relief; ex-enlisted men. . . and young men of military and adventurous disposition." One special recruiting appeal the Army now makes to unemployed youth is the chance to learn a trade.

How doth the little crocodile Improve his shining tail, And pour the waters of the Nile On every golden scale!

How cheerfully he seems to grin. How neatly spreads his claws, And welcomes little fishes in With gently smiling jaws!

Why We Should Defend the Soviet Union With Lovestone

By ALBERT GOLDMAN

It would indeed be fortunate if, once having arrived at the con-defending and how they should clusion that to defend the Soviet detend it. say to the Russian, the Finnish

days of Lenin and Trotsky.

The degeneration of the workagainst the Stalinist bureaucracy. workers' state.

erything that Stalin does. Revolu- would have done it. The Soviet ists would result in the destruct the boss.

abridged form from the Febru-

ary, 1940, issue of "Left", a

George Padmore, formerly

Chairman of the Negro Trade

Union Committee of the Red

International of Labor Unions

(Profintern) and for many

years prominently identified

with the Communist Interna-

tional, is now active in the In-

makes it imperative for the in-

ments in the capitalist countries

to re-evaluate their position

Today the potential danger of

owards the Soviet Union.

ternational working class move-

ternational African

The Russo-Finnish

British

Bureau.)

ittle Finland.'

STALIN'S FOREIGN POLICY

HELPS INTERVENTION

discussion organ.

Service

conflict

tionary Marxists, however, must Union must be defended not only tion of the Soviet Union.

defend the Soviet Union is indic- the Soviet workers, his poncy of dously ative of the tremendous change forced collectivization, his foreign THE MAIN ENEMY IS that has taken place since the policy based on alliances with WORLD IMPERIALISM! capitalist powers; we fought ag- But it must be clearly underainst his theory of socialism stood at all times that the strug-

carefully analyze all the factors against the imperialists but also During the Civil War in Spain imperialist country at war con-

ers' state under the Stalinist re- in one country and against his gle against the bureaucracy

involved and decide what they are against the Stalinist bureaucracy. the Fourth International followed sider that the main enemy is at The Russian workers have two a tactic with reference to the home and carry on the struggle enemies, the imperialists with- Loyalist forces that the Russian against the ruling class regard-Union is the duty of every work- WHY WE IRRECONCILEABLY out, the bureaucracy within. Both workers should follow with refer- less of the effect on the front. er, we could simply proceed to STRI GGLE AGAINST STALIN endanger the existence of the ence to Stalinism. The advanced Not so in the case of the Soviet Our struggle against Stalin has state which the Russian workers Spanish workers had the double Union, a workers' state, based on and the workers of all other been motivated fundamentally on created by superhuman sacrifice. task of fighting against Franco nationalized property. There they countries: do your utmost to see the ground that his ideas and pol- The cuestion arises: does the deto it that the Red Army is victorious and to make Finland part and consequently the world revision and the finland part and consequently the world revision and consequently the world revision and the finland part and consequently the world revision and the finland part and consequently the world revision and the finland part and consequently the world revision and the finland part and consequently the world revision and the finland part and consequently the world revision and the finland part and consequently the world revision and the finland part and consequently the world revision and the finland part and consequently the world revision and the finland part and consequently the world revision and the finland part and consequently the world revision and the finland part and consequently the world revision and the finland part and consequently the world revision and the finland part and consequently the world revision and the finland part and consequently the world revision and the finland part and consequently the world revision and the finland part and consequently the world revision and the finland part and consequently the world revision and the finland part and the f of the territory of the Soviet Un- I ition. The proposition can like- alism the struggle against the ment. We stated that unless the A REVOLUTIONARY POLICY ion.

As simple as all that would be our task if Lenin and Trotsky

wise be put the other way around. Stain's ideas and policies weakers our task if Lenin and Trotsky

wise be put the other way around. Stain's ideas and policies weakers the answer is a decisive "No!" the world revolution and consecutive the world revolution and consecutive the Russian workers see a Negrin, the fascists would be victorial to the blue in the Content of the Russian workers see a Negrin, the fascists would be victorial to the Russian workers see a Negrin, the fascists would be victorial to the Russian workers see a Negrin, the fascists would be victorial to the Russian workers see a Negrin, the fascists would be victorial to the Russian workers see a Negrin, the fascists would be victorial to the Russian workers see a Negrin, the fascists would be victorial to the Russian workers see a Negrin, the fascists would be victorial to the Russian workers see a Negrin to the were still at the helm in the So- quently the Soviet Union. The chance to overthrow the Stalinist torious. We proved correct, but viet Union. The problem, at pres- two are inextricably bound to- regime they should do so even at the time of struggle against when the Soviet Union is involved the fascists it would have been mere fact that we have to discuss | We fought against his destruc- in a war. The Soviet Union will criminal for us to urge the workthe question of whether or not to tion of the democratic rights of thereby be strengthened tremen- ers not to fight the fascists beoverthrow the Loyalist government. At that particular time the

Revolutionary workers in a ungime makes the task of defend- theory of destroying fascism by should be subordinated to the ion controlled by reactionaries Finnish workers does not differ ing the Soviet Union far more fighting for bourgeois democra- struggle against the imperialist understand very well that during in any way from the task concomplicated. At the same time cy; we fought against all of these enemy. The main enemy is im- a strike the reactionary leader- fronting the Polish workers in that we are engaged in defending because they weakened the Soviet perialism and during a war be- ship does not and cannot conduct 1920 when the Red Army under it against the capitalist army, in Union. These Stalinist policies tween the Soviet Union and im- the most effective struggle Lenin and Trotsky invaded Poorder to defend it more effective- disoriented and confused the perialism it is absolutely impera- against the bosses and they land. But only to that extent. In ly in the struggle against imperi- workers within and without the tive for the workers to prevent would not hesitate to oust the 1920 the Polish workers did not alism it is necessary to struggle Soviet Union, thus weakening the a victory of imperialism. It would reactionary leadership even dur- have to fear the Soviet regime; be a tremendous victory for the ing a strike. But they also under- it was their regime as well as If there was anything further workers if they should succeed stand that during a strike the that of the Russian workers; they lution can find it either in de- needed to convince us that Stal- in overthrowing the Stalinist bu- main enemy is the boss and they could fight not only for the revfending bourgeois Finland or in inism must be overthrown in or- reaucracy but it would constitute concentrate their efforts to win olution in Poland but also for the being indifferent to the victory of der to increase the strength of a disastrous defeat if the imperieither side. The Stalinists also the Soviet Union so that it could alists should destroy the bureau- other words, they subordinate the Union. They did not have to make have a simple solution: defend be more adequately defended, cracy, because the destruction of struggle against the reactionary a distinction between the Soviet the Soviet Union by defending ev- Stalin's adventure in Finland the bureaucracy by the imperial- leadership to the struggle against Union and the Lenin-Trotsky re-

Revolutionary workers in ar

war against the Soviet Union the primary task of the workers outside of the Soviet Union is: the proletarian revolution, the best method of defending the Soviet Union. And the Finnish workers have that task now as they had before the invasion by the Red main task was to destroy fasc-

To that extent the task of the

But in 1940, when it is Stalin's Red Army that is invading Finland and not the army of Lenin and Trotsky, the advanced workers of Finland find their task far more complicated and difficult than that of the Polish workers in 1920. They are confronted by the possibility of being swallowed

The revolutionary workers in Finland should be agitating for gle between the army of a Soviet

France, who can visualise civili- the ownership of land and the constantly keep the goal of an Stalin's fundamental error of at- While rejecting the claim of zation only in terms of sterling, means of production is socialized, independent Soviet Finland betorical advance upon capitalist- ers, they dare not be indifferent to the actual struggle that is going on between the Red Army An interventionist war would and the Finnish capitalist army fortify Stalin's case for attacking representing the interests of sponsible for this major blow to workers' State. Space prevents a stop here. In every country—yes, Finland and would raise him in world imperialism. Understandthe prestige of international So-full examination of this subject, even in "democratic" Britain—the eyes of the Russian masses to ing what is at stake, the classcialism. Nevertheless, it is neces- but we rest the claim upon the the working class will be driven the status of a prophet, since it conscious Finnish workers must sary for the British working class indisputable fact that private into an undreamed-of condition of would be his justification. Furunhesitatingly choose the lesser to be on guard against being ownership in the means of pro-slavery. In short, such a wave of thermore, such an imperialist adevil of a victory of the Red Ardiagged by their capitalists into duction—land, railways, mines, reaction and white terror would venture would split the Labor my and continue the struggle for an independent Soviet Finland

> against the Stalinist bureaucracy Those who have been thrown open military alliance between we do not want that. If all the plicate even more an already ex- would like them to, they would tremely complicated situation, immediately establish a Soviet leading only to tragic conse- Finland and struggle for its inquences for the international dependence against the Stalinist working class. We are now pay- bureaucracy, calling upon the trous policy of trying to construct But at present it is a question industrialized West. He has land- actually going on. Understanding of Stalin that "this cook will their utmost to prevent a defeat of the Red Army at the hands of the Finnish capitalist army.

In response to popular demand, we are extending the

Three more lectures will be

The instructors are J. G.

50c for the Series 25c for Single Lectures

On Finland

By FELIX MORROW

In the January 27 issue of the Socialist Appeal we commented editorially on a speech by a Czarist officer advocating aid to Finland. He had said in calling upon Czarist Russians to fight against

"For twenty-two years we have been waiting for this moment. Now there is a place where we can go back from.'

And our comment was:

"There in two sentences is the whole story of all the tear-jerking money-raising committees to aid 'poor little Finland' against 'Russian imperialism,' from Hoover down to the wretched Lovestoneites and Thomasites.'

In previous issues we had devoted a good many thousands of words to a painstaking analysis of the pro-Finland line of Norman Thomas' Socialist Party and of the Lovestoneites. Both these groups have carefully refrained from answering our case against them.

At long last, however, the Lovestone Workers Age of February 17 replies. Its reply consists of a purported analysis of the editorial quoted above. It charges us with "the construction of an amalgam of labor and radical groups with the Russian monarchists, similar to the cheap and vicious type of argumentation used for the last fourteen years by Stalin against the Trotskyites."

Is it? All that the editorial and all our articles on Finland, say is: those who support Finland against the Soviet Union are supporting an outpost of imperialism against a workers' state. Defeat of the Red Army on the Finnish front would be followed by an imperialist invasion to destroy the workers' state and restore capitalism.

They Argue Like Social Democrats

The Workers Age is not yet quite as brazen as the New Leader. But, at the risk of being accused of another amalgam, we must say that its case for supporting Finland against the Soviet Union is based on the same fundamental assumptions as that of the New Leader. The latter declares it a war between democracy and dictatorship, points as proof to the house-broken social democratic deputies, and minimizes the role of Mannerheim. And what does the Workers Age do? We quote:

"Both the Daily Worker and Socialist Appeal . . raise the menace of the White Guardist Mannerheim to gigantic and grotesque proportions, with the same intent in view, to prove that Finland is a White Guard outpost for the destruction of the USSR. All those who dare to raise their voices for the defense of Finnish independence can then be dubbed as 'agents of Baron Mannerheim.' Great care must be exercised to conceal the fact that out of 200 members of the Finnish parliament, the largest group, 85, are socialists, and that 143 represent workers or peasants parties. Otherwise, the cry of a 'White Guard Mannerheim regime,' would fall to the ground, and without a Mannerheim bugaboo, the amalgam would be worthless."

In passing, the Workers Age makes a little amalgam between the Socialist Appeal and the Daily Worker. We have pointed out the composition of the Finnish parliament; we have not called the bourgeois republic a White Guard regime. But all that is unimportant. What is most significant in the Workers Age article is that this paper, of a group which once called itself followers of Lenin, has degenerated to the point where (1) it does not recognize that Mannerheim, commander-inchief of the armed forces of the Finnish bourgeoisie, represents the class in power; (2) it can adduce as a decisive counter-weight to Mannerheim the fact that impotent and cowardly representatives of reformist parties sit in the bourgeois parliament; (3) it can deny that any bourgeois country on the frontiers of the Soviet Union must serve as a base for imperialist intervention. By the by, as it were, the Workers Age throws overboard the Marxist theory of the state.

They Once Called Themselves Leninists!

Now listen to this, from people who once called themselves adherents of Lenin's theory of the progressive role of colonial wars against imperial-

"Nor is it ever explained (by the Trotskyists) why if Mannerheim's participation in the Finnish defense . . . deprives the Finns of our sympathy, the same is not true for China and Chiang Kaishek. . . . Because Chiang Kai-shek is head of the Chinese Nationalist government, are we therefore to bless the Japanese invader and deny the Chinese masses our sympathy and support?"

The only logic by which this extraordinary paragraph would make sense would be by the argument that in all wars we oppose the "invader." But we would defend China against Japan if China were the initiator of hostilities. We, as followers of Marx and Lenin, don't choose sides on the legalistic argument of who crossed whose frontier line first, but we choose sides by a class criterion: the workers against the bosses, workers' state against capitalist state, oppressed colonial people against imperialist. Yes, one must defend these elementary Marxist propositions today against the Lovestoneite ex-Leninists.

In the characteristic style of all the social democratic war mongers these days, the Lovestoneites conclude with a denunciation of our belief that "the end justifies the means." Yes, we recognize no separation between ends and means. Neither does any naturalistic ethics which has broken with supernaturalism. John Dewey's "crime" to religionists is precisely that he establishes that means have no meaning apart from ends. But the Lovestoneites will scarcely trouble to find out what the concept really means. It sounds like an epithet, thanks to religious propaganda, and so they hurl it at us. Who hurls it? The people who defended Stalin's frameup trials against Zinoviev, Kamenev, Radek and Piatakov!

HANDS OFF THE SOVIET UNION:

A NEGRO LEADER SPEAKS OUT AGAINST THE SOCIAL PATRIOTS

By GEORGE PADMORE

(We reprint this article in | policy is being reaped by Stalin Russian working class in blood in perialist conflict between the Al- up by the Stalinist regime and

Union stands most in need of the lost in 1917. sympathy and active support of FATE OF WORLD WORKERS the international working class INVOLVED IN THE USSR and the colonial peoples. Having Does anyone seriously believe ers-that heterogeneous amalga- adiers-not to speak of Mussolini mation of middle-class political and the Pope—and their satellite, philistines-are today the most Mannerheim, had their own way, their denunciations of Soviet ag- with the military defeat of Rus-

SPECIAL DUTY OF REVOLUTIONISTS TODAY

a single country," at the expense cable victory of Socialism has fiscated from them by the Octoof the Revolution abroad. We re- been achieved in the Soviet Un- ber Revolution. critical guise of defending "poor the Soviet Union in a fundamen- nificance. tally different category from cap-We must not underestimate

this danger, for already many common ownership in the means would give rise to such conditions a precautionary measure against Stalin in invading Finland will spokesmen of Western imperial of production is the essential pre- of repression everywhere that it the threat itself, be forced to en- exclaim: what, you want the sm on both sites of the Atlantic requisite for the transition of so- might take decades before the ter into more active military col- Finnish workers to accept slavery are declaring that the time has ciety from capitalism to Social- working class could recover its laboration with Hitler. Such an under the Stalinist regime? No. come to liquidate the socialised ism-Socialism to Communismeconomy of the Seviet Union, and the fully classless society. It is as a corollary of this, re-estab- this economic difference and its lish private ownership in the social potentialities which claim our support. Our attitude, how-Intervention has always been and the absence of any really organization of society on coldanger confronting the So- genuine proletarian democracy in lectivist lines. It would be ironical viet Union and will continue to Russia. With all its limitations,

But this potential danger has other great nations. now become a reality, thanks to STALIN HAS TRADUCED

Stalin's foreign policy, which has THE IDEALS OF SOCIALISM Stalin's foreign policy, which has the international working class fending what is left of the Octo the into a tragic dilemma. Lenin pro- ber Revolution, of defending na lated position in which the Soviet his satellites have not only made Unions finds itself vis-a-vis the us morally ashamed, for as sointernational working class. Hav- cialists we are justified in feeling ing abandoned the policy of that the ethical conceptions and World Revolution and dependence ideals for which we are striving and fresh fields for the investworld Revolution and dependence ideals for which we are striving ment of capital. The Soviet Untional working class against the on the same standard as the machinations of imperialist poli- bourgeoisie—the suppressors of ticians, Stalin was forced, willy- the rights of nations, the externilly, to seek new allies among minators of weaker peoples and the ruling sections of the imper- the instigators of war. But again ialist Powers whose foreign ori- we must not allow our subjective entation at a given period coin- feelings to blur our vision to the cided with the peace aims of the dangers involved not only for the Soviet Union but for ourselves Appreciation of this fact is a also. The slimy, treacherous prerequisite to an understanding bourgeoisie always watches eagof the zigzag course of Soviet erly to exploit our class indignaforeign policy in recent years. tion in its own interests, and to ope."

ic difficulties, the more its lead- in this exploitation.

today, precisely when the Soviet the attempt to regain what they lies and Germany, it would be can hardly look forward with enbeen let down, the Popular Front- that if the Chamberlains and Dal- party's unprincipled abuse of army, to defeat the Red Army vituperative and slanderous in they would be satisfied merely Russia will bring down the Stalism? This Unholy Alliance of Ca- present the issue to the Russian the Stalinist regime. In a strugpitalism and Jesuitism would masses as one of "self-defense" completely destroy the Russian against a united world capitalist Finland and the army of Stalin In this befogged situation it is working-class movement — trade attempt to restore Tsarism and we would do our utmost to—help difficult for most people to see unions and co-operatives. Worst capitalist property relations. The defeat Stalin's army.

gression against "poor little Fin- sia and the liquidation of Stalinclearly ahead. A special duty, disaster of all, they would comtherefore, falls upon Revolution- pletely liquidate the collective the peoples of the Soviet Union, THE RED ARMY'S VICTORY ary Socialists to clarify the prob- ownership of the means of pro- would be compelled to rally to the IS A LESSER EVIL! imperialist intervention against lem, for only by this means will duction and restore to the finanthe Soviet Union is greater than at any other time since 1921. The masses be able to see the sitcal manipulators of the City, have already stated, so long as vanced workers of Finland should tempting to build "Socialism in the Stalinists that "the irrevo- dolars, and francs-the swag con

gret the Soviet's attack upon Fin- ion," we nevertheless maintain Nor will these "Saviours of land and we must hold Stalin re- that Russia is fundamentally a Christianity and Civilization" war against the Russian work- banks, factories, etc.-has been sweep over Europe as to make ers and peasants under the hypo- abolished. This fact alone puts Hitler's Germany pale into insig-

Let us make no mistake about italist-imperialist nations. This it. The destruction of Russia himself may very conceivably, as off their balance by the crime of

force once more. Moreover, the restoration of ever, does not blind us to many capitalism, whose demise is a economic and social inequalities necessary prerequisite to the refor workers that when the syssocialism in a backward agrarian what the advanced workers be so long as Lussia is surround- however, the Soviet Union is abject poverty and unemploybe so long as Lussia is surround-however, the Soviet Union is abject poverty and unemploy-ed by hostile capitalist Powers. historically an advance upon the power and dragged them into ment, and dragged them into throes, they should be instru-the international working class fending what is left of the Octo it. A capitalist Russia would properialisms with new markets, additional sources of raw material ion, which covers a sixth part of this dilemma. We must, while rethe earth's surface, would be restored to its former Tsarist status-a semi-colony of Western capitalist - imperialism - and the Russian masses would be used as "storm-troopers" to keep the proletariat in the advanced industrial countries servile and obedient. In short, Russia would be restored to her previous ignominious position of the "Gendarme of Eur-

The more the Soviet Union got make us—the working class and entangled in its internal econom- colonial peoples—its instruments class, despite its differences with gle will offer the best example to ers became involved in power pol- Until the day Stalin restores to itself to be so short-sighted as to remove the danger of intervenitics and were obliged to exploit the Russian and foreign capital- become the shock troops of interthe differences among the imperists their properties and allows rational finance in any anti-Sovi-Russian workers and peasants ialists to the complete abandon- them to set up in Moscow a stock et adventure, it will deserve all would shake off their own burment of the support of the world exchange and all the other paraproletariat and the colonial peo- phernalia of finance-capital, the RUSSIAN OPPOSITION MUST ever, the emancipation of the Western capitalists will never RALLY TO SOVIET DEFENSE working class remains the task of The bitter consequence of this give up their plans to drown the Returning to the present im- the workers alone.

well to remind those workers who thusiasm to that possibility. It is have allowed themselves to be only a lesser evil in comparison drawn into the anti-Soviet camp with the evil of permitting the out of disgust of the Communist imperialists, through the Finnish their confidence, that they are de- and thus prepare for the destrucluding themselves if they think tion of the Soviet Union. that imperialist intervention in inist bureaucracy. Such a war that best of all possible solutions: would enable the bureaucrats to a Soviet Finland independent of imperialism .

movement in every country.

But even before actual military

intervention takes place, Stalin Russia and Germany would com- Finnish workers would act as we ing the price for Stalin's disas-Russian workers to join them. bloody warfare, is in its death ed not only the Soviet people but the historic importance of devide Anglo-French-American immake too hot a stew."

There is only one way in which pudiating Stalin's Finnish adventure, dissociate ourselves from all entanglements with the imperialist war-mongers and their anti-Soviet campaign. But most important of all, we must at the same time intensify the class struggle at home and tighten the bonds of solidarity and understanding with the working classes of all lands, who alone can settle accounts with their own bour-If the international working geoisie. This international strugthe Stalinist bureaucracy, allows the Soviet masses, for it would

MARXIST SCHOOL 125 W. 33rd St., NYC, Rm. 201

lectures on DIALECTICAL THINKING.

given Mondays-8:45 p.m., beginning Feb. 26. The lectures will consider "Dialectical Materialism and its Critics." The criticisms of Hook, Eastman, etc., will be dealt with, as also the work of such modern logicians as Whitehead and Rus-

WRIGHT and GEORGE NOV-

Admission:

SOCIALIST APPEAL

Vol. IV, No. 8

Saturday, Feb. 24, 1940

Published Weekly by the SOCIALIST APPEAL PUBLISHING ASS'N. at 116 University Place, New York, N. Y. Telephone: Algonquin 4-8547

Editors: MAX SHACHTMAN WELIX MORROW

General Manager: GEORGE CLARKE

Assistant Manager: SHERMAN STANLEY

Subscriptions: \$2.00 per year; \$1.00 for six months. Foreign: \$3.00 per year, \$1.50 for six months. Bundle orders: 3 cents per copy in the United States; 4 cents per copy in all foreign countries. Single copies: 5 cents.

"Reentered as second class matter December 4, 1939, at the post office at New York, N. Y., under the Act of March 3, 1879."

FIGHT WITH THE SOCIALIST **WORKERS PARTY FOR:**

- 1. A job and a decent living for every worker. Open the idle factories-operate them under
- workers' control. A Twenty-Billion dollar Federal public works
- and housing program. 4. Thirty-thirty-\$30-weekly minimum wage-30-
- hour weekly maximum for all workers on all jobs. Thirty dollar weekly old-age and disability
- 6. Expropriate the Sixty Families.
- All war funds to the unemployed.
- A people's referendum on any and all wars.
- No secret diplomacy.
- An independent Labor Party.
- Workers' Defense Guards against vigilante and Fascist attacks.
- Full social, political and economic equality for the Negro people.

Unity For the Miners

The Progressive Miners Union is headed straight for a blow-up which we hope will lead to a unification of the Illinois coal diggers inside the United Mine Workers of America, the union representing the overwhelming majority of the nation's miners.

The rank and file of the P.M.A., led by genuine progressives, has been at loggerheads with the arch-reactionary international officials of the union, Joe Ozanic and Claude Pearcy, for some time. The dispute came to a sharp climax when the International Executive Board of the union expelled Dave Reed and John Battuello, two leading militants, on charges of cooperation with the U.M.W.

The very issue of their expulsion serves to emphasize the reactionary character of the P.M.-A. officialdom. A few months ago Reed and Battuello joined in a common action with the Illinois district of the U.M.W. to force operators to comply with state mining laws. The action was successful and as a result will cost the operators hundreds of thousands of dollars in the enforcement of these laws-to say nothing of the hundreds of miners' lives that will be saved from needless mine disasters.

What could be more natural than a united front of the two miners' unions on this vital issue? Yet, on precisely this issue the P.M.A. leadership expelled Reed and Battuello. The charge made by the two expelled miners, that the P.M .-A. officials acted in this matter in connivance with the coal operators, has every appearance of truth. Moreover, they present evidence showing that in June, 1939 the Coal Producers Ass'n of Illinois asked for their removal from their local positions.

The expulsion of Reed and Battuello comes only as a culmination to a seven-year reactionary course that has brought disgrace to what was once America's most promising militant union. In full revolt against the dictatorial policies of the Lewis machine, 50,000 Illinois miners broke away from the U.M.W. and formed the Progressive Miners Union in the fall of 1932. They waged a militant strike against coal operators. deputies, Lewis' thugs, National Guardsmen and martial law-a strike that made history in the American labor movement. More than a dozen martyrs stand as an eternal monument to that struggle.

But, soon after, leadership of the union was seized by a reactionary group that paraded as militants. In short order they made a mockery of the name "progressive." They kept the P.M.A. out of the unorganized coal fields of West Virginia and Kentucky, thus cramping its growth by restricting it to the narrow confines of the state of Illinois. They expelled the militants and began a red-baiting drive that must have made even the Lewis of that time blush for shame and envy. They converted the union organ into a Coughlinite-Huey Long fascist rag that forgot about miners' problems and spent its time railing at "international bankers, jews and communists." Slowly the union dwindled down in membership until only a few thousand miners remained, held by their enduring resentment to the murderous Lewis methods they remember-and because of P.M.A. job control in their mines. But the

United Mine Workers staged a great comeback, enlisting the bulk of the miners in its fold. In Illinois, too, it recouped its fortunes and won the majority of the miners. The P.M.A. was left with a shell.

Meanwhile the P.M.A. officials, at the end of their rope, turned to the Executive Council of the AFL for affiliation. Bill Green chartered this dual union for no other reason than to make trouble for the CIO and John L. Lewis. After two years, with twenty organizers in the field, an enormous payroll and a wretched policy of collaboration with the operators-Joe Ozanic, the union president, now admits "disastrous defeat." The coal diggers still in the P.M.A. are up in revolt. Local 3 with a membership of 550 defied the International and reinstated Reed to membership. Local 1, the most powerful in the union with a membership of 2,200, reinstated Battuello in defiance of the International. And now local after local is demanding that an election for international officials be held within 60 days or dues will be withheld. This is one revolt the P.M.A. skates won't stop by red-baiting and expulsions. The coal diggers are fed up.

Battuello and Reed are fighting the battle of the Illinois miners. Victory rightly belongs to them. We hope this victory will lead to the longneeded unification of the mine workers of Illin-

LAW'S MAJESTIC EQUALITY

Convicted of stealing two loaves of bread-value 20 cents-John Richmond, 22, of Boston, was fined \$25 by Judge Robert W. Frots. Well, if a millionaire had stolen the bread, he also would have been fined!

Hitler's Secret Weapon

The great fear that animated the imperialist powers before the outbreak of war-and animates them still—is the fear that the war would bring in its wake the destruction of capitalism everywhere.

This is what postponed the outbreak for so long. This is what lay behind the desperate efforts of the British and French imperialists to strike a bargain with Hitler by voluntarily giving him what he threatened to take. This is what still makes them hesitate, even now, before taking what they have reason to believe might be a fatal plunge for all of them.

In his new book retailing Hitler's private conversations with his principal henchmen, Herman Rauschnig, former Nazi leader of Danzig, reveals that Hitler has made conscious use of this

"We may be destroyed," he cried on one occasion, "but if we are, we shall drag a world with us-a world in flames.'

Is this, perhaps, Hitler's "secret weapon" of which so much has been heard?

ONE WAY RACKET

When two Minnesota youths were hailed before a judge, charged with cheating a pin ball machine by using a magnet to draw the ball into the winning pockets, the judge fined them and ruled that it is illegal to take advantage of the pin ball machine

Can't Hide Cold!

On the same page of the New York Post (February 20) there appear two items with London datelines.

"BRITISH HIDE WAR BUDGET-Even Commons Won't Know Amounts.

"It is neither practicable nor desirable," says a treasury official, "to present to parliament detailed estimates purporting to cover the whole cost of these services. It would not be desirable in the public interest. . . ."

If you would know why it would be "neither practicable nor desirable" then read the following item which appeared under the much smaller

"COALSHORTAGEINLONDONGROWS

"A coal shortage in London and elsewhere in England is reaching an acute stage, it was disclosed today, with widespread discomfort and suffering in the poorer districts.

"Officials said there was no actual shortage of coal but that the winter and war conditions had disrupted transportation."

Undoubtedly it would be neither "desirable nor practicable" for the worker who slaves at sub-standard wages in war factories to know that the reason for their heat-less homes is the billions the government is putting in the war budget.

But even concealing the war budget won't hide the fact that despite the coal shortage there is still plenty of fuel to feed the blazing fireplaces in the mansions of Messrs. Churchill and Cham-

There are some things you can't hide.

In the World of Labor

= By Paul G. Stevens =

Increased Attacks Against Our Belgian Comrades?

This week United Press carried the following dispatch from Brussels:

"The Cabinet, which met unexpectedly today, was reported to have discussed means of strengthening legislation against persons disturbing internal order. It was believed that the Cabinet was anxious to suppress the activities of communist agitators who, it was alleged, recently provoked strikes, especially among coal miners.

The most recent strikes among Belgian miners were those of the Levant de Flenu company in the Borinage region, the traditional stronghold of our Belgian comrades, the Revolutionary Socialist Party (P.S.R.). Several weeks ago this column reported suppression of the party's legal organ 'La Lutte Ouvriere" and its reappearance under the title "L'Action Socialiste." The paper had to change from the mining region to Brussels. It is consequently safe to assume that the Cabinet action is directed against our Belgian miner com-

Despite all previous attempts to drive them underground, our comrades have shown a remarkable ability to readjust themselves under fire. Their deep roots among the Borinage proletariat have assured the continuity of their work. If their past performance is any indication. they will be able with the aid of their devoted following in the pits to overcome even these latest moves of the government .Their heroic resistance to the war preparations of Belgian capitalism is an example of the vitality of the Fourth International under increasingly difficult conditions.

Only Fourth Internationalists Fight Against War in Canada

From Canada we have just received the latest

issue of "Socialist Action," the excellent little sheet put out illegally by our Canadian comrades. Of all the working class organizations in that country, the section of the Fourth International is the only one that is actively engaged in the struggle against war. The reformist Canadian Commonwealth Federation (Second International) has gone completely patriotic under the leadership of its parliamentary whip, Coldwell. The pacifist wing under Woodsworth, which repeatedly wrote a rather strong anti-war plank into the party's program at the Federation's conventions in recent years, has completely capitulated to the war-mongering leadership of its parliamentary representatives, although it has been known to have a majority in the membership. The Stalinist party seems to have disappeared from the field of public action altogether after the switch in line that followed the conclusion of the Stalin-Hitler pact. At the outbreak of the war in September it was still for the support of the "democratic" powers. Only our comrades carry on the strong anti-war tradition of the Canadian work-

In the elections to parliament which are now going on as a result of the dissolution of the lower house by Prime Minister McKenzie King, the C.C.F. is agitating along avowedly imperialist lines. At a recent meeting, Coldwell made the

(Continued from Page 1)

All these possibilities are obvi-

le allowances for time lags that

might extend into the Fall and

possibly even to next winter, it

tilities will spread to all the zones

uation on the Western front prop-

er, with activity confined to large

From the Allied point of view

the object would be to inflict a

decisive defeat on Germany-a

defeat decisive enough to un-

seat the Hitler regime and

bring a chastened Reich into

the Allied entente for continued

From the German point of view

to the fullest extent possible the

German superiority in armaments

which cannot long be sustained if

the Allies are given more time to

plete conquest, at least to carve

itself a larger share in the world's

spoils as the price of its partici-

pation in a joint enterprise

Stalin's Downfall!

Stalinist regime in the Soviet Un-

ion, the entire perspective, in any

or all of its facets, spells the ut-

most peril. It means that Stalin,

against his will and against all

his instincts of self-preservation,

will find himself engaged in ma-

jor conflict with the powers and

saddled tight in the German alli-

ance. Continuation and extension

of the war will mean the down-

From the standpoint of the

workers of Russia and of the

rest of the world the question

is: will Stalin, when he falls,

drag the Workers State down

with him? Will he go down un-

der the blows of world imper-

From the standpoint of the

against the U.S.S.R.

fall of Stalin.

the purpose would be to exploit they find themselves in.

whip their war machines into efforts. It regards itself as the

shape. Through use of its tre- arbiter-in-chief and intends to

mendous power in the air and un- use its power to impose a settle-

restricted warfare at sea, Ger- ment that will insure its own par-

many would seek to cripple the amount rule in world affairs. If

Allies and, if not to achieve com- possible it will seek to do so by

war against the Soviet Union.

continuation of the stalemate sit- world.

mentioned separately above.

Powers Gird For Spring Crisis

All these possibilities are obviously closely interlocked. Making working class, aroused by its the inevitable necessity for using its armed strength as well, pri-

The answer to that question

The one possible variant is the across the tortured face of the war of the powers against the

Fear the Masses

scale use of artillery and aerial compelled, despite their own fears the Russias. If to do this it is

for their own rule, to enter into

will soon discover the enemy at

sacrifices on a scale never before

even now, well past the eleventh

hour, the efforts continue to find

a new balance, however precari-

ous, that will somehow dull the

razor-sharp edge of the crisis

America's Central Role

sented by Roosevelt, is playing

right now a central role in these

manipulating its economic weap-

American imperialism, repre-

unchallenged.

If our imperialist rulers are

neril to the defense of its revo-

lutionary conquests?

is clear that if a clear-cut mili- will be found not only within

tary decision is to be sought, hos- the Soviet Union but among the

following declaration for his party, according to 'Socialist Action":

"The C.C.F. believes that our national unity, the allied cause and securing a just peace could be served best by limiting our military and naval participation to defense to our own large territory and lands belonging to the British and French adjacent to Canada. That would include Newfoundland, the Bahamas, Bermuda and such islands as Miquelon and St. Pierre."

Allegedly opposing the sending of Canadian troops overseas, the C.C.F. leader makes clear that this is not due to any real opposition to imperialist policy. On the contrary, he appears to be concerned only to obtain the most adequate defense of allled imperialist interests on the Western hemisphere. As against the openly war-mongering policy of the social reformists in the C.C.F our comrades are participating in the election struggle under the slogans:

"For a Workers and Farmers Government! Ex propriate the 50 big shots! For Workers' Control of Production! Down with Imperialist War!"

How British Trade Union Bureau-

crats Deal with Opposition to War In Great Britain the movement of opposition to the war has become particularly pronounced among local trade union bodies known as the Trades Councils which are similar in structure to our own Central Labor Unions. The opposition springs from the growing realization of the rank and file militants that it is they who-by the de cline of real wages and the rise in cost of living -have to bear the burden of a war which is not of their making. Apparently this movement is giving serious cause for worry to the trade union bureaucrats at the top who are, of course, thoroughly patriotic.

Recently they have been going over from worrying to action. What action? They simply instruct local affiliates of national unions under their control on pain of expulsion to withdraw from Trades Councils which have declared their opposition to the war. In other words, they put on the economic squeeze. Thus, for instance, Ernest Bevin, head of the Transport Workers Union, announces in the Daily Herald of December 29:

"Trades Councils that support the 'peace at any price' policy will find that part of the price of their decision is that they will not receive affiliation fees for 1940 from the Transport and General Workers Union. That 'peace' policy is in conflict with the decisions of the Trade Union Con gress and the Labour party. The union has a standing resolution to pay money only to Trades Councils and local Labor parties that accept the national policy of the T.U.C. and the Labour par-

Since then, the branches of the Bevin union have been instructed to withhold fees from the Glasgow, Aberdeen and Edinburgh Trades Councils. Such blackmail may deal a temporary blow to the workers' opposition to war. But only a temporary one. For the plan of the Chamberlain government to squeeze a major share for the cost of the coming war year from the pockets of the workers will undoubtedly give it a new impulse. The next wave will only be more embittered because of the dastardly steps taken to stem it

ialism, or will he go down un- ons, but is preparing steadily for

masses of soldiers and workers central objective of American im-

and peasants bearing the brunt perialist strategy is to focus the

of the boss war on all fronts war as soon as possible into a

this titanic test of strength, they the Western powers will get all

home. For they will have to exact nomic and military. It is to see it

seen and they will not exact them that Roosevelt has sent Welles to

They know this. That is why gone on the very eve of zero hour.

Lheir by James Burnham

Government

Just What Happens On Election Day?

Election Day next November will be pointed to with pride by defenders of the "American system" as convincing proof that "genuine democracy" prevails in this country. On that day, they will argue, the adult population, of its own free will, without coercion and by secret ballot, selects its own chief executive, together with the other major officials who govern the nation. In the case of the Presidency, all citizens over 21 years of age may vote for anyone he wishes who is native-born and more than 35 years old. What further evidence could be required to show that the people rule themselves, that they have the kind of government which the majority wants to have?

Universal suffrage and the secret ballot are, in truth, precious rights, and no Marxist will advocate abandoning them; on the contrary, the problem in this country is rather to extend them so that they will apply in fact to all, and not be restricted as at present through various kinds of racial and property disqualifications. Nevertheless, a very little examination of what happens on and before Election Day will be enough to show that universal suffrage and the secret ballot are in themselves powerless to guarantee a full and genuine democracy

How Do Names Get on the Ballot?

The Presidency is the decisive political office in the United States today. The extension of the power of the executive branch of the government during the past two or three decades gives it in practice the controlling power over the most important political and social issues, including power to involve the country

On Election Day, though theoretically free to vote for anyone we wish, the ballot actually prints the names of electors for only from two to five or six candidates for the Presidency. In many if not most States, only two candidates-those of the Republican and Democratic parties-appear on the ballot.

How did those names get there? If the people have no real say about what names they select from on the November ballot, or what policies the men named stand for, then the pretended freedom of choice in November is largely an illusion. It would be like telling someone he is free to select any card he may wish from a deck, but then constructing the deck so that it contained only two's and three's.

The decision about the two principal names to appear on the November ballot will be made at the national conventions of the Republican and Democratic parties, to be held in June and July. Preparations for these conventions are now going rapidly forward. Beginning next month, a series of primary elections will be held in many States to select the convention dele-

It might seem that through these primary elections, the people should be able to control the work of the conventions, and thus decide whose names go on the convention ballots. This is not at all the case. The delegate slates at the primary elections are publicized as if they were men pledged to Roosevelt, Garner, Dewey, Taft, or whoever it might be; but, with the exception of only one or two States, the pledges are not binding. The delegates are in no way responsible to the people who voted for them; they may do anything they please at the conventions. They are almost always hardened machine-men, ready to do whatever they are told. The public pledge to one candidate or another is only a temporary device to attract votes and interest

So much so is this the case that many of the chief candidates do not even bother to enter slates in the primary elections. Senator Taft, for example, high on the list of Republican possibilities, is steering clear of public primary battles. He is lining up delegates quietly, behind the scenes in the club-houses and com-

Some years ago, many liberal reformers thought that direct primaries for convention delegates would break the backs of the corrupt political machines. A majority of States introduced them. Experience showed that they were seldom a handicap, and often an additional advantage, to the machines. In recent years, several States have abandoned direct primaries. and gone back to the standard method of selection by the State party committees.

Indirectly, of course, popular feeling influences to some extent the selection of candidates. A convention. unless it wants to cut its own party throat, has got to pick a man with a certain amount of mass appeal, who can be put across to the voters. But it remains a fact that in the United States today there is no serious and responsible democratic control over the major political parties and, through them, over the personnel and policies of the government.

AMAZING OPPORTUNITY

marily in the Pacific against its

Zero Hour

Soviet Union, to crush there the

spectre of workers' rule and to

throw open to the victorious im-

perialist bloc the rich lands of

necessary to crush Hitler first

the aid they need to do so, eco-

this decision is really inescapable

Europe. That is why Welles has

In the immediate situation, the

chief rival there, Japan.

We invite you to come in and find out how you can get \$3.00 worth of books Free through our new book

club arrangement.

Modern Book Shop 27 University Place, N. Y. C.

A TREASURE-CHEST OF REVOLUTIONARY MARXISM

Bound Volume — Socialist Appeal

SECOND SIX MONTHS 1939 \$2.00 TOGETHER (including postage) \$3.00

Bound Volume - New International

1938 \$2.00 1939 \$2.50

—for a song

TOGETHER (including postage) \$3.50

PIONEER PUBISHERS 116 UNIVERSITY PLACE NEW YORK, N. Y.

A Labor Party and Democracy There is no mystery in this fact when once we

understand that the existing parliamentary and party machinery in this country has as its object not merely or even primarily to express a certain (very minor) degree of democracy, but to limit and restrict democracy within narrow and closely guarded borders. These borders are defined by the property relations of capitalist economy and the interests of the owners of

Inside those borders, some democracy is permissible, at least until capitalism in order to save itself is compelled to resort to fascist totalitarian politics. Outside those borders, attempts at democracy become-"subversive agitation." The parliamentary machinery, the "two-party system," are designed to defend those borders, and thus to limit democratic control by the masses in such a way that it cannot interfere with capitalism.

These general considerations indicate one reason why it is so vain to hope that the workers can ever "use" either the Democratic or Republic parties to achieve their aims: by their very nature these parties are anti-working class, and workers support them only at the cost of making their own aims impossible.

For the workers to get anywhere on the political arena, the first step has got to be to break out of the framework of capitalist-that is, anti-working classpolitics; specifically, in this country, to break away from both the Democratic and Republican parties, and build a workers' party with a workers' program and workers' candidates. If this isn't done, the choice in November isn't worth the time it takes to walk to the polls. A vote over who is to be warden is not very crucial when the real problem is how to get out of jail.