Atomic Death Rays Still Killing Japanese

- SEE PAGE 6 -

THE MILITANT

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Kremlin Betrays Chinese Masses By Chiang Deal

The recently published Soviet-Chinese treaty between Chiang Kai-shek and Stalin is a terrible blow against the Chinese masses, a betrayal of their armed struggle against the butcher Chiang Kai-shek. Repeating his sell-out of the European workers, Stalin is attempting to use the struggles of the Chinese masses as bargaining counters to secure concessions for the Kremlin ruling

oligarchy. The Chinese masses? represent for Stalin mere pawns to be deployed and sold out in Soldiers Petition consonance with the needs of the Kremlin oligarchy. Stalin has again betrayed the strughas again betrayed the struggles of the Chinese masses.

The collapse of Japanese imperialism has kindled the fires of the class struggle in China. The Chinese masses, who for eight years have fought so heroically to drive out the Japanese imperialist invader, are now rising up to secure for themselves the fruits and sufferings. They desire to end the infamous regime of Chiang Kai-shek, which rules by bloody terror, which deprives the people of the most elementary democratic rights and which subjects them to the brutal exploitation of the capitalist, the landlord, and the usurer.

WORKERS ACT

The peasantry is reported to have risen up in the countryside called on Congressman Gregory and for the first time since the trushing of the Chinese revolution in 1927, the industrial proletariat has taken over factories in Shanghai. The proletarian the Eighty-sixth (Backhawk) masses stand ready to battle the brutal dictatorship of Chiang Kai- had asked the newspaper's col-

Moreover, there exists in opposition to the Kuomintang regime the dual government at Yenan which enjoys widespread support among the peasantry be EARLIER DATE cause of its introduction of agrarian reforms. The Yenan govern- the Twenty-nineth Division, now ment rules over a vast territory in the European theatre, resulted combining a population estimated in setting an earlier date for reat more than 80 million people turn of the division to the United and commands an army of at States, the Aug. 23 Washington least 500,000 men as well as num- Post reported. erous guerrilla forces in other parts of the country. The pop- ed by the War Department, whose ular revolt has crystallized around the Yenan regime and its the news of troop protests would

government capitulate, than a port, if not based on fact," the race began between the armies statement said, "is merely an enof Chiang Kai-shek and those of couragement to hundreds of the Yenan regime to seize the key thousands of other soldiers to industrial cities of China and ef- follow the same procedure, which torch-light parade through the fect the surrender of the Japan- clearly would have a very serious ese army. Both Chiang Kai- effect on the morale and good shek's and the Yenan armies are order of the Army." poorly armed. Whoever seized The War Department also ex- cago for many years. the vast booty of the Japanese pressed resentment of newspaper armed forces would possess the reports that the War Department superior military force.

(Continued on page 4)

Pacific Transfers Soldiers from three army divi-

sions last week protested against being sent to the Pacific, and their pressure forced Congressmen and Senators to intervene on their behalf.

The first protest was reported of their unparalleled sacrifices from the combat-hardened Ninety-Fifth Division, now at Camp Shelby, Miss. The White House Aug. 21 announced that it has received a telegram of protest signed by 580 members of this

Next came a protest from about 500 soldiers of the Eighteenth Airborne Division, now at Camp Campbell, Kentucky. A delegation of nine of these soldiers (Dem. Ky.) and asked him to file a protest.

Then the San Francisco Chronicle announced that veterans of Division, now on the West Coast, umnist, Robert O'Brien, to telegraph v a r i o u s Congressmen, broadcast companies and newspasoldiers of the division.

Protests of some 3,000 men in

was formally deni No sooner did the Japanese the armed forces. "Such a re-

Civil war began to rage as the protests. These newspaper

(Continued on page 4)

Wall St. Cracks Whip

By Ending Lend-Lease

By Felix Morrow

Murray Tells Senate Demand Rises For Government To Operate Plants

THE FRUITS OF "FREE ENTERPRISE"



Grim faces of workers tell their fear of coming hardships, as President Chase Donaldson of the Briggs Clarifier Company, Washington, D. C., informs them that V-J Day means "no more jobs." Similar scenes were taking place from coast to coast, as millions of men and women were thrown onto the scrap heap of unemployment.

7,000 Demonstrate In Chicago Loop As Layoffs Sweep Gigantic War Plants

By Mike Bartell

Over 7,000 unemployed CIO hours notice in many cases. Over 7,000 unemployed CIO hours notice in many cases.

workers demonstrated in the Coliseum auditorium and the Coliseum auditorium aud streets of Chicago's Loop last statement indicated concern that night, demanding jobs, severance pay and adequate unemstart a wave of them throughout ployment insurance. Layoffs months to exceed 500,000.

Climaxing the demonstration was an impressive and dramatic busiest streets of the Loop. This was the first workers' demonstration held in the streets of Chi-

Marching in the parade were large contingents of workers was "backing down" in face of from Dodge, Buick, Studebaker, Bendix, Amertorp, Foote Bros., Pressed Steel Car Co., Pullman Standard and other war plants

which had closed their doors, | manding that the \$30 billion alturning close to 100,000 workers ready appropriated for war, but CHICAGO, III., Aug. 21- into the streets with only a few still unexpended, be used for sev-

monstrators marched by shout- were not immediately forthcoming "WE WANT JOBS!" and ing received enthusiastic apholding aloft hundreds of banners proval. bearing militant slogans and demands such as "THERE WILL here are expected within a few BE NO PEACE WITHOUT JOBS!" "WORK OR FIGHT!,"

"IT HAPPENED IN ENGLAND, greeted with a crescendo of boos IT CAN HAPPEN HERE," "THE LITTLE STEEL FORMULA BE DAMNED." "NEGRO A N D WHITE UNITE FOR JOBS!."

CONTRAST TO V-J DAY

This grim and rebellious parade of unemployed, with its flam- by the workers who still rememwas in striking contrast to the jubilant V-J Day demonstration which had taken place on these same streets less than a week

by the layoffs spoke, protesting the failure of the government to provide jobs and adequate unemployment insurance.

The meeting was addressed by Richard T. Frankensteen, a vicepresident of the CIO United Automobile Workers and candidate for mayor of Detroit. The audi- chairman of the meeting anence gave unanimous approval to nounced that the Governor had his proposal that a telegram be sent to President Truman de-

erance pay to the millions of dis-

MAYOR KELLY BOOED Democratic Mayor Kelly, who had been invited to speak, was

> Coast-to-Coast Reports on Layoffs See Pages 2-3

ing torches, its fighting slogans ber the massacre of Chicago steel and threats to the powers that be, strikers by Kelly's police in 1937. Evidently the significance of labor's victory in England, Frankensteen's huge primary vote, and the mood of the unemployed workers were not lost Prior to the parade, a rally even on this reactionary machine was held in the Coliseum under politician, for he was very anxithe auspices of the Chicago In- ous to ingratiate himself with dustrial Union Council, where the workers of the CIO. He personally to support all the legislation advocated by the CIO, and claimed that the 10 Democratic congressmen from Illinois "will be in there voting for every

one of those bills you want." The name of Governor Green was also roundly booed when the

(Continued on page 2)

No Christmas Spirit Senator Claude Pepper (D.

"Certainly that bomb (atomic)

a crowded city without warning."

How to Keep Friends

Aug. 20).

(Norman Thomas, in The Call,

Advising that the British

standard of living "is bound to

fall" unless American capitalism

gives Britain substantial aid. Sir

Oliver Lyttleton, former Conser-

vative head of the Board of Trade,

on Aug. 21 told the Laborite ma-

jority in the House of Commons:

'If you wish to obtain assistance

from the United States, you must

Fla.), on tour in England, on Aug. leaders of the CIO locals affected promised to go to Washington 21 stated that Congress might be willing to do anything that was of "joint benefit" in extending American credits to other countries, adding however, "but Labor Day parade and demonwe do not have money to give stration against layoffs which away. No one expects us to be this week threw more than 350 .-Lord Bountiful. Uncle Sam is 000 Detroit workers out into the no Santa Claus."

Situation "Normal"

A War Manpower Commission report on Aug. 21 "listed 77 areas where the supply of labor is expected to be 'in balance'," reports the Associated Press, "which means 5 to 12 per cent unemployed."

What's in a Name?

"The B-32 Dominator, companion to the B-29, has been renamed the Terminator. The State Dept. thought that the original name would carry a distasteful implication to the rest of the (Business Week, Aug.

Just a Museum "Peace"

N. Y. Times, Aug. 24, observed: necessary forms to obtain their Everybody seems to take the charter for granted and to feel, anyway, that the atomic bomb makes any kind of international covenants old-fashioned."

WORKERS LOSING FAITH IN "FREE ENTERPRISE"

CIO Head Admits Increasing Mass Pressure To Force Government to Run Idle Factories

By Art Preis

Stressing operation for civilian production of the vast government-built war plants as a decisive factor in providing jobs, CIO President Philip Murray on Aug. 22 fearfully warned the Senate Committee hearing on the 'Full Employment' Bill that the American workers will not submit to starvation under capitalism and are increasingly demanding government ownership and operation of idle plants.

Murray testified that "if private enterprise fails to give workers jobs at good wages, turning out things

Truman Prepares New Machinery To Curb Labor

President Truman last week onferred behind closed White House doors with the heads of he AFL, CIO, Chamber of Commerce and Manufacturers Association and secured their agreement to participate in the govment's forthcoming capitallabor "peace" conference now planned for early October.

The purpose of this conference is to elaborate a "new industrylabor agreement to minimize interruption of production by labor

disputes" during "reconversion." agreement from the union lead- (a)). ers for the creation of new goverment machinery which, in ef- RISING DEMAND fect, will continue the function performed since Pearl Harbor by should not have been dropped on the discredited War Labor Board.

Why did Truman call for this of labor. "imperatively needed" conference. It has become abundantly clear that the wartime agencies for curbing labor are no longer effective. During the past six months, the no-strike pledge has been trampled into the dust. The union ranks are pressing for militant action to secure substantial wage increases. The employers and their government "impera-

(Continued on page 2)

we all need, the people will recognize the failure of private capitalism and

vigorously call for govern-

ment operation." Murray himself was not proposing such a policy. He was merely using a threat to impress Congress with the need for speedy enactment of the Trumanbacked bill to "assure" full employment under capitalist "free

See Editorial

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enterprise." This bill explicitly states that it does not authorize "the operation of plants, factories Truman has indicated his ob- or other productive facilities by jective is to secure "voluntary" the Federal Government" (sec. 8

Murray's warning reflected the pressure and demands rising ever more insistently from the ranks

"If the plants are not soon started up to make jobs and turn out gootls," Murray said, "the average citizen is going to ask: Well, why don't the government hire engineers and managers to operate these factories the way it was done during the war?'

"Resolutions are being passed in local unions, individuals are inquiring: 'Why not?' It's going

(Continued on page 2)

be careful about the nasty things you say about private enterprise." Detroit Labor Seethes; Layoffs Hit 350,000

DETROIT, Aug. 24 - Mili- | UAW-CIO President R. J. Thomtant ClO auto union locals here as, these workers waited all day have begun setting up unemployment committees and making preparations for a monster streets.

Demands are being raised by the more advanced auto unionists for full compensation for time lost in layoffs, a 30 per cent general wage increase, a 30-hour week and operation of idle plants by the government under trade union control.

Last Monday, Aug. 20, 1945, will go down in history as "Black Monday" for the "heroes of production" in this key center of American industry. Hundreds of thousands were dumped out of before, and the queues on Wedthe plants like so much scrap. Regional WMC Director Edward L. Cushman admitted that no more than 33,000, less than 10 per cent of those fired, will be reemployed at the end of 60 days.

BURNING WITH ANGER

Beginning early Monday morning, tens of thousands of former war workers, burning with anger Reporting the British Parlia- at the humiliation to which they ment's unanimous ratification of were being subjected, gaththe United Nations Charter, the ered in huge lines to fill out the measly unemployment insurance allotments of \$20 per week for a maximum of 20 weeks.

"Being shouted at and herded like cattle," in the words of

long, three and four abreast in lines extending over seven blocks before the 14 district offices of the United States Employment Service and Michigan Unemployment Compensation Commission, FAINT IN LINE

Thousands of those standing

all day in the broiling sun could not be taken care of by the inadequate office staffs and were told to report the following day. The labor-hating agents of the corporations even refused the offer of R. J. Thomas to provide union personnel to aid in handling the huge crowds for which the government officials callously made no preparations.

Tuesday's rush tripled even the crushing outpouring of the day

(Continued on page 3)

ON THE INSIDE

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FRENCH POSITION

only from Britain.

received 29 billions.

the lend-lease agreements which bor leaders: "If you wish to obmake special provisions in the tain assistance from the United

it was ended abruptly without aid.

ominous sign by the British.

In any event Britain is hardest-

been its chief beneficiary. Of 41

billions of lend-lease, Britain had

have had as one of its princi- lend-lease itself has been suspend- private enterprise. . .' pal aims a warning that the ed," according to a Paris dispatch Labor Government of Britain to the Aug. 23 N. Y. Herald must pursue policies approved Tribune. And DeGaulle's moneymust pursue policies approved lending expedition appears sucby Washington and Wall Street. cessful, for the Aug. 27 N. Y. Ostensibly lend-lease termina- Times reports: "The French alof Roosevelt and Truman to Con- will be able to get on credit most gress that lend-lease would end of the aid we had promised to give with the war and would not be them under lend-lease." No doubt used for post - war relief and DeGaulle has made political con-

prior consultation with the Labor The British government, how Government was taken as an ever, seems to be preparing to resist certain as yet unnamed conditions which Washington is hit by end of lend-lease, having attaching to loans to the Labor Government.

U. S. DEMANDS

reconstruction. But the fact that cessions in return for financial

In addition, however, it is Do these conditions include significant that immediate prodemands for guarantees that the tests against termination came Labor Government will not go in for "socialist experiments?" There is more than one hint to the U. S. and Britain." this effect in the U.S. press. The French government seemed A Conservative leader in the quite reconciled, the Food Minister House of Commons, Oliver noting that food supplies "will Lyttleton, said it bluntly the day be delivered under the sections of | lend-lease ended, telling the La-

Sudden termination of lend-|case of France for the continua-|States you must be careful about lease on August 21 appears to tion of deliveries even though the nasty things you say about

On the whole, U. S. capitalism has not been alarmed at the Labor Government's plans to nationalize coal mines and the Bank of England. It may well be, however, that they want tion carried out previous promises ready have been told that they guarantees that the Labor Gov-Certainly, if the British masses pushed their government to the left, Washington would say, "No oans for socialist experiments." Under the guise of objection

to "socialist" policies, however, U. S. conditions for loans will in all probability try to dictate British foreign trade policies. This was indicated Aug. 25, when the managing editor of the N. Y. Times, Edwin L. James, stated: "Should Attlee's government undertake to socialize foreign trade to the extent of large subsidies or other such measures, it would be only natural if Congress considered the rival interests of

PURE HYPOCRISY

This is pure hypocrisy, to pretend that subsidy of foreign trade would be a "socialist" gov-

(Continued on page 4)

guarantees that the Labor Government will go no further. SWP WINS LEGAL FIGHT TO GET ON N. Y. BALLOT

By C. Thomas

The Board of Elections this Dobbs petitions. morning dismissed the blanket objections filed against the imdependent nominating petitions of Farrell Dobbs, Trotskyist fic objections within the allot-

ted time. In the opinion of the attorney BLANKET OBJECTION for the Socialist Workers Party, the action of the Board assures Dobbs a place on the ballot in the municipal elections this fall. The decision to dismiss the objections came after the SWP had taken court action to restrain the Board

NEW YORK CITY, Aug. 28 of Elections from invalidating the The vigorous action of the Socialist Workers Party in defend-

ing the democratic right of mi-

nority parties to appear on the world." ballot, forestalled the plot of the 25). candidate for Mayor, when the Tammany tricksters to deprive objector failed to submit speci- the workers of the opportunity of voting for a working class candidate for mayor of New York. Several weeks ago, the Tam-

> intend to challenge all minority (Continued on page 5)

> many association of ward-heelers

announced in the press that they

CIO President Admits Increasing Demands RRADE UNIO For Government Operation Of Idle Plants

to be impossible to answer that one with talk of 'confidence' and only as a "last resort." similar chatter."

Four days later - with mounting millions laid off in a few days of catastrophic plant shutdowns - Murray spoke to a mass | provision for the unemployed meeting of CIO steel workers at | not so much as a penny for pubquestion of government operation | Congress would still have to dethan he did before the Senate. He declared:

GOVERNMENT OPERATION

"If business fails to keep in the responsibility of the Government to keep them in operation ... if private enterprise is unwilling or purchase those plants, then it is the responsibility of the American Government to see to it that these plants are operated."

But when will Murray be convinced that "free enterprise" has already failed? Haven't the past three decades of world-wide imperialist slaughter and catastrophic depression been evidence enough? At this very moment, while Murray urges the workers to renew the lease on "free enterprise," millions are already walking the streets without jobs. Hundreds of plants built with the people's money are shut down, "reconverted" to so much scrap.

MURRAY ALTERNATIVE

What alternative does Murray a bill should be written." still hold forth in place of government ownership and operation of the idle plants? His answer is the Murray - Wagner - Patman "Full Employment" Bill, whose principal objective is "to foster free competitive enterprise and the investment of private capital" as a means to "assure at all times sufficient employment opportunities for all Americans."

Even the authors and chief Congressional sponsors of this bill ment," as Representative Patman ing Committee's first hearing on

All the bill does is instruct the sary, measures - not specified prise" is not expected to offer control.

stipulates that government funds shall be used for such purposes

GROWING CLAMOR

If this bill were passed tomorrow, it would not make a single Westfield, Pa., and raised the lie works or any other measure! of idle plants even more sharply bate and adopt a specific pro-

Indeed, Murray was kicking down an open door when he made his threats before the Senate committee. The repercussions in operation war plants, built at this country of the British Labor government expense, then it is Party victory, the economic crisis precipitated by the ending of the war, and the growing clamor of the American workers have conto operate those plants or lease vinced an important section of capitalists and their political agents that they must now make a gesture of offering labor "something." That "something" is the "Full Employment" Bill,

> Following Murray in testifying for the bill last week were such Wall Street representatives as Beardsley Ruml, chairman of the New York Federal Reserve Bank, and banker James P. Warburg. One spokesman, F. R. Von Windigger, president of the Plaza Bank of St. Louis, even protested "you are leaning over backward in favor of private enterprise in this measure... This seems to be a banker's concept of how such

That is the crux of the differences between the capitalist factions over the bill-"how it should ployment instead of "guarantee" content of the bill.

Instead of Murray supporting before a Senate committee a the capitalists and their agents, admit that "the bill does not set he should take the initiative in forth any specific set of programs calling for a nation-wide conferfor maintaining full employ- ence of the entire labor movement to draft a full legislative testified before the Senate Bank- program embodying a genuine labor plan for full employment. Murray's duty is to mobilize the union ranks for an independent. President to prepare an annual militant struggle for such a proestimate of potential employment gram, the central plank of which and propose, if he thinks neces- must be, not how to bolster piratical "free enterprise," but governfor providing jobs through gov- ment ownership and operation of ernment aid if "private enter- the idle plants under workers' Boston USES Office Swamped



Unemployed Boston workers after V-J Day throng the offices of the United States Employment Service, vainly hunting new jobs. Hundreds of thousands are standing in line for hours, to register for work or unemployment insurance in towns and citles all over the country.

be written"—whether the verbiage of the bill, "assure" ememployment, is "strong" enough to blind the workers to the actual In Massachusetts Area

about postwar "full employment" and "60 million jobs." The end of the Japanese war reached their full intensity.

Practically every plant in this area has laid off part of its working crew, with the remaining

O v e r 10,000 Massachusetts tiative in forming unemployed because the plants have returned fraudulent measure sponsored by workers daily are finding out committees and councils for the to a 40-hour week with no more by bitter experience the truth purpose of conducting a united overtime, etc. struggle of employed and unemployed members in defense of the last Tuesday voted unanimously jobless workers. Under the for a county-wide mass meeting per hour. Laid-off women workpressure of the rank and file, it is to demand that the state governhas been the signal for mass likely that this policy will be ment make immediately effective or are offered domestic work or layoffs which have not as yet adopted in a state CIO program. the slight increase in unemploy- laundry jobs at 35 cents an hour. LITTLE ACTION

> workers wondering who will be Congress be reconvened in order to raise unemployment insurance convening of the state legislature to adopt the above proposal. After a bitter struggle, the last tively need" new government

Many "war babies" are fold- REASSURED EMPLOYERS ing up completely, such as Lawwhere the entire force of 800 were of them, immediately after Japfired. Some 9,000 were laid off anese surrender, hastened to aslast Monday at the General Elec- sure the employers and their gov-Local union officials recognize tric plant in Lynn. Shipyard ernment that they are against layoffs, which have been going strikes, that they want the workon for some time, are now being accelerated.

Bethlehem - Hingham Y a r d shut down last month, firing 15,-000 workers. Thousands were Green last April signed their affected by a departmental layoff | highly-bailyhooed "peace charter" last week at the Bethlehem Fore River Yard, where the workers U.S. Chamber of Commerce. But expect another 15,000 to be laid the National Association of Manoff when work is finished on the ufacturers, the automotive corremaining uncompleted ships. The porations, the members of the Boston Navy Yard has cut out Chamber of Commerce, scoffed the night shift, transferring the at this "peace pact." workers to the day crew, with the prospect of a 50 per cent lay-

All plants have returned to the 10-hour week, eliminating over- pulsion. time and bonus pay, etc. Many plants are introducing downgrading, thus cutting wages still

The employers are worried over the attitude of unemployed workers who are showing no desire Chicago Parade to take the low-pay jobs now being offered. A big drive is on to force the unempioyed into jobs paying in many instances less than unemployment insurance.

However, the corporations are hoping that desperate want will force the unemployed into low- DRAMATIC INTERRUPTION paying and non-union jobs. Thus regional WMC director, Arthur Gernes, has stated that the fired war workers "are not taking the first jobs offered. They want to think it over and size up the jobs. I am certain that after Labor Day we will find a greater acceptance of employment on every side."

Kill and Be Blessed

Two leaders of the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America sent a letter of praise to President Truman, says the New York World-Telegram, August 25-for "the selfrestraint shown by the U.S. in the use of the atomic bomb against Japan!

"Only" two teeming cities were annihilated, and not all the victims have yet died from lethal rays which still permeate

YOUNGSTOWN STEEL AT HALF CAPACITY

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Aug. | ment compensation to \$21 weekly mills here are running at only 53 per cent capacity, as compared with 90 per cent two weeks ago and 102 per cent two during the war, are shut down or at very low ebb.

The Ravenna Arsenal, 35 miles from here, is shut down with 10.000 laid off. The nearby Lordstown Arsenal and Depot is down to 900 from 2,300 previously

General Fireproofing Co. is closed, while Truscon Steel, a Republic Steel fabricating 'subsidiary, runs at very low tide. A dozen or so smaller steel fabricating plants, formerly employing from 200 to 1,000 workers, are either closed completely or working skeleton crews.

Women workers are bearing the first brunt of layoffs. Many large steel mills and plants, including Carnegie-Illinois, second largest employer in the Mahoning Valley, made women sign agreements when they were hired to the effect that they were employed for the duration of the war only. Women have been employed chiefly in fabricating plants where the bulk of unemployment exists so far.

DRASTIC CUTS

Reduction of basic steel production has resulted chiefly in

The CIO Council at its meeting

25 - Basic steel production for 22 weeks which is scheduled to go into effect after October

While the CIO Council went on record a month ago for a 30 per cent general wage increase, the months ago. The fabricating steel workers are asking what plants in this area, which em- CIO Steelworkers President ployed up to 15,000 workers Philip Murray is doing, or failing to do, about pressing a demand for adequate wage increases to offset the loss in takehome pay.

Two recent strikes by Steel Local 1462 at Youngstown Sheet



and Tube's Brier Hill 'plant revolved around the issue of cutbacks. The men refused to have the company cut crews without eutting individual production quotas and later refused to work BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 25 - | CIO unions have taken the ini- drastic cuts in take-home pay, at another craft to avoid encouraging the elimination of

> The local USES refers men, except the crippled or aged, to jobs paying as little as 50 cents crs are either denied job referrals

By Joseph Keller

Guild Scraps Pledge

Following the action of the CIO papers tied-up by a strike of the AFL Carriers' Union.

said withdrawing the no-strike tive Representative, is devoted pledge did not mean the Guild to the Frankensteen victory. It members would join the St. Louis begins: carriers' strike. He charged the struck newspapers, the Star- we can do it here.' Times, Post-Dispatch and Globeforce the publishers to accept an about politics.' NLRB ruling granting collective deliverymen.

them as a club to break the strike number of votes. of another union."

Skids Under No-Strike

Without waiting for their internationals to act, many union loca's are proceeding formally to toss the no-strike pledge out the window — and a good riddance, trarily banned all union contract-

For instance, the powerful AFL Boilermakers Local 104 in Sethe unions in the Seattle area.

Hard-hit by shipyard layoffs, the local also went on record for 30-hour week at regular 48 hours' pay and for \$40 weekly unemployment compensation during an entire period of unem-

Cleveland Unions Act

The UAW-CIO's demand for a 30 percent increase from General ated similar demands from local gesture. unions of other internationals. The UAW points out that the 40-hour week means a 30 percent cut in take-home pay from the 48-hour week at 52 hours' pay.

pay to 38 Greater Cleveland plant John L. Lewis.

terests of our membership."

These actions are significant of ities." tremendous pressure of the union ranks for a return to militant have been dominated by the Stalinists who previously have been the loudest advocates of "wage some solid aid to these militant stabilization" and the no-strike miners fighting against scandal-

'We Can Do It Here'

The close connection between United Automobile Workers, the the British Labor Party's victory CIO American Newspaper Guild's and the subsequent victory of executive board last week res- UAW Vice-President Richard T. cinded its no-strike pledge and Frankensteen in the recent Devoted to back its St. Louis mem- troit mayoralty primary has not bers locked-out by three news- been lost upon the CIO leaders.

A full-page article in the Aug. 20 CIO News, by Irving Richter, Milton Murray, Guild president, UAW-CIO Washington Legisla-

"'If they can do it in England,

"I heard that remark from a Democrat, had locked out, with- Ford worker in Detroit after Engout pay, all editorial employes land's great Labor Party victory. but a few deskmen for the dura- 'I hear that comment everywhere tion of the carriers' walkout. The in Ford now,' the worker added, latter strike began Aug. 16 to 'even from guys who never cared

"It wasn't just Detroit workers bargaining rights to the news who saw their municipal elections differently after the British vic-Murray charged that the tory. Professional people, small Guild's locked-out members are businessmen and clerks responded "victims of irresponsible and re- in the same way... the British prehensible action by newspaper victory was undoubtedly a big managements who sought to use factor in doubling the estimated

Premium Pay

President Truman last week revoked the three-year old executive order, issued by Roosevelt ir September 1942, which arbival clauses providing for overtime premium pay for Saturdays, Sundays and holidays as such. attle, Wash., last week rescinded This cost the workers millions the no-strike pledge. Local 104 of dollars in pay to which they carries a lot of weight among were entitled by contract - millions that went into the pockets of the employers.

Truman's action in now revoking the restriction on premium pay, although welcome as a matter of principle, will mean very little in actual cash to the workers. It comes, as Truman calculated, when millions of workers are unemployed, with more millions to follow, and those still on the job cut to a 40-hour week, Motors and Chrysler has stimul- and no overtime. It's a cheap

Lewis Gets Appeal

The 350 miners who have been on strike since July 16 against Thus, Amalgamated Local 735 the Shawmut Mining Co. because of the CIO United Electrical, Ra- of the abominable conditions of dio and Machine Workers, Cleve- filth and insanitation in the comland, O., last week at a member- pany town of Force, Pa., on Aug. ship voted to mail a demand for 25 sent an urgent appeal to the 40 hour week at 52 hours' United Mine Workers President

managements under contract with They wired Lewis that "hous-Officers and stewards of the of Shawmut Mining Co. are in-CIO Mine, Mill & Smelter Work- tolerable, because of sewage in ers in the Cleveland area voted drinking water, lots and highto call upon their international to ways." They urged: "Please in immediately withdraw the no- the name of humanity, call for strike pledge "so that we can ef- a revision of union contracts with fectively fight to advance the in- operators to compel companies to provide essential sanitary facil-

Their union committee has also urged that all miners in the dispolicies. Both Cleveland unions trict support them in a sympathy strike.

It is high time that Lewis gave

5,000 JOBS IN BUFFALO dom of action. Now, faced with a general wage-cutting offensive and with the corporations becom-

than 50,000 men and women the Pacific. The list of plants ONLY LOW-PAY JOBS August 16 over \$100,000,000 in been cancelled. This does not include most of the airplane orders and sub-contracts which have since been cancelled.

Hardest hit of all are Curtiss-Wright workers. They comprise ployed in the city. Approximately

A Washington report places tion and dismissed employes.

By noon, Friday, August 17 over 5,000 workers had registered for unemployment insurance in

with unemployed workers since then. In the long lines were many women and elderly men

The local press is filled with optimistic predictions that there Business spokesmen, with confidence flowing from the biggest profits in their history, dismiss the unemployment crisis. The women, they say, will go back to the home, the old workers will retire (on what!) and the youth will go back to school. They admit that only 5,000 jobs are available in the city-with more then 50,000 already out of work! 5,000 jobs won't go very far. Furthermore, these jobs pay starvation wages and employment agencies report that workers will not take

For those who still remain on the job, the prospects aren't very week is planned for most plants here and this will cut heavily into the take-home pay which already is hardy sufficient to meet the to cut wages to pre-war levels has been stepped up since the war ended.

> For a Rising Scale Of Wages to Meet Rising Living Costs

50 Per Cent Unemployed Seen session of the state legislature increased unemployment benefits to \$21 weekly, maximum. For General Motors In Flint

FLINT, Mich. Aug. 23 -Unemployment here right after V-J Day mounted to 16,500, workers at Chevrolet, members of with the big peak yet to come through the main street with reemployed, contrary to the late in September

ment compensation before Jap- Jobs?" anese surrender. Approximately 50 per cent of Flint workers will be looking for jobs by October 15, according to official announce-

At General Motor's Buick plant 8,000 have been laid off; 5,000 at AC Spark Plug; 3 000 at Fisher Body and Fisher Tank; and 500 so far at Chevrolet. With additional war contract terminations every day, officials openly predict more than 25,000 will be walking the streets for jobs in a few

LOCAL 659 ACTION

auto workers here for some time render was made, 600 second-shift the government can provide jobs agencies."

Local 659, marched four-abreast that many workers will not be banners like "Jobs For All Work-Over 5,000 men and women ers And Returning Veterans," and ticularly to the women. General were already receiving unemploy- "Do We Need War To Have

> Thronging thousands of workers who lined the streets celebrating the end of the war voiced hearty approval of the demonstrators' slogans.

The corporation-controlled daily papers avoided any mention of this demonstration. Though many pictures were taken, none appeared in the boss press.

The powerfully organized CIO typical sentiment when he stated: the dole from industry or the

have been apprehensive of what workers and returning veterans UAW should handle the unemwould occur with the ending of | cr the government will have to | ployment problem through the military hostilities. On Aug. 14, see to it that this is done. Be- local unions and not through the the very day the Japanese sur- cause I am damn certain that if setting up of separate bargaining

This Coupon and 50 Cents Entitles You to a 6-Month Subscription to

By Jerry Kirk

UAW leaders in this General

determination that all unemployed | these words: workers shall be provided jobs. Bob Chase, financial secretary of terested in jobs that pay a decent Fisher Body Local 581, voiced the living wage and not a handout or

propaganda. This applies par-Motors refuses to rehire women who in many cases have more

seniority than the men. Up to now, the union leaders have not mapped out any positive steps to meet the unemployment problem. The present situation caught them unprepared, and many feel that the condition is

too fluid to do anything vet. However, Ben Woodward, president of Buick Local 581, largest local in Flint with 15,000 members and the hardest-hit, posed Motors stronghold have expressed and answered the problem in

"Labor is the group most in-"Industry must provide jobs for government. We feel that the

The only program so far proposed by the union leaders is that Truman Plans Conference While the top labor union leaders have put forth no effective ers have put forth no effective

What do Murray and Green son's Machine Shop in Malden seek from this conference? Both ers to exercise "restraint" and that they are anxious to preserve

> For that purpose, Murray and with Eric Johnston, head of the

> Now, Murray and Green are scheming to sell labor a "peace charter" with a government label and backed by government com-

But the workers have learned

Unemployed in

(Continued from page 1)

been invited but hadn't even answered the telegram. Also greeted by a loud chorus of boos was a representative of the WLB. ers have just talked about!

There was a dramatic interruption in the the proceedings when contingent of workers from the Amertorp plant marched into the meeting with the announcement that the plant had just closed down.

A resolution was passed at the meeting demanding passage of the Murray Full Employment Bill, \$25 for 26 weeks' unemployment insurance bill, a 20 percent ncrease in wages, 65-cents minmum wage bill, and a permanent

The extremely high proportion of Negro participation indicated that the Negro workers are especially aroused and most ready to struggle, because they know full well that they will be the hardest hit by the layoffs.

Among the plants which have shut down is Chrysler's Dodge-Chicago plant, one of the largest in the world, employing 30,000



through bitter experience the disestrous consequences of permitting the government to curb the unions' independence and freeand with the corporations becoming daily more brazen as the unemployed "labor float" grows, the union ranks want no more government shackles foisted on

GET OFF WLB

the workers want nothing more to do with such set-ups. They Army and Navy contracts had want and need an independent fighting policy. They mean business about winning the 30 per cent wage increase the union lead-

The union ranks have every right to suspect the purposes of about half of the total unemthe union leaders at Truman's conference. Before everything else, the workers have a right to demand some evidence of good faith after the repeated betrayals this plant total 84 per cent. they have experienced.

LABOR BOARD NOW! And then, instead of conspiring with the employers and their government agents to forge new and Detroit in the number of unchains for labor, let them take the lead in mobilizing the union ranks for militant action to secure

There is one way the union

leaders can give immediate evi-

DOBBS & SIMPSON TROTSKYIST CANDIDATES IN THE COMING

VOTE FOR

labor's rightful demands.

NEW YORK ELECTIONS

BUFFALO, N. Y. - More | this purpose. It has been jammed have lost their jobs in this area with the ending of the war in affected by contract cancella-After their disastrous experi- tions and cutbacks is too lengthy ence with the War Labor Board, to enumerate. By Thursday, will be work for all in 30 days.

> 25,000 out of the 30,000 employed by this company before V-J Day are on the streets. Cutbacks in

The Bell plant which laid off close to 10,000 workers recently has further reduced its rolls. dence of such good faith! LET Chevrolet, producing airplane engines, has cut its employment 50 bright either. A shorter work

Buffalo third after Los Angeles employed in the aircraft industry rising cost of living. The drive alone. Forty-five thousand aircraft workers here will be affected. Practically all other industries in the area, particularly ordnance, have curtailed produc

the huge armory set aside for

THE MILITANT A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER 116 UNIVERSITY PLACE, NEW YORK 3, N. Y.

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On-The-Spot Reports Of The Nation-Wide Layoffs

PHILADELPHIA JOBLESS REACH 70,000 TOTAL

25 — "Brother, don't you know immediately when 2,000 workers there's a 'peace' on!"

That's the grim jest circulating among the approximately 70,000 war workers in this area who have been fired in the five days since Japanese surrender. The total is still rising, and government reports reveal it may soon reach 100,000.

9,000 Cramp Shipyard workers At Sun Ship, 8,000 were fired, Affect 175,000 6.000 of them Negro workers. Other yards also have been In North Jersey

The fast - mounting sentiment for decisive action among the Heavily industrialized northern union ranks was shown in last New Jersey has been sharply Sunday's membership meeting of hit by severe cutbacks. The Cramp Local 42, CIO Marine and State CIO Council is now en-Shipbuilding Workers, which called on the CIO to initiate a national labor holiday to force Congress to act immediately.

PLAN MASS PARADE

A proposal to retain laid-off laid-off. members in the local and establish a "Jobs Now" Committee to lead the fight for the unemployed was adopted. As its first assignment the committee was instructed to cut-backs have hit the largest inprepare for a mass CIO unemployed parade and a sit-in at the offices of the local War Manpower Commission. Other resolutions were adopted calling for the formation of a local Labor Party and raising a demand for the 30hour week at 48 hours' pay.

As yet, these resolutions have not been implemented by action or direction. Both AFL and CIO leaders seem paralyzed in the face of the layoffs flood, although most unions have passed progressive resolutions for a shorter work-week with no reductions in take-home pay and for retaining the unemployed as union members. Harry Block, president of the local CIO, has called for a city-wide demonstration, but it remains still in the talking stage.

One of the cruelest examples of layoffs was the sudden complete lockout of the 5,200 Bendix Aviation plant workers on the morning after "victory." A heavy squad of guards at the closed gates bluntly told the workers they were fired, handed them their pay and denied them entrance even to secure personal belongings such as tools to work

MARCH TO CITY HALL

The infuriated workers looked in vain for guidance from the Stalinist leaders of the Bendix CIO United Electrical and Radio Workers local, who had been preaching loyalty to the Little Steel Formula and no-strike pledge. Expressing their bitterness, the Bendix workers marched in a body to City Hall, only to find Mayor Samuels away enjoying an extended week-end vaca-

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Aug. | Westinghouse workers walked out with less than three-year seniority were given a two-week "furlough" without pay. They held a meeting on an adjoining baseball diamond where, as one worker stated, "Here we are without jobs, at the same bandstand from which we were given the Army-Navy 'E'."

Hardest hit are the shipyard workers. More than half of the Plant Shutdowns

NEWARK, N. J., Aug. 25gaged in compiling a complete record, but already it is authoritatively estimated that in the Newark-Paterson-Passaic a r e a there are around 175,000 already

A total lay-off of 30,000 in Wright Aeronautical; 6,100 in various shipyards; 6,000 in Crucible Steel, are indicative of how dustries. The full effect of mass unemployment is yet to be felt. Today's Newark Evening News predicts still further lay-offs beginning Monday.

In the face of this grave mass unemployment, not a single proposal for mass action has yet been taken by the official union leaderships. On August 22, the Stalinists rallied their own forces for a picket line around the Newark City Hall with banners calling for lower prices, jobs for all, against the black market, etc. But they did not rally new forces

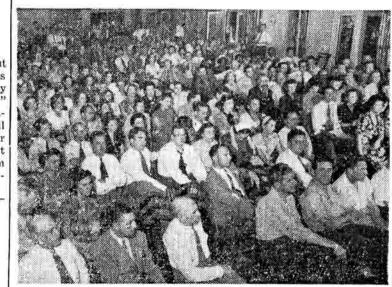
"APPLE-TAG DAY" On August 23, the State CIO

Council met in Newark but shied lear of a real program of action. Instead, the Council merely endorsed the demand for a 20 per ent increase in wages and a \$25 minimum unemployment compensation. Instead of effective mass protest and action, they proposed an "apple-tag day campaign" for the sale of tags picturing a returning veteran with an apple stand, with the plea that this must not happen again.

The usually inert leadership of District 2, CIO Steel Workers, was also impelled to call a district conference, held on August 24. Here too, instead of any effective plan of action the leaders merely presented a resolution endorsing Philip Murray's 9-Point program, and then sent the stewards home without any preparations or proposals to rally effective support to such a program.

As the number of unemployed continues to mount in the coming weeks, it is certain that the rank and file will assert their influence and demand effective un-At near-by Lester, some 2,500 | ion action to meet the threat.

Fired Workers Protest to WLB



Protesting against summary mass layoffs and company violations of their seniority rights, workers from the Bendix plant in Philadelphia crowd into offices of the Regional War Labor Board to demand a hearing. They are members of Local 114, UERMWA-CIO.

52,000 DUE TO LOSE JOBS IN TWIN CITIES

By Barbara Bruce

and committeemen, held here last Wednesday, cheered a proposal for a "mass march upon Washington from all industrial viding jobs for everyone.

Demands adopted by Wednesday's meeting include: increased inemployment compensation; price controls; a permanent FEPC; increased mustering-out pay and other benefits for veterans. For a state program, the meeting demanded an immediate pected to be unemployed 60 days ed worker was offered "trainee" passage of a public housing enabling act and a public works

Workers at Minneapolis and Hopkins plants of the Moline Power Implement Co. have filed strike notices against the company for dismissing 800 workers down was the answer of Moline workers to the company's repeated violations of the union contract and its refusal to settle grievances.

STAGE DEMONSTRATION

that the workers sign company date. release statements, forfeiting all seniority and other rights, in order to receive their last pay-

While the strike notice is running its 30-day course, William Mauseth, well-known Stalinist and Business Agent of Local 1146, UERMW, is pleading with

MINNEAPOLIS, Aug. 24- the company for "cooperation be A meeting of CIO shop stewards | tween labor and management," A mass meeting, sponsored jointly by CIO, AFL and Railroad Brotherhood unions, in Minneapolis, has been tentatively set for September 6, to protest failsections of the nation if it is ure of Congress to enact legislanecessary to get action" in pro- tion to care for the unemployed.

52,000 LAYOFFS SOON

On the Friday following the two "victory" holidays, 10,000 Twin City workers were greeted with dismissal slips when they returned to work. These layoffs are only a fifth of the total exspecial session of the legislature, after V-J Day. A mass of 52,000 unemployed men and women is in contrast to previous wages of stration could have been assured. expected when the layoffs reach their peak, according to John C. Nord, area War Manpower Commission director.

Although premises of 10,500 jobs are being held out to Twin City workers, only a few hundred following a slowdown. The slow- cpenings have been reported by a very small number of factories 000 unemployed, even if the promise of 10,500 jobs is fulfilled.

Among those hardest hit in the Laid-off workers, members of mass layoffs are the working ClO United Electrical, Radio and mothers who have had their chil-Machine Workers staged a dem- dren in child care centers and onstration outside the Minneapolis nursery schools during the war. busiest streets These vital aids to employed n the city last Monday. The mothers were scheduled to come demonstration was a protest to an end September 1 on order against a union-busting trick of from Washington cutting off fedthe company which demanded eral funds for the project on that

A storm of protest from the mothers, however, has forced officials in the federal works 145,000 persons in the state reagency here to continue the nur- ceiving unemployment insurance, series until September 22, although funds are available to extend the project to October 1.

Mothers of 800 children enrolld in these schools and nurseries will be prevented from seeking he jobs that are available or they have no means of caring the unemployment problem.

Detroit Is Seething As 350,000 Are Laid Off

Fired Workers In N .Y. Midtown Demonstration

By Dinah Sanders

NEW YORK, Aug. 22 CIO United Electrical Workers Local 425, representing some 7,000 members, last night staged | Board. a mid - town demonstration march in protest against widespread layoffs at the Ford Instrument Corporation plants

At a prior union meeting in Manhattan Center, members operation of idle war plants" march out from the meeting in fired. demonstration against unem-

they were stopped by the police. mass actions.

the week of "victory" celebra-tions, an estimated 20,000 newly unemployed workers lined up confidently outside the various offices of the United States Em- there were no lines of workers Place for Rats and Birds of Carrion ployment Service. Their confid- gathered. Less than 20 Stalinence rapidly evaporated into un-easiness and then into grim real-monstration" carrying innocuous ization, as one after another skill- banners, while thousands of workjobs at 50c to 75c an hour, \$1.05 to \$1.25 an hour.

THOUSANDS IN LINE

By the end of the day, thou sands of workers knew the score. Early Tuesday morning, the thousands-long lines of jobiess war veterans and workers were queued up outside the various unemed up outside the various unemn Minneapolis and St. Paul, most ployment insurance offices, seekof them small-scale business. No ing the \$21 weekly unemploymention is made of the other 42,- ment insurance benefit in preference to the \$20-\$22 weekly pay yard and aircraft workers in the check which is all that many of Puget Sound area here face a them would receive by working full time.

While the War Manpower Com- ing of "peace." mission issued a warning to Last week shipyard layoffs workers that they must "alter their ideas about wages radicalanyone to take a sub-standard ob." He considered as substandard those jobs in the retail trade fired 1,800 on Aug. 14, announc- by the capitalist system. paying \$14, \$15 or \$16 a week. ing further layoff of 2,000 per There are now approximately month.

73,400 of whom are in New York City. By the end of the year, officials predict 600,000 jobless workers, of whom 110,000 will be veterans of World War II.

More than 300 CIO union lead ers, representing 600,000 workfrom going to work, because ers, met last Tuesday at the Hotel McAlpin, and called on tained. for their children while they are Congress to provide severance claims that a great number have employed. Those who still have pay for displaced war workers obs despite layoffs will be forced and adequate bonuses for serviceto quit when nurseries close. This men. It was pointed out that other parts of the state will be is one of the ways that the fed- this money could be taken from eral government hopes to "solve" the \$30 billion surplus of war appropriations.

(Continued from page 1)

nesday continued undiminished. 11 PM the night before. The unches, reading matter, knitting. By 3:30 AM lines were already a block long.

"It is not unusual for 10 people to faint in a single day's operation of one office," Thomas reported in a protest letter to Arthur J. Altmeyer chairman of the Michigan Social Security

Fearing a demonstration being planned by workers, whose patience was exhausted, government officials toward the end of the week "solved" the problem by staggering the unemployed applicants over a period of weeks. This has reduced the lines, but called strongly for "government unemployment compensation, which in the immediate past did not arrive until about seven to and v o t e d unanimously to ten weeks after workers were

So stunned were the workers by the wholesale layoffs on such Carrying placards which read short notice that they had not "Jobs For All," and "We Have cowardly top UAW officials merethe Ability to Work; We Have ly issued statements and sent Tools; We Need Jobs!" the work- wires and letters of protest, but ers marched up 8th Avenue from gave no thought to mobilizing the 34th Street to 42nd Street, where workers in demonstrations and

Early Monday morning, after The Stalinist-dominated Wayne ers were assembled at the district offices where an effective demon-

Seattle Layoffs

SEATTLE, Wash., Aug. 22 -Scores of thousands of shipprecarious future with the com-

New York State Industrial 17 over 3,000 were discharged Commissioner Corsi stated that at Todd Pacific, Puget Sound the state does not intend "to force Bridge and Dredging and Winslow yards. Todd's in Tacoma

The greatest single group to feel the axe so far are Negro vomen workers. The white women workers are the next hardest hit.

Boeing Aircraft, which employed 34,000 at its plant here, today announced that by November only 15,000 workers will be re Meanwhile, Boeing "left voluntarily."

Boeing plants at Renton and closed completely, it was anemployment will be cut from 90,- | for destruction. 000 to 15,000.

MISLEADING HEADLINES

misleading headlines about the featured headlines claming that vary from 45,000 to 75,000. 24,000 jobs await discharged war workers, while the actual story ILLUSIONS DISPELLED revealed that of 24,000 job orders and 60 cents an hour.

ing in a general drastic slash in pect nothing before the first Regional Director, who take-home pay. All yards have of the year, with no guarantee chairing the meeting. gone on the 40-hour week follow- even then. ing the lead of the Puget Sound' Navy Yard in Bremerton.

declared themselves for the 40- week moratorium on seniority ment that they will not work hour week with no reduction in 18 hours."

Similar declarations have been program of action to fight the layoffs and wage cuts.

Diary of a STEEL WORKER

By Theodore Kovalesky

As I walked in the gate I paused a moment to look at the stacks; and I knew that I was not alone in watching them. For thousands of other people who live in the shadow of the giant open hearth stacks were watching them too. The people who live Lines began forming as early as in the squat, ore-browned, smoke-blackened old houses near the steel mill are watching those stacks like a sailor or farmer men and women brought boxes, watches a weathervane. And the stacks say, "Hard times ahead."

- Standing there at the gate I saw them towering high above the open hearth, a long line of them standing straight and even looking far out over the houses and up into the city. From some

of them heavy black smoke moved steadily out into the sky. From others there was red-brown smoke streaming out with the same inexorable monotony. But from still other stacks there came nothing. And it was some of these that told the story. These stacks standing smoke-

less and, it seemed, naked, told that down below them under the roofs of the heaped corrugated iron buildings there were cold means further delay in receipt of furnaces, great boxes of chipped brick and rusted, twisted metal, mounds of rubble and dust standing silent, dark, and dead. Within them there was no longer the devilish brew of boiling metal and leaping flame for which they were

intended. They squatted there, dead husks, useless things. I walked on into the plant, over the railroad tracks and up

"No Idle Plants," "For Government Operation of Idle Plants," as yet assembled their wits to the road toward the locker room. I looked across the road at the ment Operation of Idle Plants," initiate effective action. The furnace line and saw one of the blast furnaces that had gone down because the company could not use all the iron that would be produced by the entire line. There too, I saw a dismal picture of death and decay.

A cold blast furnace is a terrible thing. When a blast furnace s running it is a fearful thing to see and hear. It roars and bellows; it shoots flames and golden gleaming molten metal and slag out of its openings; it can kill men, and it has killed many. But a blast furnace that is down is more terrifying, for it is a great, blighted monster. It is death itself,

As you walk over its brick floor, your feet leave their outines in the dust. In the bleak silence, the sound of your heels rises up as in a tomb. When you approach the furnace itself in the upper end of the cast house you see huge heaps of burnt brick that slope from the opened tuyeres, and they are like a broken mass of intestines that have flowed from the wounds of the monster when it died. You tread softly and feel that if you would speak you must whisper. A dead blast furnace is a place for rats and black, crouching birds of carrion,

I turned my head in the other direction, over toward the mills. There too the cutbacks were felt. Through a black opening in the corrugated iron wall I saw a rigid snake of flaming red shoot suddenly by as a billet spurted from the rolls. But I knew that there were fewer billets, fewer rails, bars, and slabs streaming down the mill lines each day.

I walked on past the coke screen. You need iron to make steel, and you need coke to make iron. Coke batteries must be shut down now as well. And more must be ready to shut down. How can it be otherwise when production drops in a steel mill?

I went farther up the dusty brown road, listening to the endless choo-choo-boom of the blow engine house. I came to the locker room, opened the ore-stained door, and went inside. And there I saw the final refuse and discarded mechanisms of the steel cor pany. These machines still had on them the mark of life. They moved, and sounds came from them. But soon they too would be "down" like the batteries and furnaces. They, too, would be useless things, empty husks of production, slung into the scrap yard

And what were these last mechanisms of production? What was the name of this last type of machine used to create steel for war and profits for the rich? These were men that I looked upon. These are the workers.

Layoff Plague Hits Toledo With Coming Of "Peace" TOLEDO, O., Aug. 23 - | tions to "do something about it."

'Peace" has descended upon this city like a plague, almost ing, held in Civic Auditorium on completely blotting out the Aug. 12, attracted 1,400 people closed completely, it was announced. These plants are government-owned. Total Boeing
factories geared to production

who listened to speeches by the
UAW leadership and then voted
for motions from the platform

The daily press here carries Toledo Blade's editor has called with 60,000,000 jobs and for Conworkers' future prospects. Thus, out pay. Estimates of the acthe Post-Intelligencer on Aug. 18 tual number of jobless workers

Generally among Toledo work-

validated." Jobs now being of- lusions they may hold about the the signing of the Japanese surfered through the USES pay future are being dispelled rapid- render terms. wages ranging around 55 cents ly. Thousands of unemployed Willys-Overland workers report- with applause by the rank and

The 48-hour week has been ing at the Local 12 UAW Hall file, only to be declared out of abolished in all shipyards, result- have been told that they can ex- order by Richard Gosser, UAW

6,500, the union and the company Union spokesmen here have made an agreement for a twotions exist in the other plants.

The union leadership has been caught flatfooted with no other to Washington and the corpora- leadership.

A poorly organized mass meetcailing for opposition to the Ball-Two-thirds of the city's work- Burton-Hatch Bill; for Congress ing force is enjoying what the to furnish the American workers "a holiday for a time" - with- gress to give the workers a 40hour week with 52 hours' pay. An amendment to this latter

motion came from the floor, calling for the UAW International Executive Board to make plans for an industry-wide strike if the

This amendment was greeted

CALL FOR LABOR PARTY The workers of the Spicer

rlant have notified the manageemployed. They have called for the immediate formation of a Labor Party. They have instituted wages and reduction of hours, and

This is the type of program coming period but it cannot be

accomplished by one shop nor by one local union. It must be pushed by a militant nation-wide program than that of appealing movement and have aggressive

200,000 Seen Fired In Los Angeles

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 23. — are setting up emergency com-Mass layoffs immediately fol- mittees to give union protection have put forward no effective lowing V-I Day have run into to the unemployed in getting program of action. They distributthe tens of thousands here, with authoritative sources predicting no less than 200,000 workers will be tossed out on the streets by September.

The workers are flocking to their local union meetings as never before. Reports are beginning to come through of local meetings where the rank and file

Shipyard Local For Labor Party

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Aug. 17 - CIO Marine and Shipbuilding Workers Local 16 today went on record unanimously in favor of they apply for unemployment inthe formation of an independent surance and also to elaborate labor party as the necessary political instrument to conduct the fight against mass layoffs.

Pressure of wide-spread unemployment is bringing about a re- Committees" by the local unions surgence of militancy among the under its jurisdiction. union workers of this area and is crystallizing in strong sentiment for independent labor poli- wide "Conference of Emergency tical action.

Even the Stalinists, who until meet the unemployment crisis. recently held a precarious control over Local 16, today were com- Office to the AFL, Railroad pelled to keep silent on the labor Brotherhoods and all independent party motion and chose to "go labor unions for a United Co-

Under the impact of the layoff the present emergency. blows, the intense factional at- 5. This conference to call a mosphere which previously char- giant mass meeting in the Coliacterized the meetings was large- seum or the largest auditorium ly dispelled during most of the available in this area to protest meeting, as the members serious- mass layoffs and push the camly attempted to deal with the paign for labor's program for full grave problems confronting them. employment.

adequate relief, new jobs and decent treatment, CIO United Automobile Work-

ers Local 339 at its membership or restore anyone to a job. meeting last Tuesday adopted a program to initiate action on behalf of the unemployed. It is planned to push this program throughout the area. The regional mise to carry it out in spirit and

5-POINT PROGRAM

The 5-point immediate program of Local 339 includes:

1. Election of an "Emergency Committee" of five to represent laid-off workers as a body when plans to meet new layoffs.

2. Recommendation to UAW regional office that it propose establishment of "Emergency

3. Immediate steps to be taken to organize a regional and state-Committees" to draft plans to

4. An appeal by the Regional operative Conference to deal with

ed thousands of blue buttons calling for 60,000,000 jobs, but this did not ward off the layoffs

The huge government-built aircraft plants have fired tens of thousands. The largest of the four Douglas aircraft plants, at its 20,000 workers the day after the Japanese surrender celebra-

These terrific cuts were duplicated in plant after plant: Northrup, 5,700 fired out of 7,000; North American, 6,000 out of 20,000; Douglas Santa Monica, off 75 per cent of its working

The Chrysler, Studebaker and Willys automobile assembly plants, all engaged in war production, have been entirely closed down. Consolidated Steel has laid off about 50 per cent of its workers; Western Pipe and Steel, an even higher percentage.

AKRON

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Kaiser Disregards Seniority UAW officers have given it a four Douglas aircraft plants, at favorable hearing, with the promise to carry it out in spirit and its 20,000 workers the day after In Heavy Portland Layofts

By C. M. Hesser

The end of the war hit Portmost optimistic that before the terrific unemployment.

Figures for the state have not as yet been given, but for Portland the figure is already 15,000. State officials of some of the unions have told me that within 60 days the figure for unemployment will be from 40,000 to 45,-

WOMEN HARDEST HIT

More than 10,000 "terminations" were processed Friday and Saturday at the three Kaiser shipyards, with 15,000 to 16,000 total to go. Layoffs for the yards are as follows: 6,040 at the Oregon Shipbuilding Corporation; 3,-127 at Vancouver and 768 at Swan

company for over three years

Workers who had been with the

PORTLAND, Ore., Aug. 22 | unemployment compensation commission we learn that for months women have been by far the land with an impact that left hardest hit. There are no figures 6,000 out of 13,000. Hughes laid little doubt in the minds of the for Negro workers, but it is understood that they too are hard hit. Some of the workers who ask winter is over we will suffer to stay on the job have told me that piece work will be started soon and they said, "That means the old speed-up."

> They have been using the permit system - so the union leaders would not be bothered with an unemployment situation.

interviewed in four days.

Most of the AFL unions have not been taking in new workers. The United States employment

office, S. W. 12th Avenue and Stark, has been swamped by over 9,000 men and women seeking jobs since last Friday and Saturday. The veterans have been 150 a day.

The only indication of union activity was that AFL Local 107, made by officers of AFL Machin-Laundry and Dry Cleaning Un- ists Local 79 in the shipyards ion, set up a recruiting office in and Aero-Machinists Local 751 the United States employment of- at Boeing. But as yet the union were laid off without regard to fice! Mrs. A. T. Patch, union re- leaders have initiated no real cruiter, said 65 persons had been

on file with the USES here on ers there is a feeling of bewilder- 40-hr. week with 52-hr. pay were ug. 14, some 10,000 were "in- ment and resentment. Any il- not instituted within 60 days after

At the Spicer plant, employing

grievances while the working overtime while there are men untake-home pay. M. E. MacLaren, force was being rearranged for secretary of the Seattle Metal civilian production. This was Trades Council which holds the found necessary because of a shipyard contracts, announced cumbersome departmental senior negotiations for increases in that "we intend to demand the ity set-up. Spicer workers now same weekly pay for 40 hours and that only about three thou- are fighting for the elimination applying for jobs at the rate of as we have been receiving for sand of them will have been call- of all "incentive" wage systems. ed back by the end of the agreedupon two weeks. Similar situa- which will win the workers in the

Stalin Betrays Chinese Masses By Chiang Deal

both armies clashed in their drive full weight on the side of Chiang to converge on the industrial cen- Kai-shek. P. Hurley, American ters and to surround and force Ambassador to China, has placed the surrender of the Japanese American planes at the disposal troops. The AP dispatch from of Chiang Kai-shek, so that the Chungking announced on Aug. 26 Kuomintang troops could occupy that the Kuomintang armies en- the main cities before the Yenan tered Shanghai and Nanking and armies. Wall Street has been were also driving towards Hong consistently arming and strength-Kong and Canton. General Chu ening the forces of Chiang Kai-Teh. Yenan Commander-in-Chief. asserted that his armies were marching towards Shanghai "to aid a rising of the people against to enter Nanking and Canton, the Japanese." A Yenan com- and have already entered Shangmunique reported that 50,000 hai. Chinese workers had occupied STALINIST BETRAYAL Japanese-operated factories in Shanghai and had placarded the streets with slogans welcoming the Yenan armies.

IMPERIALIST AIMS

From the first the two opposing forces in China's seething class struggle have been manipulated by the two major powers that now face each other in the Far East, the Soviet Union and American imperialism.

master. The Wall Street plutopeasants would spell the end of landlord China untouched. ial regime of the Kuomintang.

In the present Civil War, Amer-

shek through lend-lease. Furthermore, it was announced that U. S. detachments were readied

Unfortunately Yenan is under

the leadership, not of genuine working class leaders, but of perridious Stalinists. For years this traitorous leadership has, at the behest of Stalin, betrayed the struggle of the Chinese masses. Today this leadership is impelled by the mass movement into an armed struggle against the military forces of the Kuomintang. But with might and main it continues to work to sidetrack the American imperialism has from revolutionary struggle into the the first fought in the Far East blind alley of People's Frontism. to destroy its Japanese rival and In poverty-stricken and war-torn to displace it as the imperial China, where only the most radical solutions can suffice, the Stalcracy now seeks to convert great inists propose to "democratize" China into its semi-colony and to the Kuomintang government by exploit and exact tribute from its the organization of a People's 400 million overworked and un- Front coalition between Yenan Central Government of China." derfed workers and peasants. The and Chiang Kai-shek, while leavvictory of China's workers and ing the social basis of capitalist-

Railway; for Port Arthur.

NEW YORK, August 27-The | basic wage rate to compensate | referred to the WLB prior to

Maritime Board Moves

To Cut Pacific Bonus



CHIANG KAI-SHEK

sary and proper for the Soviet Union, encircled by capitalist countries, to sign practical agree ments with them regardless of how reactionary their governments are but Stalin in the midst of civil war demonstratively signed an agreement with the Chiang Kai-shek government in which he categorically pledges that all So viet moral and material aid to China is to be given entirely to 'the National Government as the Moiotov stated to the Chinese Prime Minister, T. V. Soong, durbloody rule as well as the end of And now at the very climactic that the Soviet Union regards the all those with a score of 75 or all the imperial plans and plots point of the unfolding civil war, civil war as an "internal ques- over shall not be sent to the of the Wall Street magnates. Stalin delivers his bombshell. He tion" and will not interfere in Pacific. Newspapers asserted That is why Chiang Kai-shek has leaves his Chinese followers high any way. These actions cannot that this was a concession to the become such a firm ally of Wash- and dry. He utilizes the civil be interpreted otherwise than as soldiers' protests. ington. That is why Washington war only as a bargaining counter a brutal betrayal of the Chinese pursues such a consistent policy for diplomatic advantages. He masses and their struggle. This ment might get "tough" with of upholding and bolstering up sells out the Chinese masses for betrayal is all the more glaring in every conceivable manner the a sphere of influence in Manchu- in the light of Wall Street's open rotted, hated, despicable dictator- via and Outer Mongolia; for half and provocative armed interveninterest in the Chinese Eastern tion in favor of Chiang Kai-shek and against Yenan. Stalin has tests by the men could be ruled perpetrated another crime against a violation of one of the Articles It is of course entirely neces- the international working class, of War concerning orders and

SOLDIER EXPOSES **ANTI-GERMAN LIES**

Hard-Hearted Germans?

More and more frequently, actually responsible for Hitler tiny news items revealing the and the war. They try to make us general treatment accorded to think the Germans liked having a American soldiers by the Ger- dictator over them. man people, break into the We're supposed to believe that press. On August 25, the workers enjoyed having their N. Y. Mirror told of what hap- unions smashed by Hitler, and pened to S/Sgt. Edward L. enjoyed working long hours for Steele of Ypsilanti, Michigan, straight time wages, enjoyed when he was shot down over having storm troopers break into Germany last April. He was their homes in the middle of the sentenced to death and order- night, and drag their loved ones ed to dig his own grave.

S/Sgt. Steele paused for a camps, to feel the whip of the moment to take out a picture sadistic Nazi prison-masters. But of his wife and child, for a what is the truth? farewell glance. The firing squad saw the little snapshot. stationed in Darmstadt, Germany, Last week Steele, his life spar- wrote a letter to the New York ed by the sympathetic German daily, PM, last week in which he soldiers, was on his way home.

Soldiers Protest Pacific Transfer

reports referred to the department's recent order that all soling the latter's visit in Moscow, diers 37 years old or over and

> A hint that the War Departprotesters came Aug. 23 when a department spokesman stated that, if the War Department wanted to be "technical," the prodiscipline.

What is in reality involved is the elementary right of the sol- CLASS VOICES diers to voice their protests. Wives and parents of the soldiers are also bringing increasing pressure The universal kinship of the poor! on Congress to send their hus- The fellow-feeling one unforbands and sons home. The con- tunate has for another, knows no siderable weight of this mass demand is reflected by numerous grim, if silent, defiance of the Congressional criticism of War Department policy.

Maritime War Emergency Board for the loss in take-home pay, that date, no adjustment of sea-**Toledo Unionists Battle Chevrolet** Jim-Crow Policy

CIO. International Representative to speak my piece." Moseby announced he had come to Toledo for the purpose of ending discriminatory abuses against Negro workers in the Chevrolet plant. He informed the membermen more money. Another such ship and the officers that the next "legal" angle to win higher wages production jobs open in the plant would go to the Negro workers

holding the necessary seniority. Up to this time, the regular upgrading system provided for in the contract has not applied to Negro employes. Some with as Open Forum on high as thirty years seniority who attempted to get better jobs were told, "You've got too much seniority." Negro workers with no seniority were hired into the plant on production jobs. However, those already in the plant

would not be able to lay these workers off. Negro workers in the Chevrolet plant have been combatting this discriminatory practice for sev-

THREE-YEAR FIGHT

satisfactory settlement of this end of World War II. grievance, it was necessary to call in the UAW Fair Practices ship "owners" testified that they Committee to organize a mass attended our forums before and cent hourly minimum and that 4), to exert a great deal of pres- distributed the same afternoon national Union and to secure wide UAW-CIO. publicity for this case.

Finally, after a three-year fight, it was possible to get the A New Versailles

move to eliminate this abuse. Not only was the up-grading system interpreted as not applying to Negro workers, but the contract itself had been interpreted to deny the Negro janitors a five-cent wage raise won in 1940 and applying to all employes covered by the contract. International Representative Moseby promsed to immediately negotiate with the Chevrolet Company to secure the raise in retroactive pay for the Negro workers involved. The Chevrolet case is only one

of many cases of vicious discrimination practiced against Negro workers by Toledo corporations. The Chevrolet case has been settled because sufficient pressure was brought to bear to force the union officials to act.

Wall Street Snaps Whip By Canceling STRUGGLE by CHARLES JACKSON Lend-lease System

(Continued from page 1) radio, pulpits, movies, allege that the German working people were eign trade." Having devoured its overseas investments in war expenditures, British capitalism is compelled to attempt to export

away to fill the concentration to retrieve a favorable position in the world market.

Sergeant Joseph McLaughlin, shows that American workersoldiers are beginning to see through this bunk. DEFYING THE GESTAPO

> cap-in-hand negotiations," and no acceptance of "American

tion's attitude, says the Aug. 27

London News-Chronicle, is "no

terms which would retard econ-

omic reconstruction in Britain." Oblique though these words are, they indicate that the issue is determination to expand British exports, which would be the only way under capitalist conditions of the most wholesale effort at to set British industry going full

JUNIOR PARTNER

There is thus a crisis in Anglo-U. S. relations, but one should to a widespread campaign of then you will be helping your The letter continues: "As I understand the strict limits of anti-working class propaganda. enemy. Colored workers in nonto conduct itself as the decidedly speaker is against labor. While crans organization with care rejunior partner which it is in the we had been fighting and shedding membering who is sponsoring Anglo-U. S. bloc. But neither side our blood all over the world our them. Join a union at your first in which millions of soldiers of will jeopardize continuation of all countries are going to speak. that bloc as against the USSR. They, like Sergeant McLaughlin, Any fears in Washington that are confident of their right to tell the Labor Government would be This is the kind of junk that was less firm than Churchill in resisting the Kremlin's aims in Europe and Asia have been dissolved by all the strikes since the war began Foreign Minister Bevin's statements on foreign policy, before end-lease ended. Too much is at stake on a world scale for either London or Washington to weaken their alliance by failing to com-

promise this dispute. ministrator Crowley has already assured Britain that there need be no curtailment of food shipments from America. Had the British government asked for a loan of two or three hundred million dollars to continue food noon," said Crowley, who issued ways and means of continuing goods shipments to Britain pending negotiations of long-term

DISLOYAL TO WORKERS But in the end, it is clear,

Britain will be brought to heel. There will be a compromise, but through his ideas and achieveit will be at the expense of the living standards of the British masses-and, in the last analysis, of the living standards of the American workers, too, for it will mean curtailment of production in both countries. British production will be hampered by concessions to the U.S. on export described, with a reprint of the policies. U. S. production will be first call for its formation. curtailed both by the end of lendlease and by British reluctance to buy on loans except irreducible ninimums.

Were the Labor government acting in the interests of the workers, it would openly explain these facts and arouse the British and American workers to an understanding of the situation. But to do so, the Labor government would have to embark on a course of ending capitalism altogether, as it was given a mandate to do by the British workers who voted it into office. In concealing the truth about this situation, the Labor government is being disloyal to the workers from whom it received its man-

ernment's way to "socialize for-

Government is merely the servitor of the capitalist owners of British industry. Weakened British capitalism, which when it was supreme was the originator of the theory of "free trade," is now compelled to employ other means in its desperate attempt

That the main conflict is at present not between U.S. capitalist versus British "socialist" rivals for foreign trade, is in-

He wrote that he was a prisoner

for 26 days in Germany. Working people took their lives in their hands to help him. The German underground organized his escape, which he made with two comrades.

By V. Grey

All the capitalists' papers, their

"These families fed us," reads the letter, "and hid us during the day, and then sent us on to other anti-Nazi families. And at the risk of their lives and their families' lives. . .

"When we prisoners were marching along the road and some civilian would step out and hand us a piece of black bread or a hard-boiled egg, that was a mighty big thing to us. Sure I'll stick up for them. So will my buddies. Those people didn't have a thing in the world to gain by helping us out."

What a world of emphasis there is, in that single paragraph! country's boundary. What a military authority and the whole Hitler regime! What a condemnation of the war! To step out in plain view of everyone to give a bit of food to an "enemy" soldier. It shows the feeling all the German poor must have.

The American soldier sees the way the German worker feelsand he responds to the feeling. He understands.

born, Germany, I have a big right

This is the confident class voice the truth. And no one is going to deprive them of it.

Toledo SWP Holds Job Program

TOLEDO, O., Aug. 12 - Bill Gray, organizer of the Buffalo branch of the Socialist Workers Party, spoke here tonight before shy away from dealing with the such jobs were not allowed to take an attentive audience of members real boss in the maritime indus- them, because then the company and friends of the Toledo branch on the subject, "A Fighting Program to Meet Cutbacks and Unemployment." His subject was especially timely because everyone present realized the impending threat of mass unemploy-

The urgency of this problem was strikingly brought home to all those present when in the middle of the speech, horns and whis-Before it was possible to get tles began to blow heralding the Present at the meeting were

several workers who had never meeting (See The Militant, Aug. who were attracted by a leaflet sure on the officers of the Inter- at a mass meeting called by the

"In the interval between the two world wars, Versailles and the League of Nations secured anything but peace. In the space of 21 years, almost a score of wars were fought, as a prelude to the second world collision, In place of peace Versailles brought growth to militarism, one of the biggest obstacles in the way of economic progress. As for the 'peace' brought by San Francisco, its sessions were accompanied by the beating of the war drums. Failing the revolution, militarism will continue its fearful growth."

(From "The United Nations" -"A New Thieves' Kitchen" by John G. Wright, in the August issue of Fourth International.)

The NEGRO

"Labor with a white skin cannot emancipate itself where labor with a black skin is branded." -KARL MARX

Advice from a Veteran

Dear Mr. Jackson:

I have been a reader of the Militant for some time and I feel that there are some things on my mind that I would like to express. If any ideas which I convey either do or do not coinon an unprecedented scale. In cide with the opinions of any other readers, I certainly will be following this policy the Labor glad to discuss these ideas with them.

After having been in the armed forces for almost five years, I feel that there are some things which are now of great importance to returning service men which many of us have already learned through our own experiences. We have first met the

problems of those who are to be@ discharged later. Those of us who did come out early in the game should do everything to make things favorable for those who will follow.

Shortly after we returned and went into industry, we found that policies, but between capitalist many former members of the armed forces were being recruited dicated by the fact that the into clubs formed by management British negotiators going to I contend that these are only or Washington are Lord Keynes, ganizations to first get into the chief economic advisor to the good graces of the men and then previous Churchill government to turn them against the unions. and the arch-conservative Earl It is my advice to all returning of Halifax. The British delega- men-watch these organizations!

UNION POLICY

Many of us had been former union members and when we went back into the shops, we again took active part as union members. There arose concern of the many workers returning from the army and mention was made about a clause to be added to union contracts giving ex-service men seniority for the time spent in the service. This was the policy, we found out, of most of the leading labor organizations and it was the main thing that organized labor had at its finger tips to offer the veteran.

On many occasions we saw the corporations.

stand taken by the veterans. Big scabbing in this generation. In breaking the unions the industrial barons want to use us for a goat.

How can this be best accomplished? By subjecting these men living. Do not strike-break for own wives, sisters and brothers opportunity and fight for the we were told had been striking and "hindering the war effort. spread throughout the army. That we know. We now find that were neutralized by the workers staying on the job the Fourth of

There was all the talk about Militant.)

Los Angeles Tribune Reprints Column

"Negroes Need a Labor Party," Charles Jackson's Aug. 11 column in The Militant, was reprinted by the Los Angeles Tribune August 20 as its weekly choice "From Other Colums." The selection of Comrade Jackson's article is an indication that the Negro press is becoming increasingly aware of the urgent need for independent political action by labor.

jobs for all. With eight million now unemployed and eight million veterans to be discharged we can now see that was only a pipe dream! And veterans will be a hig part of the unemployed group that must be maintained by America's Sixty Families in order to keep down the price of labor.

To those of you who might read this article and are not out of the service, I give this advice. Do not believe the anti-labor propaganda that will be fed to you by lying, corrupt, capitalist-controlled press. Remember that your close relatives have been a part of all this struggle to mainindustrial corporations, in one tain decent working conditions. way or another attempt to pre- Don't think for a minute that judice the returning men against they did not have your interest the union. They were aware that at heart when they went out on any good thing that organized strike to beat back the attacks labor could offer the veteran of the corporations which were would, in the long run, hinder the trying to break up the unions by firing all the best leaders. These Many things will hinge on the workers were all the time more eager to see you return than the business intends to pit us against flag-waving manufacturers, whose workers who are striking for a main object was to exploit labor better living wage, if possible, and reap greater war-time profits. and thereby make us be a part You fought for the right to come home to a decent and secure living. The unions did not hinder that effort-they helped it!

Demand the right for you and all able bodied people to earn a working man's rights as you never fought before. That is the real battle that is coming now.

THEODORE JOHNSON

(Veterans should also read articles by Charles Carsten which appear on page 8 of The

U. S. Foreign Economic Ad-dinistrator Crowley has already To Memory Of Trotsky

world on the threshold of great sus of American imperialism shipments "the morning after upsurges, as triumphant Ameri- jockey its British "partner" out the issuance of the Presidential can capitalism seeks to hold the of domination over the seas. order, the amount would have masses of Europe and Asia in been forthcoming the same after- subjugation. Prophetic analyses ings on all of these, included in made by Trotsky years ago, have the memorial issue, give testia 6-point program August 24 of vital importance for the working mony to the tremendous vitality class today.

> International, now on sale, me- writings and achievements of the morializes Leon Trotsky. The co-leader of the October Revolu- els and Lenin. tion and founder of the Fourth International, is brought to life

The wave of reaction which crushed revolution after the first world war, paved the way for the degeneration of the Third International. Against this back ground, the urgent task of creating the Fourth International is

ECONOMIC PROBLEMS But Trotsky possessed not only

superb understanding of the broad ebb and flow of world events, predicting and interpreting them on a Marxist basis. He had also an intimate knowledge of the economic problems confronting each nation, and the political trends which must flow from the contradictions within the individual capitalist economies.

Beginning in 1922, for instance, when Trotsky first pointed out the impending crisis in France, he never ceased to study and explain and point out to the French workers their revolutionary tasks. He was enthusiastic over the receipt of a communication from

The fifth anniversary of the a Negro organization in Johandeath of Leon Trotsky finds the nesburg. He watched the colos-Excerpts from Trotsky's writ-

which was Trotsky's, and invite It is with this view that Fourth the reader to study further, the great continuator of Marx, Eng-Single copies of Fourth Inter-

national can be obtained for 25 cents, yearly subscription \$2, by writing to Business Manager, 116 University Place, N. Y. 3, N. Y.

No Cause To Complain

"Millions of Frenchmen consider themselves lucky," reveals the N. Y. Times, of August 21, "when they get 90 grams of meat (less than a quarter of a pound) in their weekly ration." But. . . which French-

"Many high (American) officers who are billetted and messed by the army spend their social hours with rich Frenchmen, often war profiteers who can produce sumptuous hos-

pitality, the article adds. "One

American colonel said recently after recalling a meal in a French home: 'I really don't understand what people are complaining about. There seems to be plenty of food."

off for the Pacific run. Maritime unions have attempt- imately \$200. ed to counter the bonus cut by an appeal to the National War Labor became effective last July 15. Al- union spokesmen that the MWEB TOLEDO, O., Aug. 8 — At the arrived in Normandy on D-12 and the crisis. Wall Street and Wash- We are being fed more than we union towns should especially Board for an adjustment in the though the wage case had been would "lend its good offices" to last regular meeting here of the lought the whole way to Pader- ington are trying to force Britain can consume. Every patriotic remember this. Choose your-vet-

Postwar Notes Seamen

GHOST FLEET

3,000 are scheduled for the "ship breaking" department. But while this "ship breaking" machinery gets geared up, shipyards ,no longer engaged in construction will be used as ships' graveyards. Washington, near Seattle, are regress has appropriated money to ation is likely to become will derestore the old World War I pend on the ability of those men agents — the so-called shipownsite is being enlarged so as to jectives. Some shipping officials spare New York Harbor the "eye believe that many will be report-that seamen's wages be driven Committee under the leadership sore" of a ghost fleet in the Huding back to the hiring halls and back to the sub-standard level of Emmett Wheaton has put up Commission spokesmen.

POSTWAR "EXPANSION"

The few yards expected to continue building for postwar needs ghost fleets. This solves "the were further dimmed-out last manpower problem." week when the Maritime Commission announced cancellation of contracts for three partially com- BLISSFUL IGNORANCE pleted intermediate P-2 liners.

NEW EFFICIENCY

Before the war less than 1,000 American-flag ships operated. Most estimates (admittedly optimistic) place the postwar need at about 13 hundred. These ships will be able to handle double the amount of cargo transported by the old fleet. This was demonstrated last week by the new the same run. The old ship had Ships are laying up . . .

a carrying capacity of 22,000 Of the 5,000 odd merchant tons deadweight, 3,000 tons less ships now in commission about than the present "Venore" carries on her faster trips.

MANPOWER PROBLEM

Wartime merchant seamen are packing their gear and leaving MWEB. Sites at Mobile, Ala., and Lake the ships. This was reported by the Journal of Commerce on Auported ready to receive ships con- gust 22, with the following obsigned to the ghost fleet. Con- servation: "How serious the situships' graveyard in the James who are now seeking shore em-River, near Yorktown, Va. This ployment to succeed in their obson River, according to Maritime to the R.M.O. in thirty days." \$100 per month which in terms a three-year fight on this case. These spokesmen for Big Business know that there are no jobs than the \$50 a month seamen ashore for seamen. They also struck against in 1934. know that there will be few jobs in the graveyards and on the

John Hawk, Secretary of the These 25 knot P-2 liners were Seafarers' International Union, Last week they asked the MWEB being built for the North Atlant- the AFL rival to CIO's National to "abolish all war bonuses now ic passenger trade "after the Maritime Union, breathes a sigh that the shooting has stopped." of relief that "the manpower problem" is settled. He notes and union conditions when they that "workers all over the coun-fight to eliminate these completetry are being laid off," but adds ly parasitical ship "owners" and that "we in this industry are fortunate in that respect, for all the ships will operate full blast for at least a year or two, in my

opinion.'

BAD HANGOVER During the war "the manpow-"Venore," operated by the Ore er problem" was of such concern Steamship Corporation, a Beth- to union officials that Joseph lehem subsidiary. This ship re- Curran, president of the NMU, places the old "Venore" that was continues to worry about it tosunk in the early days of the day. Last week he told the war. Today's 18 knot "Venore" Maritime War Emergency Board makes a 28 day turn-around trip that "ships are now laying up to Chile for ore, whereas her because seamen are leaving the namesake took 39 to 42 days for ships." He was partly right.

last week took steps to reduce They are asking the 55c per hr. men's wages has yet been made seamen's war-risk bonuses in the minimum scale which would bring by that body. Pacific. These bonus cuts if ordered in the same sweeping man-\$185, as compared to the present FURTHER SLASHES rer as earlier slashes effecting scale of \$100 per month. This is At the MWEB hearings las Atlantic Ocean runs, will amount less than the wartime monthly week where further slashes in

to a 40 percent reduction in pay- carnings of seamen which, with the war-risk bonus was discussed the honus, amounted to approx- John M. Carmody, Maritime Commission member serving as The Atlantic Ocean bonus cut chairman of the board, promised have the WLB render a decision

in the wage adjustment case. Official leaders of all maritime unions are at present relying upon the "good offices" of the MWEB and the minimum wage "policy" of the WLB to give seawas advanced last week by Mathew Dushane, Washington representative for the Sailors Union of the Pacific. Dushane blustered that bonus cuts had been ordered in the absence of a dispute between the operators and the unions, and were therefore "illegal." "We are going to sue every company that reduced bon-

uses on your order" he told the While maritime union officials with seniority enough to hold try - the government - and seek intermediary bargaining ers - these same graft-bloated ship "owners" appear before the

When the WLB heard the wage adjustment case last month these could not "afford" to pay the 55 "such wages would ruin the American merchant marine."

of what it will buy today is less

Seamen will win higher wages officers of the union to make a institute workers control in this government owned and government controlled industry.

Vote Trotskyist! for

DOBBS & SIMPSON In the Coming N. Y. ELECTIONS

SHOP TALKS

By V. Grey

It was Saturday morning in August. We were walking down

"It's swell to be free - period," said Ed. He meant that he'd been laid off and didn't feel very bad about it because he had been

the highway to the little dirt road that leads to the spot on the

lake where we were going to fish - Tony and Ed, and Shorty and I.

working so damn hard. The night before we had all celebrated

with an extra drink - a couple extra drinks in fact. Some of the

fellows had been just killing themselves with seven days every

A whole slew of fellows had been laid off. But if they were all

like Ed, they wouldn't be feeling very bad. They might be all out

looking for work of course. Or maybe they were resting up from

a grand spree like Ed and the rest of us. Anyway Tony and Shorty

and I were still working - 5 days at straight day-rate of course.

used to trudge down this highway to the fishing hole. I remember

when it was an asphalt road, a lot narrower than this. There was

a "Toonerville Trolley" track alongside it in the grass. (The old

man took that trolley to work every day of his life - when he

was working) Us kids used to balance our fishing baskets on our

Ed said, "You know how long it is since I went down to the

He must have been thinking how tough it was in the depres-

We passed the shop on the way to the old dirt road. "Our"

"The aircraft plant is closed down tight, they kicked 35,000

"Guess there'll be a lot of fishing today," said Tony. And we

all laughed a little. We were still looking up at that big shop.

It looked awful empty some way. No clattering or banging. The

give you a lousy garden down the road, so you won't ask for relief.

Even so, another bunch of us would get laid off on Monday.

"Well come on you guys," Ed laughed. "You haven't got

seven days to fish like I have." We went along. But we didn't

WHERE YOU CAN BUY

sion, just like we were. It wasn't all fishing and walking down

the highway on an August day. He started to talk. But something

seemed to stick in his craw and he didn't. He threw a stone at a

shop was the last one away from the town. It was practically in

the country. We all stood still to look at it and laugh at the

locked gates. As if anyone would break his neck to try to get into

blackbird that was sitting on a fence, and let it go at that.

that jail house! Some gag, to lock the gates on a Saturday!

fishing hole? Three years! I used to go down there all the time.

Why back in the depression - " His voice trailed off, and he started

heads and walk on the rails."

people out," Ed mused.

We all felt it in our bones.

have a very good time after all.

throwing stones at the telegraph poles,

Thinking of the Last Depression

Tony said "This reminds me of old times. Many's the day I

"Gee, but it's swell to be free on a Saturday," Tony said.

Hearst Joins Smith-Reynolds In Peddling Fascist Poison To The Youth Of America

Dobbs Denounces

By Joseph Hansen

Like Hitler and Mussolini, America's native fascists display a keen interest in the youth. Among the millions of young people who will be locked out of the factories in the postwar crisis, the fascist demagogues hope to win their most energetic and fanatic followers. Extremely active in building youth organizations are associates of ex-Senator Robert Rice Reynolds, chairman of the American Nationalists Party now attempting to unite the fascist groups in America. Their drive for the youth is gaining dangerous proportions.

Typical of these demagogues 9linked with Reynolds is the Reverend Harvey Springer, the selfstyled "cowboy minister." At the Englewood Baptist Tabernacle near Denver, Colorado, Springer holds forth in the manner of Gerald L. K. Smith. Besides working on his local dupes, the cowboy evangelist publishes the anti-Semitic Western Voice which lists among its subscribers and admirers the ex-Senator Reynolds and his wife, the former Evalyn ("Hope Diamond") Walsh Mac-

ENGLEWOOD CONVENTION

On January 6, 1944, the bronco riding Bible-spouter was host to a youth convention at Englewood. Some 350 young people and pastors from churches in 7 Midthe "Christian Youth for America." They issued a call to "ail Dilling is the brilliant admirer Christian youth organizations in America to join us in a united front against the flood of Communism in the land."

Kenneth Goff, prominent in Reynolds' Nationalist outfit since youth movement. Goff is a ren-egade from the labor movement boosting the "Youth for Christ signatures on nominating petiegade from the labor movement. of the American Youth Congress During the depression he was among the leaders of the Council tivities in banner headlines. of Unemployed.

in switching to the camp of native fascism. He has written for Gerald I. K. Christian of the camp of native fascism. fore Smith's National Emergency revived Ku Klux Klan "say they expect both Goff and Springer to come in with them."

Goff's fascist youth organizatributes tracts among high ganizations in Buffalo, Los Angeles and elsewhere.

MINNEAPOLIS SCHOOL

Northwestern Theological Semin- cago. ary and Bible Training School through the president Dr. A. B. at this rally was the Reverend marimba bands, trumpet-players, Riley. This school lists 450 stu- Torrey Johnson. Johnson is not dents and 1500 alumni in Ameri- cnly a professional quoter of the can pulpits. The school publica- Bible, he is an ex-intercollegiate tion, the Northwestern Pilot, fol- swimming champion. The Youth lows an editorial policy which for Christ movement he announcmay be judged from the follow- ed is "God's answer to the false ing excerpt from an article by philosophies of Nazism and Com-Dr. Riley: "If one has a friendly munism and the other isms that word about the best-informed have caught hold in the world."

A FIGHTING PROGRAM



TORREY JOHNSON

Catholic priest in America Father Coughlin - or has shown interest in the brilliant addresses considered un-American." the Y.M.C.A. was "communist."

William Randolph Hearst, the strike a blow for socialism. red-baiting buzzard of San Sim- In order to get their candidate con, is another anti-labor figure on the ballot, the devoted and who has recently displayed re- hard-working members of the So-1939, was named chairman of the markable concern over the souls cialist Workers Party in New He was once on the advisory staff of the American Youth Congress

Movement." The Los Angeles tions. This impressive figure is Examiner agreed to buy instruand was a member of the Na- ments for a large Youth for required by law. Moreover, the tional Executive Committee of Christ band. Other Hearst pa- petitions were filed well in adthe Young Communist League. pers similarly foster this fascistlike movement and report its ac-

The Youth for Christ organ-Trained in the school of Stal- ization was launched about a year inism, Goff found little difficulty ago by Percy Crawford, the discover Christ.

YOUTH RALLY

The college beef trust has protion has a committee which dis- Youth for Christ group. Gir vided other evangelists for the Dodds, the record-holding miler, school youth of the Reverend Bob Parr's Church in Detroit and orgiate boxer, operating out of Chicago have addressed large mass rallies throughout the Middle West. On October 21, 1944, 26,-In Minneapolis the fascist line 600 youth from all over the counpeddled by Reynolds is being fed try held a Youth for Christ rally that "send" the youngsters. to the youth enrolled at the in Soldier's Field Stadium in Chi-

Among the prominent speakers

Tammany Plot Following is the text of the | Richard R. Witte, by name. We speech delivered by Farrell don't know what the specific ob-Dobbs, Trotskyist candidate doesn't know either. For the for Mayor, at the Trotsky Mem- election laws permit the capitalorial Meeting in New York on ist political backs to file a so-August 22.

We are gathered here tonight their objection stick. to honor the memory of Comrade Leon Trotsky. Comrade a revolutionary fighter. We can meet their attack. ing for the great cause to which

cipation of mankind. western states there organized of Mrs. Elizabeth Dilling, he is struggle on all fronts. Right here want to meet the arbitrary figure Mrs. in New York City we are engaged of 9 columns on the ballot by in an important election cam- eliminating minority parties. of fascism who discovered even paign, a campaign to rally the workers of New York City to

vance of the deadline and in strict conformity with all the rigid and unreasonable requirements of the election laws.

BLANKET OBJECTION

These rigid and unreasonable election laws were enacted by the Gerald L. K. Smith's rag 'The Jack Wyrtzen, shortly afterward capitalist politicians for the ex-Cross and Flag and spoken be- became its principal organizer. press purpose of making it very Late in 1944 Wyrtzen packed 20,- tough for minority parties to get Committee. According to Eugene 000 youngsters into Madison on the ballot. We met all these Segal, staff writer of the Scripps-Howard chain, leaders of the Wagner, former football star, tell legal restrictions—but that action United Sons of America, the how he dropped the pigskin to alone hasn't yet assured us a place on the ballot.

A blanket objection to my candidacy has been filed by a Tammany machine man, one

This former expert on the diving pussy-footing stuff." He likes to put zip in the Youth for Christ movement with hot music and the swinging of old Gospel hymns

'headlining the program' have been ventriloquists, singing dolis, specialty numbers, accordionists, vibraphones, close - harmony quartets, melody trios, sleight- and Goldstein, are each running of-hand performers, vibrasharps on three separate tickets. They and Bible-quiz programs patterned after the Quiz Kid program."

Among the conspicuous figures at Christ for Youth rallies in the problem of space on the ballot Southern California has been the Rev. Earl Opie of Long Beach, California. Opie together with the convention of the Anglo-Is- capitalists. There are plenty of raelite Fellows in Los Angeles on June 14-16. The anti-Jewish streets today who could quickly utterances at this convention could scarcely have been improved upon by Hitler.

CHICAGO HEADQUARTERS Headquarters for the Youth for Christ movement is in Chicago. According to Harold E. Fey, writing in The Christian Century of June 20, the Chicago office spent close to \$100,000 in the last year for promotion. Rallies have been staged in New York, Philadelphia, St. Louis, Chicago, Minneapolis, Milwaukee and Southern California. Youth for Christ meetings are being held at present in about 500 communities with a total weekly attendance of some 500,000 people.

The Youth for Christ move-"Christian aspect of things in future for mankind. general... in a rather disturbing and flag-waving,"

gathers momentum, the fascist elections the exclusive prerogative youth movement can become ex- of the capitalist parties. tremely dangerous to labor. The leading fascist demagogues like working class to a realization of Reynolds and Smith understand its own power; a power which this very well. That is why they once unleashed will sweep out the are devoting such careful atten- capitalist criminals and their tion at present to building a political flunkies; a power which strong preparatory framework, will establish a government of Playing on the religious beliefs the toilers that will govern for Party learned that Tammany had lent fascist poison in the minds an end to imperialist war, fasc- party prepared for a showdown of the younger generation.

(To Be Continued)

jections are. Perhaps Tammany called blanket objection and then take six days to figure out some angle by which to try and make

Witte and his Tammany gang will have to state their reasons Trotsky was not only a great by next Friday. Then we will revolutionary thinker; he was know precisely how we must

The World-Telegram of August best honor his memory by fight- 18 reported the Democrats were due to challenge three minority he devoted his whole life, the party petitions in an effort to great cause for which he laid have these petitions declared indown his life-the revolutionary valid. The reason given then was struggle for the socialist eman- that 11 parties were participating in the campaign, while there are We are carrying forward that only 9 columns on the ballot. They

> HELPFUL SUGGESTION If it is elimination they want,

we have some helpful suggestions. eliminate the equally corrupt, equally reactionary and equally anti-working class Democratic

If democracy and free elections have to be confined within the arbitrary framework of a balloting machine, then let either the Democratic or the Republican party be disqualified in favor of the Socialist Workers Party-



Build the Labor Party

and it can be either one, we don't Carey McWilliams reports that care which, because they are only twin tools of Wall Street and have no important differences in program.

> Here is another suggestion. The capitalist candidates, O'Dwyer occupy between them six places, two-thirds of the space on the ballot. Eliminate this trickery and is solved.

But the truth is that it is not the technical problems of the Cerald L. K. Smith appeared at balloting that are worrying the unemployed workers walking the reconvert the voting machines to include not only 11 parties, but twice or three times that number.

THEY FEAR THE TRUTH What the capitalists are really

afraid of is that the workers of New York will, if given an opportunity, vote for independent working class political candidates in this election. The capitalists are terrified by the sweeping victory of the British Labor Party. The capitalist criminals, who brought on this blood-bath of World War II, seek to stifle every voice exposing their crimes. In the midst of the ruins of the war, with unemployment rampant and starvation threatening, they fear the voice of truth. They fear the ment gives short, snappy pep Socialist Workers Party and its talks, plays down denominational Trotskyist program, the only prodifferences and emphasizes the gram which will assure a bright

But we don't remove easily. We manner. At all the rallies there will fight their gerry-mandering. is much hand-lifting, saluting, We will fight every attempt to silence us. We will fight every As the postwar depression attempt to make participation in

We will fight to awaken the ism, unemployment and starva- fight.

New York Trotskyist Candidates



Farrell Dobbs, Trotskyist candidate for Mayor of New York, and Louise Simpson, Trotskyist candidate for City Council, photographed as they plan their campaign. Speeches made by them at the Trotsky Memorial Meeting, August 22, appear in this issue.

Simpson Talks Why not eliminate the corrupt, reactionary, anti-working class Republican Party? Why not Memorial Rally

speech made at the Trotskyist the world branded as the be-Memorial Meeting in New York trayer of the working class. Stalon August 22 by Louise Simpson, Trotskyist candidate for City Council.

When Stalin's agents plotted and carried out the murder of Leon Trotsky in Mexico City in August 1940, they thought they had done away with Trotskyism. The Kremlin bureaucrats' cause everywhere the parties and prepare for the fight. groups founded by Comrade Trotsky at once began to renew their efforts, to double their activities. The Stalinists soon dis-

The death of Leon Trotsky was hailed with delight by the world relentlessly toward victory . bankers and landlords - but this delight, like that in the Kremlin, was soon cut short. Trotskyism was not dead - it was very much

In Minneapolis it stood up in court and defied the most powerful capitalist class in the world In far away Ceylon and in Brit-

camps did not stop the ideas and program of Trotskyism from beng heard. In the dungeons of Italy and in the island prisons cialism. of Greece, the ideas of Trotsky inspired the revolutionists and became a living threat to capitalism despite isolation and persecu-

TROTSKYISM GREW All over the world, in the col-

onies, in the industrial cities, ward the Old Man. Trotskyism lived and grew, because it stood for international expressed in action and in deeds. . . The plot to murder Trotsky- rationality against their opism failed And while the ideas of Trot-

skyism live and grow stronger, its enemies stand exposed as

Stalinism today stands before gulls from the lake were beginning to line up on the eaves more inism today stands as an agent of rotten corrupt capitalism.

Trotsky's death today face the vengeance of an aroused and milirant working-class who come armed with the invincible weapons forged by Trotsky. All over Europe the masses

great colonial countries the exjoy was short-lived however, be- ploited peasants and workers World capitalism totters on

the brink of destruction and all the flame throwers and atomic bombs in the world cannot proovered that ideas cannot be as- long its miserable life. The ideas of Trotskyism, inscribed on the banners of the masses, march

more workers, black and white.

We are confident that our ain, Trotskyism defied the ruling in the days ahead. The American class. In Germany and France workers, slow in grasping polithe executions and concentration tical theories, will amaze the

Trotsky was a terrible blow to all of us.

loss and to honor his memory But words and tears are inade quate to express our feelings to Our regard for Trotsky is best

solidarity of all oppressed peoples Action to organize the masses against slavery, against capital- in the struggle-deeds to lead ism, against war, against fascism the workers of every color and pressors in the final conflict, to take the power in their own hands and to smash forever the rotten, filthy, capitalist system.

SWP Wins Legal Fight To Get Dobbs On Ballot

et objection against the petitions tempt to silence us. We will fight of the Trotskyist mayoralty candidate by one Richard P. Witte, a registered Democrat. This despite the fact that approximately 15,000 qualified voters, which had signed the petitions to place Farrell Dobbs on the ballot.

When interviewed after the agent, Witte, Farrell Dobbs,

than ever. It was so quiet ... You could just tell by looking at the place that the layoffs had only begun. It's slower than aircraft, and not so sudden. Steel gives you a little build-up before it gives you the business. The capitalists who rejoiced at First they put you on five days, then four, then maybe three, if you're lucky, and have ten or fifteen years' seniority. Then they

march toward socialism. In the

Today in America our small party is already beginning to make great strides despite many obstacles. The teachings of Trotsky are beginning to reach ever

party will achieve great success world with their revolutionary spirit once they rally under the red banner of revolutionary so-

The tragic death of comrade

Tonight, we meet to mourn our

Forward to Socialism!

was twice the required number,

The Trotskyist petitions conformed with all the manifold re- toilers that will govern for the quirements of the election code, benefit of the toilers, a power requirements which are specific- which will once and for all put ally designed to make it as dif- an end to imperialist war, fasficult as possible for a minority cism, unemployment and starvaparty to get a place on the bal- tion. lot. When the Socialist Workers PREPARED TO FIGHT of American youth they plan to the benefit of the toilers; a power challenged its right to run a Trot- Election Board had dismissed the gradually instill the most viru- which will once and for all put skyist candidate for mayor, the objections filed by the Tammany

orial Meeting in New York on parties. This announcement was August 22nd, Farrell Dobbs defollowed by the filing of a blank- clared: "We will fight every atevery attempt to make participation in elections the exclusive prerogative of the capitalist parties. We will fight to awaken the working class to a realization of its own power, a power which once unleashed will sweep out the capitalist criminals and their political flunkies, a power which will establish a government of the

tions. But we are not lulled into victory. We intend to remain alert

AKRON

Militant Bookshop, Everett Bldg., 39 E. Market Street, Rm. 405,

CHICAGO

51st St. L Station; News Exchange, 51 S. Main. Ceshinsky's Bookstore, 2750 W. Division St.; University of Chicago Bookstore, 5802 S. Ellis Ave.; Randolph News Shop, 63 W. Randolph. Newstand, N.W. corner 51st

and Cottage Grove. DETROIT

160 N. Wells, Room 317. Family Theater Newsstand opposite theater, Carls Book Store, 9109 Woodward Ave.

Cass Newsstand, Cass at Michigan Ave. Militant Bookshop, 3513 Woodward, Rm. 21.

LOS ANGELES Workers Book Shop, 232 S.

Hill, Room 200-05. NE Corner, 5th and Main; 326 W. 5th Street; Consolidated Bldg. 6th and Hill; 22101/2 Bklyn. Ave.; 1660 N. Cahuega and Hollywood Blvd.; 1665 N. Los Palmos and Hollywood Blvd., 3351/2 S. Hill St.

MINNEAPOLIS

Labor Book Store, 10 South 4 Street.

NEW YORK

Newsstands on 14th Street, between 2nd and 6th Aves.: 42nd St. between 5th & 6th 116 University Place.

Progressive Workers' School 423 Springfield Ave.

THE 'FOURTH INTERNATIONAL' PHILADELPHIA

13th and Market Streets.

SAN FRANCISCO

Duncan's Newsstand, 1986 Sutter St.; Rays Smoke Shop, 1174 Sutter St.: Mac-Donald's Book Store, 867 Mission St.; Golden Gate News Agency, 81-3rd St.; Fitizgerald News Agency, 21-4th St.

San Francisco School of Social Science, 305 Grant Ave., 4th FI.

BERKLEY

Sather Gate Book Shop, 2335 Telegraph Ave.; Whitey's corner Bencrost and Tele-

SAN DIEGO 242 Broadway.

SAN PEDRO

Socialist Workers Party, Rm. 214, 1008 S. Pacific Ave. Williams Book Store, 284-6th St.; Johnson's Pool Hall, 531 Beacon St.; LaRue Pharmacy, 1309 Pacific; Abrams Pharmacy, 1002

South Caffey.

Eckert's corner Washington and 1st Ave.; Bishop Drug Store, 507 Jackson St.; Rayner's Book Store, 905 - 3rd Ave.; Pool Room, 500 Main

ST. LOUIS

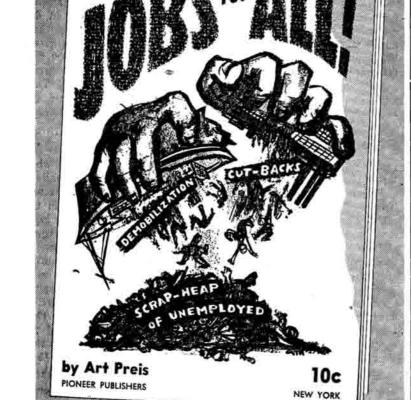
Foster's Book Store, 410 Washington Ave. TOLEDO Athletic Sport Center, 908

Drugstore, Michigan St. and Madison Ave. 'Militant' Book Shop, 905 Jefferson Avenue, Rooms

Washington St.; M. & M.

for City Council, and his party, right to appear on the ballot said: "We have won the first next November." round of our fight to present our program and candidates to the workers of New York in the eleca sense of complacency by this

The New York Local of the Socialist Workers Party has announced the publication of the Trotskyist election platform in an attractive 16 page pamphlet. Copies are available free to readers of The Militant and can be speaking in behalf of Louise and prepared to fight any en- obtained by writing to 116 Uni-Speaking at the Trotsky Mem- Simpson, Trotskyist candidate croachment on our democratic | versity Place, New York 3, N. Y.



International Fund Drive lops lhree-Quarter Mark

Campaign Director

The three-quarter mark was passed this week in the Socialist Workers Party's \$5,000 International Solidarity Fund campaign. Collections to date total \$3959.30, which is 79% of the full quota. Cleveland and Philadelphia this week completed their quotas, making a total of ten branches in the 100% group.

Only three weeks remain in which to put the fund campaign over the top. Those branches which have not yet completed their quotas should make every effort to do so promptly so that we may send this badly needed financial aid to our co-thinkers

A contribution sent in from a New England friend is accompanied by a little heart-warming story. The letter, describing the circumstances under which this contribution was made, says in wanted. I left it up to him and he part: "The friend who made this handed me \$26."

By FARRELL DOBBS | contribution is of Swedish origin and about 56 years of age. He participated actively in the struggle in his younger years, sympathizing with the extreme left. from political life. I first saw him about three weeks ago.

> "He was full of questions about our movement, particularly our views on the USSR. He knew that Stalin had sold out, but couldn't understand why. Also, the question of the Old Man and his role was a bit unclear to him. I explained matters to him. He listened and then told us that he was unable to function too actively. He explained that he was ditary disease for which there was no known cure.

"He said he was with us and would do all he could to help. I explained about the Solidarity Fund and he asked how much we

International Solidarity Fund

BRANCH	Quota	Paid	Percent
Milwaukee	\$ 30.00	\$ 44.00	147
Buffalo	125.00	156.00	125
Newark	100.00	111.00	111
Reading	25.00	25.00	100
St. Louis	25.00	25.00	100
Pittsburgh	25.00	25.00	100
Allentown-Bethlehem	60.00	60.00	100
Rochester	15.00	15.00	100
Cleveland	75.00	75.09	100
Philadelphia	125.00	125.00	100
Bayonne	100.00	98.00	98
San Francisco	375.00	357.00	95
Detroit	400.00	360.00	90
Los Angeles	750.00	625.00	83
New York	1000.00	782.50	78
Boston	125.00	95.00	76
Youngstown	85.00	65.00	76
Chicago	500.00	371.00	74
Akron	75.00	52.00	69
Twin Cities	250.00	162.50	65
Toledo	100.00	52.00	52
Members-at-Large		L	
and Friends	245.00	115.30	47
Seattle	350.00	160.00	46
N. Y. Youth Group	15.00	3.00	20
San Diego	25.00	0	0
TOTAL	\$5,000.00	\$8959.30	79

Japanese Still Dying By Tens Of Thousands From Radio-Activity Effects Of Atom Bomb

adioactivity continues for He has been living here, isolated weeks after the explosion of an atom bomb was offered last week in a series of broadcasts

from Japan. The facts asserted from Japan renewed the controversy which began after the atom bombs had been dropped, when one expert who had worked on the bomb, Dr Harold Jacobson of New York, declared that the bomb would leave a death-dealing legacy of radioactivity in the area for 75 years. The FBI threatened to suffering acutely from a here- take action against Jacobson and an Aug. 8 statement of the War Department denied his claim of continued radioactivity.

But after the latest news from Japan, the War Department devalue. An editorial in the Aug. 25 N. Y. Times declared: "The Tokyo broadcasts. . cannot be dismissed as fiction... There is no doubt that powerful alpha, beta and gamma rays dart out in all directions as a bomb explodes. . . Until the physiologists have made their studies we can do no more than hope that Tokyo has exaggerated in an effort to arouse

world sympathy." HIROSHIMA REPORT

The atomic bomb dropped on Hiroshima on Aug. 6 impregnated the earth with radioactivity or ultra-violet rays that fatally burned 30,000 victims during the plosion, an Aug. 24 report from Tokyo stated.

Another report said that servicemen brought into the area to work on reconstruction a week after the bombing were reported to have suffered severely diminished numbers of red and white corpuscles. "Although the war has ended, the spectre of death of Hiroshima," the broadcast con- trol.

An earlier report concerned Nagasaki, the other bombed city, and gave similar details.

An August 22 Tokyo broadcast stated:

"The number of dead is mount-

tendencies within our movement.

Priceless Gem of Liberal Thought

"CANDOR COMPELS US TO ADMIT THAT NOTHING IN THE HISTORY OF HUMANKIND JUSTIFIES THE HOPE THAT WE SHALL BE ABLE TO MASTER THIS NEW WEAPON AND EXPLOIT ITS POSSIBILITIES FOR GOOD AND NOT FOR EVIL. If we look to the past, we can see only additional blood and horror from every similar achievement since human beings first came across the horizon into the perspective of history, THAT IS WHY WE MUST NOW LOOK FORWARD AND NOT BACK, MUST RESOLVE THAT THE SECRET OF ATOMIC ENERGY SHALL BE USED FOR GOOD AND NOT FOR EVIL." - Bruce Bliven, in The New Republic.

healthy at first, only to weaken a jolt." after a few days from some unnial was no longer taken at face known reason and frequently

GO UNDERGROUND

atomic bomb, now held by the necessary equipment, the explo-Anglo-U.S. bloc, would soon be possessed by others. Four or five years was the outside date for that, stated a speaker, name not given but "who is with the Department of State," at the sixth annual conference on Science, Philosophy and Religion at Columbia University Aug. 24.

Another expert, Louis Bruchiss, editor of the engines section of first two weeks following its ex- Aerosphere, the international aviation authority, coupled a prediction the secret would soon be known with a proposal that industry immediately start to go dustry immediately start to go of a statement Aug. 17 on new underground in preparation for air weapons which are in the

The Bruchiss plan calls for puthangs over the remaining citizens ground and under military con- try's major cities might be des-

> Under mountains is the best place, he says, for "no matter how destructive the atomic bomb, it would not tear away a mount-

"A certain percentage of the ing, as many of those who re- people," he says, must immedi- that he strikes." ceived burns cannot survive be- ately begin to "work in these cause of the uncanny effects the underground plants and become "peace-loving nations" without

eived minor burns looked quite underground will not be too much

Apparently without meaning to be humorous, Mr. Bruchiss declared that his plan for underground cities is the answer to the unemployment problem.

"The project," he said, "calls The week brought additional for earth removal on a tremendtestimony that the secret of the ous scale. We already have the sives and the trained manpower.'

SECRET OUT

Science, he concluded, has made possible living underground. "We have perfected air conditioning and lighting and have frozen and dehydrated packaged foods. People can stay underground indefinitely and suffer no ill effects.'

Indirect confirmation that other countries soon would have the atomic secret came from no less an authority than General of the Army Henry H. Arnold, chief of the army air forces,, in the course making. These included bombers with 5000-mile radius, improved ting immediately 25 to 30 per atomic bombs "ideally suited to cent of vital industries under- sudden attacks in which a countroyed overnight by an ostensibly friendly power," and bombs and pilotless planes guided from afar.

> The significant statement of General Arnold was:

"If another aggressor rises to strike the peace-loving nations, it will be with things like these

Or, in plain English, all the atomic bomb produces on the hu- accustomed to underground liv- exception soon will be readying ing the existence of crimes such man body. Even those who re- ing, so that if war comes, going these weapons against each other. as the railroading of the 18, and

GRACE CARLSON

SPEECH BY GRACE CARLSON

Comrade Grace Carlson spoke before an audience of thirty-six people at the Labor Temp'e here the evening of the 19th.

We were pleasantly surprised that we attracted a crowd of this size in a town as reactionary as Missoula. We were, however, unfortunate in that two of the promnent labor men, who aided materially in some of the details of the meeting, were unable to attend, being at a labor convention in Billings.

Comrade Carlson's talk excited several questions and even a short speech by an old socialist, deplor-

MISSOULA, Mont., Aug. 19- paying tribute to Dr. Carlson's

may be functioning as a branch in Missoula in the near future.

> GRACE CARLSON Will Speak in KANSAS CITY Tuesday, Sept. 4 8 P. M. YWCA 1020 McGee Street

London Students Open Fund to Help Nigerian Strikers

LONDON, July 19 - A strike relief fund to assist wives and children of the Nigerian strikers arrested by British imperialism in June, has been opened in London by the West African Students Union.

The Strike Relief Committee has set a goal of 500 pounds (about \$2,000). The first contribution, 85 pounds, was made at a London mass meeting which adopted a resolution condemning the Nigerian government for its role in the strike. The resolution scores the government for refusing to negotiate wage demands, for suppressing the West African Pilot and Daily Comet which supported the strike, and for threatening the publisher of the papers, Nnamdi Azikiwe, with deportation.

Calling upon the Trade Union Congress of Great Britain to support the Nigerian strikers, the mass meeting expressed full solidarity with their colonial broth-Organizations represented included the Pan-African Federation, West African Students International African Service Bureau, Negro Welfare Center, Negro Association, African Progressive Association, Colonial Peoples' Conference, and the African Workers (seamen and technicians) in Britain.

The fund plea is signed by George Padmore, whose article At the cose of the meeting on the Nigerian strike appeared Comrade Bud Hansen sold four in The Militant August 4. At subs to the Militant. Now that that time he revealed the appallthe ice is broken we hope we ing conditions under which the Nigerian workers lived. Abysmal wages, soaring prices, and widepread disease drove over 150,-000 workers out on a general strike, demanding a minimum wage increase of 2s.6d.

Ten strike leaders were arrested, nine of whom are still awaiting trial.

All contributions to the relief fund should be sent to: Nigeria Strike Relief Fund,

c/o West African Students 1, South Villas, Camden Sq., London, N.W. 1.

The History Of American Trotskyism

Previous installments of Comrade Cannon's book described the emergence of the American Communist Party out of the tween the proletarian and petty-bourgeois elements in the party began in 1923, culminating in the expulsion of the proletarian left wing for "Trotskyism" on October 27, 1928, Slandered. ostracized and physically attacked by the Stalinists, the handful of American Trotskvists began to propagandize and win over individual members of the Communist Party. First contact with Leon Trotsky was established in the spring of 1929, and the platform of the Left Opposition published in The Militant. At their first national conference, the Trotskyists determined to operate as a faction of the Communist Party. Then Stalin's "left turn" isolated the Trotskyists. For a time, they recruited not the best elements of the CP, but malcontents and petty-bourgeois elements rebelling against discipline. This is the fifteenth installment of The History of American Trotskyism.

Walled off from the vanguard represented by the Communist movement and without contact with the living mass movement of the workers, we were thrown in upon ourselves and subjected to this invasion. There was no way out of it. We had to go through the long drawn-out period of stewing and discussing. I had to listen, and that is one reason my gray hairs are so numerous. I was never a sectarian or screwball. I never had patience with tical leadership. But one could not walk away from this sorely instinct for the mass movement it is the most cruel punishment. beset group. This little fragile nucleus of the future revolutionary party had to be held together. It had to go through this experience. Carrying Out the Great Task of Propaganda It had to survive somehow. One had to be patient for the sake of the future; that is why we listened to the windbags. It was not easy. I have thought many times that, if despite my unbelief, there is anything in what they say about the hereafter, I am going to be well rewarded - not for what I have done, but for what I have had to listen to.

* * *

The Heavy Costs of Isolation

ment slid into its inevitable period of internal difficulties, frictions and conflicts. We had fierce quarrels and squabbles, very often over little things. There were reasons for it. No small isolated movement has ever been able to escape it. A small isolated group that is, the publication and distribution of theoretical literature. thrown in upon itself, with the weight of the whole world pressing down upon it, having no contact with the workers mass movement hand linotype machine and set up our own print shop. Of all the and getting no sobering corrective from it, is bound in the best business enterprises that have ever been contrived in the history case to have a hard time. Our difficulties were increased by the fact that many recruits were not first class material. Many of the people who joined the New York branch weren't really there we could easily qualify, just on the basis of this enterprise, as by justice. They weren't the type who, in the long run, could build very good business experts. We certainly did a lot of corner a revolutionary movement - dilettantes, petty-bourgeois undisciplined elements.

trying to publish a newspaper, we were trying to publish a whole good mechanic but also a party leader and a lecturer on the staff list of pamphlets, without the necessary resources. Every penny of the New York School of Social Science. In those days the whole we obtained was immediately devoured by the expenses of the newspaper. We didn't have a nickel to turn around with. Those were the days of real pressure, the hard days of isolation, of poverty, of disheartening internal difficulties. This lasted not for weeks or months, but for years. And under those harsh conditions, which persisted for years, everthing weak in any individual was stop working, like a tired mule. Charlie would adjust a few gad- the grand efforts we made one time to mobilize the whole organsqueezed to the surface; everything petty, selfish and disloyal. I gets and, if that didn't help, take a hammer and give the linotype had been acquainted with some of the individuals before, in the a crack or two and knock some sense into it. Then it would begin days when the weather was fairer. Now I came to know them in to work properly again and another issue of The Militant would whole organization was uplifted with enthusiasm. We went around their blood and bones. And then in those terrible days I learned come out. also to know Ben Webster and the men of Minneapolis They always

PIONEER TROTSKYISTS PERSEVERED DESPITE ATTACKS AND ISOLATION

By James P. Cannon

supported me, they never failed me, they held up my hands. The greatest movement, with its magnificent program of the spectives, was inundated in those days by a sea of petty troubles, ealousies, clique formations and internal fights. Worst of all, these faction fights weren't fully comprehensible to the membership because the great political issues which were implicit in them kept going by the secret that all slave masters since Pharaoh have had not yet broken through. However, they were not mere per-

sonal quarrels, as they so often appeared to be, but as is now

Those were the hardest days of all in the thirty years that I have been active in the movement - those days from the conference of 1929 in Chicago until 1933, the years of the terrible hermetically sealed isolation, with all the attendant difficulties. Isolapeople who mistake mere garrulousness for the qualities of poli- tion is the natural habitat of the sectarian, but for one who has an

Those were the hard days, but in spite of everything we carried out our propaganda tasks, and on the whole we did it very well. At the conference in Chicago we had decided that at all costs we were going to publish the whole message of the Russian Sacrifices of the Leaders Set Example Opposition. All the accumulated documents, which had been suppressed, and the current writings of Trotsky were then available to us. We decided that the most revolutionary thing we could do was not to go out to proclaim the revolution in Union Square, not That was the hardest time. And then, naturally, the move- try to put ourselves at the head of tens of thousands of workers who did not yet know us, not to jump over our own heads.

Our task, our revolutionary duty, was to print the word, to carry on propaganda in the narrowest and most concentrated sense, To that end we drained our members for money to buy a second- sponsor a new pamphlet by Trotsky, putting up the money to of capitalism, I think this was the best, considering the means available. If we weren't interested in the revolution, I think that cutting to keep that business going. We assigned a young comrade, who had just finished linotype school, to operate the ma-And then, the everlasting poverty of the movement. We were chine, He wasn't a first-class mechanic then; now he is not only a weight of the propaganda of the party rested on this single comrade who ran the linotype machine. There was a story about him - I don't know whether it is true or not - that he didn't know much about the machine. It was an old broken-down, secondhand

Later on, we had amateur printers. About half of the New the other night. We are beginning to grow,"

York branch used to work in the print shop at one time or another - painters, bricklayers, garment workers, bookkeepers - all of liberation of all humanity, with the most grandiose historic per- them served a term as amateur typesetters. With a very inefficient and over-staffed shop we ground out certain results through unpaid labor. That was the whole secret of the Trotskyist printing plant. It wasn't efficient from any other standpoint, but it was known: If you have slaves you don't need much money. We didn't have slaves but we did have ardent and devoted comrades who quite clear to all, the premature rehearsal of the great, definitive worked night and day for next to nothing on the mechanical as struggle of 1939-40 between the proletarian and petty-bourgeois well as the editorial side of the paper. We were short of funds. All bills were always overdue, with the creditors pressing for immediate payment. No sooner would the paper bill be met than we had to pay rent on the building under threat of eviction. The gas bill then had to be paid in a hurry because without the gas the linotype wouldn't work. The electric bill had to be paid because the shop could not operate without power and light. All the bills had to be paid whether we had the money or not. The most we could ever hope to do was to cover the rent, the paper cost, installment payments and repairs on the linotype and the gas and light bills. There was seldom anything left over for the "hired help" - not only for the comrades who worked in the shop, but also those in the office, the leaders of our movement.

Great sacrifices were made by the rank and file of our comrades all the times, but they were never greater that the sacrifices made by the leaders. That is why the leaders of the movement always had strong moral authority. The leaders of our party were always in a position to demand sacrifices of the rank and file because they set the example and everbody knew it.

Somehow or other the paper came out. Pamphlets were printed one after another. Different groups of comrades would each pay for the paper. In that antiquated print shop of ours a whole book was printed on the problems of the Chinese revolution. Every comrade who wants to know the problems of the Orient has to read the book which was published under those adverse conditions - at 84 East 10 Street, New York City.

And in spite of everything - I have cited many of the negative sides and difficulties - in spite of everything, we gained a few inches. We instructed the movement in the great principles of Bolshevism on a plane never known in this country before. We educated a cadre that is destined to play a great role in the American labor movement. We sifted out some of the misfits and recruited some good people one by one; we gained a member here and there; we began to establish new contacts.

We tried to hold public meetings. It was very difficult beioh that had been palmed off on us. Every once in a while it would cause in those days nobody wanted to listen to us. I remember ization to distribute leaflets, to have a mass meeting in this very nity. We held out until 1933, and then we began to see daylight. room. We got 59 people, including our own members, and the saying to each other: "We had 59 people present at the lecture

We received help from outside New York. From Minneapolis, for example. Our comrades who later gained great fame as labor were coal heavers, working ten and twelve hours a day in the coal yards, heaving coal, the hardest kind of physical labor. Out of their wages they used to dig up as high as five or ten dollars a week and shoot it in to New York to make sure The Militant came out. Many times we had no money for the paper. We would send a wire to Minneapolis and get back a telegraphic money order for \$25 or something like that. Comrades in Chicago and other places did the same things. It was by a combination of all these efforts and all those sacrifices throughout the country that we survived and kept the paper going.

There was an occasional windfall. Once or twice a sympathizer would give us \$25. Those were real holidays in our office. We had a "revolving rent fund" which was the last resource of our desperate financial finagling. A comrade with rent to pay, say \$30 or \$40 due on the fifteenth of the month, would lend it to us on the tenth to pay some pressing bill or other. Then in five days we would get another comrade to lend his rent money to enable us to pay the other comrade back in time to satisfy his landlord. The second comrade would then stall off his landlord while we swung another deal, borrowed somebody else's rent to repay him. That went on all the time. It gave us some floating capital to cut the

Those were cruel and heavy times. We survived them because we had faith in our program and because we had the help of Comrade Trotsky and our international organization. Comrade Trotsky began his great work in exile for the third time. His writings and his correspondence inspired us and opened up for us a window on a whole new world of theory and political understanding. The intervention of the International Secretariat was of decisive help to us in the solution of our difficulties. We sought their advice and were sensible enought to heed it when it was given. Without international collaboration - that is what the word "internationalism" means - it is not possible for a political group to survive and develop on a revolutionary path in this epoch. This gave us the strength to persevere and to survive, to hold the organization together and to be ready when our opportunity came.

'Tenacity! Tenacity! Tenacity!'

In my next lecture I will show you that we were ready when the opportunity did come. When the first crack in this wall of isolation and stagnation appeared, we were able to leap through it, out of our sectarian circle. We began to play a role in the political and labor movement. The condition for that was to keep our program clear and our courage strong in those days when capitulations were taking place in Russia and discouragement was overcoming the workers everywhere. One d e f e a t after another descended upon the heads of the vanguard of the vanguard. Many began to question. What to do? Is it possible to do anything? Isn't it better to let things slide a little? Trotsky wrote an article, "Tenacity! Tenacity! Tenacity!" That was his answer to the wave of discouragement that followed the capitulation of Radek and others. Hold on and fight it out - that is what the revolutionists must learn, no matter how small their numbers, no matter how isolated they may be. Hold on and fight it out until the break comes, then take advantage of every opportu-Then the Trotskyists started to get on the political map of this country. In the next lecture I shall tell you about that,

(To be continued)

The Workers' Forum columns are open to the opinions of the readers of "The Militant' Letters are welcome on any subject of interest to the workers. Keep them short and include your name and address. Indicate if you do not want your name printed.

A Letter to Negro Children Dear Negro Children:

Gather around, my children, and listen to my message.

I realize you are good children, the children of God, and as the children of God you are heirs to the kingdom. God, our Father, has placed you here in this vale of tears to prepare you for the blessings of heaven and as good children you must strive to please your Father in heaven just as you have pleased me.

Although God so chose to tint your skins, your souls are white and pure. God has made you and given you the powers of your mind; it is for you to be worthy of the dignity that is your birth- to plead our cause and I want you right as a child of the King.

My children, you are the inhabitants of the great land of America, but because your skin is sometimes a shade darker than that of other Americans, you can only hope for the same advantages the others enjoy. You must not be quickly discouraged or become weary because of others' ignorance, but be proud God made you as he so desired. Did not our Father send Moses down to release the Jews? Today the Socialist Workers Party pleads our cause at every opportunity, just as Moses did for the Jews, but today men's hearts are harder than in those days. Believe me, my children, it is

not easy for me to have to tell with all the ills of discrimination. the advantages you so richly ple. deserve. I have but one hope left

socialists.

Our people have worked withevery consideration, yet today a Each week has been a lesson to hope for equality or for the opportunity to serve as it is suited United States Employment Serv-

CLEVELAND - Open meetings |

are held at Pecks Hall, 1446 E.

82nd St. (off Wade Park N.)

on Friday evenings, 8:30 p. m.

Los Angeles-Buy The Militant,

Fourth International and other

Marxist books and pamphlets

as well as information about

the SWP at the following pla-

ces in the Los Angeles area:

LOS ANGELES, Socialist

Workers Party, Rooms, 200-05,

232 S. Hill St. SAN PEDRO.

Socialist Workers Party, 1008

S. Pacific, Room 214. For ad-

ditional information phone

for the WEST COAST VACA-

TION SCHOOL. Situated at

the Workmen's Circle Camp in

Carbon Canyon, San Bernar-

dino County, it is two miles

from Lavida Hot Springs and

For reservations and further

information write to Janice

Martin, Director, West Coast Vacation School, 232 S. Hill St.,

Room 205, Los Angeles, Calif.

waukee branch of the SWP at

ton Ave., Room 21, any evening

its headquarters, 926 Planking-

MINNEAPOLIS - Hear Grace

Carlson speak on "Women in

Prison," Sunday, September 9,

at 7:30 p. m. Socialist Workers

Party headquarters, 10 So. 4 St.

NEWARK - Lectures are held

field Ave., at 8:40 p. m.

every Friday at the Progressive

Workers' School, 423 Spring-

Sunday, Sept. 2: Picnic at

Rahway Park. Meet at 9:30

a.m. at Elizabeth Ave. and

Runyon St. \$1 for adults, 50

cents for children, includes

transportation, dinner, wienie

of Negro Revolts in U. S."

Friday, Sept. 7 - "History

MILWAUKEE - Visit the Mil-

between 7 and 9:30 p. m.

32 miles from Los Angeles.

Make your reservation now

VA-7936.

GRAY CARTOON CONTEST CLOSES

The contest conducted by The Militant to select the most appropriate descriptive name for the family in Laura Gray's feature cartoon on Page 8, closed on August 31. Entries will be judged by the editors of The Militant, and full results announced in a forthcoming

I do not want you to mistrust anyone because his skin is lighter than yours, and above all I want you to feel equal to him.

The Socialist Workers Party is the only organization of its kind to remember that name. One day you will recall receiving this letter, when they will take over the government and make the dreams of every Negro father for his children, come true.

And now my children, read and re-read this message, and try to understand always that I love you very much and want the best for you, because you are my children. Victor Howell

Chaos As Workers Seek Detroit Jobs

SWP BRANCH

ACTIVITIES

Detroit is seething with unemployment. Some will be fortunate you these things, but I want to enough to find work again, but prepare you before you are faced the percentage will be small. "Reconversion," the antidote of-Your fathers' fathers toiled and fered by the traitorous union gave much to this land, and in leadership and the corporations, return I cannot hope to give you will not absorb the mass of peo-

The fate of the workers is and that is that Socialism will clear if they do not recognize the replace our present form of gov- call toward economic freedom. The capitalists no longer can meet I want to educate you, my the demands of a country sudchildren. I want you to have denly at peace. Capitalism has every advantage you desire, and dealt itself another blow for its from experience I know this can own suicide. The promise of 60,never be done except through the 000,000 jobs of last year, has passed into thin air.

For ten weeks I have watched out ceasing, proving worthy of the growing lines of unemployed. are out of work. Willow Run is new generation is born without me and those who stood in line with me, at the offices of the ice. The gross inefficiency of this respect the dignity of all people; Workers endure hours of waiting

The Dangerous Three

In cahoots the dangerous three Make the laws for society. Bankers, lawyers, clergymen Make the workers toil for them So parasites may live in ease On taxes, dues, donations, fees.

Malnutrition and slow starvation Weaken the workers of the nation. In cahoots the dangerous three Have prayers, laws and flags for me While they penalize and bless My take-home pay is getting less.

In cahoots the dangerous three, With prayers, laws and flags for me, Tell how "Profits made from war Is not what the war is for." Trying to build a democracy Controlled by aristocracy.

"Workers of the world UNITE." To build a government of right-Security from monopolies Could place more of us at ease Too many parasites to feed-The dangerous three we do not need.

> DAVIS DUSENBERY Rochester, N. Y.

pressure on Washington, perhaps certain medals will get special something of the nursery school consideration. Any service man program can be saved. It is certainly the only hope for those men receive their medals pos-of us who have to work on the thumously, while these honors are job and at home.

Mrs. N. N. Minneapolis, Minn.

The Outcast Veteran

I was taking a walk with the girl-friend in a park in the New Lots area of Brooklyn the other night. I was suddenly confronted y an umbrella-carrying stranger,

"Say Buddy, can I ask you omething?"

We stopped for a moment to see what this fellow was trying to sell us. But in the few moments he spoke with us he dug his way into our hearts and made us feel the complete rottenness of the system under which we live. "I'm a social outcast,"

began, "I just came back from spending thirty months overseas. was in Africa, Belgium and France. They sent me back to a nospital in the States. I had a ad case of battle fatigue. God!! wish 1 stayed in France. I wish never came back. People don't realize what we went through. This whole war's a fake. We ain't fighting fascism. "When I was in the hospital

they didn't take good care of me. I lost my memory. The army gave me an electric shock treatment. I don't know what it did to me. They discharged me before I was cured.

"Anyway, they tell me I shooting it. Lucky I didn't kill dorsed candidates for practically I suppose the company will win anybody. I yelled a lot of things all the offices in the city, few an efficiency award, a Navy "E" I can't believe I said. I still don't were nominated. As is too often before long. believe 'it. But the newspapers wrote it up. I said things like light. 'Kill all the Jews.' I couldn't be an anti-Semite could I? I couldn't that send representatives to the say things against my own peo- council, two have been dominantly ple. Please buddy-you believe democratic. They are the fifth me don't you?

"My boss fired me. My sweettalk to me. They're ashamed of labor endorsed candidate failed me. I moved 25 blocks away and to receive the nomination. But my reputation followed me, an independent democrat has Nobody will listen to me. I world. I'm disgusted with the world. Kids throw stones at me. I can't believe I did or said what they tell me. If I did I was out

me? What can I do? Please elections to disqualify the inbuddy, you're a stranger. Can you dependent. They were unsuccesstell me what to do?'

A Soldier Brooklyn, N. Y.

The Navy has finally gotten labor's support, is pretending to around to a point system for the do something about the situation discharge of its men. But what a system! When the Army set up its plan it took into consideration the opinions of the men as ex-

> Yank magazine. Not so the Navy! The admirals' system allows 1/2 point for each year of age; 1/2 10 points for dependents regard-

The inequalities of the system which we do not feel we can are manifest. Under this plan a man with three kids gets no more consideration than a man with der, deputy administrator of the only a wife. The man of 30 who federal works administration, was drafted in 1943-44 cannot reveals a national policy of forc- get out, but the youngster who ng women back into the homes volunteered in 1939 does. The and out of the labor market. It catch here is that all who went is a means for Washington to in before the end of 1942 volun-

children home to starve. The The man who sweated out the Minneapolis Times, in an editor- war in some god-forsaken hell ers using government nursery the man who sat out the war icemen overseas, and that for the shells fly is no better off than profit. these people the war is not over. the man who fought the battle

handed out to officers almost as matter of routine.

And to top the whole rotten deal, whole branches of the service are excluded from all provisions of the point system. These (mailmen, storekeepers, pharmacists, etc., etc.) will be kept until further notice. This works an especial hardship, since a large percentage of men in these service groups are in the upper age brackets.

The truth is that the Navy doesn't want to let go of any more men than public pressure makes it necessary to release. Our admirals don't really believe the war is over. Japan is down, but on the horizon is Russia.

I hope to see The Militant become an organizing center for the demand to get the men out of the services.

A Sailor

Independent In Akron Elections

Editor:

and can be counted among that taper. large and growing number of of race, creed or color.

grabbed a cop's gun and began apathetic. Although the CIO en- -rework-continually. the case, the primary vote was

and tenth wards. In these the great majority are factory workheart left me. People won't even ers. In the tenth, however, the since qualified by petition and conservative democrat and the republicans' choice, who, likewise, is a conservative and was unopposed in the primary. Of course, an attempt was made by "Why didn't the army treat the democrats at the board of

The independent candidate in the words of Vincent R. Dunne, spokesman for the SWP in Detroit, "he represents the growing tendency towards a Labor Party." Since the SWP has no candidate since real labor representation is be unwise for the SWP and their friends to back Mr. White. A survey seems to indicate that he will get a majority of the CIO votes anyway, also many others from both old parties. Roy A. Cutright

Akron, Ohio.

Profiteers' Trick

little lesson in the workings of the capitalist system that I'd like to pass on. I learned what "Operation 8" is in the machine shop where I run an engine

ing up work which did not pass inspection so that it looks as though it meets specifications ial, stated that half of the moth- hole stands no better chance than The object-to have the Navy inspectors accept the faulty work school care, are the wives of serv- behind a desk. The man who saw so that the company makes its

country can be organized to bring the provision that holders of turned because it lacks the correct

Pioneer

Again this week, just as we did last week, Pioneer announces a new pamphlet, ready for distribution. JOBS FOR ALL! -A Fighting Program for Labor, by Art Preis, labor reporter for The Militant, has just been published for the Socialist Workers Party. It is a 24-page pamphlet with two-color cover, and numerous illustrations from drawings

by Laura Gray. "Peace" has come to America. 'Peace" which means to the ilies is the next order of the day. of the economic system which makes his pamphlet essential Peace! headline'?" reading for the workers by setting forth a program for full employment.

Liberals of all stripes have filled the newspaper and magazine columns full in the last period, reporting facts about "reconversion." But none of them go beyond that - setting forth the horrible facts.

JOBS FOR ALL - A fighting Program for Labor gives the program of the Socialist Workers Party for fuil employment. It is a pamphlet which should be unemployment insurance offices, about the no-strike pledge. at the CIO "Reconversion Rallies" now being held over the country. the British elections. It comes The branches will find it one of their best organizers.

pre-publication demand for the as some of the other ex-coalitionpamphlet, Pioneer has printed ists. I welcome too the corres-20,000 copies—the largest single pondence column, but I think 'Incdition we have published of a ternational Notes' is the best popular pamphlet. And we confi- single feature. Kovalesky's and dently expect to have to reprint it within a short time.

JOBS FOR ALL! - A FIGHT-ING PROGRAM FOR LABOR, by Art Preis, 10c. Order from tant on the Murray "Full Emsity Piace, New York 3, N. Y.

taper at either end. Instead of we shine up the end with emery so that it will look to the naked ticle. Am a reader of the Militant cye as though it has the proper

There is so much faulty work people whose chief desire is to in this shop, where inexperienced procure better conditions for the women, girls and boys are hired vorkers of the world, regardless as lathe operators at helper's pay and where all emphasis is placed In our recent primary election on quantity rather than quality here in the great rubber center, of work, that a number of work-Akron, O., the workers were ers do nothing but Operation 8

Yours for a Workers Govern-

Los Angeles

Thoughts on V-J Day

Editor: When the announcement of the end of World War II came over the public address system in the Lockheed Aircraft Plant, Burbank, Calif., the workers expressed a restrained joy. They are glad that World War II is over. However, they are concerned about the mounting unemployment facing them. An article in the Los Angeles Daily News-Aug. 14th states "Los Angeles today faces reconversion and employment problems so vast that to many persons the V-J day announcement will come as an

anti-climax." With the end of imperialist World War II, 20 million workers, conservatively estimated face complete unemployment within the next year. Millions of for this particular office, and other workers face drastic cuts in their take home pay. Locally, badly needed, perhaps it wouldn't in Los Angeles, center of the aircraft industry, 100,000 out of 150,000 workers will be out of work within the next few months, 90 percent of the aircraft industry is government owned. All militant trade unionists should initiate the fight for government ownership of industry under trade union control. To effectuate this demand, militant trade unionists must fight to steer their organizations away from the support of the capitalist parties and toward the organization of an Independent Labor Party.

Los Angeles



end of the war and the use of always interesting. atomic bombs' in The Militant two weeks ago left a deep impression among workers who can Labor Political party. Once secured a copy of the paper.

a member of the Trotskyist a more even keel." Youth: "We held a distribution American workers that the fac- New York City, as a result of than he would his daily papers." tory gates are closed; that hung- which several newsdealers have er for themselves and their fam- called us, requesting that we piace the paper on their news-Art Preis, in a brilliant analysis stands. Our headline left a sharp year combination subscriptions to can provide work for the millions approached the newsdealers with of wage earners only by manu- the question Do you sell the pa- in two 6 month and one 1 year facturing weapons of death, per that carried the There Is No

Local New York takes 5,000

additional papers weekly, and advises that every newsstand in the city will soon carry The Militant. From a subscriber across the border we received this very ineresting communication: closed please find money order to eep my subscriptions to The Militant and the Fourth International in good order. I pass these papers on to close to forty I.W.A. members who take the paper very eagerly. Stalinist influence is put into the hands of every work- strong in the I. W. A. group er in the "payoff" lineups, in the but the rank and file are sore

"Thanks for the write-up on very handy to us here in the Canadian Commonwealth Feder-Because of the tremendous ation — re Atlee's record, as well

A Correction

An article in last week's Mili-Pioneer Publishers, 116 Univer- ployment" Bill incorrectly attributed a letter on the bill in the N. Y. Times to Senator Wagner. The author of the letter was Senator O'Mahoney, who is recutting the taper or scrapping also one of the chief advocates the tube if it is beyond repair, of the bill. This error in no wise altered the point of the ar-

The dynamic manifesto of the Grey's column are first class, and Socialist Workers Party on the The Negro Struggle' column is

PAGE SEVEN

"Looking across the border, one sees the need for an Amerilaunched it should mushroom like This is evidenced by a report the C. C. F. here and your stronggiven to us by Sandy Robertson, er trade unions would keep it on

A postscript to the above letter of The Militant at several fac- is added: "One worker told me tories in the Chelsea section of he would miss The Militant more

Militant Army statistics include among many others, Allentown with two 6 month, one 1 impact on these workers as they The Militant and the Fourth International. Youngstown has sent renewal in addition to a one year new sub. San Pedro records five 6 month and two 1 year new readers. Flint sent in two 1 year new subs. San Francisco again makes the record with two 6 month and one 1 year new subscribers plus two 1 year renewals. And Eloise Black reminds us "While you're boasting in the Militant Army what's the matter with the total of 63 new miner readers - 7 of them with one year subscriptions?"

> Bea Trent writes from Los Angeles: "Enclosed you will find a check for \$3.50 for five 6 month and one 1 year subscriptions to The Militant, all of which were obtained by a comrade in Aircraft, in his shop. We'll send more subscriptions to you as fast as we get them."

> An excellent way to increase our Militant Army ranks is 👺 lustrated by this note from San Francisco: " A large percentage of our new subs are brought in by our subscribers. Two of the subscribers now attending The Militant Discussion Group are joining the party. I am sure that we will continue recruiting from these discussion groups and hope to increase the number of groups in a short while."

Ask Your Shopmate to Subscribe to The Militant

FIGHT FOR THIS PROGRAM:

- 1. Full employment and job security for all workers and veterans!
- A sliding scale of hours! Reduce the hours of work with no reduction in pay! A rising scale of wages! Increase wages to meet the

increased cost of living! Operate all government-built plants under workers'

2. Independence of the trade unions from the government!

Rescind the no-strike pledge! Withdraw union representatives from the War Labor

3. Organization of the war veterans by the trade unions!

4. Full equality for Negroes and national minorities! Down with Jim Crow!

5. Working class political action! Build the independent labor party! Establish the workers' and farmers' government!

6. Tax the rich, not the poor! No taxes on incomes under \$5,000 a year!

7. A working class answer to capitalist mili-

Military training of workers, financed by the government, but under control of the trade unions! Trade union wages for all workers in the armed forces!

8. Hands off the European and colonial peoples!

Withdraw the Allied Occupation Troops from Europe! Solidarity with the revolutionary struggles of the European and colonial peoples!

Join the Socialist Workers Party!

SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY 116 University Place New York 3, New York

Iv	rould	like:
	To	join
П	To	obtai

the Socialist Workers Party.

ain further information about your organization. To attend meetings and forums of the Socialist Workers Party in my city.

Name (Please Print)

Address City Postal Zone ... State

roast and sports.

Speaker: Ruth Laurie. NEW YORK - The Militant can

stands in the greater New York area. Ask at your neighborhood newsdealer.

Saturday, Sept. 8-Members and friends of the SWP will meet at 116 University Place, corner 13th St., to launch a citywide sale of Charles Jackson's new pamphlet, "A Practical a social to aid the International Solidarity Fund. Refresh-

PHILADELPHIA - Open for-Forum, 405 W. Girard, 8:30

young people are invited. Labor Forum, 405 W. Girard.

quarters, 220 S. W. Alder St., room 500; open 1 to 4 p.m. daily except Sunday, and 6 to 8 p.m. on Tuesday and Friday. Sunday, Sept. 16-"Will the End of the War Bring Peace?"

Hesser. 8 p.m.

Speaker: C. M. Hesser.

SAN FRANCISCO - Visit the San Francisco School of Social Science, 305 Grant Ave., corner of Grant and Sutter, 4th floor; open from 12 noon to 3 p.m. Monday through Saturday, and 7 to 9 p.m. Monday through

tant readers, friends invited.

cents. Beer, food, baseball!

now be obtained at all news-

Program to Kill Jim Crow." 800 youngsters will lose a place After the mobilization, enjoy where they are well cared for

ums every Thursday evening

Socialist Youth Group meets now be forced to lower their fam-

PORTLAND-Visit SWP head-

Open forum; speaker, C. M. Sunday, Oct. 21 - "Unemployment . . . How to Fight It."

TOLEDO - Forums held every Sunday evening at 905 Jefferson Ave., Room 304. All Mili-

Sunday, Sept 9-Watermelon Festival all-day outing. Ted Selander will speak on "Labor in Postwar World." Transportation from your home to picnic grounds in Temperance, Mich. provided, Adults \$1, children 50

to be processed through needless Though no jobs were available,

each applicant was made to wait our hours or more. These workers patiently sit and wait to be offered a job at 40 percent less than the job they had. I worked for \$1.17 an hour. Each week, I was offered a job for 92 cents an hour. When I refused I was told that I could not draw my compensation. Standing on my rights managed to keep reporting each week for my compensation checks. It has been ten weeks to date, and as yet no checks. The wilful stalling of this agency is making the workers seek jobs for themselves. Some have drifted into

an hour. Monday of last week was the worst I have ever seen. With the end of the imperialist butchery, hundreds of thousands have been thrown out of work. The USES offices are jammed full, but the stalling practices still remain. Hours of waiting for case histories, more hours of waiting in

jobs paying as low as 60 cents

line for additional history.

In one office they had 20 clerical workers to process thousands of applicants. Men and women workers are disgruntled and irate. But the red tape continues. Today, just 10 days after the end of the worst murder in



history, hundreds of thousands gathering dust, as are many other

government-owned plants. The cry is not to speed up on "reconversion" to assure the profits of bloated corporations, My children, do not misunder- agency is, to say the least, apstand me; there are many people palling. With but a handful of trol of government-owned facaware of our contributions to clerical workers, these offices are tories for civilian use. The answer America, many who are fair and jammed from morning to night. to unemployment lies in nationalization of industry, under trade union control; and in a workers and farmers government. We have had our taste of capitalism. The road to freedom lies in the

socialization of the world. E. Logan

Detroit Forcing Women Out of Industry

A few days ago the announcement was made that governmentoperated nursery schools and child-care centers for children of working mothers will close in a haven't made a friend in the will run for council along with the few weeks. In Minneapolis alone,

while their mothers work. I am distressed about this closing because I have a pre-schoolage son enrolled in one of these schools, my husband is overseas, and in these days of high prices on current topics, at Labor it is impossible to live on an Army allotment. Thousands of mothers all over the country will

Friday evenings, 8:80 p. m.; all ilies' standard of living by leav- Navy Point System ing jobs and staying at home. Here in Minneapolis Mayor Humphrey, recently elected with by appealing to Truman to extend federal funds, through which these nurseries operate, for an-

> other six months. Washington's answer was "Our policy is not to extend any child welfare project beyond October 31 because with the liqui- point for each month of service; dation of war industries women employed in these industries will less of the number. Fourty-four not continue to be employed. points are needed for discharge. This is a national policy to

make any exception." This statement by Baird Sny-"relieve" the unemployment situ- teered and so have to serve out ation by sending mothers and their enlistment anyway.

of my mind.

Editor: pressed in a series of articles in

Of the ten wards in the city

this ward is B. L. White, and in

Last night I received another

lathe, making the steel shells for Operation 8 is rework-touch-

An example of what's involved If mothers throughout the of the USO's. Ironical indeed is is the following: A tube is re-

THE MILITANT

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"Entered as second class matter March 7, 1944 at the post office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879."



Only the world revolution can save the USSR for socialism. But the world revolution carries with it the inescapable blotting out of the Kremlin oligarchy.

- Leon Trotsky

Time For Action

Reports of mass layoffs throughout the entire country are printed elsewhere in this issue of The Militant. The victimized workers everywhere are angrily protesting, demanding jobs and the guarantee of a living wage.

Already frightened by the storm signal of the British Labor victory, Congressmen are now more than ever afraid of losing their political sinecures in the economic debacle following the end of the war. Consequently, they are going through the motions of "doing something" for the workers.

No less concerned, President Truman has announced he will call a labor-industry-government conference to elaborate a new agreement "to minimize interruption of production by labor disputes,

Philip Murray and William Green, in this critical situation, go no further than to support the utterly inadequate bills now in the legislative hoppers. Moreover, they show every intention of going along with Truman's plans to keep the workers shackled through "industrial peace" pledges made by union officials behind the backs of the union rank and file. Government compulsion would be used to prevent "violation" of such

Murray and Green, and all union officials, are duty bound to fight for legislation to insure jobs for all workers and returning veterans at decent wages. But it must be legislation that will meet the urgent needs of the day. It must be legislation providing for government operation of all idle plants under workers' control.

Let Murray, Green and the other union officials attend as many labor-industry-government conferences as they wish. But don't let them get away with back-room "pledges" which the bosses and their government can use to fight the union rank and file.

The workers have a right to demand immediate evidence of good faith from their union officials after the repeated betrayals they have experienced. As evidence of such good faith the union officials should GET OFF THE WAR LABOR BOARD!

As further evidence that they mean business, the union officials should begin right now to mobilize the union ranks through a nation-wide labor conference for an all-out struggle to win full employment and adequate wage increases.

Plant "Seizures"

The role of the government as an official strikebreaker was graphically revealed during the past week. On August 25 President Truman returned the plants, mines and other facilities of 24 companies "seized" by the government during the war.

Among the plants were those of Montgomery Ward. It was the head of this outfit, S. L. Avery, who most brazenly refused to obey the directives of the War Labor Board. Yet the government is handing back these plants without enforcing the War Labor Board orders! Clearly the "seizures" were calculated for no other purpose than to help the bosses break strikes. Through assuming control, the government prevented the workers from winning, even the meager concessions granted by the War Labor Board.

While Truman thus restores these properties to the employers, with the anti-union label still intact, his official policy toward the workers is to continue the repressive measures of wartime. On August 18, he issued an Executive Order reaffirming the authority of the War Labor Board - the same authority the War Labor Board failed to apply against Montgomery Ward and the rest but which it used innumerable times against the workers. Truman ordered "officials charged with the settlement of labor disputes" under the war-time regulations and the Smith-Connally Anti-Strike Act to treat disputes which "interfere with effective transition to a peacetime economy" as "disputes which interrupt work contributing to the effective prosecution of the war." With this cynical

sophistry Truman attempts to justify extending into peacetime the anti-democratic repressive measures of wartime.

An ironic high light in this grim picture of Truman's continuation of Roosevelt's strikebreaking policy is the government "seizure" August 23 of the Illinois Central Railroad. Here a strike was not even in progress. It was simply "threatened" by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen. Coming at this particular time, the "seizure" underlines the government's role as an agent of the capitalists in labor disputes.

Let the workers study these incidents well. They offer an instructive lesson. The government of the bosses cannot be trusted to defend the interests of the workers through "seizures" or similar measures. In every instance the government of the bosses is concerned only with protecting the interests of the profit-hungry capitalists.

Hong Kong

The seizure of Hong Kong by the British emphasizes once again the imperialist character of the Second World War. The estimated Chinese population of the island of Hong Kong in 1940 was 1,-071,893. Non-Chinese, including the British overlords, numbered only 24,125. This populous island was first taken by the British imperialists in 1841. It became a naval station of great strategic importance. It is its value as a commercial port, however, that makes Hong Kong rich booty in the wars of the rival imperialist powers. Situated at the mouth of the Canton river, it ensures control over a vast and wealthy section of the interior of China. The World Almanac lists Hong Kong as "the gateway between the east and the west and one of the greatest trans-shipment ports in the world."

Japan seized this imperialist prize on December 25, 1941. With the collapse of Japan the fate of Hong Kong became an immediate and important question. Those who believed in the promises of the imperialist war-mongers that this was a war for democracy hoped that Hong Kong would revert to the Chinese people to whom it rightfully

On August 22 the press reported Chiang Kaishek was preparing to send troops into Hong Kong in accordance with Japanese surrender terms. A Chinese Army spokesman declared that Hong Kong was in the China theater and the High Command "naturally assumes responsibility to accept the Japanese surrender there."

The British imperialists thought otherwise. They did not wish Chinese troops in Hong Kong-not even to accept the surrender of the Japanese armies. Churchill, the ex-Prime Minister who announced at the beginning of the war he did not intend to preside over the liquidation of the British Empire, got up in Parliament on August 23 and demanded of the incumbent Prime Minister, Clement Attlee: "May I presume that you recall that on numerous occasions, and particularly at the Cairo Conference in 1943, the Government have made it plain that they did not contemplate modification in the sovereignty of His Majesty's territories in the Far

Thus did the spokesman of the British capitalists brutally insist that the newly elected Labor Government carry out the dirty task of seizing the booty of imperialist war.

Clement Attlee did NOT give Churchill the stinging rebuke proper from a leader devoted to the interests of the working class. Quite the contrary. "Yes, sir," he humbly replied, according to the press. "I have very full recollections of those statements and I will bear them in mind." And to the cheers of the legislators he announced: "Plans for re-establishing British administration in the colony are fully prepared."

In the face of these threatening developments Chiang Kai-shek immediately backed up. This butcher of the Chinese revolution of 1927 who murdered tens of thousands of workers to prevent a Communist Government from coming to power in China runs true to color. During the war he sabotaged the struggle against Japan by refusing to arm the Chinese people and by refusing to conduct a genuine people's war against Japanese imperialism. Today he is playing the role of humble servant to Anglo-American imperialism. On August 25 the Generalissimo announced he was unwilling to send troops to accept the surrender of Hong Kong "lest Allied misunderstandings develop.

That the British imperialists, like their Wall Street partners in piracy, never had the slightest intention of carrying out the noble-sounding democratic ideals they mouthed during the war will surprise few people. The servility of the Labor Party officialdom before the British imperialists led by Churchill, however, will prove shocking to many workers who hoped the great Labor Party victory signified the end of British imperialism. Events are proving with great rapidity that the Labor Party officials are not acting in accordance with the views of the rank and file who put them

The dispatch of British troops to take over Hong Kong is a black mark on the record of the Labor Party. The British workers will not be long in demanding an accounting from the officials whom they thrust into power. They did not vote for a Labor Government in order to continue the imperialist policy of loot and oppression. Attlee is sowing as Churchill wishes but he will reap the whirlwind of revolution.

> **Vote Trotskyist!** DOBBS & SIMPSON In the Coming N. Y. ELECTIONS



"Why don't they go to the USES instead of parading around and making all that fuss?"

Soviet Union

According to an Aug. 19 UP Moscow dispatch, "instructions have been issued by the Central Committee of the Communist Party and the Council of People's Commissars" for the launching of the Fourth Five-Year Plan, scheduled to begin in Jan. 1946 and to conclude in Dec. 1950. (The First Five-Year Plan was started in 1929; the Second, in 1933; the Third in 1939. But the 1939 Plan, which collapsed in its very first stages, was never brought to its completion, although by 1941 the Kremlin was bombastically preparing a "Fifteen-Year Plan.")

The advancement of planned economy, disrupted by the war, is very significant news indeed. Planning is possible only on the basis of the collectivized means of production, and their retention. But Moscow's announcement is accompanied by no specific data whatever. (The Kremlin ceased publishing all economic statistics in 1939, the year of the Stalin-Hitler Pact.) The world is merely informed that although "the task of restoration and reconstruction alone would absorb Soviet economic energies for years," for expansion as well, so that by on main streets. 1950, the USSR will have sur-

Is this as feasible as it sounds? The Kremlin has never denied that seven out of 16 republics of the HSSR have sustained incalculable losses. These seven republics are: the Ukraine, Byelorussia, Moldavia, Finno-Carelia, Lithuania, Latvia and Esthonia. The scope of devastation may be gauged by the admitted fact that the main Ukrainian cities (Kiev, Kharkov, Odessa, Poltava, Stalino Chernigov, Zhitomir, Belaya Tserkov and others) have been "reduced to ruins," while Byelorussian cities (Minsk, Gomel, Vitebsk, Grodno, Brest and Mogilev" are heaps of "debris and charred ruins." In the countryside, villages by the thousands have suffered the same fate.

Thus according to Red Star (May 29), official Red Army organ, the total for reconstruction and restoration "in the Ukraine alone would be more than \$100-billion." Translated into Russian currency and conditions, here is what this huge sum really signifies:

The highest official figure for the volume of production in the Ukraine, which accounted for onethird of Soviet prewar carloadings, is the 1940 sum of 22 billion roubles (or, at official - and artificial - rates of exchange, close to five billion dollars). This means that even if Ukrainian production were restored overnight to its prewar levels, it would still take almost two decades to complete the work of reconstruction and restoration by diverting all of this production to such ends.

But couldn't the rest of the country aid? The highest (and least falsified) official prewar figure for Soviet national income is that of 1938, when 105 billion rubles (or \$21 billion) were claimed. It would take ALL of this national income for a period of five years to make good the damage in the Ukraine alone. But the Kremlin itself does not promise to return to such prewar levels until 1950, or the completion of the projected Fourth Plan.

Obviously, Soviet internal resources are utterly inadequate for the needs of the hour. This is indirectly acknowledged by the Moscow dispatch which concludes by listing the following three additional "perspectives";

(1) "Reparations in kind from Finland, Rumania and Germany.

(2) "Trade relations with such | ountries as Poland ...

American and British credits in the form of machinery and some

Germany

The specter of 1923, when it took a million marks to buy a money except for use in the purchase of small official rations. The mark, including Allied military notes, is sliding down without halt. Inflation fever has mounted to a new high. According to a news dispatch from Berlin, Allied money in the black market is worth only one-twentieth of its pegged value. Its pur-

chasing power is rapidly falling. Cigarettes and other commodities are taking the place of currency. Occupation troops, who have received cigarettes from their relatives, are using them as

The great disparity between the living standard of the Germans and Allied troops is set in sharp relief by clamoring throngs of hungry, ragged people who nevertheless, "the new plan calls surround British cars that halt

> An important factor in causing Soviet code markings which are jection afterward carried by officers and men on leave. Although Soviet troops have not been paid in a long time they sometimes carry as high as thirty to forty thousand marks in thousand mark notes. These troops are anxious to convert the money into valuable commodities. A watch which cost eight dollars before the war will bring three hundred to four hundred dollars when sold to Russian troops.

Spain

Premier Jose Giral recently innounced the formation of the first Spanish Republican Government in exile. The cabinet is composed of representatives of capitalist parties, trade union organizations and the Socialist party.

QUESTION BOX

Q: How large is the working lass of Japan?

of 64 millions, of whom about wo million were factory workers; another two million casual workers hired and paid by the day; are in desperate need of clothes, half a million transport workers; a reduction of the British clothes 200,000 miners; four and a half ration was announced. million white collar workers, not including professional people; be able to live. In order to pay about 800.000 domestic servants for them she must export comabout 800,000 domestic servants, and half a million fishermen. This provides a total of about ten millions. In addition, agricultural laborers and the working peasentry combined, totaled 13 million of the working population.

Q: What was Eugene V. Debs rade union connection?

A: Debs was a locomotive fireman. To unify the railroad workers so that they would be better able to win their demands, he iaunched the American Railway bor members of Parliament by Union, and was its president at Illinois, June, 1894. It was the strike by Federal troops, costing the lives of 20 people, which convinced Eugene Debs that the gov ernment itself was a servant of Big Business. Debs was imprisoned as a result of the strike. He former enemy countries such as came out of the experience as a confirmed and devoted socialist.

Jose Giral, named to head the present government by Diego (3) " . High expectations of Barrio, President of the Republic, was Minister of the Navy in July, 1936, when Franco engineered the military revolt that led to bloody civil war, crushing of the Spanish proletariat and the establishment of the present fascist regime.

Former Premier Juan Negrin, who is best known for his prostreet car ticket, has arisen in capitalist policies in the Spanish Berlin. Berliners are abandoning Civil War, was asked to accept a post in the government. According to Giral, members of Negrin's party, refused to allow him to participate.

The Communist Party was also asked to collaborate but refused with the explanation that it was disposed to enter only a government presided over by Negrin,' whose subservience to the Stalinists is well known.

The Giral Cabinet, according to dispatch from Mexico City, Aug. 26, to the N. Y. Times, "will strive for recognition by the United States and Great Britain.' Aware of its shadow-like char acter, the Government recognized that "by withholding or delaying recognition" the great Powers would seriously hamper the exiled Government's work..."

With "recognition" Giral's government expects the support of

This "democratic capitalist gov rnment" has been formed of the parties and men whose bankrupt olicies are responsible for Fran o's rise to power.

In collaboration with the Stalnists, they refused to grant land o the peasantry and freedom to Morocco: two policies that would have cut the base from under Franco. They countered opposition to their policies by imprisoning and hounding and executing working class revolutionists.

Now they hope to return to power in Spain with the aid of the Allied Governments to reestablish a regime whose bankrupt and treacherous policies cost the Spanish working class untold suffering and bloodshed.

Great Britain

The abrupt termination of Lend-Lease has deepened the economic crisis in Britain.

"If Lend-Lease were cut off at once," Sir Stafford Cripps said, obviously it would be a difficult problem to get enough imports to keep us alive ... In outlining the Government's general trade A: According to the last cen- policy he warned that no imus, 1930, Japan had a population provement in textile supplies could be expected immediately.

Therefore, in spite of the fact that workers and their children

Britain must have imports to modities. British industry, to a large extent obsolete before 1939, is in worse condition than ever, due to the drain and ravages of

The Conservatives hope make political capital out of the desperate economic situation, despite the fact that they are pri-

marily responsible. Oliver Lyttelton, Conservative Member of Parliament and President of the Board of Trade in Churchill's Cabinet, taunted Lasaying, "if you wish to obtain asthe time of the Pullman strike in sistance from the United States you must be careful about the bloody crushing of the Pullman nasty things you say about private enterprise that will affront American opinion."

READ THE FOURTH INTERNATIONAL'

PROBLEMS FACING WAR VETERANS

By CHARLES CARSTEN

SNAFU in the Veterans Administration

Early in the spring, when just over a million and half men had been discharged from the armed forces, Charles Bolte, one of the organizers of the American Veterans Committee, wrote in Harper's Magazine, "if their average experience thus far is any criterion of what's ahead, the twelve million yet to be discharged are in for hard times, confusion, and bitter disillusionment."

In spite of repeated assertions by industrialists and politicians, capitalist propagandists and do-gooders that "Nothing's too good for our boys," he declares "...the gap between promise and performance is very

Like the army, the Veterans Administration, to which the ex-serviceman must go for assistance on return to civilian life, is a colossal bureaucracy. To complicate matters it recognizes no less than sixty-two subordinate bureaucratic organizations with which the veteran must deal.

The veteran must apply to one agency for aid in securing a job, to another for medical services, to still another for unemployment relief and so on. . .

Whatever he does, whatever he needs - whether it's medical care or conversion of his life insurance, application for a pension or educational benefits he must wade knee deep through the red tape of the Veterans Administration or one of its subsidiary

"A sergeant who brought home a malaria germ from the south Pacific had a recurrence of his disease and was so weak he could hardly walk," says Bolte. "He was refused admission to a veterans' hospital, where he was told he must first be certified by the regional office of the Veterans Administration.'

This is but one of innumerable cases.

In answer to a questionnaire sent out by the American Veterans Committee to its members, many replied that "they were chased from one agency to another, found the Veterans Administration taking reeks to answer letters. . ."

Veterans are bitter, disheartened and disgusted with this sluggish bureaucracy. They encounter endless delays even in answer to their queries, more stalling when they attempt to take advantage of provisions n "The GI Bill of Rights." After trying to get aid from a Veterans Administration hospital, one veteran exclaimed, "If I'd been sick enough I'd have died before they took care of me."

The contempt capitalists have for the men who were but yesterday patronizingly referred to as "our boys" is evident in the following report from a veteran who applied to one of the agencies: "I got only as far as the fat, prosperous, middle-aged lady who said, 'Oh, I do wish we could help you. Won't you leave your name and address?" The familiar note of mass unemployment days!

Other veterans answering the AVC questionnaire reported similar experiences. One said his reception was "just like at the county hospital when you go in with a venereal disease."

No fundamental improvement in the functioning of the Veterans Administration will be achieved by codi-Allied bayonets in returning them fying "the existing federal laws relating to veterans, passed the level of its prewar the inflation is the large number to power and in helping them which fill an eight-hundred-page book," as Bolte sugdevelopment (Daily Worker, Aug. of Allied military marks with hold the Spanish workers in sub- gests. Nor will changing directors and personnel within the bureaucracy eliminate the red tape.

> Veterans have always received "too little, too late." There are no indications of any improvement during this post-war period.

> The Veterans Administration could be streamlined to make it a helpful institution instead of a graveyard for veterans' just demands. But a capitalist government doesn't want to do this any more than boss wants to accede to the demands of a union.

High Cost of Living Irks **Wall Street Men in Paris**

The poor, distraught captains of American industry are having their troubles as they poke about in Europe's ruins. These swollen little sewer rats, fattened, but not quite satisfied with the toothsome profits of war, are doing their best to nose out some more rich morsels from the rubble their system has made. They are scurrying about "to reestablish business connections in France."

According to the N. Y. Times of August 21, inflation-fed prices in Paris compel the visiting confidencemen of "free enterprise" and other respectable U. S. citizens to pay 10 to 40 dollars for a meal. Moreover, hotel rooms are difficult to obtain without an even greater strain on the purse, American business men in France are being shamefully mistreated, concludes Why recently, the Times gasps, "Several officials

of one of our biggest American electrical companies spent so much time in Paris trying to find accommodations and eating places that they could not complete their business arrangements."

Naturally, Big Business yelps for dear life when pinched in the gut this way. So in order to rectify its tragic situation and to "complete business arrangements" at all times, it is squawking for a military mess to feed its civilian agents in France. The U. S. army officers' commissaries may or may not be able to feed these overstuffed rodents, but the very fact that the gluttons have to demand such attentions, is one more proof of the appalling conditions in France as a whole.

If even the plunderers of Europe's poor find it difficult to get food, how must it be with the masses themselves?

While the rich confidence man gets "taken" for 10 to 40 dollars a meal in Paris, at least he gets the meal! The French worker gets a crust, or he does not eat at all! The touts of the Wall Street corporations sport their tailor-mades along the Avenue De L'Opera. Many French workers still wear the tattered remains of their Nazis prison garb. While the bloated plutocrat forks over a few dollars out of his blood-money for a hotel room, the Paris poor must use the curbstone for a pillow. "Between four, million and six million persons in France," said the N. Y. Times last October, "are believed to be homeless as a result of Allied bombings."