Our Appraisal Of The Russian Revolution

— See Page 7 —

THE MILITANT

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Wins 4,267 Votes In New York

skyist Party, ballot designation of the Socialist Workers Party, gained 4,267 votes in the municipal election here November 6. This is a four hundred

per cent increase over?

for the votes of Louise Simpson, Trotskyist candidate for city of Manhattan. Councilmanic elections are based on proportional representation and counting of the votes takes about 10

The steep rise in the votes for marines had a mission in North China." Trotskyism was registered at a of the workers toward the procapitalist politics of the local American Labor Party and Liberal Party was reflected in marked political apathy and the smallest

Complete Analysis Of Detroit Elections In Next Issue

turn-out of voters since 1929. Both these parties, which backed notorious capitalist candidates, suffered unusually severe losses in voting strength. (See article by Felix Morrow on Page 8.) MINORITY VOTE

growth in the electoral support for the Socialist Workers Party, from here to North China." all other minority parties claiming to represent socialism which ran mayoralty candidates suffered catastrophic declines in Chungking troops have been These arms include "rocket guns, (Continued on Page 2)

ing class. For the first time

in French history these parties,

the Socialists under Blum and

the Stalinists under Thorez, to-

gether polled an absolute ma-

Party in Great Britain last

that in vast numbers they are

But neither the Stalinized

Communist Party nor the reform-

ists of the Socialist Party wish

to take power, much less to ini-

tiate a program of socialism. They

utilize their great electoral gains

among the workers only for the

purpose of hanging on all the

more tenaciously to the capital-

The election trend shows un-

situation, how correct was their

Socialist-Communist-Trade Un-

plans facilitated by the fact that

ion Government.

CRUCIAL MONTHS

prepared to place labor govern-

a program of full socialism.

jority.

Trend To Socialism Shown

In French Workers' Votes

By Paul G. Stevens no one party commands a ma-

significant in trend as the a "No" vote on this question;

sweeping victory of the Labor nevertheless, they are equally

summer. The workers of west- support of and coalition with the

ern Europe have demonstrated Bonapartist bourgeoisie in the

ments in power and to support cies in Kremlin dominated Eu-

central election slogan: For a inism did not blind them to the

deal of horse-trading and parlia- cut class stand in the elections.

mentary jockeying in the Con- concentrating on the central slo-

stituent Assembly. The old line gan for a Socialist-Communist-

politicians and their reformist Trade Union government. This

and Stalinist colleagues, will slogan, despite all the parliamen-

probably attempt to reconstitute tary skullduggery and particu-

a Peoples' Front Coalition. It is larly in face of de Gaulle's Bon-

not excluded moreover, that de apartist plans, will inevitably get

Gaulle will attempt to more an ever-greater response from

clearly unfold his Bonapartist the masses as they watch the

issues involved.

the 1,102 votes for the Trotskyist candidate in Hand Of U.S. Deep the last city elections in 1941. In China Civil War

American imperialism is daily becoming more deeply council, running in the borough involved in the civil war now raging in China between Chungking and Yenan. Although Secretary of State Byrnes promised on November 7 that United States marines would be recalled from China, an unidentified Navy spokesman assured the capitalist press on the same day that "the

Vice Admiral Barbey admittime when the general disgust ted on November 9 that "there On top of this a high official in is enough shipping available in the Chungking government was North China to get most of the reported by the Koumintang pa-American marines home by per, Ta Kung Pao, as having Christmas." But the following said that all 3,000 planes of the day, General Wedemeyer, com- American Air Force in China mander of American forces in eventually would be transferred China, said U. S. forces would to Chiang Kai-shek's forces. An not be out of China until "early unidentified spokesman of the

ciated Press, November 10. "Three meyer on November 16 inadvertransports jammed with well-Eighth Army sailed from the planes that are being turned over Kowloon docks" in Hong Kong. to China by the United States." By contrast with the healthy "Previously the Chinese Thir-

U. S. TRANSPORT TROOPS

elections a semi-plebiscitary

character; they called for a "Yes"

vote on the question of limiting

the powers of the Constituent

Assembly. The Stalinists, moti-

compromising themselves by their

government and by their asso-

ciation with Stalin's brutal poli-

TROTSKYIST PROGRAM

ing the only consistent and in-

dependent working class policy

in the elections, correctly called

for a "No" vote and out of these

considerations, supported the

Stalinist candidates in the elec-

The French Trotskyists, pursu-

The Stalinists charge that American marines were used to spearhead one attack. At first U. S. officials denied any serious fights had occurred. But on November 8 United Press report-The overwhelming majority of jority. The refomist Socialists November 8 United Press reportthe votes cast in the French under Leon Blum have already veal that there have been many elections last month went to the compromised themselves consider exchanges of rifle fire between erably by supporting de Gaulle railroad guards and Communist

Besides the aid given him by Washington, Chiang Kai-shek, ers, has 350,000 puppet troops and pillage the people of Indo-China. who formerly fought for the Jap-This development is fully as masters in the Kremlin, called for Chiang has in addition 30,000 Japanese troops at his disposal. Out of 127 divisions at his com-

State Department characterized Meanwhile "American ships the report as "spurious and uncontinue to carry Chinese Gov- true." However, in denying that ernment troops to the North Chungking troops would be car-China trouble zone," a U. S. ried to Manchuria by American Army spokesman told the Asso- air personnel, General Wedetently remarked: "It is possible equipped troops of the Chinese they will be flown by Chinese in

Stalinist spokesmen of the Yeteenth Army was transported nan Government's Eighth Route and New Fourth Armies, which are the object of Chungking's attack, charge that American arms An undisclosed number of are being used against them. transported in U. S. Army planes. flame throwers and automatic rifles." American flyers are transporting ammunition for Chungking troops, say the same sources.

in his move to give the recent forces

Trotskyist Mayoralty Candidates Huge Labor Struggle Looms Vins 4,267 Votes In New York NEW YORK, Nov. 9—Farrell Dobbs, mayoralty candidate of the TrotNE

Open The Books!



Withdraw Troops IN THE NEWS From The Orient! Innocents Abroad

By THE EDITORS

A bloody war has been unleashed against the peoples of week told a Kiwanis Club audi-

upon the defenseless people of Java. British and Dutch troops, equipped with the latest cynicism and suspicion." American death-dealing weapons, are indiscriminately

American lend-lease machine guns, artillery and The Bigger The Better slaughtering men, women and children of Indonesia. the butcher of the Chinese work- tanks are used by the French imperialist brigands to kill

American marines are embroiled in the Chinese civil November 5 by three locals of vated by the interests of their anese. The Stalinists claim war. American ships, planes and guns - even their techni- the CIO United Automobile cal personnel - are propping up the reactionary dictator- Workers. This is the longest pick-

ship of Chiang Kai-shek, Wall Street's puppet in China. This war which has been unleashed against half a in protest against cancellations divisions are supplied wholly or billion people inhabiting Indonesia, Indo-China and China of the union contract by Grapartly with American equipment, is no minor conflict. It is a war to smash their efforts to ham-Paige which is being abaccording to spokesmen of the gain their freedom and independence. It is a war to sub-

Huge Auto Barricade Halts Police Move To Smash Ford Picket Lines In Windsor

Bu Kay O'Brien

tions as against the reformist socialists. The latter, by calling Organized labor here, led by labor support, has been unions affiliated with the Wind- Our People Live-A Plea For A for a "Yes" vote, indicated that CIO United Automobile Workers forced to go along. mistakably how correctly our co- they were playing de Gaulle's Ford Local 200 yesterday defeated the threat of Provincial authinkers in France analyzed the game openly. The Trotskyists' intransigent opposition to Stal- thorities to smash the mass picket lines around the plants and orderly until last Friday, of the Ford Motor Company of when at the insistence of the Rejecting Stalino-phobia out Canada, by a magnificent dis- Ford management, a dozen city it a general strike whenever Loof hand as a political method. play of union strength and soli- police made a half-hearted at-In the coming crucial months, the Trotskyist Parti Communiste darity. The successful climax tempt to force an entrance signal. was the establishment by the there will undoubtedly be a great Internationaliste took its clearworkers of a gigantic and im- plant protection men. They were sands of motor vehicles.

The 10,000 members of Local 200 have been on strike for eight weeks, after 18 months of fruitless negotiations with the management to obtain a closed-shop contract and the check-off system. Authorized by the International and supported financially and otherwise by UAW locals

Special to THE MILITANT both in Canada and the United UAW-CIO, yesterday struck in States, the strike has been so sympathy with Local 200, and \$33.70 a week or 871/2 cents an solid that even Windsor's Mayor joined the huge picket lines in hour, which a new CIO Political WINDSOR, Ontario, Nov. 6- Reaume, a Liberal put in office front of the plant. Meanwhile, Action Committee pamphlet, "Let

through the picket lines for 35 MOTOR BLOCKADE

emergency" in Windsor, and to main plant. send "outside" police to "maintain order." Aroused by this limits of the Ford property, this and stink and rot until the efthreat of violence, 8,000 mem- blockade extends east for nearly fect of it causes a form of ecobers of Amalgamated Local 195,

sor AFL Labor Council and the Living Wage," says is the mini-Canadian Congress of Labor. Picketing had been peaceful both of whom had previously gone on record supporting the Ford strikers, stood by to make

Early yesterday morning, in penetrable barricade of thou- pushed back across the street anticipation of a threatened asby the 2,000 pickets massed in sault at the plant gates by 250 CIO-PAC conference at Columfront of the gates at Plant 1, Ontario Provincial Police and and the peaceful picketing was Royal Canadian Mounted Police, pickets and their supporters corporations which refuse to It was the utter rout of the moved thousands of cars, busses city police which caused Attor- and trucks into an immovable the form of wage increases to ney-General Blackwell in To- blockade on Sandwich Street, the workers. The corporations, ronto to declare a "state of which flanks the grounds of the he said, have amassed total as-

(Continued on Page 8)

Alf M. Landon, 1936 Republican presidential nominee, last ence that "we are seizing strate-British warships are pouring destruction and death gic bases in a speakeasy sort of ply unauthorized by the union quently bloody battles, the workworld should look at us with

A sixteen-and-a-half-mile long

picket line was thrown around the giant Willow Run plant on et line on record. It was formed sorbed by the Kaiser-Fraser corporation which is reopening Willow Run. The picket line was withdrawn when it was agreed that accumulated seniority of Graham-Paige workers would be recognized.

"Dream" Wages

Three out of every four workmum subsistence wage needed for an average family of four. "In fact," says the pamphlet, "millions earn so much less, that 871/2 cents per hour sounds to them more like a dream than minimum wage need."

Need Dose Of Strikes

In a speech before a recent bus, O., CIO President Philip Murray attacked the war-rich pass on any of their profits in sets worth \$66 billion, which Starting beyond the western "they want to lie in their coffers

Washington Parley Called To Curb Militant Actions

By Art Preis

Last week the Ford workers in a national poll voted 11 to 1 for strike action. This makes it an overwhelming "grand slam" vote, combined with the previous votes of the General Motors and Chrysler workers, for strike in the giant auto in-

dustry. The CIO United Automobile Workers International Executive Board on November 10 elected a strategy committee authorized to call a strike "as it may see

To Mark 'Truce' When the British dock fit." workers went back to their On November 28 some 700,000 jobs after a six-week strike, CIO Steelworkers, whose dethey told the Attlee Govern-"At the entrance of each Lon-

don dock," reports the November 6 Christian Science Monitor, "there is a large notice containing one number. Yesterday when the dockers returned to work it was 30. Today, as eight union and eight employers meet behind closed doors, it is 29. This is the strike committee's way of dramatizing the number of days allowed union leaders to negotiate wage-

The dock workers struck for \$5 a day, an increase of \$1.10. This demand, as well as others they made, was officially recognized by union heads. NOT "OUTLAW"

British Dockers

Set Up Placards

on Page 2)

mands for a \$2 a day wage raise ment it was only a 30-day have been summarily rejected. truce. They meant just that, are scheduled to take an NLRB strike vote. Another 200,000 CIO. workers, the meat packers, have filed for a strike vote. The CIO United Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers has called for a strike poll among 270,000 workers, including those of Westinghouse Electric and General Electric. Last month twice as many workers voted in strike polls as during the entire first 18 months of the Smith-Connally anti-

WORKERS ACT, TOO

The workers are not only voting but they are acting. Hundreds of thousands have taken to the picket lines in the past few weeks alone. Every week Thus 'the strike was not a into fighting action. Week after 'wildcat" strike as described by week, on scores of picket lines the capitalist press. It was sim- in bitter, prolonged and freway and then wondering why the heads and the government. Forty ers are demonstrating that they to fifty thousand workers had no do not propose to take it on the reason to call an "outlaw" strike. chin any longer from the arro-

SKF Seeks Court Aid Against Union

Special to THE MILITANT

By Max Geldman

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 8. The bitter 39-day CIO Steelworkers Strike against SKF, the profit-swollen international roller-bearing trust, continues to dominate the local labor picture. The SKF workers are learning all the lessons that a strike can teach. They are learning that lined up against them on the side of the SKF Corporation are ers in this country earn less than all the reactionary forces in the city. But they have also seen the power of labor solidarity, which has enabled them to withstand all attempts to smash their picket line.

> The company, having failed in its attempts to break the solid ranks in front of the SKF plants through police terror, is now taking its case to one of the strongest bulwarks of the capitalist class—the courts.

> Last week saw the battle to against mass picketing, and \$2,-

UNION ASKS DISMISSAL

junction and the suit until the man the picket lines.

union attorney, M. H. Goldstein, presents a brief summarizing the union position. After SKF completed its case yesterday, Goldstein asked the court to dismiss the company's petition on the grounds that the bill of partieulars was not properly served, that the original bill was improperly prepared, that the court had no jurisdiction over the case under its state antiinjunction act of 1937, and that, furthermore, the company did not come into the court "with clean hands," since it is responsible for provoking the strike.

Frank B. Murdock, the smoothtalking SKF lawyer, based his ase on state equity laws going back to 1836 and 1857. All laws, no matter how ancient, remain holy and immutable for Big Business as long as they protect property rights.

The Union brief is to be ready by Monday, November 12, when unionize SKF shift from the the judges will hand down their picket line to the courtroom. The decision. This is a crucial test company, with the help of its for SKF workers and their labor high-priced legal staff, hopes to supporters. Favorable decisions win with the connivance of the for unions are rare in capitalist courts, what it failed to win with courts, and particularly rare in force. It is seeking an injunction this center of reaction. Whatever the outcome of the court 000,000 for alleged damages to its battles may be, union forces should be prepared to carry on in the same militant spirit that has made the SKF strike an Judge Smith, presiding over outstanding example of labor Common Pleas Court No. 5, re- solidarity. Workers from many cessed hearings on both the in- other industries have helped

Comparison Table Of Vote Trend Of Minority Parties In New York

(Continued on Page 3)

		-						
	Dobbs Socialist Workers Party (Trotskyist)		Glass Bocialist Party		Haas Gocialist Labor Party (Industrial Govt. Party)		Shachtman Workers Party	
	1945	1941	1945	1941	1945	1941	1945	1941
Manhattan	1,043	273	1,984	4,790	778	•	330	517
Bronx	1,191	306	2,886	6,005	1,553	•	134	746
Brooklyn	1,197	315	3,695	8,574	1,340	•	293	615
Queens	778	188	1,075	3,004	456	•	109	124
Richmond	58	18	74	274	40	•	3	17
TOTALS:	4.267	1,100	9.714	22,647	4,167	-	869	2,019
	run a candid	The second secon		~~,021	2,207		000	2,013

Protest The Massacre Of The Colonial Peoples!

Demand The Withdrawal Of Allied Troops From China, Indonesia And Indo-China MASS MEETING AT HOTEL DIPLOMAT, FRIDAY, NOV. 30

SPEAKERS: Farrell Dobbs, Editor of The Militant

George Novack, National Secretary, Civil Rights Defense Committee 108 West 43rd St. New York 8 p.m.

Dobbs Gets 4,267 Votes As Trotskyist Electoral TRADE UNION Strength Shows 400 Per Cent Gain In New York

The Socialist Party of Norman Thomas, which in the past has traditionally registered tens of thousands of votes and as late many votes because of defective as 1941 won 22,647 votes for voting machines. Numerous the wage raise campaign of the Wage Concession mayor, dropped to only 9,714 calls came into the New York Lo- workers generally by initiating votes for its 1945 mayoralty can- cal office of the SWP on election substantial wage increases for didate, Joseph G. Glass. The So-day reporting failure of the vot-municipal workers. They called didate, Joseph G. Glass. The Soing machines to function on the for government operation of idle Field department store, on strike toral machine which points most of its activities to elections. It UNIFORM TREND has been on the ballot for de-

Party, which has been running of page one), there was no freak, mediate problem of unemploycandidates for nearly 40 years spotty or concentrated voting in ment. and engages in very little other just one borough or district. The activity, this time secured less votes for Dobbs were fairly univotes than the Trotskyist candi- formly distributed throughout all the great increase in The Milidate. The SLP received 4,167 votes for its candidate for mayor, of the populations. Every work-Eric Haas, running on the In- ing class area was well repre- through the Militant subscripdustrial Government Party

Max Shachtman, candidate of the Workers Party, a petty-bourgeois group which split from the Socialist Workers Party in 1940 in opposition to the SWP program of Defense of the Soviet Negro area comprising the four Union from imperialist attack, 2,019. His vote is about a fifth votes. While the general vote for of the vote won by the Trotskyist candidate Dobbs.

SIGNIFICANT RISE

The sharp rise in votes for the area. Trotskyist candidate represents a signficant increase of SWP influence among the most class

comparison with their 1941 mit the regular Socialist Workers didates. Party designation.

There is evidence that Dobbs, Dobbs line.

Similarly, the Socialist Labor minority party votes at bottom low-rent housing, to meet the imboroughs in relation to the size tant circulation. Thousands of mechanics, bakery shop and

That the Trotskyist appeal reached down to the most op-1941, in this same area, the Trotthe Trotskyists rose four times, the Negro vote rose seven times. All the other minority parties re-

REVOLUTIONARY PROGRAM

chine as "Trotskyist." A trick a genuine independent labor class.

(Continued from Page 1) of the election laws did not per- party running strictly labor can-

along with other candidates lost militant strike struggles of the Strikers Force workers and proposed to advance plants under workers' control, cates (see comparison charts of government projects including

> A decisive factor in mobilizing the increased Trotskyist vote was tion campaigns of the past year.

The membership and sympapressed layers of the New York Party, despite their limited forces, working class is indicated by the did yeoman work in bringing the stitute nine per cent of the com-341 votes Dobbs received in the program of Trotskyism to the pany's working force. New York workers. They worked UNION DEMANDS assembly districts of Harlem. In not only during the election campaign, but have been concentrat- ago with the union demanding: cent drop from his 1941 vote of skyist candidate polled only 49 ing all their energies over months a union shop for all bargaining of Bolshevism.

The Trotskyist candidates ran than any others for the cause of conscious and politically-ad- on a program of revolutionary the workers. The results of their vanced New York workers. There socialism. Their main immediate activity is reflected in the 400 was no accident about their slogan of the campaign was the per cent increase in Trotskyist choice of the Trotskyist ticket and call for independent working votes, a trend of great sympits candidate. Dobbs was clearly class political action and the for- tomatic importance for the fudesignated on the voting ma- mation by the labor movement of ture of the New York working

The Trotskyist candidates, by contrast with all others, declared

CHICAGO, Nov. 9-Over 800 workers at the swank Marshall since November 1, went back to the 30-hour week with no reduc- work this morning after the As the vote by boroughs indi- tion in take-home pay, as well as company agreed to pay a minimum starting rate of \$23 a-week (\$3 over the previous rate) and to negotiate wage scales on all other classifications.

> The strikers included elevator operators, maintenance workers. and helpers, who are members of the Marshall Field Employes Union, Local 242, affiliated to thizers of the Socialist Workers the Building Service Employes International Union. They con-

Negotiations began over a year and years in advancing the ideas units; 65 cents an hour minimum wage; a pay-increase of at Once again, the Trotskyists least 15 per cent for all job clasdemonstrated their qualities as sifications; 40-hour, 5-day corded marked declines in this disciplined, devoted, self-sacrific- week; time and a half for overing working class revolutionists time, and double time for Sunwho work and fight harder and days and holidays; a better medlonger and more consistently ical plan; and administration of a "job evaluation" plan by a union-management committee.

All Field enterprises in Chicago and suburbs were picketed during the strike. At the Field Annex Building where 500 doctors and dentists have offices and normal elevator traffic is carnage. 14,000 daily, elevator operators joined the strike Wednesday. lines maintained by Local 242. Only emergency patients were given elevator service.

On the same day, Martin Heckman, international representative of the Building Servthat AFL tunnel workers would refuse to make deliveries.

British Dockers Set Up Placards

The union officialdom did its R. J. Thomas, UAW President, utmost to break the strike by ous attitude of the monopoly cor- mine union head, to brush aside correctly stated: "If all this pro- back to work movements. But only the government's use of some 17,500 soldiers as strikebread in many workers' mouths breakers and the threatened use liberation. in America. I can't see how pro- of another 20,000 forced the

> The very next day, on November 6, the construction workers staged a series of tremendous demonstrations. In London more than 100,000 shouting, chanting workers marched 10 and 12 abreast through the principal cents an hour for a 40-hour

STRIKE SPREADS

Carrying banners, they conerged on Hyde Park, then paraded to the heart of the city. Traffic was blocked for hours. In Liverpool, Manchester, Glasgow, Birmingham and other

the weak and servile union of- have also struck. And 1,000 fishficials will submit to the dictates ermen suspended strike action of Big Business and its govern- pending negotiations with traw-

down. They are demonstrating sary to understand the back-

There is nothing in the Wash- anese war. that wartime graveyard of griev- ington conference for the workances, the frozen wages and com- ers but new restrictions, new pos- states Frank, "it has been quite shek." pulsory arbitration and no-strike sibilities of betrayal by the labor clear that the class struggle bureaucrats. The workers will win | would violently flare again with Now these same union leaders their demands only to the extent the collapse of Japanese imperihave been corraled together in that they are mobilized and ready alism - the major 'stabilizing' Washington at a government "in- for militant action, and that they force in the Far East for the past dustrial peace" conference which press forward on the road of eight years. Chiang Kai-shek

Voting For GM Strike



Here Chevrolet workers in Detroit are voting for strike action in support of their 30 per cent wage increase demand Soon they may be voting with their feet on picket lines along with 325,000 other General Motors workers.

Withdraw Troops creases between January 1941 and September 1945 (falsely figured at only 30 per cent by the government or 15 per cent shows

ject them to imperialist exploitation, enslavement and terror. It is a war to pillage the vast natural resources of these countries. It is a war of imperialist plunder and

While Truman and Attlee, like Roosevelt and Churchill before them, mouth hypocritical phrases about "civiliza-They refused to cross picket tion," "freedom" and "democracy," they are engaged in a guise of vaguely advocating large-scale war, whose sole purpose is to enslave the peo- wage increases. There is small ples of the Orient.

Although, the teeming millions of the Orient have on their side the strength of numbers and the determination that stems from the conviction that their cause is just, they are fighting against heavy odds. For the imperialist that the Joint Teamsters Coun- masters have on their side the most modern war machine. cil was instructing its members the most powerful instruments of death that modern to respect the picket lines, and science can produce. These instruments were built with the billions of dollars of taxes extracted from the American and British people.

The American and British workers who toiled and strike poll among 200,000 worksweated to produce these death-dealing instruments of ers employed by the Big-Four war, now see them being used against the peoples of the combine of Swift, Armour, Wil-Orient who are fighting for their freedom.

The war against the peoples of the Orient is waged number of independents. by the same greedy monopolists who are conducting economic warfare against the labor movements in their own

There is a community of interest between the workers which they (labor restrictions) They organized picket lines only of Great Britain, Holland, France and the United States by granting an immediate 171/2 to check back in the files and are written into the law of the when they became convinced who are today, fighting for a decent standard of living, cents an hour increase and agree- see what Stalinist union leaders er and greater strike actions. land will depend in no small that the "negotiations" were a and the peoples of the Orient fighting for their inde-

The working masses of the East and the West have a common enemy — MONOPOLY CAPITALISM.

That is why the American workers must come to the aid of all peoples wherever they are fighting for their

We must raise a might voice of protest against the strikers to grant the 30-day present undeclared war in the Orient.

We must raise a mighty voice of protest against the bestial colonial slavery. Wherever workers assemble, at mass meetings, union

meetings, they should adopt resolutions of protest against these imperialist crimes and send them to President Truman and Prime Minister Attlee. The workers of New York City will have an opportunity

streets. Their chief demand was to voice their protest at a mass meeting to be held under a pay rise from the 47 cents an the auspices of the Socialist Workers Party at the Hotel hour they are now getting to 60 Diplomat on Friday, November 30. Demonstrate your opposition to colonial slavery. Let

your voice be heard on behalf of freedom and independence for the peoples of the Orient. Any part of the globe that is wrested from the bloody

grasp of the imperialists will hasten the day when imperialism will be destroyed everywhere.

The defeat of imperialism and the building of a socialist society is the only guaranty against World War III and against the atomic destruction of civilization and hu-Hands off China, Indonesia and Indo-China!

Demand the immediate withdrawal of all Allied Troops!

But they face the danger that he weak and servile union of- have also struck. And 1,000 fish-By "Fourth International"

What is the meaning of the use | again revive and sweep his rotted very militant mood. They do not of U. S. troops in China today? and corrupt regime into the disand render it helpless before the intend to take wage cuts lying To understand this, it is neces- card.

on the picket line that they ex- background of the present Chi- more than sympathetic. The pect satisfaction for their just nese civil war and its causes. A preservation of the rotted Kuomvery timely article, "The Situa- intang clique is indispensable for tion in the Far East," by E. R. its plans of super-exploitation of stew the union leaders, together stifle the workers' struggle and Frank, in the October issue of China. With the dispatch of with the bosses and government, to safeguard the gigantic profits Fourth International, analyses Hurley as ambassador to Chungcan cook up for the workers. of the corporations from inva- the explosive situation existing king, all ambiguity was eliminain China at the close of the Jap-"For the whole past year,"

mass movement of 1927 would

"American imperialism was

ted from United States policy. American imperialism threw its full weight behind Chiang Kai-

Readers of "The Militant" may obtain copies of "Fourth International" by sending 25c in stamps or coin to Business Manager, "Fourth International", 116 University Place, New York 3, N. Y.

By Joseph Keller

Jumped Too Quickly

sets after the wage-price pol-

icy speech by Truman and un-

restrainedly hailed it as "sup-

porting" the auto workers' de-

mand for a 30 per cent wage in-

They were so anxious to appear

to be acting in accord with gov-

ernment policy that they simply

ignored the real essence of Tru-

man's speech. Truman told the

workers they would have to ac-

cept a big slash in take-home

pay. Such unspecified and mea-

ger increases as the workers may

to be used as a pretext for price

vague speech could be interpret-

a prop in it-for refusing the

wage demand of the auto

It seized hold of Truman's

specific directive allowing indi-

may not equal cost of living in-

creases between January 1941 and

ernment, or 15 per cent above

the Little Steel formula limit.)

General Motors therefore pro-

posed a "cost of living" raise

which would add up to not more

Instead of trying to fool the

auto workers about how Tru-

man is "really" supporting their

demands, Thomas and Reuther

ought to be exposing Truman's

attempt to foist a take-home pay

cut on the workers under the

consolation for the workers in

Trumans speech. Even CIO Pres-

ident Philip Murray was con-

strained to describe it as "dis-

UPWA-CIO Strike Poll

Another big CIO union has

petitioned for a strike vote. The

United Packinghouse Workers of

son and Cudahy, as well as a

A similar petition had already

tional negotiations with the in-

a 20-cent raise. Recently they

finally were paid off on meager

America is seeking an NLRB

appointing."

than eight or ten per cent.

President R. J. Thomas and Vice-President Walter Reuther of the CIO United Automobile Workers rushed from their radio

"Lily White" Policy

wage increases so long denied

The bigoted and divisive "lily white" policy of the AFL International Association of Machinists was opposed at its convention last week by a powerful movement for lifting off the Jim-Crow restrictions on IAM membership.

A stormy session resulted from the proposal of 18 lodges and the recommendation of the Ritual Committee to eliminate the clause in the union's ritual which restricts membership to "white candidates." The proposal lost out by the narrow margin of 2,-173 votes to 1,958.

wring from the bosses are going This is the closest the racial discriminatory clause has come Since Truman's deliberately to defeat. It reflects the growing awareness of white workers ed several ways-except in the that discrimination against Nesense of supporting the demand groes is a self-defeating policy for no reduction in take-home which weakens and divides the pay — General Motors also found working class.

Railway Program

A program being advocated by the Permanent Joint Legislavidual increases where present tive Committee of Railway straight-time hourly earnings Unions, Reading, Pa., which the committee is distributing for consideration of the railway workers, is evidence of the growing progressive trend among the ranks of the railway unions, traditionally among the most conservative in the country.

The program endorses such excellent proposals as a minimum retirement pension of \$100 per month at the age of 60; the 30hour week with no reduction in weekly take-home pay; union unemployment committees to protect laid-off union members; organization of the veterans by the unions; government operation under trade union control of all idle and governmentbuilt plants; union wages for the unemployed, and a national labor congress of all unions to meet in Washington, and draft a labor legislation program to push for adoption in Congress.

The local railway unions belonging to the Permanent Joint Legislative Committee are Boilermakers, No. 560; Blacksmiths, No. 197; Carmen, No. 652; Machinists, No. 682; Electrical Workers, No. B744, and Maintenance of Way Employes, No. 2780.

Gentle Reminder

Now that the Stalinists are een filed on October 15 on six trying to fool the workers with of the major independent meat- a shift in line and are making packing companies. Hormel & a pretense of "militancy," we Co. of Austin, Minn., responded thought it would be a good idea ing to raise this to 25 cents if like Harry Bridges were saying that demand is secured in na- in the not-so-distant past.

For instance, a little more than year ago, on July 27, 1944. Three years ago, in 1942, the Bridges had a discussion on postpackinghouse workers demanded war problems with the head of the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce, Bridges publicly statfringe grants authorized by the ed: "Any union planning a big War Labor Board after years of fight with the bosses after the government stalling. Now the war won't get the support of packinghouse workers are be- much of labor." "Strikes," said coming really aroused and de- this Stalinist traitor, "won't manding a militant fight for the help."

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Huge Struggle Looms Over Wage Raise Issue

(Continued from Page 1)

gant, war profits-fat corpora-The militant temper and fighting actions of the workers are a direct reaction to the intoler-

profits, to submit to reduced function. take-home pay, down-grading GANGING UP

BITTER MOOD ed by the brazen and contemptu- President, and John L. Lewis, porations. General Motors has with a mere sweep of the hand UAW negotiators. It has proposed Philip Murray to place the key provocatively that the work week question - wages - upon the be lengthened at straight-time agenda. pay, and has launched a multimillion dollar propaganda war National Association of Manu-

just wage demands. with hundreds of millions of dol- clusively to "devise the machinlars looted from the public treas- ery of free collective bargaining ury during the war, last week by which the wage issue and othbroke off negotiations with the er issues can be resolved satissteel union and issued an ulti- factorily." Meanwhile, the arromatum to the government that gant barons of industry for whom it will consider no wage increases Mosher speaks, have rejected until it is permitted to raise all wage-concessions and made prices as it sees fit.

A labor storm of gigantic pro- gaining." portions is looming on the im- THREATEN NEW LAWS mediate horizon. That is what brought the spokesmen of Big Business and their government agents, together with the top "procedure," according to most of union officialdom, hustling into the conferees, has no relation to man's conference. Their strike Washington last week at the call the basic cause of current strikes votes and their strike actions of Truman to put their heads together for so-called "industrial

that the corporation and gov-They do not mean now, after nery in the pattern of the discre- lative curbs to enforce the Big

They showed that they have no and a further general drastic slash in their standards of liv- interest in the real issues which have forced the workers to great-The bitter mood of the Ameri- They ganged up, with the convirtually spat in the face of the the proposal of CIO President how it will put one more slice of

against the auto union and its facturers, unctuously informed cedure will not as a general rule U. S. steel, its coffers bulging had called the conference exa farce of "free collective bar-

The recurrent refrain of the conference was on "procedure" for preventing strikes. But that sic demands through the "pro--the ruthless slashes in take- are evidence that they are lookhome pay imposed by the profiteers, their refusal to yield-up ized might and militant union

THE MILITANT A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER 116 UNIVERSITY PLACE

Published in the interests of the working people The only newspaper in this country that tells the truth about labor's struggles for a better world.

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From the first day of the Tru- one nickel of their blood-profits ice Employes Union, announced man Labor-Management Confer- to those who do the toiling and ence it was transparently clear sweating. The clamor of Wall Street and ernment spokesmen have no oth- its government agents for "proer thought in mind but to exact cedures" to stifle the militant commitments from the union actions of labor's ranks was comduring the "war for democracy." leaders to establish new machi- bined with open threats of legis-

dited and virtually defunct War Business conception of "free colsuffering frozen wages and compulsory arbitration and pricegouging while the capitalist which would serve a similar his opening address, had stressed profiteers reaped staggering wage - freezing, strikebreaking the possibility of new anti-labor laws if the union officials do not

go down the line. H. W. Prentis, former president of the NAM. asserted that "the extent to measure on the outcome of the farce. can workers has been aggravat- currence of William Green, AFL discussions at this conference."

cedure is adopted I can't see cedure will furnish clothes. I Ira Mosher, president of the can't see how procedure will do away with unemployment. Prothe CIO delegation that Truman foment strikes, and procedure will not stop strikes. There are

> For a Rising Scale Of Wages to Meet Rising Living Costs

other things more basic . . . Millions of working men in America are looking to us not for procedure but for a better standard of living."

No, the American workers can hope to achieve none of their bacedure" being concocted at Truing to themselves, their organaction to win their needed wage

ment and once more commit the labor movement to policies calculated to bind labor's hands

OLD EXPERIENCE

During the war, the workers demands. had a bitter taste of the kind of Labor has gone through the ex- sion by the workers. perience of the War Labor Board,

the clamps on labor once more, to already set.

cities another 50,000 construction workers staged a one-day "token strike" for higher wages. Groups of miners in England. Scotland and Wales likewise increases and better conditions. threatened strike action. Bakers

The British workers are in a

has no other purpose than to put struggle on which their feet are was in mortal fear that the great

INTERNATIONAL Mass Slaughter Launched In Java NOTES

Japan

During the war, the Allied propagandists alleged that the Japathe orders of the Mikado.

Mercury. Lt. Leahmon Nestle, talist system. who was captured by the Japatober luncheon:

go on. Only the bigwigs got anything out of it . . . Treatment in press. camps variêd. Many commandants tried to do their best for us of war returned to the United and one man in particular, who States Army control by the had a son in the U. S. Army French have been classified as and a daughter in an American unfit to work by American mediconcentration camp, risked his cal authorities," declares a Nolife to get food and medicine vember 5 Associated Press dis-

A militant demonstration against British Jim Crow was staged by Indian students bound for England. October 6 papers in Bombay gave the action frontpage and banner headline promto "clean toilets and scrub the ously."

"menial jobs" assigned them.

captain ordered the entire party hung in thin folds." ashore. Later 276 sailed on another ship. The Bombay papers turned is now 2,474. "All were listed the incident as another unfit to work - three-quarters case of "color prejudice" and de- of them because of malnutrinounced the "outrageous treatment" of the students.

Greece

After holding the post of Premier for 15 days, the Britishapproved regent, Damaskinos, appointed a new Premier on November 1. The new puppet, who will rule by virtue of Allied bayonets in Greece, is Professor Panayotis Kanellopoulos, leader of the Unionist Party.

Kanellopoulos is a close collaborator of George Papandreou, former Premier who joined the British in provoking civil war in Greece last year. Kanellopoulos is likewise in close contact with the Populist Party which supports restoration of the hated Glucksburg monarchy.

"Reports from various sources," says the October 19 British Tribune, "agree that the Left wing forces . . . are all firmly convinced that these negotiations triots. 'leading to the appointment of Kanellopoulos) are but a man-

Damaskinos a British puppet act- Korean people." ing simply on the instructions of his masters. Throughout the pamphlet, the American Mili- Already a survey conducted by -carts taking the dead from the negotiations, Damaskinos has tary Government on October 29 the American Military Govern-Wednesday, that 'unless ele- Hats tried to justify this dicta- cent of normal." the extreme Right."

The atrocity stories about the Nazi concentration camps were nese people marched into battle utilized by the Allies to direct like puppets blindly obedient to hatred and indignation against the Hitlerites. The Allies hoped How far this propaganda dif- that the publicity about Buchenfered from the truth can be wald, Belson and the other horjudged from a report in the Oc- rible camps would divert attentober 26 New York edition of tion from the real cause of the The Shanghai Evening Post and Second World War - the capi-

But the German capitalists are nese, told the Philippine Society not the only ones who vented of Southern California at its Oc- bestial treatment on their captives. In previous issues. The Mil-"A great many Japanese itant has already exposed the weren't behind their war. They shocking conditions under which let us prisoners sabotage because the French capitalists hold pristhey didn't want the fighting to oners of war. Now additional confirmation has appeared in the

> "The first German prisoners fatherland."

unfortunate victims of French imperialism follows: "All said they had not eaten in two days. inence. They reported that 350 Four were brought in on stretchgovernment scholars were or- ers. A few were hospitalized imdered by the captain of the ship mediately and fed intraven-

"At the screening, it was hard Twenty-five students refused to believe that some of them to sail, protesting against the could be alive. One 47-year-old man weighed only 92 pounds and In the resulting dispute, the his sore-blotched and scaly skin

The number of prisoners re-

handed over to the French by mines, farms and clean-up details of northwest France.'

The prisoners were called back national convention.'

However, "the French have insisted that most of them were returned in the same condition in which they had been received."

Increasing resentment against American imperialism is apparent among the Korean people On October 20, the People's Republic distributed a 19-page their homes. More than nine milpamphlet written in English, en- lion have been expelled from titled The Traitors and The Pa- areas given to Poland. Another

into undisputed power and pave pressed unrestrained indignation vin concedes that something like the way for a neo-Fascist dic- over General Arnold's proclama- aimlessly, while another 10 mil-"Moreover, these parties are Military Government was the ing return to homes outside of all firmly convinced that this only government south of the 38 Germany-this amounts to the maneuver is inspired by the Brit- parallel. This action, said the colossal figure of 25 million hu- ing on," said an ambulance ish Government. They consider pamphlet, was an "insult to the man beings!

pation policies." Trend To Socialism Shown

France

patch. "Personal examination shows that many of them look almost like those rescued from the horror camps of their own

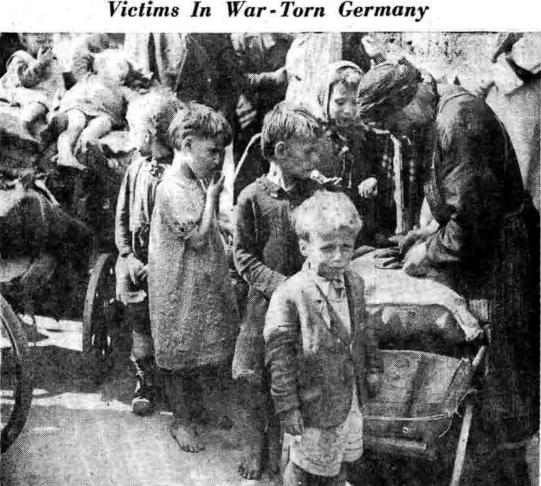
the October 29 N. Y. Times "ex- out. British Foreign Minister Betion" which decreed that the ion displaced persons are await-

Apparently in reply to the GERMANS STARVING

A fearful description of these

These pitiful victims had been

As Allies Begin Bombing Civilians



A German woman feeds some orphans in Berlin, These homeless children were orphaned when Allied bombs killed their parents.

Famine And Death Stalk the Americans to work as slave-laborers in "stone guarries, coal mines, farms and clean-up de-

During the war the Allies when the International Red Cross | pointed to horrors of Hitler's rule charged they were being "treat- in Germany. But capitalist "cived below standards set by inter- ilization" has plunged to a still more bestial level in Germany under the rule of the Allied "democracies.

The Americans, the British and the Stalinists are methodically stripping the factories and blowing up those they do not dismantle. The destruction of these factories dooms millions of human beings to death.

The Allies have uprooted an incredible number of people from million have been expelled from Czechoslovakia, the first batch of This pamphlet, according to three million slated to be driven

bowed to the dictates of the ex- banned the publication and dis- ment "shows that the weight of treme Right. The result is, as tribution of handbills and German adult civilians has

GUERIN ARTICLE ON INDO-CHINA IN NEXT ISSUE

of of the people of Indo-China is proceeding behind a heavy curtain of censorship. In the past 15 days not more than a few paragraphs have appeared in the capitalist press reporting the movements of French and British troops.

Guerin, author of Fascism and Big Business. Guerin reports the background of the struggle and analyzes the aims of French imperialism in Indo-

reported in the October 13 British NEW LEADER.

worker, reported in the same paper, "Scenes on the railway sta-

Rhona Churchill described a thousand mile trip through East-Reuter's correspondent put it on pamphlets in Korea. The Brass dropped from 3.2 to 14.9 per ern Germany. "I have seen nothing to compare with these thousventh-hour support is forthcom- torial decree on the grounds that "No child born in Germany in and miles of misery." She tells ing for the moderate forces . . . handbills had been distributed 1945 will survive the coming win- how Germans are rounded up in consequences. there is every sign that Greece "which were both disturbing to ter. Only half the children aged Czechoslovakia: "They were is heading for a dictatorship of the peace and critical of occu- less than three years will sur- taken under armed escort to the vive," declared Hans Albrecht, as nearest frontier and were given the choice of smuggling themselves across (an almost impossible job) or dying in the fields on the Czech side."

CHILDREN'S MISERY

utilizing for this purpose the po- despite persecution by the gov- east of the Oder have been forced the Stalinists, despite a last forever, at short notice and un-

surrounding the participation of claimed a republic," said Sulin. in the Stalinist movement.

hanging from the trees. Other men, women and children throw themselves into the rivers. Hun- protested when 350 homeward reserves of oil. Ibn Saud's letter drifting down the rivers Elbe and left stranded at Hollandia. The of war" on Jewish claims to Paldreds of bodies are continually Oder. All roads leading to Berlin ship was ordered to carry a load are crowded with exiles. Thousards fall exhausted at the road and fall exhausted at the road. sides. Children may be seen Indonesians. trudging along pathetically with-

"can spread like wildfire"

MOUNTING HATRED

throughout Europe.

But "British army formations, including highly mobile forces of taken positions at strategic points . . . in readiness to suppatch. "Christmastide is generally expected to mark the 'D-Day' for riots."

Although American troops were

By Joseph Hansen

British warships and freedom of Indonesia turned down an Allied ultimatum to give up their arms and deliver their leaders to the tender mercies of the imperialist butchers. More than 500,-000 civilians in Soerabaja were under the fire of the racy" and "freedom from

the naked sword.

Britain is moving as ruthlessy and swiftly as possible in In- written after a series of confer- ing their policy of "do-nothing" donesia, not only to safeguard ences between Roosevelt and Allied investments, but to nip in Ibn Saud subsequent to the the bud a colonial uprising which Yalta meetings, was previously could sweep like wildfire toward proclaimed by Arab sources and India if it succeeded in throwing denied by the Zionists and the off despotic Dutch rule.

U. S. AID TO DUTCH

vessels . . . are being used in delivering American equipment purchased by the Dutch," reported the November 7 N. Y. PM. The crew of the A. B. Hammond trols one of the world's richest bound GI's were taken off and embodied an open "declaration ands fall exhausted at the road- the Dutch for use against the

Meanwhile the role of Soekout their parents. Hundreds of arno, head of the newly-formed people are dying daily beside the Republic of Indonesia, became roads from hunger and disease." more equivocal. Instead of rally-A member of the British Parli- ing the people of Java to a life ament warned that disease start- and death struggle against the be taken which might prove hosed in this mass of humanity savage foreign invaders, he continued to follow a policy of appeasement. He even made a bid "great and good friend," there is to the Dutch, offering them not a single reference to the colonies. It is up to us workers "preferential rights," according U. S. expressed "support" of a of all nationalities and races to to a November 7 Associated Press Jewish Home. There is not a care for our own interests. The tanks and armored cars, have dispatch. On the following day, tanks and armored cars, have according to the same source, officials of the Soekarno governpress winter food riots," declares ment offered in return for "recan October 28 United Press dis- ognition" a treaty "with the over the extremists, who, come perialists, but from a strong Dutch guaranteeing the safety of Dutch private property."

SOEKARNO LOSING

received with friendliness at first, ity undoubtedly is declining even is said to have broken up when futile protests to the imperialists, they are now the object of swift- among the illiterates," reported news of the British bombard- the Jewish workers must unite ly mounting hatred. Armed bands the correspondent of the Chris- ment of Soerabaja was received. with the workers in a militant of starving victims, foraging for tian Science Monitor, November Reinforcements hurried toward anti-imperialist struggle; must food, fuel and clothing show in- 3. "Soekarno and his cabinet ap- Soerabaja. Nationalist leaders, fight with them for the opening food, fuel and clothing show in-creasing desperation. A sharp rise pacify the extremists have been called for a nationwide uprising, must struggle with them against in the number of attacks on woefully small and have con-declaring; "It is better to perish anti-Semitism and discrimina-American soldiers is one of the vinced Indonesian leaders that than to come again under for- tion, and for a free socialist they have lost effective control eign domination."

The British, hoary with exlious colonial masses, were util- vote-getting gestures. izing every stratagem to advance Allied troops deeper into Java. to Roosevelt's record of many United States, which is attempt-Last week when the British gar- words and no action on behalf ing to get hold of the rich Near rison at Soerabaja "narrowly es- of Jewry. But it is only after his East and the Arabian oil fields caped being wiped out by the In- death that his real role as de- and therefore is "making friends" donesians," the British called on fender of U. S. imperialist aims with the feudal Arab lords. The the nationalist leader Soekarno is becoming clear to ever more "claims" of the powerless Jews to negotiate a "truce." The Brit- Jews. The belated publication of are but a small item in this giaish utilized the truce to land ad- these letters by the state de- gantic grab for the domination ditional Indian and Dutch partment is of great help in the troops, then again resorted to unmasking of Roosevelt's hypoc-

planes on November 10 began blasting the city of Soerabaja, after fighters for the How Allies Betrayed

-By Dan Shelton

(The second of two articles)

A second lie of the Zionists was openly revealed by Allied apostles of "democ- the publication of correspondence between Roosevelt, that "great friend of the Jews," and Ibn Saud, king of Saudi Arabia. We Trotskyists have long maintained that Roosevelt's and the Democratic Party's declarations in favor of perience in putting down rebel- a Jewish homeland and for justice to the Jews were empty

The existence of these letters, U. S. government. As recently as September 26, President Truman denied that Roosevelt made any The American imperialists are promises concerning Palestine to packing the British. Truman Ibn Saud. But two weeks ago maintained a contemptuous si- the State Department was finallence to the protests of the Re- ly forced to publish the letters public of Indonesia against Brit- due to threats by the Arab govish and Dutch use of American-ernments that otherwise they

There could have been no more damaging blow to the Zionist cause than Roosevelt's answer to this Arab potentate who conthat country. Roosevelt, great "champion" of the Jews and especially the Jewish Homeland in Palestine, answered April 5, 1945, that he had given "careful consideration to the statements made in your (Ibn Saud's) letter" and that "no actions will

claims. Instead there is the clear-

what may, intend to carry out working class, organized to take the Republic's slogan and 'fight power and create a socialist sofor freedom.'

"Soekarno's personal popular- which Soekarno was addressing, Zionist dupes, instead of making

We have consistently pointed | cut imperialist policy of the

of the Near East. Openly basing themselves on this letter by Roosevelt, Byrnes and Truman are thus continuin regard to Palestine and have promptly been accused by the Zionists as "appeasers." But it is not Byrnes' policy that is being carried on here; it is Roosevelt's. And in a larger sense, it is neither Byrnes' nor Roosevelt's, but the basic policy of the imperialist United States, regardless of the administration in power.

OBJECT LESSON The refusal of the Attlee government to open the gates to Palestine, and the Roosevelt-Ibn Saud correspondence, provide an object lesson in imperialism for those Jews who are willing to face facts instead of Zionist

When Abba Silver, leader of the U. S. Zionists walls "Aren't eight million Jewish dead enough for British imperialism?" he fully betrays the Zionists' criminal shortsightedness in a world full of eagle-eyed capital-

ist robbers. British imperialism "cares" as little about the eight million Jewish dead as all the imperialist powers together care about the uncounted more millions that have perished by sword and hunger in this war; they "care" as much as the boss cares for the underpaid worker.

The imperialists and the bosses care for nothing but their own realize that help will come to the Jewish people not from the imciety. Instead of "cooperating" A youth rally at Jogakarta, with the bourgeoisie and its

Indonesians Will Fight To The Death **Against Dutch Despots, Says Seaman**

By Evelyn Atwood

"We Indonesians are a peaceable people—but when we are forced to fight, we fight to the death!" Sam R. Sulin, born in Sumatra 36 years ago, spoke for the visited them on November 5.

"Over the radio and in the cult circumstances is very sig- date lists public until one or two Trotskyism in France represent scribes the Berlin area: "In the newspapers these men learned woods around Berlin corpses are in August that Japan was defeated and Indonesia was pro-

in behalf of the Dutch.

ing house because they were slaves. But who are the masters "Then we had another big re- and win our independence too."

afraid the Dutch government would force them to act as strikebreakers."

Sulin told me what conditions were like in the Dutch East Indies. "They were always bad and began to get even worse. Most people work for 10 cents a day. Only the rich can send their children to school because it costs so much. That is why only six per cent of the people can read and write. Dutch seamen get about \$10 a month. Everything is taxed; in the country even a coconut tree and a chair are taxed.

"Until recently the Dutch used that is, forced labor, where ev-There were about 175 men in eryone must work part of the therefore, that these votes came It is significant, in this connec- revolted against restoring the pay. The people cannot even that the British and Dutch rulmainly from militants disillu- tion, that two of the Trotskyist hated Dutch rule. They all went buy shoes and have only rags to ers are no better than the Japsioned with Stalinism. Unques- candidates joined the PCI only out on strike in a political pro- cover their bodies with. Then, tionably they were cast, first of in 1945 after having spent long test against both the Dutch and after the Dutch did this to us, they say we are no better than jungle animals."

Many of the Indonesians



of slaves today? Now it is clear anese.

Regarding the Indonesian nationalist movement, today headed by President Soekarno, Sulin said: "This movement has leaders were exiled and many staying at the Dutch Seamen's Now we ask: What was this war tration camps. As you see, the

volt in 1926 and 1927. It started in Java and Sumatra and spread to the whole East Indies. Again our leaders were exiled and thousands thrown into concentration camps. During that time I was in Palembang, Sumatra, working in a railroad warehouse near the river. They came in motor boats at night to search our houses. After this revolt the Dutch made it illegal to belong to any organizations and outlawed our press. Everything we had built was smashed. That was when I left there and worked my way to this country as a serman."

With a broad smile Sulin talked about the strike action of the Australian labor movement in defense of the Indonesian struggle. "We talk all the time about the Australian workers for helping us in our fight for independence. We are extremely grateful to them. They know as we do that our struggle is not for us alone. We are helping all the colonial people enslaved like us by foreign rulers."

At the conclusion Sulin said: "We Indonesians want to say to the American workers: You have had your revolution and have won your independence. We want to follow in your footsteps

has been forced by the de Gaulle government to exist in almost

Constituent Assembly.

WHAT VOTE MEANS

As reported in last week's Mil-

ernment had refused to authorize public meetings, etc. The Trotskyist press, even after the legalization of the party. \$6,400, an enormous sum for a remained suppressed. The de small working class party oper-

The French Trotskyist Party

Gaulle government refused to au- ating under conditions of illethorize publication of La Verite, gality and under daily terror. central organ of the party, even This prohibitive sum was raised for election purposes, and despite in the last two weeks before the the fact that La Verite was election. known throughout France as the first underground paper to be DEFY HARDSHIPS issued under the German occu-

Air, Charles Tillon.

In French Workers' Votes

weeks before election day.

A deposit of 20,000 francs (\$400) was required by the govit necessary for the French Trotseats in the Constituent Assembly. But even to put these 16 in the field they had to raise

Yet, in spite of all these ap- they could not run candidates parently insurmountable difficul- of their own-also played an im-The Stalinists carried on a ties, the French Trotskyists poll- portant part in obtaining this veritable campaign of terror ed 11,000 votes in only two elec- vote. against the French Trotskylsts, toral districts! Despite illegality, Considering the circumstances succ

unfolding developments in the lice of the Stalinist Minister for ernment, despite terrorization by to leave their homes and farms The de Gaulle government, in minute campaign without ade- der terrible conditions . . . The itant, the Trotskyist Parti Com- cahoots with the Stalinists, man- quate preparations, despite ex- process can be described as mass group of striking Indonesian muniste Internationaliste, receiv- euvered until the very last mo- treme poverty, the Parti Com- murder, particularly in the case seamen gathered in the lounge ed 8,113 votes in Paris and 2,704 ment to prevent our French co- muniste Internationaliste reach- of the children, for whom it is of the Servicemen's Club at 224 votes in Grenoble in the October thinkers from appearing on the ed thousands of French workers. literally impossible to provide West 124th St., N. Y., when I elections. A total of nearly 11,000 official ballot. The Trotskyists In the light of these circum- the smallest quantity of milk." votes, which under their diffi- thus could not make their candi- stances the 11,000 votes cast for The Rev. Henry Carter de-

Where did these 11,000 votes come from? What do they in- the Trotskyists in the elections, "We were happy. That was be put on the ballot. This made dicate? The 8,000 votes polled by the vote therefore seems to in- what we wanted for many years. DESCRIBES CONDITIONS complete illegality. Up to the skyists to confine themselves to predominantly proletarian dis- wind. There is a shift among the our government and put back the system of the elections the government and put back the system of the skyists to confine themselves to the skyists to confine themselves to the system of the skyists to confine themselves to the skyists to confine themselves the skyists to confine the skyists to confine themselves the skyists to confine the skyists the skyists to confine the skyists the skyists to confine the skyists very eve of the elections, the gov- a contest for only 16 of the 580 trict in the cordon rouge," the most advanced militants of the their terrible rule." all, for the slogan of a Socialist- years in the Socialist and then the British who are intervening Communist-Trade Union government. Undoubtedly, too, the electoral tactic of the French Trotskyists - critical support of the Stalinist candidates wherever

a figure of great significance.

The imperialist butchery

Next week The Militant will print an article from France on Indo-China, by Daniel

"An appalling slaughter is gotion are like Belsen all over again

platforms and so on."

Pastor Gruber of the Comsion of German Churches reports: Eight million Germans from

the PCI in Paris come from a dicate an important straw in the Now the Dutch want- to smash "Red Belt," the stronghold of the working class away from Stal-Communist Party. It appears, inism and towards Trotskyism. the harbor when the Indonesians year for the government without

> That the French Trotskyists "Even seven Indonesians shipknow how to take advantage of ped here after four and a half participated in the "war against grown since 1921 when we had this shift is evidenced by their years in a German concentration aggression," Sulin related. "We a general railroad strike. Our correct election tactic. We are camp went out with the strikers," really wanted to help get democonfident that the Trotskyist said Sulin proudly. "They were cracy, peace and independence, thousands thrown into concenvote in the French elections is boarding house in Brooklyn. fought for? We thought we Dutch had concentration camps a magnificent symbol of future They immediately left the board- fought to destroy the masters of many years before even Hitler.

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Working People

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Only the world revolution can save the USSR for socialism. But the world revolution carries with it the inescapable blotting out of the Kremlin oligarchy.

-Leon Trotsky

Open Their Books!

General Motors' claim of "inability" to pay a 30 per cent wage increase was again countered last week by the CIO United Automobile Workers with the demand that the multi-billion dollar corporation open its books and records for public inspection.

GM Vice-President Harry W. Anderson contemptuously replied that under no circumstances would the corporation reveal its profits records. He added: "We don't even open our books to our stockholders." As the union's brief states, the corporation insists that how much wealth it drains from the workers is "nobody's business" but its own.

Of course, General Motors doesn't think wages are "nobody's business" but the workers'. It is spending millions to mobilize sentiment against the union's wage demands. It proposes a federal law restoring a 48-hour week at straight-time pay.

General Motors has been a chief beneficiary of the monumental war profits ladeled out of the public treasury. Its "normal" profits are guaranteed through a generous tax bill eliminating over \$3-billion annually in corporation profits taxes and providing huge tax rebates. Still, General Motors brazenly asserts its profits are "nobody's business."

The true reason why corporations like General Motors fight tooth and nail against public examination of their books, is fear of what such inspection would reveal, If the criminal practices and gigantic hidden profits of the corporations were exposed to the light of day, the people might rise up in terrible wrath against Big Business.

Take for instance the steel corporations which are refusing to negotiate the issue of a \$2 a day wage increase until the government first raises steel prices. In 1944, U. S. Steel reported its net profits were "only" \$60,-000,000. Government statisticians reveal that its real profits after taxes were \$157,000,000. Profits of \$97,000,000 were concealed in phony "depreciation" and "reserve" funds. This is the practice of all the big corporations.

Big Business insists on the "inviolability" of "business secrets" in order to hide its crimes of plunder and exploitation. One of the major slogans which The Militant and Socialist Workers Party have been advocating for years to expose the rottenness and corruption of monopoly capitalism is: "OPEN THE BOOKS AND RECORDS OF THE CORPORATIONS!"

"Victors"

An instructive lesson can be drawn from the parallel strike actions of hundreds of thousands of workers in Great Britain and the United States.

These two countries emerged "victors" in the Second World War. Victory, promised the framers of the Atlantic Charter, would bring freedom from fear and freedom from want.

Yet for the masses in both countries "victory" brought only immediate wage slashes, plant shut-downs, unemployment and further

price rises. During the war, while the bosses raked in stupendous profits, the trade union bureaucracies in both lands did their utmost to hogtie labor with the vicious no-strike policy.

With the defeat of the Axis powers, the American workers smashed the no-strike policy in action. The strike struggles now sweeping the land did not begin on the initiative of the trade union bureaucracy but arose as

a powerful rank and file movement. The strike movement in Britain is likewise a rank and file movement. The dock strike began in Liverpool and swiftly spread to all major ports. At present the strikers have agreed to a 30-day truce. Although the demands of the British longshoremen were officially recognized by the trade union heads, these bureaucrats fought the strike tooth and nail.

One great difference in the British and American situations is that the British workers elected a Labor Government to power. The dock workers therefore counted on aid from this government. Their strike expressed their determination to back up the Labor Government in opposing the British capitalists.

Attlee and his lieutenants, however, betrayed the longshoremen. He ordered out 17,-500 soldiers against the workers and announced troops would be commanded to replace all longshoremen who left their jobs. But no sooner did the dockers agree to the truce than the construction workers began giant demonstrations in the larger cities, with essentially the same demands as the longshoremen.

These bitter strike struggles reflect the fact that the workers of the victor powers have emerged from the war not only with no gains, but with seriously undermined standards of living. In both countries, the workers are beginning to draw the same conclusion: The masses are only losers in imperialist wars. Militant action in the class struggle alone is capable of safeguarding and bettering the condition of the working people.

Free Enterprise

Andrew J. Higgins, Sr., became an "industrial genius" by securing an inside pipe-line to government war contracts, acquiring large shipyards on the Gulf Coast built at public expense and pocketing millions in cost-plus profits from the public treasury.

In order to attract shipyard labor into the low-wage South during the war, Higgins publicized his "friendship" to unionism. So long as the government was handing out the dough, and labor was scarce, Higgins was quite patronizing toward the unions.

Last week, however, he arbitrarily shut down three yards in New Orleans and fired 3,500 workers. The pretext for this action was "labor trouble." The workers had dared to go on strike demanding continued recognition of their union. For this reason, Higgins said, he was "selling out."

According to reports, it just "so happens" that Higgins is having a little tax trouble. The story goes that he owes the government quite a wad in taxes due and is trying to pull out from under.

What is of prime significance is that through the whim and greed of one war-profiteering chiseler thousands of workers and their families can be condemned to want and destitution. A mere handful of greedy capitalist parasites like Higgins, through their control of the means of production, hold the power of life or death over the vast working masses.

The workers are being flooded these days with capitalist propaganda about the "blessings" of "free enterprise." The case of Higgins, Sr., epitomizes the real nature of capitalist "free enterprise" and its "blessings."

Labor will begin to escape such "blessings" at the hands of "free enterprise" scoundrels like Higgins only when all idle and government-built plants are operated under workers'

The Italian Armistice

After more than two years of complete secrecy the terms of the Allied armistice imposed on the Italian people were made public November 6.

From the brazenly imperialistic N. Y. Daily News to the liberal N. Y. Post, the capitalist press concertedly hailed the terms as "Less Harsh Than Had Been Expected."

It would be difficult, however, to imagine a harsher armistice. Under its terms, prices have sky-rocketed to fantastic levels in Italy; devastating unemployment has paralyzed the country; and the standard of living has dropped below the abysmal level of the Nazi oc-

In their effort to whitewash the brutal armistice, capitalist commentators label the terms now as an "anti-climax," a "let-down," etc., and express puzzlement over the long

secrecy. The fact is, the terms of the armistice have been revealed in action. The Militant has consistently pointed out what the terms are in practice.

First of all, instead of cleaning out the rotten fascist regime, the Allies made a deal with the monarchy and former fascists. When the Italian people tried to carry out purges, the Allies intervened to protect these fascists and Nazi collaborators.

Second, the Allies laid iron hands on the political life of Italy. Instead of allowing the Italian people to form a government of their own free choice, the Allies set up in succession the puppet regimes of Badoglio, Bonomi and now Parri.

Third, the Allies placed a stranglehold on the economic life of Italy. The Allies control the Italian colonies, territories and markets. They protect Italian capitalism from swift

destruction at the hands of the working class. Fourth, the Allies maintain domination over Italy by armed might. British and American troops constitute the major force today preventing the Italian workers from reconstructing their ravished country through establish-

ment of a Socialist planned economy. The terms of the Allied armistice, in brief, constitute a tightening noose around the throat of the Italian people.

And these are the terms the capitalist press whitewashes as "Less Harsh Than Had Been Expected."

Why did Washington and London follow a policy of secrecy for two long years? The Allied diplomats gave as their reason in 1943 that publication of the terms would draw the fierce resentment of the Italian people in unconquered territories and thus help the Nazi

cause. These diplomats thereby revealed that Allied aims in the war were so sordid and ruthless they could not be distinguished from those of the German, Italian and Japanese capital-

But the most important consideration, undoubtedly, was that these terms would have shocked the American and British workers. Churchill and Roosevelt claimed they were fighting for democracy. The terms of the Italian armistice would have exposed their real aims as utterly predatory and imperialistic. That is why the lid of secrecy was kept tightly nailed down until Wall Street emerged completely victorious.



"But why do they permit labor candidates to be put on the ballot if so many people are going to vote for them?

AMERICAN WORKERS NEED | without putting up a fight." A LABOR PARTY, by Joseph He shows show all political order to carry out its impertalist 15 cents.

votes. And this, despite the fact party system. that Frankensteen did not have CAPITALIST TRICKS an organized party or a clear program, while the auto barons and radio.

the political arena can they win instead of for profit. economic security. A great im- How the organized capitalist farmers and the white collar

poses the structure of the capi- vent it. talist two-party system, and pre- U. S. DOMINATION sents practical steps which must

ty of the working class.

Hansen. Pioneer Publishers, parties are established to defend aims. 1944; Illustrated by Ruth Wil- class interests, and how the Reson and Laura Gray. 48 pp., publicans and Democrats have favors a labor party do? Hansen consistently served the capital- explains the factors which favor On November 6, Richard ist class while pretending to do and will clear the way for the la-Frankensteen, running for may- otherwise. The tricks of Wall bor party-minded workers. In or of Detroit as an independent Street's political agents are ex- spite of all their power "Wall candidate, polled a vote so heavy posed in these pages—how they street lacks the decisive weapons. that the Republican Jeffries create artificially built-up "pub- First, truth is against them. squeaked through to re-election lic leaders" and how they main- They are forced to lie. Second, by the small margin of 50,000 tain the great fraud of the "two- the economic interests of the

Hansen reminds us of the

plight of the unemployed durthrew against him the weight of ing the last depression, when a frenzied labor-baiting, race- workers stood helplessly outside hate inciting campaign by press the closed factories. "Despite their huge ranks they are help-The Detroit election, with its less in the face of a politically tremendous vote for a candidate organized minority." But if these from labor's own ranks, reaf- workers had organized their own firms the readiness of the Amer- class party, such a political parican workers to organize politi- ty in power would have been in they in turn will bring to it, are cally. They are becoming in- the positions to open up the faccreasingly aware that only on tories and produce goods for use

petus has been given to the minority is able to force and workers as well. movement for a labor party. | trick the people into war, is de- | PROGRAM FOR LABOR "American Workers Need A scribed. War is profitable for the An 11-point program for the

Hansen presents first the case How clear that has become in and down the line." for such an Independent Labor the year since this pamphlet was "American Workers Need A Party, organized on class lines. written; the year that brought Labor Party" is written in a "No one can escape taking part military triumph to Wall Street, simple and convincing style. It in politics. The worker who re- and produced the atomic bomb contains many illustrations by jects political action because which today threatens all man- Ruth Wilson and several of the politicians are crooks," is fooling kind! The fate of humanity de- powerful cartoons drawn by himself. He has not avoided po- pends upon whether Labor will Laura Gray, staff cartoonist for litles. He has simply given up his take leadership in this nation, The Militant. rights to the enemies of labor Hansen warns, or whether Wall

Street will retain its control in

But what can a worker who majority are against them."

Hansen recalls the triumphant and stormy growth of the CIO industrial unions against all opposition. An equally rapid development is now possible on the political field.

The Labor Party will attract huge masses. It will open up a great opportunity for the Negro people; its power as a weapon for them and the strength which it means business, it can rally behind its program the dirt

Labor Party," issued last fall by capitalists, although disastrous Labor Party is outlined for dis-Pioneer Publishers, is today for the masses who are political- cussion. Such a program can be more timely than ever. It ex- ly unorganized and cannot pre- altered or added to as events dictate. But the Labor Party must remain independent of the ca-Hansen shows how the whole pitalist parties. "It must put up be taken to form a political par- world is affected by the domi- its own candidates, and its own nant power of the United States. program, opposing the bosses up

Reviewed by

Congressmen At Work

Not all the capitalist Senators and Representatives are doomed to spend an entire lifetime in Congress running the country for Wall Street. A few, gifted with initiative, brains, luck, or financial connections - much to the envy of the rest of the herd -get higher and juicler posts in the political hierarchy of Big Business.

The most recent to hit the political jackpot was Senator Chandler of Kentucky. On Octoher 29 he took the floor to crow over his colleagues on his good nant Governor, Governor, and fortune:

"Mr. President, on April 24 last, I was unanimously elected to this narrow field? Chandler to be High Commissioner of pondered: "The odds against any Baseball of the United States. man being elected Commissioner This is not a position I have of Baseball are approximately personally sought, although I will | 135,000,000 to 1." With this confess that above all others it thought, he grabbed the gravy was the one I most desired."

At first, Chandler explained, he tried to combine the jobs of Senator and High Commissioner of porters, who have made my Baseball, But he discovered that speeches look like oratorical work in the United States Senate gems, when really they were not is a full-time job" and "the work so good." And then he proceeded of the High Commissioner of to rub salt where his envious col-Baseball is also a full-time job." leagues smart the most: After a half-year's experience, the astute Senator discovered ways to retire from public ofthat "it is not possible for one fice. One is to die . . . Another man to perform two full-time way is to stay here too long jobs at one and the same time."

CHANDLER'S CHOICE

tion." He recalled how he had to that one above who holds the crawled up the political ladder destiny of all of us in the hollow as "a master commissioner in of His Hand . . ." chancery, State Senator, Lieute- | Chandler then delicately turn-



United States Senator."

Should he limit his ambitions bowl with both hands.

The lucky winner expressed his "appreciation to the Official Re-

"Mr. President, there are three and be defeated . . . The third way is to be offered a fine place. I have such a place. I acknowl-So he had to make an "elec- edge all the way my obligations

ed the blade in a tender wound among those of his fellow-Congressmen who believe they should get a better shake-down out of the public treasury than \$10,000 a year salary and some \$2,000 a year expenses:

SOME SECURITY "I have four children and

mama . . . I have two fine sonsin-law and one grandbaby who is my pride and joy. With \$50,000 a year and expenses and an opportunity to live at home in Kentucky, I can establish for them an opportunity for some security which the boys in my neighborhood did not have when I was a youngster. Senator White of Maine gave

an eloquent reply to Chandler's valedictory address, summing up the feelings of Congress over the Kentucky Senator's lucky break:

"In this particular case, Mr. President, the departure of the junior Senator from Kentucky brings to each and all of us a real sense of personal grief, and causes real regret."

San Francisco JOHN G. WRIGHT

will speak on "The British Labor Victory—Its Meaning for American Workers" Sunday, Nov. 25, 8 p.m. JENNY LIND HALL 2229 Telegraph Ave. At 22nd St. Oakland

PROBLEMS FACING **WAR VETERANS**

By CHARLES CARSTEN

Plight of Negro Veterans

Over a million Negroes were drafted into the armed forces, about half of them from the south. These men, called upon to sacrifice their lives for "democracy," were segregated into separate Jim Crow units whose duties, for the most part, consisted of doing the dirty, hard work for the army.

While they were being trained, while they were awaiting shipment to the front and when they were in battle, fighting for "democracy," the same policies of discrimination that are practiced in the south were enforced by the Brass Hats. Negro troops were thrown into battle where the

over, whole units of highly trained men-for example, the famous 9th and 10th Negro cavalry regiments-were converted into "service" troops. Their reward was hard labor, pick and shovel jobs, menial tasks. Negroes in uniform are beaten and terrorized by race-hating southern Bourbons. And it is a well known fact that four Negro soldiers were killed by

fighting was bloodiest. When the shooting was

and county sheriffs. No one was punished. Others were found lynched. No one was punished. Since that was the treatment Negroes received while they were in uniform, what can they expect

bus drivers in the south. The drivers received no

punishment. At least four were killed by police

as veterans? Negro soldiers were treated differently in Europe. Although officers did everything in their power to induce the local population to copy the racial discrimination of the United States, Negroes were treated as equals when they were outside the army camps. They rode in the same busses and cars without discrimination, ate in the same restaurants and drank at the same bars with other people.

Almost half a million Negro troops learned that the lie of their "inferiority" is perpetuated by capitalists in this country to divide them from the rest of the working class. They lived for the first time among' a population that did not humiliate them through segregation and discrimination. And they bitterly resent returning to live under Jim Crowism.

White officers know this only too well. Before Negro soldiers from overseas are discharged, groups are called together and reminded by white officers that they are back in the United States where racial discrimination remains in all its viciousness.

This reminder serves no purpose other than an added insult to the Negro soldiers. For they know that Negro workers were the last to be hired during the war boom and have been the first to be fired. Negro veterans know it will be equally tough for them, since they will be pushed around with other Negro workers.

Not only the employers and the Brass Hats practice and condone discrimination, but so does the Federal Government. The CIO and the Veteran, published recently, states that "region 7 of the U. S. Employment Service covers the six states of South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi and Tennessee. Of its 2,240 employes, only 30-less than 2 per cent-are Negroes, although those six states have more than one-third of the Negroes in the United States. And of the 30 Negro employes, most are janitors."

What, Negro veterans ask, can we expect from such a biased set-up? How can we hope to get anything better than the \$1-a-day domestic and service jobs, the starvation wages for agrarian work that we have known in the past?

For Negro veterans as well as non-veterans the only solution lies in joint struggle with white workers for the abolition of the capitalism that breeds racial hatred and the establishment of a workers' and farmers' government.

Nazi Document Reveals Aid From Standard Oil

How Standard Oil provided the Nazis with industrial aid and information of "utmost importance in warfare" and enabled Germany to be "completely prepared from a technical point of view" is revealed in a captured Gestapo document, according to a dispatch from Hoechst, Germany, on October 18, to the N. Y. Times.

The document is a detailed report of an investigation which the Gestapo undertook on reading an article in a trade journal claiming that Standard Dil of New Jersey had gained rather than lost from its cartel agreement with I. G. Farben, giant Ger-

nan chemical trust. Refuting this claim, the document asserts that Standard Oil provided Germany with a number of vital processes in the field of lubricants. For instance, "it need not be pointed out that without lead tetraethyl modern warfare could not be conceived. Since the beginning of the war we have been in a position to produce tetraethyl solely because, a short time before the outbreak of the war, the Americans had established plants for us ready for production and supplied us with all available experience."

The document further reveals that I. G. Farben secured from Standard a license for the process with the consent of the War Department in Washington. "We were not entitled by our contract to this request," the Gestapo states, "and later on we learned that the War Department in Washington had consented only after long deliberation."

Huge stocks of airplane benzine and lubricants were supplied the Nazis by Standard Oil and the British Royal Dutch Shell company. The Gestapo report states "the Government inquired of I. G. Farben whether it would be in a position to buy these quantities for itself, but actually as trustee for the Government on account of its friendly relations with Standard Oil." The transaction was accomplished "only because of the support of the Standard Oil Company."

The Gestapo document also reveals that the Nazis were advised "in a very liberal manner of the action of lubricants in automobile and airplane motors." This enabled them to develop synthetic lubricants for war so that "we were completely prepared from a technical point of view. In this way we obtained standards not only from our own experiences but also from those of General Motors and other big American motor-car manufacturers."

READ

THE FOURTH INTERNATIONAL

WORKERS' FORUM

The Workers' Forum columns are open to the opinions of the readers of "The Militant". Letters usual) and we even were given are welcome on any subject of interest to the workers. Keep them short and include your name and hell over the radio by a Detroit siddress. Indicate if you do not want your name printed.

Compares Programs of SWP and SLP

After 14 years membership in the Socialist Labor Party, I have recently broken with it and the sketch. He's a white boy. up now for city officials. Conjoined the Socialist Workers He doesn't know what it is to be gressman Rev. Adam Clayton Party.

My reasons for breaking fall under three major points.

1. The SLP fails to understand that the building of Socialist Industrial Unions (the central slogan of their program) cannot be accomplished by by-passing the 12 or 14 millions of the most class-conscious section of the working class organized in the grind. The SWP is such a party. plain hell!

2. The SLP has no program for fighting fascism save that killed, not because they had done of the Socialist Revolution. But something against the law, mind long before revolution is on the you, but because their skin was erder of the day, fascist gangs black. I know what it's like to of it. He glanced through the will be breaking up their go to "all Negro" schools, in meetings, ransacking their head- "all Negro" communities, scarcequarters, and beating up their ly clothed, and ill fed. Under the members. What defense would white boss we couldn't travel they have? Appeals to the courts but so far, couldnt learn but so or the police? One might as well much, and could never earn appeal to the fascists themselves. enough to live a decent life. I The SWP has the answer: came to New York after my "Workers' Defense Guards" or- father died. ganized by the unions.

the unions take over the in- lynched. But he did die of tudustries it will "adjourn on the berculosis, and two brothers died spot." I have come to the con- of pneumonia a year before. elusion, through my study of That's what the southern sec-Trotsky's works, that to do this tion of this wonderful, demowould be to place the leadership cratic country does for the of the revolution into the hands Negro. of the most backward section of the working class. The working not for a Negro. Imagine me class needs a party until society putting on Uncle Sam's uniform has been completely transformed to train for a full year - a year and the consciousness of the that's preventing me from con-

prehending its historic mission. ed bitterly. My advice is that all members of the SLP read "The Militant," criminated against myself," he and "Fourth International," said, "but suppose I were trained study Trotsky's works, and act to help keep other colored peoaccording to his convictions as I ples like myself in subjugation. have done.

High School Youth Tells Meaning Of Conscription

Editor: In the November 3 issue of The a colony to fight more colored Militant there appeared on the peoples and keep them down! front page, a cartoon showing a burly soldier representing another thing, what would I find "military conscription" and when I came back? I'll tell you, handing a rifle to a newly grad- the same damn thing our boys uated high school boy. The cap- are finding now. They've fought tion read: "A Graduation Gift the battle and won. Now they're from Truman."

I was reading The Militant in Crow ships, and their points are the school lunchroom, one day, tampered with. And when they and a boy passing by, stop- finally get home they find unped and lingered over the car- employment, rising prices, and toon, I said, "Good, huh?" and lowered standards of living. he answered very seriously, Above all, the same damn thing

by Art Preis

PIONEER PUBLISHERS

A FIGHTING PROGRAM

Interested in his ideas, I be- Child's restaurant and be served,

gan to ask a few questions on or get a room in a first-class hohis thoughts concerning mili- tel, or see the inside of the State tary conscription.

capitol!

"There's an election coming

conditions in Harlem, and what

to keep us down. As far as I'm

concerned, O'Dwyer, Goldstein,

With this remark he stood up

and prepared to leave. He asked

if he could borrow The Militant.

said certainly and that I hoped

he would tell me what he thought

pages and came to Jackson's col-

umn on the Negro Struggle. After

"Labor with a white skin can-

not emancipate itself where la-

bor with a black skin is branded.

He thought a while and mus-

Recently I went back to work

Detroit. I got a good job again

at 98 cents per hour. We had

a little trouble with the corpo-

ration about job transfers; some

of the boys got a bad deal from

Gloria Wall

Trotskyist Youth Group

New York

ingly said: "You know, this pa-

per has got the right idea."

Wants Book On

Socialist Future

scanning it, he read aloud:

. . Karl Marx."

and Morris can all go to hell."

He said, "Look at the boy in discriminated against, he has had Powell Jr. called a meeting a his opportunities, but look at the few weeks ago and the three mafrown on his face. Even he knows | jor candidates were either there, that military conscription will or had sent representatives. It only benefit one guy, the guy was really a laugh, they all gave on top, the boss. It's a year taken | themselves a pat on the back for away from him, he loses his in- the wonderful plans they have dividuality and becomes one of for the Negro people, how hard many, doing tasks which he may they've been trying to better the not want to do. But me! Hathat is a good laugh. You know, they will do if they are elected existing unions. The party that maybe it would not have been to office as mayor. Why do they is really serious about gaining so bad if I had been born and always come to the Negro people? influence over the working class brought up in the North. I was We're waking up now and we must of necessity fight with its not that fortunate, however. Here know that to us it will mean anmost advanced section for the it's merely a question of a few other Big Shot up there trying workers' day-to-day demands, if first-rate hotels and restaurants, for no other reason than to show but down South, where I spent that it has no axe of its own to 13 of my 17 years, it was just

"I saw Negroes, like myself,

"No, my father didn't die a 3. The SLP holds that the day hero's death, and he wasn't

"No, military conscription is working class as a whole has tinuing my education, and in a been raised to the level of com- Jim Crow army, at that," he add-

"It's hard enough being dis-

shipped home in all Negro Jim

special meeting and went out on strike. We caught hell from the local newspapers (as usual) and also from the CIO big shots Addes, You read every day in the papers, Rueben and Jarvis. They told A. M. of the Indian revolts and the us to go back to work so they Niles, Ohio fighting in Indonesia, and all of could help us settle it. We told the other colonial countries them and the U. S. Conciliator ople are too weak to we would throw them out the help themselves. And all these door if they told us to go back reports also say that American, to work once more. Also we got a or British, or French troops are wire from the CIO president to there. Wouldn't I look wonderful, an American Negro, sent to

ing the war effort. All this happened just two weeks before V-J Day, so you "No, that's not for me. And can see that it was all politics with the union big shots and the corporation heads to try and get us to go back to work. The company met our demands

for a meeting which had been

QUESTION BOX

Q: I have been told it would require an annual business totaling at least \$186,200,000,000 to make the 60,000,000 jobs they talk about. How does this compare with total business in prewar years?

A: An annual aggregate outlay by business, government and individuals of \$186,200,000,000 would provide jobs for 57,000,000 workers leaving a "float" of 3,the annual production of the prenot considered possible even by capitalist economists.

Q: How much in terms of noney has Great Britain lost

by the second world war? A: The war has turned Britain from a great creditor nation of the world into the greatest debtor nation. Britain has lost half of her \$16 billions in prewar capital assets abroad. She owes \$14 billions, outside of Lend-Lease, to creditors outside her country. The Lend-Lease debt amounts to \$13,500,000,000. Britain is \$22 billions poorer than before the war.

Pittsburgh

Public Forum "What Does The Russian Revolution Mean to American Workers?" Sunday, Nov. 25, 7:30 p.m. Militant Reading Room, Seeley Building, Room 207

(Corner Penn Ave. and Beatty St., East Liberty) Admission free

refused before and so we went back to work. We also passed a motion at the meeting to remove the General Manager of the plant. (He is the real picture of a big capitalist: bald head, pot Editor: belly, and smokes big cigars.) We do not want to deal with him commentator (a big mouthpiece for capital). So you can see we union democracy was lost sight supporting Ben Davis just be-"That depends on how you look | they left here to fight against are having a good time for our of in the jurisdictional warfare cause he is a member of a work-Jim Crow. They still can't enter selves up here.

This Sunday we had a special meeting again and we ok'd the 30 per cent raise for all Chrysler slaves. We also took a vote to strike if necessary to get it (which we will have to do in

order to get it, of course). Will you send me a book explaining how the industries are to be run and by whom, after socialism is in control of the country? Also will you see if you can get a book on how the people will be equal. (I mean, will the people who run large industries get much more money than the workers, or what arangements are to be made beween the different kinds of jobs?)

I hope I can make this clear to you. I can explain to my friends all about socialism except how everything will be handled when the people take over; things like who will be in charge of production, and whether things will be equal or some will get more money, or what the set-up will be.

I am educating my fellow workers as well as I can. If you can get a little paper or pamphet with talks on socialism and its benefits to the working class, I wish you would send it to me so I can explain everything about socialism after it is in control.

> A.O.R. Port Huron, Mich.

(Editor's Note: Marxists have not attempted to blueprint the and treachery. This does not alter operation of industry under socialism. Marxists have always contended that once capitalist exploitation is overthrown and genuine democracy for the toilers is instituted under socialism, the workers will know how to manage society for the benefit of at the Chrysler Corporation in all, the workers will know how to take care of any individual who might attempt to improve his position by the exploitation of others. A brief treatment of the corporation, so we held a the Marxist approach to these questions is contained in "Socialism on Trial," by James P. Cannon, published by Pioneer Publishers. We call attention especially to that section of Comrade Cannon's pamphlet beginning on page 18 under the subtitle, "The Socialist Workers Party Aims," and continuing Editor: through the section entitled "Government in a Workers"

go back to work, as we are hurt- A Request For More Explanation **About Stalin** Editor:

State," page 36.)

1. How was it possible for the bureaucratic clique of the Butcher Stalin to come into power? power?

it is our duty as Bolsheviks! I will prove. can't tell you how often I've been asked those two questions. We CIO National Maritime Union 000,000 unemployed. This is 51.5 now are in another sub drive, and Bridges CIO International per cent above the total outlay many new and inexperienced Longshoremen's Union interin 1940, and 78.5 per cent above persons are being reached by our vened in the strike not to help paper and don't understandwar years of 1935 to 1939. It is I believe this is one of our faults. We have so very much to teach the new workers, to analyze and AFL International Longshoreexplain everything is a very difficult task. I realize that only too well. But it is still a very important question and though to us it might seem like "re-hashing old stuff," nevertheless we know we must explain, and explain and explain again just how

these things came about. Another question: it may be the first one to enter the minds of the workers; and it is a question raised here very often in our campaign and contact work: Why all this Trotsky business? Then we must go into that detail and explain the need to differen-

If the first two questions were answered more often, or explained, in our press, I'm sure this last question would not be so botherome, time-wasting.

Here I am kicking about the thing I preach, "patiently explain, and explain again"—but I do believe we are missing an ized and disoriented. The Miliimportant point by skipping tant correctly pointed out all those two questions.

Yours for a workers' world and no more Stalins!

TWO LETTERS ON THE RECENT YORK LONGSHORE STRIKE

Lang's article on the long- with the Stalinist betrayers. shoremen's strike in the October any more. Boy, that sure got a 27 issue of The Militant was a Party, through The Militant, has big spot in the papers here (as distinct disappointment to me. taken a position on several is-The article states, in bold print: sues inconsistent with its social-". . . the longshoremen's just fight for economic demands and

> provoked by the Stalinists." red scare? If so, I agree and colored, they are not endorsed? would add to the ranks of the misguided, a considerable sec-

among the confused. a single word said in condemnation of their actions? Let me ask | Nov. 4). him: how would he advise me to act on a resolution introduced and financial support to the Rank and File Committee of the ILA? My vote would be de-

cisively "aye." Let me ask Lang further: reacted to the rebellion in the gangster-controlled ILA? Anything short of full support to the insurgents would, in my opinion, be false to the principles

of revolutionary socialism. It is indeed unfortunate that, through their intervention in the dispute, the Bridges-Curran-Stalinist gang were able to obscure to a great degree their wartime record of strikebreaking the fact that they have made Longshoremen's Union, who, dethe boss press have screeched about the Red Menace, HAVE clean. NOT "lost sight" of the "just fight for economic demands and union democracy."

Much more to be regretted is which can, for some time, close -to the advances of a genuinely revolutionary organization-the Socialist Workers Party.

L. Williams

pathizer of the Trotskyist move- interested. ment for over 10 years. My feelings for the movement came as

a result of being disillusioned Recently the Socialist Workers

ist principles.

I can't understand the party ing class party. The Communist Who was it that "lost sight" Party which is reactionary to of the real issues in the strike? the core is running other mem-Does the writer of the article re- bers on its ticket. Why not be fer to the politically backward consistent and support them for majority of the stevedores, be- the same reason Or could it wildered and coerced by Ryan's be that because they are not

I also oppose supporting

Frankensteen for mayor of Detion of the metropolitan labor troit, because I feel he has been movement, prodded by their red- a reactionary trade union leader baiting, corrupt leadership. But and would be just as reactionary Lang, too, must be counted as a mayor. Further, I don't believe he would represent labor, How else can one interpret but rather, judging from his redhis story which relates the strike- baiting speeches, would attempt breaking positions adopted by to hold labor down. Further the AFL Council, Teamsters, and proof of this could be found in the Seafarers' Union with not his announcement that if elected he would quit the CIO (PM,

As for the recent longshoremen's strike, I feel that you in my union calling for full moral haven't taken a position that is 100 per cent correct. It is undoubtedly true that the Stalinists had ulterior motives in the recent strike, and I like the position you have taken in regards placed in Bridges' or Curran's to "King" Ryan. But you have position, how would HE have failed to take a position on the reactionary role the SIU of the AFL played. This union, which practices Jim Crowism in its organization, took a position of strikebreakers and scabs. Despite the fact that Bridges and the NMU turned the strike into a jurisdictional fight, Lundberg and the SIU actually took the position of supporting dictator

Actually the NMU took a more progressive position than the SIU, since they supported the serious inroads among the best, men against both Ryan and the understand that the NMU could spite everything that Ryan and | do a lot more for their own men, and their hands are none too In the past the Socialist

Workers Party fought the capitalists bitterly when they tried to deport Bridges. But didn't the The Militant's poor and dis- AFL waterfront unions express orienting story of the conflict the same ideas when they cried, "Throw Bridges out of N. Y.?" the door of the ILA rebels-and He of course is not my idea of many other progressive workers a progressive union man, but as The Militant has correctly stated, he represents a substantial Stalinists, so we consider this force of working men. He must sale a good one." be fought from within his union, Bayonne, N. J. honestly and democratically.

I wish you would, through your paper, clarify your position on

EDITOR'S NOTE:

The Militant published a ser- | workers. Unless one has a roundies of articles on the New York ed knowledge of these complex longshore strike which report- factors it is difficult to under-I have just read Larissa Reed's ed accurately the developments stand the full significance of

article on the 28th Anniversary of each stage of the struggle. they are always missing in our the bosses for better conditions is considering publication of articles on the course of events and a struggle of the rank and articles dealing more extensivein Russia through the years since file against Ryan's attempt to ly with all aspects of the isthe workers took power, and to impose an unsatisfactory con- sues confronting the waterfront my way of thinking they are tract on the workers. We defend- unions. important to explain, yes, and ed the rank and file against both

the bosses and Rvan. 2. How can we guarantee that supporting the longshore strike Frankensteen in Detroit, is in another Stalin will not come to and refusing to operate ships no way based on his program. We involved in the strike. These are We Troskyists have every rea- the facts which any careful and son in the world to expose Stalin, unbiased reading of our articles

The Stalinist leaders of the the workers win their demands, nor to help them fight Ryan a water-front jurisdictional war. Thus, the fight for a decent contract from the bosses was transformed into a tug-of-war between the Stalinist-led CIO

unions and the Ryan machine. The Longshoremen, and the groups in the AFL who supported them, were confronted with tickets. Here too, it is not the a choice of union loyalties, to program of these candidates we their own AFL organization or support, but the movement for to some rival union. This, of course, gave the pretext for the AFL officialdom to uphold in this connection, and only in Ryan under the guise of defend- this connection, that we suping the ILA-AFL against CIO ported Benjamin J. Davis as our raiding. This also gave them a second choice for City Council pretext for a vicious red-baiting in the recent New York eleccampaign. Thus, the strike was tions. Our first choice was the disrupted, Ryan was strengthen- Trotskyist Louise Simpson. ed in the process and the real issues were so confused that the longshore workers were demoral-

these facts. Many complex factors must be taken into account, of course, in analyzing the trade union prob-Pittsburgh lems confronting the waterfront 116 University Place - 8 p.m.

New York events during the recent New of the October Revolution. It is During the first stage of the York longshore strike. In order very good, but there are two strike, lasting 10 days, the issue to present the whole problem things missing, and it seems like was clearly that of a fight against in a clear light, The Militant

> On the additional question of our election policy which reader We also hailed the action of J. F. raises, we have consistently the waterfront unions, including | made it clear that our support those led by the Stalinists, in for a labor candidate, such as are interested in advancing the cause of independent labor political action and breaking the workers from support of the capitalist parties.

> Therefore we encourage every move of the workers to express their desire for independent labor political action by supporting independent labor candidates. Our views on the Frankfor union democracy inside the ensteen campaign were elaborated editorially in last week's men's Association, but to divert Militant and in the published the struggle of the ranks into speeches of Arthur Burch, Detroit organizer of the Socialist Workers Party. Similarly, we support the

demands of the Negro people for political representation. We support candidates of the Negro people so long as they are not running on capitalist party independent political representation for the Negro people. It is

NEW YORK C. Thomas Will Speak On "The Lessons of the New York Elections"

Sunday, November 18



comrades and friends use in sellis disclosed in a few quotes from some of their letters:

Bob Kingsley of Cleveland: We tell the workers we meet that The Militant is the only labor paper that really fights Jim Crow, and prove it by displaying Charles Jackson's 'The Negro Struggle' column, and the weekly campaign statement of our Trotskyist candidate (ballot designation of the Socialist Workers Party) for city council in New York."

Sylvia Wallace of Local New role The Militant has played all stant, that we find it a great during the war, supporting the help in selling The Militant. Of workers in their struggles for course, we carry the latest copf decent living conditions, higher of the paper which we leave with wages, against Jim Crow. A display of the many articles and

Pioneer Notes

This week we have two letters from Socialist Workers Party branches which indicate that literature sales are being stepped up considerably by the Militant Sub Drive. From Minneapolis we hear:

"We have had a real spurt in the literature sales within the past month. Besides selling 150 subs to The Militant we have sold \$82.98 worth of literature. Of this \$28.30 was for the two new pamphlets (Jobs for All! and A Practical Program to Kill most advanced elements in the shipowners. Of course, we both Jim Crow.) We have had a great deal of success in selling these pamphlets in our door-to-door work for selling subs." And from Los Angeles:

"Last night at a Mobilization for Democracy meeting we were able to sell 17 copies of Fascism -What It Is-How To Fight It and 18 copies of The Militant. This was a meeting of about 500 delegates of unions and minority groups, including Negro and Jewish organizations. A large proportion of the delegates were

the real hunger of Fourth In- the first time he had read it. ternationalists for literature. From Johannesburg, South Af- ing The Militant started him on rica, we have received this let- the reading of our pamphlets,

lications which are so frequent- All, etc. ly advertised in the press. Also put us on the mailing list . . . It dent, he appeared at our office, s hardly necessary to emphasize bought additional literature, and that all your literature is more expressed his agreement with our than welcome here, living as we ideas, and his intention to join do in a wilderness, both political the Socialist Workers Party and intellectual . . ."

The straightforward talk our stories in the paper soon convinces the potential subscriber ing subscriptions to The Militant that this is the best 50-cent investment he could make."

. . .

An unusual method of selling subscriptions is revealed in the following letter:

Libby Jones of Buffalo: "I have about a dozen copies of the May 26, 1945 issue of The Militant, which carried Laura Gray's cartoon 'Live Plants -Dead Men: Dead Plants-Live Men.' I let each sub-getter have one copy which they must not give away, but use again on each mobilization. This cartoon shows so graphically one of our basic criticisms of the capitalist sys-York: "I point out the fighting tem, summing it up in an inall subscribers."

> Our campaign scoreboard on page six lists the total number of new subscriptions (both six months and one year) obtained by the branches. While the greater number are six-month subscriptions, many one-year subs have been included. Below are listed just a few of the branches which have sent in a good number of one year subs since November 1:

Detroit New York Minneapolis . Los Angeles Pittsburgh Chicago

Clara Kay of Chicago reports the following: "The sale of The Militant on Chicago newsstands has been materially spurred by sympathetic dealers who push the paper and pamphlets of the Socialist Workers Party. One newsdealer in a Negro neighborhood can often be found involved in a political discussion with his customers. One evening while taking the current issue of The Militant to the stand. I listened to one of these discussions between the dealer, a minister, and a highly articulate young worker. On noticing me carrying the paper in my hand, the latter stopped talking and asked if I handled the distribution of The Militant. He then told me, very enthusiastically. Letters from abroad indicate that he had liked the paper from

'Socialism on Trial,' 'Struggle "Please send us all your pub- for Negro Equality," 'Jobs for

"Several days after this incishortly.

Our Program:

1. Full employment and job security for all workers and veterans!

A sliding scale of hours! Reduce the hours of work with no reduction in pay!

A rising scale of wages! Increase wages to meet the increased cost of living! Operate all government-built plants under workers'

Unemployment insurance equal to trade union wages

during the entire period of unemployment! 2. Independence of the trade unions from the

government! No restriction on the right to strike!

Withdraw union representatives from the War Labor 3. Organization of the war veterans by the trade

4. Full equality for Negroes and national minorities! Down with Jim Crow!

5. Working class political action!

Establish the workers' and farmers' government! Build the independent labor party!

6. Tax the rich, not the poor! No taxes on incomes under \$5,000 a year!

7. A working class answer to capitalist militarism! Military training of workers, financed by the government, but under control of the trade unions!

Trade union wages for all workers in the armed forces! 8. Solidarity with the revolutionary struggles of the workers in all lands!

For the complete independence of the colonial peoples! Withdraw all American troops from foreign soil!

Join the Socialist Workers Party! SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY 16 University Place New York 3, New York

I would like:

☐ To join the Socialist Workers Party.

To obtain further information about your organization. To attend meetings and forums of the Socialist Workers Party

(Please Print)

Order from Pioneer Publishers 116 University Place, New York 3, N. Y.

10c

NEW YORK

5,457 New Readers Gained As "Militant" Minneapolis Workers Appreciate Speech On British Labor Victory Subscription Drive Hits Half Way Mark

Bu Justine Lang

Campaign Director At the half way mark of the national subscription campaign, its quota. 5.457 new readers have been introduced to The Militant. This represents 55 per cent of our the "over 100 per cent" class at quota for 10,000 new readers.

tions were sent in during this corded to them for this fine achfourth week of the campaign, levement. surpassing by 288 the high score reached last week which recorded 1.503 new readers.

its quota by 172 per cent. Phila- the Pittsburgh branch has just

Branches of the

Socialist Workers Party

St. Louis

Philadelphia

Connecticut

San Francisco

Allentown-Bethlehem

Pittsburgh

Portland

Cincinnati

New York

Reading

Minneapolis

Baltimore

Milwaukee

Detroit

Newark

Seattle

Bayonne

Buffalo

Chicago

Boston

Los Angeles

St. Paul

Cleveland

Rochester

San Diego

Groups, Members at large and

TOTAL .

Toledo

Akron

Flint

delphia holds down second place | begun to warm us up. We in with a total of 407 subscriptions, theory that New Englanders are directors have sent in, describhaving attained 135 per cent of slower on the uptake.' The only ing their achievements:

Two additional branches, Connecticut and Pittsburgh, enter this early stage of the campaign A total of 1,791 new subscrip- and special commendation is ac- quota.

BRANCH CHALLENGES

Quotas

100

300

75

50

100

1000

300

100

100

300

300

100

300

200

1500

100

300

200

50

300

50

175

10,000

2000

It was reported here last week The scoreboard reveals that that Pittsburgh wired a chal-St. Louis retains for the third longe to Connecticut. Undaunted consecutive week its first place by this, H. Spangler of Connecposition, having oversubscribed ticut writes: "The challenge of

407

101

279

1501

42

54

51

151

148

136

501

103

5,457

172

136

101

84

75

54

51

50

33

21

12

thing that is slow is the bus that takes us from town to town. We accept Pittsburgh's chal- tion last Sunday. A few of us lenge, and as a tip to them, we're aiming for 200 per cent of our towns close to Minneapolis, and

108 subscriptions and Pittsburgh going from door-to-door selling 101. In addition both branches The Militant is that more and are represented by pace-setters more people are recognizing the this week, H. Spangler and Eloise paper. I have heard a number Gordon. It will be interesting to of comrades say that people Militant readers to follow the would comment that they had progress of both branches.

In addition to the four branchs who have gone over the 100 scribing." per cent mark, 11 branches have now reached 50 per cent more of of Boston: "We have found the their quota. Portland which was most successful way of selling week's scoreboard now is in sixth distribution of The Militant in having fulfilled 85 per cent of the area we plan to cover. Last its quota. Another notable climb Saturday afternoon we distribwas made by Reading, from fif- uted about 300 Militants in a teenth place last week to tenth section of Roxbury that we had this week. Undoubtedly, at the not been in previously, and scoreboard many more branches for subscriptions, we met with will go "over the top."

Paul Kujak

Ernest Drake

Mike Warren

Connie Locke

Eloise Gordon

Albert Conway

Sympathizer

Ruby Parker

Ida Brandt

Ruth Brady

Max Geldman

Margaret Moran

H. Spangler

Ed Lewis ..

Bill Ference

G. Roberts

Rigo Carli

Therese Stone

for the second consecutive week | Connecticut aim to disprove the |interesting letters our campaign

A. Pield of Minneapolis: "We had a very successful mobilizawent out to two of the small came back with 30 subs. One of At this point, Connecticut has the heartening things about

heard of The Militant, or that a friend or relative was sub-Al Cutler, campaign manager

eighteenth place on last subscriptions is to first have a time of charting next week's when we went back on Sunday good results. We feel that this

Each figure reading "The Militant" represents 500 subscriptions sold. Each blank figure represents 500 scriptions not yet sold.

method is very helpful as many

"One of the strong selling points last Sunday, particularly among the Jewish workers, was the fact that ours was an antifascist paper. The concrete headline and excellent story in the October 27 issue of The Militant describing the activities of the Socialist Workers Party in conjunction with other organizations in the picketing of fascist NEW PACE-SETTER Smith's meeting, made them eager to read and subscribe to The Militant."

Naomi Kane, Chelsea Branch, campaign scoreboard with the I think it is quite an improvenient over the thermometer we've used in the past several campaigns. The first thing I turn to when I receive the current issue of The Militant is the illustra- setter box with 5 high scorers, diminished by two World Wars,

people not acquainted with The Militant are given a chance to

tion to ascertain how many out- and Detroit is next with four. | which solved nothing, but in-

By Barbara Bruce pression on the political arena," stated John G. Wright, speaking

to an audience of 80 at the Twin City Sunday Forum of the So- tical arm still tied behind its program for building a labor cialist Workers Party this after-Tracing the development of the its schemes at home and abroad sold. British Labor Party from its early beginnings in the Chartist lead the British workers through

onsent will never be obtained.

of them-on the picket lines-are You will not drag us and our families down. A new union leadership is emerging in the Their ranks will be aug-

of the Labor Party in England

want the consent of the capital-

ist class for a revolution; such

Militant into the hands of each class. outlined worker as quickly as possible' should be our goal."

contender from Chicago, in the person of Paul Kujak. He takes duced to a junior partner of the the lead away from Therese spring campaign, ending up in with the country rich and highly

hundreds of thousands of whom workers will begin to see the light MINNEAPOLIS Minn., Nov. 4 in England witnessed the of a better day. "The British labor victory is triumph of the British workers one of the manifestations of a over Churchill. Together, the during the discussion period. In revolutionary process going on workers and soldiers will begin the audience were a number of

own people, too?

mented by returning soldiers, | threatened, and the American Numerous questions were asked

throughout the world, finding ex- to ask: Why can't we elect our new Militant readers attending their first Socialist Workers When the giant of American Party meeting. All voiced their labor does begin to use the poli- enthusiasm for the Trotskyist back, Comrade Wright con- party. A collection of \$40 was cluded, Wall Street will find taken and \$9 in literature was

movement, Comrade Wright showed that what is needed to Milwaukee Gathering Hears a successful revolution is new leadership. The present leaders

By K. Zellon

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 3.-About 35 people, many of them militant auto workers, listened to Although American workers the lecture presented by John are still tied to the two-party G Wright on the British Labor system, hundreds of thousands Victory. They were greatly enthused when the speaker declared telling their capitalist masters: that "it happened in England; it can also happen here."

To the capitalists the labor victory came as a thunderboit. advanced sections of the workbasic industries whose eyes will But to us of the Socialist Worksoon be opened to political prob- ers Party, it did not come as a The colossal rhythm of the lems, as they are to economic surprise. The vanguard of the laboring masses had foreseen the to the left has not yet subsided. victory of the future in the everlined workers have been filled growing misery of the masses in, and are now reading our and the ever more gangrenous paper. The slogan 'Let's put The | condition of the capitalist ruling

WORKERS SQUEEZED

The speaker described how the all-powerful ruling class of Eng-This week brings a surprise land began crumbling, when in the first World War it was re-U. S. A huge national debt New York, writes: "The new Stone, who had consistently shattered the basis of England's way of graphically recording the maintained it since the incep- stability. While England had tion of the campaign. Paul was stood firmly on a sound and figures of workers is very novel. a national pace-setter in our powerful economic foundation, third place by selling 308 sub- industrialized, the capitalists were able to throw sops to the Local New York still retains middle class and crumbs to the top representation in the pace- workers. After its resources were

creased capitalist contradictions and intensified international competition. England was able to throw no more sops and crumbs. Instead, the workers were more ruthlessly squeezed The masses of England ousted Churchill by a vote that included 90 per cent of the soldier ballots. But the class collaborationist policies of Attlee and Bevin are not satisfying the more ing class, Comrade Wright said. tremendous swing of the masses More surprises are in store for

JOHN G. WRIGHT TOUR SCHEDULE

PORTLAND

the ruling classes of the world.

Sun., Nov. 18 to Wed., Nov. 21 FRANCISCO Friday to Monday, Nov. 23-26 ANGELES, SAN DIEGO KANSAS CITY Monday, Tuesday, Dec. 10-11 ST. LOUIS Thursday, Friday, Dec. 13-14 CINCINNATI

PITTSBURGH
Thurs., Dec. 20 to Mon., Dec. 23

Sun., Dec. 16 to Tues., Dec. 18

Ask Your Shopmate to Subscribe to The Militant

THE HISTORY OF AMERICAN TROTSKYISM — by James P. Cannon

37

Previous installments of Comrade Cannon's book described the emergence of the American Communist Party out of the left wing of the Socialist Party in 1919, the expulsion of the Trotskyists in 1928, the formation of a new party and the Minneapolis Strikes of 1934.

About that time, in October 1934, I was sent abroad by Executive Committee of the International Communist League in upon by the International Executive Committee and endorsed by Paris. From there I went to visit Comrade Trotsky in Grenoble, referendum of the national sections: the decision to carry out the lads-Larry Turner-expressed it in a letter the other day, the in the south of France. It was the first time I had seen Comrade Trotsky personally since his exile from the USSR years back. Numerous other American comrades had been abroad, but this was my first trip. Shachtman had been there twice and several other individual members of the organization, who were able to finance personal trips to Europe, had seen him. At that time Comrade Trotsky was being hounded by the French fascists.

Some of you remember that at that time, 1934, the French fascist press began a big hue and cry about the presence of Trotsky in France. They created such an agitation-in which they were joined by the Stalinists under the joint slogan: "Drive Trotsky out of France"-that they terrorized the Deladier government into revoling his visa. He was ordered to leave France, deprived of his right to stay. But they could not find one single capitalist country in the entire world that would give him an entrance visa, so they had to keep him in France. But he was there under the most uncertain and dangerous circumstances, without any real protection, any legal rights, while the fascist press and the Stalinists kept hounding him all the time. He was then hiding in the house of a sympathizer in Grenoble. He had no assistants, no secretariat, no typist, because he was living on a day to day basis. He was obliged to do all his work in longhand. The hounds of reaction kept him on the go.

Hunted from one place to another, he would just get settled in the house of a sympathizer, and get started to work, when the local fascists would discover his presence in the new place of refuge. The next morning there would appear a screaming headline in the newspaper: "What Is the Russian Murderer, Trotsky, Doing in This Town?" Then there would be a hue and cry, and he would have to leave in the dead of night, as quickly as possible, in order to save his life, and find another place of safety. The same thing was repeated over and over again. During that time Trotsky's health was very bad and he almost succumbed. Those were the days of the greatest anxiety for all of us.

It was a very, very happy moment for me, early in the morning-about seven-after riding all night from Paris, to be able to walk into his house in the country, to see and know that he was still alive. I met him before breakfast, but he wanted to sit down and begin a political discussion right away. His first questions were, "What happened at the Plenum? Did they pass the resolution?" I politely raised the question of a little sustenance.

So I had breakfast with Trotsky and Natalia, and broke one of the house rules, which I later regretted very much. I did it through ignorance. I had heard that he did not allow smoking in his presence. Glotzer and others had come back with fierce tales of the scoldings they had received on this score. I had thought it only an idiosyncracy on Trotsky's part, not to be taken too seriously. I am accustomed to smoking after breakfast, and, as coffee was served-that is the time when a smoke tastes best-I pulled out my cigar and after the fact was about one-half accomplished, I said facetiously: "I hear some people get expelled for smoking. Is that correct?" He said, "No, no, go ahead andsmoke." He added: "For boys like Glotzer I don't allow it, but for a solid comrade it is all right." So I smoked all the time in his presence during my visit. Only in later years I learned that smoking was physically repugnant to him, even made him ill, and I deeply regretted doing it.

Discussions With Trotsky in Paris

In the afternoon Trotsky's host took us on a trip in his automobile to the top of the French Alps. On the mountain top we had a long discussion on the projected fusion with the Musteites. The Old Man approved everything we had done, including our evasion of the provocation on the USSR. We came to an agreement on one or two points which we had held in abeyance awaiting his advice; measures to facilitate our unity with the Musteites. He trait of sectarianism; lack of a sense of proportion; disregard of

TROTSKYISTS AND AMERICAN WORKERS PARTY

MILITANT PACE-SETTERS

Here are the twenty who have sold the highest number of subs.

Branch

Detroit

Detroit

Seattle

Detroit

Detroit

. Philadelphia

Minneapolis

Pittsburgh

Connecticut

Los Angeles

Philadelphia

San Francisco

Philadelphia

Chicago

Harlem, New York

West Side, New York

West Side, New York

East Side, N. Y.

East Side, New York

held in Paris, October 1934. The purpose of this Plenum was to the form was different. They forgave us the fusion with the National Committee to the meeting of the Plenum of the put the capstone on the decision that had already been agreed Musteites, but with great trepidation, fear and prophecies of bad "French turn." That is, the turn taken by our French organization to join the Socialist Party of France as a body in order to work within this reformist party as a faction; to come into contact with its Left Wing, seek to influence it and to fuse with it: and thereby to broaden the basis for the eventual construction of a new revolutionary party in France. The Plenum supported this line, which meant a reorientation of our tactics throughout the world. The action was taken under the general slogan which I mentioned before: Turn from a propaganda circle, such as we had been for five years, to mass work, to contact with the living movement of workers traveling in the direction of revolutionary Marxism.

> When I returned from Paris to report on the Plenum to our organization in New York, we encountered an opposition headed by Oehler and Stamm and reenforced by a voluble, left-sick German emigre named Eiffel. They objected in principle to our joining any section of the Second International. Their arguments. like all the arguments of sectarians, were strictly formalistic, sterile, defiant of the reality of the day. "The Second International," they said—and quite correctly—"betrayed the proletariat in the World War. It was denounced by Rosa Luxemburg is a 'stinking corpse.' The Communist International was formed in 1919 in struggle against the Second International. And now, in 1934, you want to go back into this reformist, traitor organization. That means a betraval of principle."

> In vain we explained to them that the Second International of 1934 wasn't exactly the same organization that it had been in 1914 or in 1919. That the bureaucratization of the Comintern had pushed into the Socialist parties, with their looser, more democratic form of organization, a new stratum of awakening workers, of militants. That there had grown up a new generation of young socialists who had no part in the betrayal of 1914-1918. Since we were barred from any participation in the Comintern, we should recognize the new force. That if we wanted to build a new revolutionary party we should direct our forces into the Second international and establish contact with this new Left Wing.

> Then the sectarian opposition came forward with a new argument. "Isn't it one of the principles of Marxism, and one of the conditions for admission into the Trotskyist movement, that we must stand for the unconditional independence of the revolutionary party at all times and under every circumstance? Isn't that a principle?"

"Yes," we answered, "that is a principle. That is the great esson of the Anglo-Russian Committee. That is the fundamental lesson of the Chinese revolution. We have published pamphlets and books to prove that the revolutionary party must never merge itself with another political organization, never mix up the banners, but remain independent even in isolation. The Hungarian revolution was destroyed in part because of the falselymotivated fusion of the Communists and Social Democrats.

Our Problem Is to Become a Party

"All that is correct," we said, "but there is just one small screw loose in your argument. We are not yet a party. We are only a propaganda group. Our problem is to become a party. Our problem, as Trotsky put it, is to get some flesh on our bones. If our French comrades can penetrate the political mass movement of the Socialist Party, attract the viable Left Wing and fuse with it, then they can constitute a party in the real sense of the word, not a caricature. Then they can apply the principle of the independence of the party under all conditions, and the principle will have some meaning. You set up the principle in such a way as to make it a barrier against the tactical moves necessary to make the creation of a real party possible."

We couldn't budge them. Formalistic-mindedness, that is the personality of Muste, asked me questions about him and enter- out the question of the "French turn" in our League a year before origins and experiences which, neverthless, had approached at

tained some hopes that Muste would develop into a real Bolshevik | it had to be applied here in the same way as in France. The projected fusion with the Musteites was the same thing in different The Plenum of the International Communist League was form, but the Oehlerites didn't recognize it—precisely because things to come from mixing with strange people. As one of our sectarians are always afraid of their own suppressed desires to be opportunists. They are afraid of coming into contact with opportunists lest the opportunists corrupt them. But we, being sure of our virtue, went confidently forward. In the 1934 discussion of the French turn, a division grew up in our organization. The contending tendencies eventually hardened into factions. The dispute of 1934 over the action of our French comrades was the dress rehearsal for the knockdown, drag-out definitive fight against Oehlerite sectarianism in our ranks the following year. Our victory in that fight was the pre-condition for all our further advances.

> We were moving rapidly toward the fusion, negotiating day after day. We were cooperating with the Musteites in various practical activities and the whole trend was toward unification of the two organizations. We finally came to an agreement on the draft program; that is, the two committees came to an agreement. We came to an agreement on the organizational proposals. Nothing remained then except to submit the matter to the conventions of the respective organizations for ratification. There was still some doubt on both sides as to what the rank and file would do. We did not know how strong the Oehlerites might turn out to be outside New York; and Abern, as always, was maneuvering furtively in the dark, monkey wrench in hand. Muste, by this time, had become a firm advocate of the fusion, but he wasn't sure of his majority.

> Consequently, instead of calling a joint convention, we first held separate conventions of the two organizations. . The conventions met separately, November 26-30, 1934, and thrashed out all the internal affairs of each side. Each convention finally ratified the Declaration of Principles that had been drawn up by the joint committees, and ratified the organization proposals. Then en the basis of these separate decisions, we called the two conventions into joint session on Saturday and Sunday, December 1-2, 1934. THE MILITANT, reporting that joint convention in its next issue, said: "The Workers Party of the United States has been formed . . . The unity convention of the American Workers Party and the Communist League of America completed its historic task Sunday afternoon in Stuyvesant Casino . . . Minneapolis and Toledo, exemplifying the new militancy of the American working class, were the stars that presided over its birth . . . New party launched into its tremendous undertaking: The overthrow of capitalist rule in America and the creation of a workers state."

Formal Unification of the A.W.P.

The formal unification of the Communist League and the American Workers Party, the Musteites, was the first unification of forces that had taken place in the American movement for more than a decade.

The revolutionary labor movement doesn't develop along a straight line or a smooth path. It grows through a continuous process of internal struggle. Both splits and unifications are methods of developing the revolutionary party. Each, under given circumstances, can be either progressive or reactionary in its consequences. The general popular sentiment for unification all the time has no more political value than a preference for a continual process of splitting which you see taking place interminably in the purist sectarian groups. Moralistic views on the question of splits, and so forth, are simply stupid. Splits are sometimes absolutely necessary for the clarification of programmatic ideas and for the selection of forces in order to make a new start on a clear basis. On the other hand, in given circumstances, unifications of two or more groups which approach programmatic agreement are absolutely indispensable for the regroupment and consolidation of the forces of the workers' vanguard.

Unity between the Trotskyist organization-Communist League of America-and the Musteite organization was unquestionably was fully in favor of it, and he also was greatly interested in the reality; sterile hairsplitting in a closed circle. We began to fight a progressive action. It brought together two groups with different Democratic movements throughout the world.

FUSE least in the formal sense of the word, an agreement on the program. The only way to test out whether this agreement was real and thoroughgoing or only formal; the only way to learn which elements in each of the groups were capable of contributing to the further progressive development of the movement, was by unification, by bringing them together and testing these questions out in the course of common experience.

As throughout the world since 1928, there had been a continuous and uninterrupted series of splits in the American movement. The basic cause of this, of course, was the degeneration of the Communist International under the pressure of the world encirclement of the Russian revolution and the attempt of the Stalinist bureaucracy to adapt itself to this encirclement by deserting the program of internationalism. The degeneration of the Communist International could not fail to produce disruptions and splits. In all the parties the defenders of unfalsified Marxism within this degenerating organization were a source of irritation and conflict which the bureaucracy found no way to remove except by bureaucratic expulsions.

We were expelled from the American Communist Party in October 1928. Six months later, in the spring of 1929, the Lovestoneites were expelled and set up a third Communistic organization in this country. Little sects and cliques of individuals and their friends, representing quirks and vagaries of various kinds, were a common feature of the times. The movement was going through a period of pulverization, of pulling apart, until a new rise in the class struggle and a new verification of programs on the basis of world experiences could lay the ground for integration once again.

There was our faction and the Lovestone faction. There was the little group of Weisbord which at one time reached the total of 12 or 13 members, but made enough noise to make one think they represented a great historical tendency. Moreover, the Weisbordites, not satisfied with forming an independent organization, insisted-under what appears to be the compulsion of a natural law for such arbitrarily created groups-on going through a couple of splits within their own ranks. The Fieldites-Field and a few of his personal associates and friends and family connections whom we threw out of our movement for treachery during the hotel strike-naturally formed an organization of their own, published a paper and spoke in the name of the entire working

The Program Is the Decisive Question

The Lovestoneites suffered a split of the Gitlow forces, and a few months later of a little group represented by Zam. There had existed in this country since 1919 still another Communistic group called the Proletarian Party, which had also maintained as isolated existence and also poduced periodic splits.

The demoralization of the movement during that period was reflected in this trend to dispersal, this continuous process of splitting. This sickness had to run its course. Throughout that period we Trotskyists were never unity shouters, especially in the first five years of our separate existence. We concentrated on the work of clarifying the program and rejected all talk about improvised unifications with groups not sufficiently close to us in what we considered then, and what we consider now, the question of all questions-that of the program. The fusion that we entered into in December 1934 was the first unification to take place in this entire period. Just as the bona fide Trotskyist group was the first one to be expelled from the Communist Party when the Stalinists were completely bureaucratizing the Third International and stifling revolutionary and critical thought, so also, was the Trotskyist group the first to take the initiative to begin a new process of regroupment and unification when the political prerequisites for such a step were at hand. It was the first positive sign of a counterprocess to the trend of disintegration, dispersal and split.

The unification of the Trotskyists and the Musteites, the formation of the Workers Party indubitably represented a great forward step, but only a step. It soon became apparent to usat least to the most influential leaders of the former Communist League—that the regroupment of revolutionary forces had only begun. We were obliged to take this realistic attitude because, as has been remarked in previous lectures, simultaneously with the radical development of the Musteites, important changes had taken place in the Socialist Party of the United States, as in the Social

(To Be Continued)

Russian Revolution - - - Our Appraisal

Cannon's Address At 28th Anniversary Celebration

The following is the text of the address on the 28th Anniversary of the Russian Bolshevik Revolution, delivered by James P. Cannon, National Secretary of the Socialist Workers Party, before 300 workers at the meeting of the New York Local of the SWP held in Hotel Diplomat, Sunday, November 4.

By James P. Cannon

The development of socialism from a utopian conception to a scientific doctrine was accomplished with the publication of the Communist Manifesto in 1848-97 years ago. The development of socialism from science into action was accomplished 69 years later by the Russian Bolshevik Revolution of November 7. 1917. On the fusion of these two great historic achievementsthe formulation of the principles of scientific socialism and their verification in action in 1917—the union of theory and practice-we stand today, as we have stood in the past, and once Exain assemble to celebrate the anniversary of the great Revo-

Socialism cannot be established in one country. That requires international action and cooperation. A workers' revolution, started on national ground, cannot be completed unless it is extended to other countries. The Russian Revolution was the beginning of the international revolution but only a beginning. Only from this point of view can it be properly judged. Every year for 28 years we have had to answer impatient and disillusioned people who demanded more from the Russian Revolution than it could give, and withdrew their approval from it; who prematurely announced the end and the death of the Revolution; who wanted to close the account and write it off as a bad debt. But the Russian Bolsheviks did not promise the millenium. They only said: "We will begin the international revolution in Russia, but you, the workers of Europe and America, must finish it."

The Russian Revolution was national only in form, but in the essence it was the beginning of an international action. That is what we have to understand about it first of all.. The leaders of the Great Russian Revolution were internationalists through and through, incapable of thinking in limited national terms, them, ever promised a free and easy road to socialism, without land, in Eastern Europe, and now in Korea, deal mortal blows to erywhere in the world in one The guiding theory of the Russian Revolution came not from Russia but from a German Jew, Karl Marx, who lived in exile in England. The victory of the Revolution was made possible by the international contradictions of capitalism in the First national support and solidarity of the workers in the capitalist countries, above all those in Europe. The workers of Europe were not strong enough to carry through their own revolution in the postwar years, but they were strong enough to prevent a fullscale military intervention against Russia by their own govern-

Lenin and Trotsky linked their revolution directly to the German Revolution. They said: "We live in a beleaguered fortress until the European revolution comes to our aid." None of the leaders of the Russian Revolution believed it could last very long if it remained by itself, alone and isolated in a capitalist world.

Strength of Revolution

But the Russian Bosheviks built better than they knew. The Revolution proved to be stronger than they or anyone else ever dreamed it could be. The Russian Revolution could not complete itself within the national borders of a single country, but in spite of that, in spite of the drawn-out-delay of the European and completely incapable of organizing the economy of the revolution to which they had looked with such hope, the Revo- world to provide, not abundance, but even a living for the masses lution in Russia didn't die. It survived and struck deep roots of the people. into the soil. The property foundations laid down by the Revolution—the nationalization of industry and the planned economy-proved to be far stronger than any previous calculations, even the most optimistic.

which set in on Russian soil. This reaction led to the renunciation of the international perspective and a nationalistic degeneration all along the line. The regime of workers' democracy based on the Soviets was replaced by a brutal totalitarian tyranny. The Revolution was beheaded, and a whole generation of Bolsheviks was massacred. The political rule of the workers was overthrown. Survived The Defeats but the economic conquests of the Revolution displayed a great vitality. Thanks to that, the Revolution survived twenty years of bureaucratic degeneration and betrayal and revealed an enormous power on the field of battle in the war with Nazi Germany, as Trotsky had predicted it would.

Trotsky alone analyzed and explained this phenomenon, hitherto unknown and unforeseen, unique in history, of an isolated workers' state in a capitalist encirclement, mutilated and betrayed by through more than twenty years of continuous defeats and cona usurping bureaucracy, but surviving hevertheless, although in a horribly degenerated form.

than others in the reserve powers which the soviet economic system would display in the war. But even we underestimated it by far. Even we underestimated the tremendous resources of power that were lodged in the basic achievements of the workers' revo- Czarist reaction from 1906 to 1917. It was precisely in that lution of 1917 when they swept away capitalist private property period, when all the faint-hearted people, when all the disiland reorganized production on a nationalized and planned basis. Iusioned, ran for cover, when they all gave up the fight and The frightful bureaucratic degeneration proceeded at an accel- renounced it as hopeless-it was precisely in that period that erated pace during the war. How far it has gone, and how far Bolshevism showed its caliber. In the depths of darkest reacit is yet to go before the upswing begins again, we do not know. Ition and defeat the Bolsheviks forged the party that was destined But we are firmly convinced that the destiny of the revolution of to lead the victorious revolution in 1917. 1917 is not yet decided. It will be decided in the further course of the war which they call "the peace."

A Lesson of History

the most colossal exertion and expenditure of the creative en- their own faith in "democratic" imperialism. We want nothing ergies of the masses, concentrated on a single point, have always been followed by periods of reaction. We have seen that in the last twenty-odd years in the Soviet Union. But the reactions against the great basic revolutions have never swung back to their starting point. Observing that fundamental fact of history, one has to be very cautious and careful about writing off any part of the achievements of the Russian Revolution before it is time to do so.

feudalism and laid the basis for the tremendous expansion and deed. After the first flush of victory in 1917, each and every It is no longer a question for them of simply stopping, or trying development of the productive forces of mankind on a capitalist setback of the struggling Revolution, every difficulty, every debasis—this great revolution had its Thermidor; its Napoleonic feat, brought new waves of disillusionment, and with them new dictatorship; it even saw the restoration of the Bourbon dyn-experiments and new revisions of theory; and, finally, new capituesty. But the reaction never was strong enough to restore the lations in principle to the class enemy. The case of Professor feudal property system that had been swept away by the revolution. Burnham is only the latest example.

The American Civil War-a genuine revolution-was followed by a reaction which restored political power to the expropriated membered. He began with a revision of the Marxist theory of revolution there is no salvation for us. slaveholders in the South, but it could not go back far enough the state and the Marxist analysis of the Russian Revolution, to restore private property in slaves.

Mankind to increase its productive powers, have been the funda- It represents a real betrayal of humanity because American imments of the great revolutions. The abolition of the capitalist that camp has a "religion" which no self-respecting worker private property in the means of production, and the nationali- ought ever to become infected with. zation of industry and planned economy made possible by this abolition of private property—that is the great conquest of the ended in class betrayal. Trotsky began his struggle against Stalin imperialists and against the Stalinist bureaucracy too.



JAMES P. CANNON

Marxism asserts that the capitalist system of production is decayed and doomed: Marxism asserts that the workers' revolution must and will sweep away the capitalist order and reorganize world economy on a socialist basis. That is what Marx and Engels proclaimed in the Communist Manifesto of 1848. But neither Marx, Engels, nor the disciples who came after

We have had nothing but defeats, and setbacks, and catastrophies for 22 years. Our movement has had to make its way the Soviet Union, and weaken their allegiance and friendship World War. It was kept alive in the postwar period by the inter- in the face of defeats ever since 1923, the defeat of the German for it, and thus open the way for a more effective eventual mobilirevolution. That is why our movement remained comparatively zation of the capitalist world against it. small in numbers, and isolated. But the important thing is not that the Marxist movement, in the face of the defeats and catastrophes, was small and isolated. The important thing is that ,in spite of all, we made our way and are still fighting.

We Marxists-Trotskyists can still fight and we are still fighting, not because we cherish illusions; not because we wish to deceive ourselves and others; but because we see the whole reality in the world and not just a part of it. We recognize the defeats, but we do not recognize the total defeat of humanity. The war was a terrible defeat for mankind. Fascism was a terrible defeat. The degeneration of the Soviet Union under the Stalinists is a defeat. The failure of the first stage of the war to produce victorious revolutions in Europe is, in a sense, a defeat. These are facts, big and important facts, and we recognize them. But the death agony of capitalism is a bigger and more important fact, and we see that side of the picture too. We see that capitalism, in this period of its decay and death agony, is utterly Destiny of Revolution

We see not only the weaknesses on the side of the workers. order. We do not close our eyes to defeats. But in each case Trotskyism seeks to establish precisely, in every situation, what humanity today. But the isolated Revolution, encircled by a hostile capitalist world, could not escape the ravages of a terrible reaction defeat or setback, and the altered situation created by it, to find a vantage point for a new development of the struggle. And Trotskyism alone proceeds this way. That is why Trotskyism is the only revolutionary political current in the whole world today.

Fascism could survive only with victory after victory. The great vaunted military power of Mussolini and Hitler could not stand up under a few military defeats. Social-Democracy and Stalinism are both capitulatory currents which survive only because of working-class defeats. They renounced faith in the proletariat and converted themselves into servitors of the class enemy. But the Trotskyists, the modern Marxists, lived now tinued to fight. That is the surest indication that Trotskyism is the doctrine that will flower and expand in the days of the Trotsky-and we following him-had far more confidence coming victories of the workers, and prepare the way for them.

with victory. The Bolsheviks really began with the defeat of the cided until it is decided in the United States of America. 1905 revolution and persevered thorugh the long years of the

The accusation has been made against us-and not for the first time-that our theory is a religion with which we console its discipline. Only such a party is fit to organze and lead a ourselves; that our analysis of the Soviet Union, of what has been revolution. lost and what has been saved and what is still worth defending, is a religion. Those who made that accusation in the past-and Social revolutions in history, which represented the greatest, there have been many of them—nearly always ended by placing We Are Preparing to do with that kind of religion in any case.

Theory And Practice

Marxism and the Russian Revolution represent the union of theory and practice: the union of the word and the deed. Every ers in the capitalist countries. The Soviet Union cannot survive tendency toward capitulation to the class enemy which we have known in the past—and we have known many—every one began somewhat differently. Now the revolution at home is a life The great French Revolution, the revolution which destroyed with a revision of the theory and ended in repudiation of the and death necessity for the workers in the capitalist countries.

The case of Professor Burnham is recent enough to be reand ended in the camp of American imperialism. That is the The revolutionary changes in property forms, which enabled most disgraceful and shameful capitulation that one can make. true, and we take full account of it. But here also is a still mental basis of human progress. These have been the achieve- perialism is the enemy of humanity. One who goes over into

> Stalinism itself began as a revision of Marxist theory and salvation of mankind-are both here. Stalinism" is no more revolutionary and no more attractive to the socialist victory throughout the entire world.

us. We know where this "anti-Stalinism" leads. Up to now it has always led to the camp of "democratic" imperialism.

We can have no quarrel whatsoever with those who denounce Stalinism for its bloody crimes against the workers - and they are legion. But excessive zeal in criticizing and denouncing the Soviet Union and those who still defend it—that part of it which Dear Comrade Thomas: is worthy of defense-against imperialism-is subject to suspicion. The unbridled antagonism bordering on Russophobiawhich one can notice in the atmosphere these days-is a very dangerous sentiment, especially at the present time. Because cluded, the mobilization for the next stage of the war, a war class." against the Soviet Union, is already taking place, and proceeding at a feverish pace. Why, the preparations are going forward umns in the past you know that polemics against the tendency to openly on all fronts.

The Anti-Soviet Drive

Who can be so blind as not to see them and understand to show the futility of chauvinist selves from oppression by other them? On the diplomatic front American imperialism is mobilizing its forces and lining up allies. On the economic front color. Furthermore, if you are American imperialism is granting or withholding loans and cred- serious you must admit that we its to serve its diplomatic aims. On the propaganda front, why, are almost monotonously rethe American people are being bombarded by a calculated campaign of prejudice to prepare them for another war of "democracy"-God help us!-against the Soviet Union. And even on the military front we read the brazen announcements in the papers every day now that the armies of Chiang Kai-shek engaged in the civil war in Northern China, are armed, equipped, and even partly trained by American militarists.

A tremendous wave of public sentiment against Russia, reminiscent of the early days of 1917-19, which some of us remember, is being set into motion. The present agitation recalls again the days of the Soviet-Finnish war when every democrat, every liberal, every Russophobe, every anti-Stalinist, was waving the flag for war against the Soviet Union in the service of American imperialism. It was a little difficult, and it took some courage and independence of judgment, to stand up against that ter- world. Anyone who even glances rific anti-Russian wave of sentiment and propaganda at the time of the Soviet-Finnish war. We see the same thing developing again today, helped along, as before, by the bestial crimes people who want to find out of Stalin. The crimes of Stalin inside the Soviet Union, in Po- everything that is going on evdefeats, and setbacks, and even catastrophes, along the way. the prestige of the Soviet Union. In the occupied territories the Red Army, under Stalinist leadership, behaves in such a way graphs, are doomed to disapas to tear the heart out of the workers and disillusion them with

> Denouncing these crimes with all our souls, we must still strive to keep our balance, to see the picture whole, to see behind the crimes and filth of Stalinism the Soviet Union and the stake which the workers of the world still have in it. Trotsky predicted that the fate of the Soviet Union would be decided in the war. That remains our firm conviction. Only we disagree with some people who carelessly think that the war is over. The war has only passed through one stage and is now in the process of regroupment and reorganization for the second. The war is not over, and the revolution which we said would issue from the war in Europe, is not taken off the agenda. It has only been delayed and postponed, primarily for lack of leadership, for lack of a sufficiently strong revolutionary party. The Fourth Internationalists all over the world are working to build that leadership, shevism in general to arrive at to build that party.

The destiny of the Russian Revolution is not yet decided. tion from Marx which is car- you openly capitulated to the Much has been lost, much has been betrayed, but something yet ried at the top of this column remains. The ultimate destiny of the Russian Revolution is and which obviously contends bound up with the central issue of this historical epoch and will that there must be a struggle to of the capitalists' main weapons but we also see the fatal diseased weakness of the capitalist world be settled with it. Either the downfall of mankind or its socialist free the black workers from emancipation-this is the issue which faces the whole world of their special brand of slavery.

The Russian Revolution appears only as a part, and not benefit of a cycle of development, this oppression is looking out the window while our already even the biggest part by any means, of a colossal world-wide conflict of forces which cannot be reconciled. The Russian Revolu- opposite - that the white and tion of November 1917 showed the workers of the whole world Negro struggles are "identical." the way to power, to the overthrow of the capitalist property LENIN'S POSITION system, to the reorganization of economy on a rational basis. There is no other way to save mankind on an international scale than the Russian way. From that point of view we salute the Great Revolution tonight, as the initiator and inspirer of greater things to come. Therein lies its greatest significance.

ngs to come. Therein lies its greatest significance.

Fourth International that it was no Negro struggle" seems to me the specific duty of American to be something like the superwe must see it for what it really was: an international action of revolutionists to lead the strug- cynical kid who, when shown a the working class, started in a backward country, the most backward country of the great powers, Czarlst Russia; and destined to be concluded in the most advanced and powerful country, the United States of America. That which was begun in the domain of the Czars will be finished in the domain of the American monopolists. And regardless of victories or defeats in one country or another, or even one continent or another, the central issue The party that made the Russian Revolution didn't begin of our epoch—capitalism or socialism—will not be finally de-

> The Russian Revolution didn't fall from the skies. It was foreseen and prepared for. So also its continuation in America, the American Revolution, must be foreseen and prepared for too. Just as the Russian Bolsheviks gave us the model of a victorious revolution, so also they gave us the model of a party fit to lead and organize the revolution. If we take the Russian Bolshevik party for our model-and there is no other model worth even talking about—this means a party that is orthodox Marxist in its theory, that is firm in principle and strong in its unity and

We are striving to build such a party in the United States, and we invite you to join us in the task. If you can foresee, as we do, the grandiose perspectives of the American revolution, we invite you to join us in preparing for it.

In the first years after the Russian Revolution the Soviet Union could not have survived without the support of the worknow, either, without that support. But now the question is posed to stop, an intervention against the Soviet Union. It is a life and death question of carrying through to the end the kind of revolution that was made in Russia in 1917. It is a question of doing away with capitalism before capitalism destroys maintain.

This is a life and death necessity for the workers in the capitalist countries, including the one we live in. Short of the socialist international and other Marxist beeks and pamphlets and get information about the SWP at the following places revolution there is no salvation for us. doing away with capitalism before capitalism destroys humanity.

Here in the United States is the greatest imperialist power, monster exploiting and oppressing the whole world. That is greater power-and that is the militant and undefeated American working class. Great historic responsibility surely rests on our shoulders. The two greatest powers of the world-the power for evil and destruction, and the power for the regeneration and

There is only one way for us to do our duty. That is to Russian Revolution which has not yet been overthrown. That is in the realm of a theoretical dispute over the revisionist theory foresee the revolution and to prepare for it. And the way to what we see yet in Russia. That is what we see through all the of "socialism in one country" and the renunciation of the interna- prepare for it is to go to the American workers with the message monstrous betrayals of the Stalinist bureaucracy. And that is tional character of the Russian Revolution. The Trotskyists of the party. Go to this source of power that is greater even than what we defend. Not Stalinism, not the treacherous and cor- understood the nature of Stalinism better, and explained it earlier, the power of American imperialism and teach them the lesson roding bureaucracy, but the economic conquests of the great and fought it longer and harder than any others. Therefore of the Russian Revolution. Organize them and inspire them. And revolution which still remain. That is what we defend against the nobody needs to incite us against Stalinism. But vulgur "anti- lead them to the socialist victory in America which will insure

STRUGGLE by CHARLES JACKSON

"Labor with a white skin cannot emancipate itsell where labor with a black skin is branded."

Reply to Comrade Thomas

In your letter of criticism which was published here last week, you accuse the column of having a "chauvinistic tint." You say that the fight we are conducting for comit is perfectly clear to everybody that before any peace is con- plete equality will only help the exploiters "divide our

> If you have followed these col-3we have launched some of our most scathing attacks against chauvinism - black as well as the struggles of national minoriwhite. We are trying constantly ties which strive to free themtactics for workers of either races or other nationalities. He peating that the only way the and he correctly characterized Negro can win his equality is by this condition as an "infantile" uniting with the white worker political disease. instead of dividing from or fighting against him.

tion the plight of the workers of whence they come. One can only other lands or other colors, and correct his weaknesses, Comrade that we complain only about the Thomas, by exposing and study-Negro's status. Here again, if ing their origins. Such ultrayou are serious, you will admit leftism on the part of a Negro the The Militant as a whole thoroughly covers the struggles of the workers not only in this country but throughout the through our paper once can see istic thinking. that. Unfortunately, however, column of eight or ten para-

WHAT MOTIVATES PEOPLE people are primarily motivated carries his new attitude to such by those phases of life's strug- an extent that he wants to deny gle which directly affect them. the existence of such a thing as imagine most non-political a Negro struggle. trade unionists who pick up The Militant, turn first to the "Trade Union Notes." I also believe that most new Negro workers turn first to read that part of our paper which is devoted to discussing the Negro struggle.

You inferentially call upon Marx, Engels, Trotsky and Bola most non-Bolshevik conclusion-"there is no Negro struggle." In the manner of a political Houdini you use the quota-

will admit was the greatest of chisement and social ostracism internationalists, stated in the from prejudiced whites-for such Founding Conference of the a person to state that "there is gle to "destroy white chauvin- giraffe at the zoo, still contended

Lenin conducted many of his mal."

ignore or lift one's self above labeled "ultra-leftist" this tend-

It is not only necessary that we correct such tendencies but You say that we never men- also that we determine from militant is the other side of the coin of a patronizing attitude taken towards Negroes by newlyconverted white liberals. It is a result of subjective and non-real-

The white who has been anti-Negro most of his life is subjectively "making amends" by being "more than nice." And the Negro who has been kicked around by prejudiced whites all his life and may have done a little kicking around himself) becomes Despite our concern for the class conscious and, realizing his spirit of internationalism," most previous folly of anti-whitism,

LEADS TO ABSTENTION

Another factor we must not forget is that such a tendency leads to abstention from the reallife fight. Whether this is unconscious or intentional on the part of a certain individual makes no difference in the final analysis. The fact is that if you deny that we have a fight against capitalist-fostered discrimination, you are lost to the worker' side just as surely as if class enemy. In America the oppression of the Negro, the use of against the entire working class. Then, presto—chango, without this oppression is looking out knucks.

Finally, for a Negro himself. who has surely run into job dis-Trotsky, who I am sure you crimination, political disfranthat "There ain't no such ani-

war Problems of American Workers: "Can Wall St. Stabilize the Postwar World?" Nov. 23—"Boss Offensive Against the Unions."

. . .

NEW YORK—Sun., Nov. 17, 10:30 a.m., meet at 116 University Place to soll subscriptions in The Militant Campaign for ten thousand new readers.

Sat. Dec. 1, 9 p.m. International Package Relief Social, 116 University Place.

Place.

Classes: Every Monday 8 p.m. at Chelsea Branch, 130 W. 23 St., second floor on Principles of Marxism. Also every Monday 8 p.m. at 116 University Pl. on Public Speaking and Parliamentary Procedure.

Harlem Discussion Group meets every Wednesday night 8 p.m. to discuss "Labor and Negro Struggles," at 103 West 110 St., Room 23. Office open day and evening 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. also 7 to 8 p.m.

Trotskyist Youth Forum Pridays. 8

Troiskyist Youth Forum Pridays, 8 p.m., at 116 University Place.

PHILADELPHIA—SWP Headquarters, 405

W. Girard Ave. Open forums every Friday 8 p.m. on current topics. Socialist Youth Group meets on al-ternate Saturdays, 8 p.m.

POBTLAND, Ore .- Visit SWP headquar-

ters, 134 S. W. Washington, 3rd Floor. Tel. ATwater 9-3992. Open 1 to 4 p.m. daily except Sunday, and 6 to 8 p.m.

SAN FRANCISCO—Visit the San Francisco School of Social Science 305 Grant Ave., corner of Grant and Sutter, 4th floor; open from 12 noon to 3 p.m., Monday through Saturday, and 7 to 9

SEATTLE—Study groups every Friday, 7:45 p.m., at Seattle School of Sociar Science, 1919½ Second Ave.; 1. Im-perialism; 2. Introduction to Socialism.

on Tuesday and Friday.

Socialist Workers Party **Branch Activities**

AKRON—Visit The Militant Club, 405-6 Everett Bidg., 38 East Market St., open Tues. and Thurs. 2 to 4 p.m.; Mon., Wed., Fri. 7 to 9 p.m.

Campaign mobilization every Sunday at 2:00 p.m., 405-6 Everett Bldg., 39 E. Market St., Supper after mobilization ALLENTOWN-BETHLEHEM-Public dis-

cueston meeting on current topics ev-ery Thursday, 8 p.m. at Militant Labor Forum, 8. E. corner Front and Ham-ilton Streets, Allentown. BOSTON—Office at 30 Stuart St. Open Mondays and Saturdays from noon until 5 p.m., Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 7:30 to 9:30 p.m.

SUFFALO—Open house every Saturday night at the Militant Forum, 629 Main St., 2nd floor.

CHICAGO—Visit the Chicago SWP head-quarters 160 N. Wells, R. 317. Open 11 a.m. to 8 p.m. every day except Sunday. Tel. Dearborn 7562.

DETROIT-All Militant readers invited to the SWP Open House held every Saturday evening, from 8 p.m. on. Forums on topical questions every Sunday 8 p.m. Refreshments. Basic Training Class in Fungamental Principles of Marxism every Thursday

in the Los Angeles area: LOS AN-GELES, Socialist Workers Party, Rooms 200-05, 232 S. Hill St. VA-7286. SAN PEDRO, Socialist Workers Party, 1008 S. Pacific, Room 214.

MILWAUREE — Visit the Milwaukee branch of the SWP at its headquarters, 424 E. Wells St., any evening from 7:30 p.m.

MINNEAPOLIS—Visit the Labor Book Store, 10 South 4th St., open 10 s.m. to 5 p.m. dally. Attend the Twin Cities Sunday Forum held every Sunday, 3:30 p.m.

EWARK-Lectures are held every Fri-

day at the Progressive Workers' School, 423 Springfield Ave., at 8:30

Nov. 16-Piret of a series of Post-

ST. LOUIS—Visit our headquarters and The Militant Labor Forum at Peoples Bldg., Room 318, cor. Jefferson Ave. and Market Place. Open every evening,

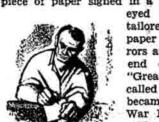
p.m. Monday through rrauge

TOLEDO-Forums every Tuesday, 8:45

YOUNGSTOWN—Youngstown School of Social Science, 225 N. Phelps St., open to public Tuesday and Saturday after-noon from 2 to 5; also 7:30 to 9:38 p.m. Monday through Thursday.

Diary Of A Steelworker By T. Kovalesky

November the Eleventh, 1918 . . . remember? Cold-eyed generals and military courtesy, a piece of paper signed in a railroad car; cold-



eyed diplomats in welltailored clothes signing a paper in the Hall of Mirrors at Versailles . . . the end of the war, the "Great War," as they called it then, before it became merely "World War I."

They quit singing "Johnny get your gun get your gun getyourgun ..." They stopped bawling "Madamazelle from Armenteers" and "Over There." The bands played "When Johnny Comes Marching Home Again" instead of "Tipperary" and "My Man." And Johnny came marching home, up Broadway in New York with rolls of ticker tape snaking down at him .tangling up his feet and legs (god, how the barbed wire got tangled up in the mud, tangled up around the bodies, twined around the wounded hanging there moaning in the light of the Very pistols . . . the ticker tape broke when you walked through it, it didn't twine around you and hold you there . . .).

Johnny Came Marching Home

And Johnny came marching home again through the loop in Chicago, and the crowds clogged Michigan Avenue all night long; and Johnny woke up next morning with a terrible hangover . . . but the war was over, and what was a hangover when plenty of his buddles would never wake up again in their muddy graves over in "sunny France?"

Johnny came marching home again up Main Street in Fleetwood's junction, and the town band was out with shiny brass trumpets blaring and shiny big horns going "oom-pah" and drums exploding like anti-aircraft shells . . . "bumpbump," and everybody wanted to shake Johnny's hand and say, "It's sure good to see you, boy!" . . . and Ma's home cooking again . . .

The world was made safe for democracy. The Kaiser's Kultur was defeated. A new era, the Fourteen Points, no more wars, democracy . . .

Remember how everybody said there'd be no more wars, the people wouldn't stand for it? Remember how Hollywood gave us "What Price Glory?" "All Quiet on the Western Front," and everybody said, oh, no, there'd be no more wars?

And then, remember the great stink that arose? It was discovered that it hadn't been a war for democracy. Wilson had said it was a

"There are too many stick-in-the-muds in

the world. Look at these guys. They'll never

even change the way they part their hair. They're

their faces and the same look in their eyes.

Mopey Mike has the same dripping on the end

of his nose and Fred carries his hammer in

the loop in the back of his overalls exactly the

And yet if you look a little further you see

that the fellows do change. They're changing

all the time. You just have to look at things

in a bigger way to see the change. If you keep

When you work nights in the winter, it's

black dark when you go in at eleven. And it still

is when you come out at seven. But the morning

is ready to break all the same. If you didn't know

that by experience, you'd still be able to tell

by the changed position of the moon and stars.

You could watch the stars all night and see the

tainly say it doesn't change. To understand the

change you have to look at things on a big scale.

You could go twenty five thousand miles

straight north or south, for instance, without

ever noticing the earth was curved. But for all

that you'd come right back where you started

from. You have to get pretty far away from

It's the same with watching the fellows. Some-

times you can be way wrong because you're too

close to them. You get so used to them, you

see them so much, you think you know all

about them. But you don't. "Look at these

guys," you say. "They're not even 100 per cent

union men. So how will they ever get to be re-

volutionary socialists? Oh sure, they'll go out on

Oh sure! It just seems like fate now, doesn't

#? But Mike and Joe and Breezy and Pop

weren't born that way. Today it seems just like

the flatness of the earth you stand on, that

they're that way. It's so long since the fellows

strike if the union officially calls them out."

the earth to see its curvature.

Too Close To Them

Just looking at the darkness alone, you'd cer-

progress of the world towards the next day.

same sloppy way, winter and summer.

notice it.

Shoptalks On Socialism

sure as hell not going

to change into social-

Yes, at first sight

you'd say that people

don't change. You see

the same fellows at

work day after day -

the same grease on

"traders' war." It was found that J. P. Morgan had a lot to do with sending the boys over to France. It was called an economic war. Why, Debs and the Wobblies had been telling the truth!

Muffled thunder in the distance. Jagged clouds of war gathering on the horizon, smoke from the humming munitions plants. The war drums beat again. The dry tinder crackled, burst into flame . . . and Johnny went marching away again.

Only, Johnny wasn't the same. Johnny had aged. He didn't march away smiling and singing. Johnny didn't want to go. Maybe he wondered, "What price glory?" He grinned wryly at his pals, said, "You lucky ---! I'm 1-A. Going on the twentieth. Sure, I quit my job. Going to have a little fun while I still can." What happened to the democracy that the

world was made safe for? The Great War became just World War I so you could tell it from World War II, the greater war. Where thousands died from 1914 to 1918, millions were murdered from 1939 to

Civilization had progressed. One atomic bomb could wipe out a third of a million people. Incendiary raids burnt and charred whole cities and their inhabitants at one blow.

And Johnny came marching home again to shacks and tenements with cardboard signs in their windows, "Welcome home, Johnny!" But how many of his buddles had he left behind

Before the blood was dry on the bayonets, before the smoke had cleared over the bomb craters, before the flames were dead in the ravaged villages, the generals began to prepare for the "next world war."

Think It Over, Johnny

So what do you think about that, Johnny? Ready to do it again? Ready for World War III? Or . . . remember Debs and the Wobblies last time? (Eighteen Trotskylsts went to jail in this war-said it was a capitalist war!) Remember J. P. Morgan, the "traders' war," the

where we're really fighting for freedom, fight-

some of them are going to be, you've got to

take your eyes out of the department and look

around. Take your eyes out of the plant and

Watch what's going on all over the country and

tween 1920 and 1936. He could have married,

raised children and grown bald in that time.

And he never would have seen a union button.

nor heard a union word. Unionism was dead.

company ever to organize. That's what he

and his department alone, he never could be-

lieve that in 1937 steel workers would fight to

But during all those sixteen years when that

man was living out his life with his eyes to

the ground-there were revolutions in China.

Austria, Hungary, Spain. There were general

strikes in France and England. There were

riots-hunger marches-a bonus march and sit-

downs in the United States. That man could

have learned, if he had lifted up his head, that

things were changing, people were changing and

in some cases very rapidly. He could have smelled

Well, you can raise your head in the wind

today. You can smell bigger struggles ahead.

Strikes are going to get bigger. The companies

will get still more vicious. The men will get

Maybe Mopey Mike will become a revolutionary

hero and maybe he won't. But there will be

fear. They may part their hair the same-

smoke or chew the same brand, and cuss with

changing-right now-slow as the swing of the

So keep your eye on the stars and watch the

politics of the whole world. Read the world news

in The Militant each week-and you'll under-

stars at night-but just as sure and steady.

the very death on picket lines.

Bigger Struggles Ahead

the hig steel strikes in the wind

eral strike to revolution.

stand the fellows a lot better.

By V. Grey

What do you say?

the earth is round.

all over the world.

Decline In American Labor Party' Vote Due To Its Support Of Boss (Indidates

Workers' Barricade - - - 1945 Model



Part of the giant barricade of autos, trucks and busses which the workers of Windsor, Ontario, established last week to successfully block use of police forces to smash mass picket lines which the 10,000 striking Local 200, CIO United Automobile Workers, members have maintained for more than 2 months around the Ford plants. This blockade on Riverside Ave.

Auto Blockade Protects Pickets Think it over, Johnny. There's a place for you here with us in the Socialist Workers Party, In Windsor From Police Assault

a mile, pouring over into side streets, and ending at the grounds of the East Windsor Hospital, which the pickets had been careful not to block. Smaller blockades likewise barred enwere against the union, it's hard to believe trance to Ford feeder plants in they ever were. But they were-just as sure as nearby parts of the city.

Over 6,000 pickets, including If you want to look ahead and see where reinforcements from Local 195, the fellows are going to and what fights they're Women's Auxiliary Local 264, going to have, and what revolutionary heroes servicemen, and war veterans, were massed before the entrances to Plant 1 and dispatched to 25 strategic locations. Flying squadrons maintained breaking have failed dismally to out of the whole Bethlehem Steel Corporation. contact between picket lines, and crush the 60-day old strike. a sound truck issued directives Just think: a man could have lived out the and delivered messages. A shore patrol, made up of former navy whole prime of his life in the steel plants bemen, picketed the river front in boats lest an attempt be made to land strikebreakers at the

and the steel workers were too scared of the JOYOUS CELEBRATION

As the day wore on it become apparent that the "outside" po- with grim satisfaction that it ganized to protest to the police would have thought. If he looked at his plant lice would not dare move against such a mobilization of strength. The tension of the early morning hours, when pickets poised themselves to meet an attack, gave way to a joyful holiday spirit.

> While the pickets remained at him to join the picket lines. their appointed posts, thousands of workers gathered at the empty parking lot across from the main gate, where a circular picket line, nine abreast, marched slowly around the edge. In the center stood the sound truck and a band composed of musicians from all the striking plants.

A piper in kilts played Scotch tunes, accompanied by the band, while overhead in the sun. more desperate. The fight will grow wider. It planes circled slowly, taking picwill go from strike to general strike; from gentures of the crowds and of the traffic blockade. From the sound truck a request went out for someone to lead a square no lack of such heroes among the fellows, never dance. "Let's have some fun out of this," called the announcer, and the band struck up the same polite phrases. But their minds are lively dance.

NO MODEL-T CONTRACT

While scores of men and women gaily "swung their partners" in the center of the circle, the pickets continued their slow march, carrying signs which read: "A UNION SHOP MEANS HOME SECURITY" - "UNION SECURITY NOW" - "SOL-DIER-WORKER RALLY FOR ACTION ON JOBS, DECENT HOMES, WAGES" - "LET'S BUILD A UNION CAR NOW" - "YESTERDAY'S HEROES with the slogan "Take American FOR WAR VETERANS"-"WO-MEN'S AUXILIARY 264 SUP-CEPT A MODEL-T CON-

All afternoon the impromptu entertainment at the parking lot kept up. But the main attracthe blockade. From morning to their families walked slowly down Sandwich Street, proudly inspecting this hastily assembled barrier which stretched before the deserted Ford property.

A half dozen Greyhound busses, scores of local busses, and hundreds of delivery trucks were passenger cars, mute testimony

committee in charge of the kitchen, reported that they had 000 pickets a day, although A Dominion-wide 24-hour strike yesterday the number had doub-

> She said that most of the cooking utensils as well as the containers for transporting food to the picket lines had been loaned by restaurants and the management of union organized dairies. In addition to the soup, sandwiches, milk and coffee dispensed in the kitchen, pickets receive food vouchers which local merchants are honoring, of \$5 per week for each man and wife, and \$2 for each child in the fam-

BOSS MOVES

Thwarted in their plans to break the picket lines, and with their "outside" police immobilists attempted today to rouse a Workers pointed out their own lynch spirit against the strikers. cars to one another, explaining A few "irate citizens" were orwould take a week to extricate and give statements to the press them. A young soldier wearing that their cars were caught in overseas ribbons called out ad- the blockade, and they demandmiringly, "This is better organ- ed to know "what rights an inized than the army." Pickets dividual had." Attorney-General wearing air-raid warden helmets Blackwell called the strike an returned his greeting by inviting "insurrection" and threatened to bring in troops. But in the face of these protests, the police stated truthfully that they could do nothing about the situation and the blockade remains un-

> broken. these threats of violence, but not intimidated, for they have vast reserves on which they can call. The AFL and the Canadian Congress of Labor, not only in Windsor but throughout all of Canada, are standing by to call out their members if "outside" police or troops are moved. Cooperative Commonwealth Federation members in Parliament are lending their encouragement to the strikers and urging them not to back down. In the face of the aroused and organized might of the entire labor movement, even Blackwell has had to retreat, and now tries to deny that he ever mentioned the use of troops.

The union, down to the last man in the ranks, is determined to win this battle, for it knows that more than just a contract with Ford is at stake. On their strike bulletin, Local 200 has printed the slogan, "As Ford Goes, So Goes the Nation."

This strike has international repercussions as well. Across the river in Detroit, auto workers now fighting for a 30 per cent wage increase, recognize that Ford for the present is concentrating its union-busting tactics on the weakest link in the Ford system. A victory for the Canadian auto workers will inspire not only Ford workers but all other UAW members in Detroit and pay for similar housing. Of all over the U. S. to fight to the finish for their union demands.

Admission free

Nevertheless, in 1942 in New candidate polled 346,557 votes,

000 votes less than the ALP poll- plain English, this means: ed in 1942 for its independent "Please, brother Democrats, put candidate, Alfange. As against up a little better candidate for the 18 per cent of the total vote governor than you did for mayor. polled for Alfange, this year the so we can get you more votes on ALP polled 13 per cent of the total vote.

meaning of these figures. In the the Stalinist Party and the ALP: first election held after the war, To hell with that kind of comat a time when the whole labor pany-union politics. It serves movement is beginning to stir only the bosses. The time is ripe, and struggle, the ALP polled far and rotten-ripe, for independent ized in the barracks, industrial- fewer votes than in the paralyz- labor political action, for labor's ing years of war.

Bu Felix Morrow

We looked in vain in the pages of the Daily Worker for a serious analysis of the performance of the American Labor Party in the New York mayoralty elections. In vain. for the Communist (Stalinist) Party, which dictated the ALP's support of Tammany's®

of the final figures.

pointed out that this was only a vote." little better than six per cent of the total vote, as compared with complex about the situation. It, over 11 per cent garnered by the was very clear. The ALP, under Liberal Party last year.

in 1941, the ALP polled 433,534 was a vote for labor. votes for LaGuardia. That was over 18 per cent of the total vote. There are hundreds of thousands. ALP LOSES VOTES

Much more significant, however, was the vote the next year,

York City the independent ALP STALINISTS "EXPLAIN" been feeding an average of 3,- which was over 18 per cent of figures we have cited. Instead, the total vote.

> the present election. The ALP clear. If the Democrats want to polled 259,268 for O'Dwyer. This remain in power in New York is 174,000 less than the ALP poll- they have to give the people a ed in the last mayoralty cam- candidate, a program and an ad-

Even more important, it is 87,-

The nearest the DAILY independent of the capitalist WORKER gets to explaining parties.

O'Dwyer, was determined to what has happened is to write cover up the real meaning in an editorial (November 8) that "If the vote for mayor represents The Stalinist DAILY WORK- a slight relative decline from last ER had a good time chortling year, it is because the ALP, in a over the fiasco suffered by Du- complex situation resulting from binsky's Liberal Party, which the weaknesses of O'Dwyer, did polled only 123,218 votes for the not succeed in making entirely Republican Goldstein. The clear to the voters the signifi-DAILY WORKER triumphantly cance of the independent labor

In reality, there was nothing the leadership of the Stalinists. Strangely enough, however, the insisted on supporting Tamma-DAILY WORKER has yet to get ny's candidate. The ALP didn't down to telling its readers what succeed in getting out hundreds per cent of the vote the ALP got of thousands who had previousthis year and how it compares ly voted ALP for the simple with ALP votes in previous years. reason that the ugly reality made We shall have to do it ourselves. it impossible to sell these voters In the last mayoralty elections the idea that a vote for O'Dwyer

The lesson ought to be clear. of class-conscious workers in New York who refuse to have anything to do with the capital-1942, because it was for an ALP ist parties and who want labor's candidate for governor who was own party, with labor's own canrunning independently. He was a didates. Were these class-connobody named Alfange, and the scious workers mobilized by the election was marked by extreme ALP, they would in turn be able apathy with votes for all parties to arouse hundreds of thousands dropping far below previous of other workers to understand the need for an independent labor party.

That is the plain lesson of the however, the DAILY WORKER Now compare these figures with dares to say: "The lesson is ministration that will win the backing of progressives." In the ALP line.'

Every worker with a shred of No alibi can explain away the class-consciousness should say to own party and its own candidates

Boss Press Lies About 'Gay' Harlem

By Jerry Baker

Harlem, the most advertised Negro section in the world, is always characterized by the cap-Union members are angered by italist press as "colorful" and "gay." It is said that on Lenox avenue, the center of Harlem, "carefree Negroes dange in the streets" and "night life is a daytime life as well".

According to the boss press, Harlem is an area where poverty is picturesque and the oppressed President Truman's voice clearly make pretty pictures for the capitalist "art" magazines.

Nevertheless, the ruling class uses the New York police department to try to set up ghetto re- Constitution of the United strictions to segregate the Negro States . . ." people, and to keep the white workers out of Harlem. This, of course, does not apply to the high top hats and white ties getting out of fancy cars in front of Harlem's night clubs.

TRUE CONDITIONS The true conditions of Harlem

are seen by the large crew of Militant subscription salesmen as they go from house to house

seven fights of rickety stairs, one family. "It seems that the Cracked paint is peeling off the rich people want the poor people walls of the dimly lit, narrow to be ashamed of themselves. hallways. The grime and decre- And they try to confuse us so pitude mean money in the pock- that we will not know who to ets of the rapacious real estate blame and what to blame them sharks. Negroes pay double and for." triple the rent whites have to course, repairs are seldom made,

New York Militant Readers! DR. GRACE CARLSON speak on "The Myth of Race Superiority" Friday, Nov. 16 Public Library, 136 St. & Lenox

Auspices Socialist Workers Party, Harlem Branch

condition as the halls, only kept cleaner or as clean as possible by those who live there. Ten and twelve people are crowded into one apartment, two and three persons for each room, with one kitchen and one bathroom for all. Many times there are no bathrooms. A comrade rings the bell. As

or five small rooms, in the same

she stands waiting, she hears over the radio with his message of conscription in order to ... discharge the fundamental mission laid upon them by the

The end of his sentence is unheard as a woman opens the door, shrugs her shoulders and says, "My boy is coming home from the Navy next week. I'm glad. He was even more discriminated against in the Navy than he was here."

"TRY TO CONFUSE"

The woman tells our comrade that the rents are so high and and talk with those who live the vacancies so few that several families have to live together Usually we trudge up six and in an apartment meant only for

She buys a subscription. The Militant will show her why the slums of Harlem and Jim Crow The average apartment is four in the armed forces are one and the same-all part of the vicious capitalist system.

House after house, block after block—"higher rents," "higher cost for foods," "only the left" overs to buy in the stores," "the first to be fired, the last to be hired." These are only a few of the injustices.

Harlem, "happy"? Harlem, "carefree"? They lie. Harlem is bitter and angry. It is asking, WHY? That is why The Militant is the fastest growing paper today in Harlem.

Postwar Notes For Seamen By F. J. Lang

If you go to the St. Johns River Shipbuilding Co. at Jacksonville, Florida, you will find a big "for sale" sign there. This was the first



such notice posted on government-owned shipyards by the Maritime Commission. This particular yard consists of 165 acres of land, structures, improvements and equipment, and some

ship construction materials. During the war it built 82 Liberty ships and 12 tankers. At present there is no prospect for continued operations. Soon this yard will be a large junk heap-another monument to capitalist "free en-

In order to compete with U. S. subsidized shipping in the Carribean, the British are now considering whether "His Majesty's Government should not offer a subsidy for the maintenance of a regular British passenger service to some of the West Indian Colonies," in accordance with a recommendation of the West India Royal Commission which surveyed economic conditions in the islands in 1938 and 1939.

The State Department is re-writing the Ship Sales Bill now before Congress so as to allow for charter of surplus American ships to foreign operators who lost heavily during the war while U. S. tonnage was increased. According to State Department representatives, this country WILL NOT BE TOMORROW'S is "morally obligated" to help the Allied mari- BUMS" — "DECENT HOMES Militant distributors and SWP time nations get back on their feet.

Actually, what is behind these "moral" considerations is the desire of American industry to secure cheaper shipping services and at the same time to build up dollar credits abroad for the purchase of American exports.

Present plans in Washington provide for 50 per cent of American export-import trade to be tion for the holiday crowds was carried in American-flag ships operated by private companies but subsidized by the govern- night, thousands of workers and ment so as to guarantee profits. A report by the Postwar Planning Committee which has been referred to the Maritime Commission estimates that 396 dry cargo and passenger ships operating in 33 foreign trade routes will fill the

Thus, U. S. imperialism sees a need for less than 400 off-shore ships, exclusive of tankers, in the "postwar era of world prosperity," whereas it used around 4,000 of the same type ships during the war to carry its machines of destruction to all corners of the world.

of 330,000 members of the Canadian Congress of Labor, with all other unions also urged to participate, is impending in an effort to force the Ford Motor Company here to sign a union security contract with striking Local 200. CIO United Automobile Workers. Intervention by the Minister of Labor and threat of government armed strike-

BULLETIN

WINDSOR, Ontario, Nov. 10-

every gate and in every side street leading into Sandwich Street, trucks loaded with bricks, or lumber, or coal, or empty pop bottles had been caught in the

POINT WITH PRIDE With the change of shifts on the lines, hungry pickets streamed down Drouillard Street in the direction of the strike kitchen,

singing "Solidarity Forever." Nearly every store, restaurant and place of business which they passed prominently displayed a large sign which read: "We have contributed to Local 200 UAW-CIO to Guarantee Job Security, Wage Security, Union Security, and a Prosperous Com-

munity." The strike kitchen, operating 24 hours a day, is located in a store loaned to the union by a friendly business man who reserved only one small corner in which to carry on his business, Mrs. Swanson, president of the Women's Auxiliary Local 264. and a member of the six-man

Stalinist Goons By Laura Falk

NEW YORK, Nov. 9-Although the Socialist Workers Party and The Militant are in full accord

Soldiers Out of China," eight members were accosted by Stalinist goons at the Union Square PORTS OUR MEN" - and rally called here to night by the FORD WORKERS WON'T AC- Communist Party to protest American intervention in China. As the first distributors crossed 17th Street, organized Stal-

inist goon-squads tore the papers from our hands, they attacked a girl comrade who was guarding bundles of Militants, and then turned upon a male comrade who came to her aid. Bundles of Militants were ripped apart.

Although we were thus forced to end our distribution, much had been gained. Many spectators including some Stalinists, were strategically placed among the angered by the hoodlum attack. They clearly felt that The Milito the willingness of workers tant, which supports the slogan throughout the city to come to of Hands Off China, had a right the aid of the Ford strikers. Near to be distributed at the meeting.